

ANOTHER GIRL GONE WRONG.

A Wayward Lincoln Lass Captured by Her Indignant Father.

THE SCHOOL BOARD'S SESSION.

The Facilities for Instruction in Manual Training to be Increased—Another South Omaha Plan—Other Local News.

A Daughter's Disgrace Discovered.

Yesterday morning there boarded the B. & M. train for Lincoln an old gentleman and young girl whose whole appearance indicated that they had spent a sleepless and anxious night. They were not only pale and haggard, but on the face of the old gentleman was a look of deep anguish and his eyes were red as if he had been weeping. The gentleman was George Brown, a well known business man of Lincoln, and the girl was his daughter Annie. And no wonder the father looked sad, for he had discovered that his daughter was no longer an innocent girl but had been the companion of a man at an Omaha hotel who was not her husband. The facts about the daughter's escapade as learned last evening are as follows:

Saturday evening there arrived in the city on the B. & M. train a young gentleman and lady who proceeded at once to the Windsor hotel and registered as D. I. Kaufmann and wife, of Lincoln. They were given a room and retired for the night, nothing wrong being suspected by the clerk. Sunday morning the young couple were present at breakfast and remain went to their room, where they remained during the greater portion of the day.

Towards evening the young man came down stairs, and, lighting a cigar, started out for a stroll. He did not return for some time, and the reason for his absence was afterwards developed. While passing along the street he met a friend, who informed him that George Brown, of Lincoln, had just arrived on the evening train in search of his daughter, who had run away from home. Kaufmann at once took his friend into his confidence and informed him that his daughter was staying with him at the Windsor. He urged his friend to assist him to escape from any scrape that the old man's presence might produce. It was thereupon agreed that Kaufmann's friend should go to the Windsor and call upon Miss Brown, stating the fact of her father's presence in the city, and accompany her from the hotel to the opera house, where Kaufmann explained the waiting and take her to a place of safety.

The young man accordingly started to perform his part of the bargain. He visited Miss Brown at her room and the two started to leave the hotel together. As they stepped out upon Tenth street, however, they were met by the girl's father, and an exciting scene ensued. He grasped the young man about the throat, and in a frenzied manner endeavored to do him bodily injury, when bystanders, not understanding the situation, interfered. The old gentleman's anger was wrought up to a terrible pitch, but when the young man explained that he was not the party who had induced the girl to leave home Mr. Brown agreed to do him no harm. He, however, swore eternal vengeance on Kaufmann.

Seeing that he would have to make the best of the situation, the father took his daughter in charge, and as he was unable to leave for home that night went to the Cozzens house. There they remained during the night, the father allowing the daughter out of his sight, and yesterday morning, as already stated, they took the train for home.

Kaufmann, a young man who figures as the girl's seducer, was not satisfied until he had returned to the Windsor hotel and boastfully told one of the proprietors what he had done. Indignant at the outrage perpetrated, the proprietors of the hotel ordered Kaufmann to leave at once and never set foot in the house again. As the order was accompanied by force, the young man left, going to the Millard, where he was staying, but not being desirous of obvious reasons, of returning to Lincoln.

D. I. Kaufmann, the young man in question, is a cigar dealer of Lincoln. Miss Brown is at present in the city, and is said to be fine looking and of comely proportions. If Kaufmann returns to Lincoln there will probably be another chapter to relate if he falls in with the girl's righteously indignant father.

BOARD OF EDUCATION.

The Manual Training School Secures an Appropriation—Other Business.

The regular meeting of the board of education was held last evening, President Points in the chair, and present Members Clark, Coburn, Conoyer, Copeland, Gibson and Long. A petition was received from about fifty residents of Omaha View asking that a school house be built in that addition as soon as practicable, as there are a large number of children of school age in that vicinity. It was stated that the addition was not in the jurisdiction of the board, being situated in Saratoga school district. This assertion was also denied, and the petition was referred to the committee on buildings and property.

George W. Fields submitted a lengthy report in regard to the condition of the boiler ordered for the high school building, which was referred to the committee on buildings and property.

The committee on buildings and property made a partial report of the bids received for a site for a school building in North Omaha, and were instructed to secure additional room for the Leavenworth street school.

The report of the committee on rules, forms and printing was read, and the cost of the buildings for the reports to be printed would be \$160, and recommended that the cuts be not ordered, although the buildings had already been photographed. On motion of Secretary Conoyer, the committee were instructed to secure the cuts.

Mr. Copeland, chairman of the committee on manual training, stated that several bids had been received for placing new machinery in the school, and it had been demonstrated that the cost would not exceed \$1,000. He also stated that a letter had been received from the University of Iowa, asking that specimens of the work done by the pupils be sent on for exhibition.

A recess of fifteen minutes was then taken to examine plans for school buildings prepared by the architects. When the board was again called to order the plans were, on motion, referred to the committee on buildings and property.

Mr. Copeland introduced a resolution that \$800 be expended for the purchase of supplies and machinery for the manual training school. The resolution was unanimously concurred in by the board.

After listening to the remarks of several gentlemen representing hearing arrangements the board adjourned.

Without an equal—Union sewing machine.

The Crystal Crop.

The ice harvest is practically over. A few firms are still engaged in cutting small quantities, but most of them have stored their full quota of the crystal blocks. The total amount stored is nearly three times that of last year,

being something over 125,000 tons, as against 50,000 tons for the season of 1885. Most of the ice is of good quality, though not of the best. So far as known no impure ice has been harvested, as all the firms have taken pains to select spots not affected by the sewerage from the pipes. Low prices in the ice market promise to prevail this summer.

WESTERN HORSE EXCHANGE.

A Proposition to Establish Such an Institution in South Omaha.

For some time negotiations have been pending looking toward the establishment of a western horse exchange at the South Omaha livestock market. It was proposed to erect a large structure near the Union Pacific track and on the ground between the lumber yard and school building, the capital to be supplied by outside parties. The plans for the building were not perfected, but it was the intention to put up a very commodious structure with stalls for the accommodation of a large number of horses. It was proposed to make it a regular market for horses, where parties desiring to buy could find any manner of horse flesh from the bucking cow pony to the high bred speeder or staid family horse; also a place where parties having horses for sale could leave them with the assurance that they would be well cared for and sold at the earliest opportunity. While such a scheme might not pay very well at the outset, sooner or later it would become a very paying institution, as the stock yards increase in importance.

While this scheme is still unsettled, a well known live stock dealer comes forward with a similar plan. He has made a proposition to the stock yards company that if the company will erect a barn with a capacity of 100 stalls he will agree to rent it at a regulated sum for a period of ten years, and keep it stocked with horses. The company has this offer under consideration, as well as the former, but it is not yet decided what will be done.

Chicago by Gaslight.

A good sized audience greeted Mr. C. J. Holt last night at W. C. T. U., Buckingham hall, to hear his famous lecture, Chicago by Gaslight. This is Mr. Holt's master effort and is a terrible expose of the saloon horrors. The song service, led by Messrs. Gratton and Hutson, ably assisted by a volunteer choir, was deeply enjoyed. Vice President Bannister presided with dignity. Rev. W. J. Harsha made a fervent prayer. Mr. Holt spoke in impassioned tones of the terrible danger of the rum traffic. He showed that gambling and prostitution are the twin offspring of the liquor traffic. Especially solemn and appalling were the exposures of the decoys sent out by the gin mills to secure fresh, pretty country girls as victims for men's lust. Ah! friends, they want not only our boys but our girls. In speaking of the social evil Mr. Holt paid a glowing tribute to the Women's Christian Temperance Union, especially the Omaha W. C. T. U. A lady rose and spoke of the inefficiency of the local society on account of the lack of funds, and said that she had donated an acre of ground near Florence when a sufficient amount can be raised to build a refuge for fallen sisters. Loud applause greeted her remarks. Mrs. Caroline Woodard, state treasurer of the W. C. T. U., being present, made a fine speech, condemning the apathy of the Christian people while their boys and girls are being taken from their very arms. She was listened to with breathless interest.

Personal Paragraphs.

James Haselt, of Papillion, was registered at the Millard last night. Mrs. Myrtle Steele, of Beatrice, is visiting her parents, G. W. Atkinson. D. A. Hammack, adj. waster for the Germania of Fremont, is in the city. Charles R. Mathewson, of Norfolk, registered at the Paxton last evening. Miss Belle Atkinson is home from a two-months' visit to the sunny south. Marshal Cummings is still quite ill, suffering from an attack of bronchitis. A. J. Cornish, a prominent attorney of Lincoln, is in the city and is stopping at the Paxton. John L. Means, mayor of Grand Island, arrived in the city last evening and is stopping at the Millard. Mrs. Carolina Woodard, state treasurer of the W. C. T. U., is in the city, and will speak at the Buckingham to-night. N. R. Persinger, Central City, James Bell, David City, and E. M. Stannard, Grand Island, were registered at the Millard last night. C. C. Valentine, of Lincoln, district court clerk, is in the city last night, on his way to O'Neill to attend court. J. F. Tucker, Gordon, M. D. Welch, Lincoln, Tobias Castor, Wilber, and E. M. Westervelt, York, were among the guests at the Paxton last night.

The noiseless Union sewing machine.

The Tenth Street paving. The Tenth street property owners held a meeting last evening to discuss the question of what pavement is to be laid during the coming year on that thoroughfare. Messrs. Sullivan, Woodruff, Rogers, Kaufmann and others were present, and took part in a spirited debate on the merits of the various materials. The discussion was in favor of cedar block, and a petition in favor of that material was gotten up and signed by a large majority of those interested. No little resentment was manifested in the speeches against the communication from a representative of the Barber Asphalt company, published in a local paper, to the effect that the public had been dissipating on wooden blocks for the purpose of making a profit, a desire was plainly expressed that the paving of South Tenth street should receive the early attention of the city council, and that the work should be pushed through as rapidly as possible.

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MAYOR BOYD AND PUBLIC PAP.

An Interview With the Mayor on the Subject of Federal Patronage.

THE GRAND JURY'S FINDINGS.

A School Racket at Elkhorn—Military Telegrams—A Big Suit—General Local News.

A Talk With J. E. Boyd.

Hon. James E. Boyd returned yesterday morning from the east and was at once called upon by a reporter for the BEE.

"Notwithstanding that the newspapers have had me in Washington and elsewhere, I have been no farther east than Chicago. Yes, I saw your editorial correspondence.—I bought a BEE in Chicago, and first I want to say that I am in favor of the secretary of the interior should have disclosed the correspondences of democrats relative to patronage."

"But Mr. Brown saw them also," interposed the reporter.

"It is all right that he should because he is a democrat, but in all honor no one had the right to permit Mr. Rosewater to see those letters. I am very indignant in the matter and shall this day write to Mr. Rosewater and request that he return them, and shall further use every effort to see that Mr. Hassel, the gentleman who has immediate charge of the correspondences, is properly punished if he is a party to the business. I have my doubts, however, that he is to blame and sometimes believe that Mr. Rosewater never saw the letters but that Mr. Morton and Mr. Brown, either or both, imposed upon the privilege. I held, and copied the letters for Mr. Rosewater. It is right enough that the BEE should expose them as Mr. Rosewater is openly fighting Mr. Morton and I have no objection to say in that regard. I also want to say that I am not ashamed of anything disclosed, and my only emotions are of indignation that Mr. Rosewater was permitted to see and use the letters. Doctor Miller and myself wrote. It is an outrage in every sense and particularly so in regard to Dr. Miller's letter relative to Mr. House, when in the very text of the letter it was personally addressed to the secretary, and thus guarded from publicity."

"Your signature was not affixed to the House letter," put the reporter, inquiringly.

"No, for the very good reason that I had no hand in its writing, and knew nothing of it. It was Dr. Miller's personal affair, and I was in no way party to it. I have always been a friend to Mr. House. I appointed him surveyor of the northwest road when I was its president, and have recently made him chairman of the board of public works. I am no turn-out, nor am I double-faced, and I could not have endorsed Dr. Miller's letter in this case had he submitted it to me."

"How about the double recommendations of Mr. Clegg and Mr. Ramsey for the surveyorship?"

"I am glad you ask that question as it gives me an opportunity to define my position exactly. In the first place I have never made a recommendation to the administration except upon request and in every case that a prospective appointee has been submitted to my judgment I have acted fairly and honestly."

When I was asked concerning Mr. Clegg's character and capacity for the surveyorship, I stated honestly that he was a good man, and Dr. Miller who has acted upon the same principles as myself also told me so. Later when the same was asked of Mr. Ramsey, we were again compelled to state the facts in my favor. Then we were unable to decide between the two men, and meanwhile Mr. Gardner was appointed through the united efforts of Mr. Morton and Mr. Brown. I shall not deny them the credit of the appointment, but in the course of all my concern with the federal patronage in Nebraska, I have acted fairly and impartially. I will show you the list I made out for the postoffice, and the list which I gave the names of a man in each county to whom reference to candidates could be made. Dr. Miller and I made the selections altogether irrespective of factional prejudice, and to prove to you that such was the case in one instance I will in no others, look at the name opposite Otoe county."

Mr. Boyd displayed the paper, and when he had indicated, stood the name, "J. S. Morton."

"Now when one of Morton's men was appointed to the office of postmaster at Nebraska City, your paper laughed at the slip in the favor of Boyd. I received you can see the error and injustice of such declarations. But I am not making apologies and care nothing about it. There is nothing, now, that I want to say. I have no objection under his patronage that I would take no to which I would care to recommend anyone. If I am asked of the character a man bears before the people of Nebraska, I tell the truth, but I do not see opportunities to advance any interests."

"Did you see the BEE's special advice, this morning, of a proposed reconciliation which Dr. Miller and Mr. Morton have in hand at Washington?"

"I did, and I do not believe one word of it. I do not believe that Mr. Cleveland ever declared such an alternative, and I was satisfied that Dr. Miller never said such terms. He certainly should be pleased to have it that way, so would I, but the nature of man is too modest to offer such stipulations as the grounds of compromise. The whole story originated in the imagination of the correspondent, or is perhaps from Mr. Rosewater himself. It may amuse some people to write such stories and give them of entertainment to others to read and even to fasten as a fact on the masses of the credulous truth and that is all there is of it."

INDICTING A BROKER.

Another Man Taken to Task by the Grand Jury—The Lauer Case.

It leaked out yesterday that among indictments returned, Saturday, was one for forgery against young Philbin, who has been engaged as a ticket broker in this city for some time past. He is a brother of J. J. Philbin, and has an office in the St. James hotel on South Tenth street.

The crime of which Philbin is accused is that of altering a Union Pacific stock ticket, changing the date from October 11 to November 1. The evidence against him was furnished by two spotters of the Union Pacific.

Philbin was quietly arrested Saturday, and taken to the district court, where he gave bail in the sum of \$1,500, Arthur Briggs and J. J. Philbin being his sureties. Mr. Philbin has many friends in this city who trust and believe that a thorough examination into the charges preferred against him will show them to be utterly without foundation.

The indictment against John W. Lauer for murder is now on record in the district court journal. Beyond the substance of the text, which will doubtless prove interesting to many of the readers of the BEE.

The indictment relates that on the twenty-first day of November, 1885, the said John W. Lauer did unlawfully, feloniously, wilfully, purposely, and of his deliberate and premeditated malice

make an assault in a menacing manner, with intent then and there her, the said Sallie Lauer, unlawfully, feloniously, wilfully, purposely and of deliberate and premeditated malice, to kill and murder and that the said John W. Lauer, a certain pistol (and there changed with gun powder and one leaden bullet which said pistol he, the said John W. Lauer, in his right hand then and there had and held, did discharge and shoot off to, upon and against the said Sallie Lauer, with the intent aforesaid, and that he, the said John W. Lauer, with the leaden bullet aforesaid, by the force of the gunpowder aforesaid, by the said John W. Lauer then and there discharged, and that the said Sallie Lauer, her, the said Sallie Lauer, in and upon the right side of the nose, and thence into the head and through the lower part of the brain of her, the said Sallie Lauer, then and there did strike, penetrate and wound, with the intent aforesaid, thereby then and there giving unto her, the said Sallie Lauer, with the leaden bullet aforesaid, so as aforesaid discharged, and that out of the pistol aforesaid, by him, the said John W. Lauer, in upon the right side of the nose, thence into the head and through the lower part of the brain of her, the said Sallie Lauer, one mortal wound of the depth of nine inches, and of the breadth of one-half inch, of which said mortal wound she, the said Sallie Lauer, in the county of Douglas, at the place aforesaid, in the said county and jurors aforesaid, upon their oaths aforesaid, do say that the said John W. Lauer, her, the said Sallie Lauer, in manner and form aforesaid, at the county aforesaid, Secretary Lauer, feloniously, wilfully, purposely, and of his deliberate and premeditated malice, did kill and murder, contrary to the form of the statute in such cases made and provided, and that the peace and dignity of the state of Nebraska.

Jailor Joe Miller on Saturday night handed Lauer the indictment against him. The prisoner took the document, quietly opened it and read it without a sign of emotion. The same section which has marked him from the day of the tragedy sat upon his countenance, and as he understood that he must meet in the courts the charge of murdering his wife, his features did not move. Thence the jailer, he turned abruptly and paced to the rear of his cell.

HE SPANKS WITH A PISTOL.

A County Teacher Charged With Using Weapons at School.

County Superintendent Bruner leaves to-day for Elkhorn station to investigate the school in that district where a remarkably turbulent condition of affairs seems to exist.

A certain E. Messenger, who is also the editor of the Elkhorn Times, is principal of the school at that point. He is assisted by a young lady, and for months past all ran smoothly in the instruction of the week Mr. Bruner was startled by receiving an extensively endorsed petition to remove Messenger for incompetency, lack of judgment, tyranny, etc. This denunciation, for the involved condition of the district. These correspondents allege that the school has been in a state of turmoil all winter that the big boys after running the school at their own sweet will have all quit. They say that the teacher is utterly helpless, and was driven to the expedient of carrying a big, forty-five calibre pistol which he laid never made a recommendation to the administration except upon request and in every case that a prospective appointee has been submitted to my judgment I have acted fairly and honestly."

MILITARY TELEGRAMS.

Secretary Endicott's Order—Killing of Capt. Crawford.

General Howard has forwarded to the secretary of war an important communication relative to the transmission of telegrams over the lines of the banded Pacific roads. Some time ago, it may be remembered, Secretary Endicott sent an order to the headquarters of the department of the Plate, directing that all army telegrams should be sent over the banded lines, as they are the Union Pacific, which is of course largely indebted to the government. The object of this order was to enable the government to secure some other route to its large debt accounts against these companies. In this department, however, the order is found to cause a great deal of trouble, annoyance and unnecessary expense. A telegram sent from Omaha to Fort Worth, for instance, has to be sent by two lines, the Western Union and Union Pacific, and costs twice as much as though it were sent by only one line, the Western Union.

General Howard has written a communication setting forth these facts, and requests that the order be rescinded, so far as its operation in the department is concerned. He has already expected an answer from Secretary Endicott.

Col. Henry has received a letter from Capt. John G. Bourke, of the department of Arizona, and now stationed at Fort Huachuca, Arizona, of the nature of Capt. Enmet Crawford, he says: "I have no desire to enter into any tedious controversy to prove to the American people that the murder of poor Crawford is the result of a plot on the part of a long series of indignities and insults cast upon the Americans simply because they are Americans. A nation that needs to have such things named into its head, is unworthy of the respect of a civilized people. The article in the BEE, 'Mexican Masqueraders,' was excellent, and stated facts that the Mexicans will try to dodge by their usual methods of lying."

A BIG SUIT.

Three Hundred Thousand Dollars of Omaha Property in the Courts.

Gen. O'Brien yesterday received from the printer his brief in the case of George M. O'Brien et al. vs. Wm. Gaslin et al., taken on error to the supreme court. The case is of great importance, involving the title to sixty-two acres of property in the city of Omaha, representing in value at least \$300,000. The property lies between Hanson's park and the poor farm, and is in the territory of the city's most rapid growth. The land was originally pre-empted by the mother of James H. North, a resident of Columbia, Neb., and she conveyed it in trust to her son, August Graczer, Jr., to hold during North's minority.

Graczer was a member of the firm of W. J. Baugh & Co., of St. Louis, and this concern losing a heavy bet, he was sold to a resident of Omaha, Neb., and she conveyed it in trust to her son, August Graczer, Jr., to hold during North's minority.

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THE PEABODY CASE AGAIN.

Judge Wakeley is again engaged in the trial of the celebrated Peabody grade damage case. The jury was impaneled yesterday, and is now deep in the mysteries of this twice tried case.

A Pleasant Evening.

A most enjoyable party was had Sunday evening at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. D. Kaufmann, on Farnam street, in honor of Miss Minnie Rosenfield, of Boston, who is visiting her sister, Mrs. D. Kaufmann. Those present were Miss Schlessinger, Miss Seligson, Miss Moses, Miss New, Miss Newman, Miss Eichman, Miss Rosenfield, Miss Hoffman, Mrs. L. and Mrs. I. Kaufmann. Gentlemen present were Mr. S. Oberfelder, Mr. M. Oberfelder, Mr. L. Smith, Mr. J. Holzmeier, Mr. S. Bergman, Julius Meyer, I. Kaufmann, S. Schlessinger, S. J. Fisher, B. Cornhauser, Chicago; S. Lederer, Milwaukee; L. Kaufmann, D. Kaufmann and others. The Musical Union orchestra furnished excellent music for the occasion.

The Union Sews Backwards or Forwards.

The County Grading.

It seems that Mr. Timme is the only one of the commissioners who has manifested any inclination to stand out against Mr. Congdon in allowing the O'Keefe speaking for Mr. Corlies and himself, said yesterday that he would allow the contract to the lowest bidder, even if he were but fifty cents the lowest.

A Timely Suggestion.

Editor of the BEE: Would it not be well to invite the different male quartettes or male choirs in the city to take part in the opening exercises of the Exposition building? The Americans, Germans and Scandinavians all have fine choirs, and it would be extremely fitting to have them participate and let the good people of Omaha know what vocal material there is within its walls. A little encouragement in the way of invitations to the different singing societies might bring out quite a treat in music and add a great deal more variety to the programme which would certainly be appreciated by the audience.

A Lover of Music.

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A most enjoyable party was had Sunday evening at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. D. Kaufmann, on Farnam street, in honor of Miss Minnie Rosenfield, of Boston, who is visiting her sister, Mrs. D. Kaufmann. Those present were Miss Schlessinger, Miss Seligson, Miss Moses, Miss New, Miss Newman, Miss Eichman, Miss Rosenfield, Miss Hoffman, Mrs. L. and Mrs. I. Kaufmann. Gentlemen present were Mr. S. Oberfelder, Mr. M. Oberfelder, Mr. L. Smith, Mr. J. Holzmeier, Mr. S. Bergman, Julius Meyer, I. Kaufmann, S. Schlessinger, S. J. Fisher, B. Cornhauser, Chicago; S. Lederer, Milwaukee; L. Kaufmann, D. Kaufmann and others. The Musical Union orchestra furnished excellent music for the occasion.

The Union Sews Backwards or Forwards.

The County Grading.

It seems that Mr. Timme is the only one of the commissioners who has manifested any inclination to stand out against Mr. Congdon in allowing the O'Keefe speaking for Mr. Corlies and himself, said yesterday that he would allow the contract to the lowest bidder, even if he were but fifty cents the lowest.

A Timely Suggestion.

Editor of the BEE: Would it not be well to invite the different male quartettes or male choirs in the city to take part in the opening exercises of the Exposition building? The Americans, Germans and Scandinavians all have fine choirs, and it would be extremely fitting to have them participate and let the good people of Omaha know what vocal material there is within its walls. A little encouragement in the way of invitations to the different singing societies might bring out quite a treat in music and add a great deal more variety to the programme which would certainly be appreciated by the audience.

A Lover of Music.

Editor of the BEE: Would it not be well to invite the different male quartettes or male choirs in the city to take part in the opening exercises of the Exposition building? The Americans, Germans and Scandinavians all have fine choirs, and it would be extremely fitting to have them participate and let the good people of Omaha know what vocal material there is within its walls. A little encouragement in the way of invitations