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Contagious.

I am a native of England, and while I was in that country I contracted a terrible blood poison, and for two years was under treatment as an out door patient at Nottingham Hospital, England, but was not cured. I suffered the most agonizing pains in my bones, and was covered with sores all over my body and limbs. Finally I completely lost all hope in that country, and sailed for America, and was treated at Roosevelt in this city, as well as by a prominent physician in New York having no connection with the hospitals.

I saw the advertisement of Swift's Specific, and I determined to give it a trial. I took six bottles and I can say with great joy that they have cured me entirely. I am as sound and well as I ever was in my life.

L. FRED HALFORD.

New York City, June 12th, 1885.

In March of last year (1884) I contracted blood poison, and being in Savannah, Ga., at the time, I went into the hospital there for treatment. I suffered very much from rheumatism at the same time. I did not get well under the treatment there, nor was I cured by any of the usual means. I have now taken seven bottles of Swift's Specific and am sound and well. It drove the poison out through boils on the skin.

DAN LEARY.

Jersey City, N. J., Aug. 7, 1885.

Treatise on Blood and Skin Diseases mailed free.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Drawer 3, Atlanta, Ga. N. Y., 157 W. 23d St.

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GERMINAL,

Or the Story of a Great Miners' Strike.

BY EMILE ZOLA.

Translated from the French.

SUMMARY OF PRECEDING CHAPTERS.

Anton Lantier, a mechanic, unable to find employment at his trade in Paris, drifts into the interior of France and brings up at the Montsou coal mining region, in early spring. Being without money he readily accepts work in the Vulture mine and soon becomes an expert workman. The low wages of the miners, a constant struggle against hunger, and the miserable condition of old and young, excites in him a lively interest and he begins the study of methods tending to alleviate their condition. Gradually he imparts his ideas to others and readily secures the support and co-operation of the poor, struggling workmen. A saving fund is started to which each miner contributed, the money thus obtained to be used to support the men in case of trouble with the coal companies. By the 1st of November the fund amounted to a considerable sum, and the miners, emboldened by this fact, determined to resist a new method of payment introduced by a majority of the companies, which was to go into effect on the first of December. The plan of the companies was to deduct the ten centimes paid for each car of coal, one-half to go toward paying for propping in the drifts of the mines. The workmen, to fortify their position in case of revolt, worked fifteen days under the new system of payment, and found that it was an indirect but effective method of reducing their wages. To strike was the only alternative. Meetings were held and a delegation appointed to wait upon the managing director of the mines and lay before him the demands of the men—the abolition of the new system of payment and an increase of five centimes per car. Anton's ability and sagacity made him at once the leader in the strike. The interview of the miners with the manager was without result, and the men, with very little hope of ultimate success, settled down to a long and bitter struggle—the struggle of poverty against unlimited wealth.

CHAPTER XXXVIII

On the night which followed the destruction of the Vulture, M. Hennebeau started for Paris, wishing to give personal information to the managers before the newspapers even could publish the news. When he returned the next day, he was found to be very calm, very pale, with the look of an upright superintendent. He had evidently relieved himself from responsibility; his favor did not appear to have diminished; on the contrary, the decree naming him an officer of the Legion of Honor was signed twenty-four hours after.

Deneulin, appointed engineer of the division had come into the office in the midst of the great disaster, and his first care had been to force the canal back to its bed, for this torrent of water spreading over the bottom of the mine aggravated the damage every hour. Great labor was required; he had immediately placed a hundred workmen at the construction of a dike. Twice the impetuosity of the stream had carried away the first dams. Now, pumps had been fixed; it was a hard fight, a violent struggle for repossession, step by step, of this corner of earth.

But the salvation of the buried miners was still more engrossing. Negrel was again entrusted to make another supreme effort, and arms were not wanting him; all the colliers rushed to offer themselves in a burst of fraternity. They forgot the strike; they did not trouble themselves about the pay; they asked for nothing, they only asked to risk their lives when comrades were in peril. They were all there with their implements, shivering, waiting to be told at what point to begin. Many, ill from fright after the accident, agitated by nervous trembling, bathed in cold perspiration, possessed by incessant nightmares, got up notwithstanding, and seemed among the most courageous of those battling with the earth as if they had a revenge to take. Only there was some embarassment when the utility of this work was questioned; what was to be done? how were they to get down? on what side were they to attack the stones?

It was Negrel's opinion that not one of the unfortunate men survived; the fifteen had certainly perished, either drowned or asphyxiated; but in these mining catastrophes the rule was always to consider the immured men at the bottom as living, and he reasoned on this principle.

Before arriving at this logical conclusion, there had been much discussion of a number of impracticable suggestions. Negrel then shook the dust from the archives, and, when he had found the old plans of the two mines, studied them and determined at what points the researches should be made. Gradually, this hunt excited him; he, in his turn, was seized with a fever of self-devotion, in spite of his ironical indifference toward men and things. The first difficulties were encountered in descending at Requillart. They had to clear away the mouth of the shaft, cut down the sorb tree, raze the plantains and hawthorns; and they had besides to repair the ladders. Then the groping about commenced. The engineer, having gone down with ten workmen, made them knock with their picks against certain rocks which he designated; and in profound silence, each holding his ear to the stone, listening to see if no distant stroke responded. But in vain all the practicable galleries were traversed; no echo came. The difficulty increased. Where should they cut away the bed? Toward whom should they go when nobody appeared to be there? But they persisted obstinately in the search, with ever increasing anxiety.

At the end of three days Negrel in despair had resolved to abandon everything that evening. At noon, after lunch, when he had returned with his men to undertake a last effort, he was surprised to see Zacharie come from the mine, very red, gesticulating, and crying:

"She is there! she has answered me! Come on, come on, now."

He had slipped upon the ladders, in spite of the guard, and he swore that they had knocked, there below, in the first road of the vein Willem.

"But we have already passed twice where you say," said Negrel, incredulous. "But at any rate we will go and see."

Below, Negrel himself struck three blows, wide apart; then he applied his ear to the coal, commanding the workmen to be silent. Not a sound did he hear; he shook his head; evidently the poor boy was dreaming. Furious, Zacharie knocked; and he again heard, his eyes shone, his limbs trembled with joy. Then the other workmen tried their experience, one after the other; they all became animated by plainly hearing the distant response. The engineer was astonished; he again stuck his ear to the coal, and he ended by hearing a slight sound, a rythmical rolling very distinct, the known cadence of the miners' call when they beat against the coal, in any danger. The coal transmitted the sound with the clearness of crystal, though very distant. An overseer who was there estimated that a block of at least fifty metres separated them from their companions. But it seemed as though they were already able to take their comrades' hands; they at once became cheerful. Negrel at once commenced the work of approach.

As soon as the story was circulated in Montson a new crowd of people arrived. They could see nothing, but they remained there all the same. It was even necessary to hold the most curious at a distance. Below they worked day and night. For fear of meeting with some obstacle the engineer had opened in the vein three lower galleries, and then worked them all toward the point where he supposed the miners to be shut up. A single miner worked to break away the coal upon the straight front of the long narrow slit. They relieved each other every two hours, and the coal with which they filled the baskets was taken out by the hands of a chain of men which extended itself in proportion as the hole increased. The work at first went on very rapidly.

For the prisoners it was the twelfth day which had commenced, a dozen twenty-four hours, without bread, without fire in those icy shadows. That terrible thought wet their eyelids, and stiffened their arms to the work. It seemed impossible that Christians could live longer; the distant blows had been growing weaker since the day before; they trembled at each instant that they should hear them stop.

The ninth day, at lunch time, Zacharie did not reply when they called him to be relieved. He acted though he was crazy, and at last ended by swearing at them. At the moment Negrel, who had gone out for an instant, was not there to make him obey, and there was only with him an overseer and three miners. Without doubt Zacharie, badly lighted, furious at the wavering light which retarded his work, had committed the imprudence of opening his lamp. They had been given strict orders on that point, for the fire-damp was great there. The gas remained in enormous quantity in these straight openings, deprived of ventilation. Suddenly a blast of thunder broke out. A stream of fire came from the slit as if from the mouth of a cannon charged with grape shot. Everything flamed. The air was kindled as if from powder from one side of the galleries to the other. The torrent of flame carried away the overseer, and three workmen ascended the shaft, flashing out into the open day like an eruption which cracked the rocks and the debris of the works. The curious ones fled.

When Negrel and the workmen returned a terrible rage shook them. They beat the ground with their heels, as if a hard-hearted mother had by chance killed her children in the imbecile caprices of her cruelty. They had devoted themselves to go to the assistance of their comrades, and now they had only left there more men. At the end of three long hours of efforts and dangers, when they had penetrated at last into the galleries, the removal of the victims was sorrowful. Neither the overseers nor the workmen were dead, but they were terribly wounded, while they could smell their broiled flesh; they had swallowed the fire; the burns were even in their throats, and they moaned continually, praying that they would put an end to their sufferings by killing them. Of the three miners one was the man who, during the strike had crushed the engine with one blow of the hammer; the two others still kept the marks on their hands where they had cut themselves throwing bricks at the soldiers. The crowd, all pale and shivering, uncovered their heads as they were carried past them.

The body of Zacharie at length appeared. The clothing was burned, the body was but a black piece of coal, unrecognizable. Crushed in the explosion, the head was no longer there. And when they had placed this frightful remnant of the young man on a litter, Mrs. Mahon followed them with a mechanical step, her eyelids burning, and without a tear.

At the alley, Philomene was stupified; her eyes changed into fountains which at once relieved her. But the mother had already returned with the same step to Requillart; she had accompanied her son, she now returned there to wait for her daughter.

Three days more passed away. They had resumed the work in the midst of unheard of difficulties. The galleries to the approach were happily not filled up from the explosion of fire-damp, only the air burned there, vitiated to such a degree, that it was necessary to put in other ventilators. Now every twenty minutes the miners were relieved. They had advanced within two metres of their comrades. Meanwhile they worked on with chilled hearts, digging hard as if out of vengeance, for the sounds had ceased; the answer no longer no longer sounded its clear cadence. They had been working for twelve days, it was now fifteen days after the catastrophe, and since morning a silence of death of death had fallen.

[TO BE CONTINUED.]

Opportunities to Get Christmas Money.

It is well to be advised from the record of the past as to future action. Now let anyone read that at New Orleans, La., Tuesday (remember it is always Tuesday), October 13th, 1885, the 185th Grand Monthly Drawing of The Louisiana State Lottery came off with this return to the investors: Ticket No. 15,291—sold in fifths at $1 each—drew the First Capital Prize of $75,000; one-fifth was held by A. Kevlin, No. 14 Valette St., Algiers, La.; one by J. D. Hill of Bay St. Louis, Miss.; another was collected for a San Francisco party by the Wells, Fargo & Co.'s Bank of San Francisco, Cal.; and the other names are withheld by request. No. 184, also sold in fifths at $1 each, drew the Second Prize, $25,000; one-fifth was held by Patrick Conner, No. 526 Golden Gate Ave.; one by Mrs. H. M. Kibbin, No. 125 Ellis St., both of San Francisco, Cal.; remaining fifths were held elsewhere. No. 45,815 drew the Third Prize of $10,000; sold as a whole ticket to Senor H. von Gundell, Guaymas, Mexico, and collected through Wells, Fargo and Co.'s Express. Nos. 62,143 and 75,510 drew the two Fourth Prizes of $6,000; also sold in fifths; one to R. Hammond, Lansing, Kan.; one to A. T. Burr, Jr., Danville, Va.; one to J. H. Eyestone of St. Joseph, Mo., paid through Saxton Nat'l Bank there; one to E. T. Rounsavell, an employe of Adams Express at Columbus, Ohio; other fractions to parties in Havana, Cuba, and elsewhere. The distribution has been made and the money paid to the lucky ones. Now the next opportunity will be a scattering of $624,500 on Tuesday, Dec. 15, the 187th Monthly, and the Grand Semi-Annual Drawing. Tickets are $10 and tenths are $1. All information desired can be had on application to M. A. Dauphin, New Orleans, La. And the certainty of the fact that anyone buying a ticket stands a chance of getting $150,000 will cause a smile of hope to beam on many a face North, South, East or West. Try it, on for Christmas spending money.

In the Country Lawyer's Office.

He wanted justice. You could see that in his eyes afar off. He didn't want a little bit of justice weighed out in a gingerly manner and done up in coarse brown paper, but he wanted justice by the car load and at wholesale rates. He hitched his old white horse and dilapidated buggy in front of the drug store, mounted the stairs running up outside to the second story, and his eyes brightened as they rested on the tin sign on the door: "George Boxem, Attorney at Law." The lawyer was in. So were a two-dollar desk, two fifteen-cent chairs, a huge cuspidor, and a rusty stove.

"Morning."

"Morning."

"I'm Jim White, sir. Live out by Gray's Corners; bought the Tompkins farm, you know."

"Ah!"

"Skinner jines farms with me. His steers get into my corn. I want damages, but he laughs at me. I turn my hogs into his 'tater patch."

"Good! I like a man of spunk."

"And he kills a hog of 'em."

"What!"

"He kills a hog worth two dollars."

"You don't say! Well, that man ought to be made to understand that he doesn't own this county. What an outrage! Have you demanded pay?"

"Oh, yes, and he said he'd like to shoot me."

"Is it possible? Why, he's a dangerous man, very dangerous."

"I came to ask you if—if—"

"Why, of course you have the best kind of a case against him, and it is your duty to push it."

"Yes, I want justice, but how—how much will—"

"Oh the cost will be nothing. Just leave me $5 as a retainer and we'll make Skinner sweat. I haven't heard of such an outrage for years. He probably reasons that you are cautious hearted and afraid of him."

"Well, he'll find that the White's have as much grit as the Skinners."

"And as much money to law with?"

"You bet."

"That's the talk. We'll make him a very sick man. Your case appeals to me as a citizen as well as a lawyer. Now, we'll secure a warrant as a starter."

Skinner visits the other lawyer in the same village and the conversation is about the same. White gets a warrant for Skinner and Skinner gets a warrant for White.

First year—Two adjournments, a disagreement, twenty-four days lost time, and a cash expense of $88 to each farmer.

Second year.—Three trials, one disagreement, four adjournments, one appeal and a cash expense of $150 to each farmer. Time lost, thirty-five days.

Third year—Two trials, two appeals, two decisions and two farms pass into the hands of two lawyers.

Warden A. A. Brush, of the Sing Sing New York, State Prison, says Brandreth's Pills are the most valuable cathartic he ever used. He has been a great sufferer from rheumatism and blood poisoning, but obtained very little relief from medicine or doctors until he commenced using Brandreth's Pills. He took fifty Pills in ten days. They not only cured him of rheumatism, but gave him a vigorous appetite and purified his blood completely.

New glass and steel plants are to be put up in Pittsburg, which will bring an additional population of from forty to fifty thousand into the city. Natural gas is the attraction.

L. S. L.

CAPITAL PRIZE, $150,000.

"We do hereby certify that we supervise the arrangements for all the Monthly and Semi-Annual drawing of the Louisiana State Lottery Company, and in person manage and control the drawings themselves, and that the same are conducted with honesty, fairness and in good faith toward all parties, and we authorize the company to use this certificate, with fac-similes of our signatures attached in its advertisements.

Gen'l P. G. T. Beauregard
J. A. Early
COMMISSIONERS.

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OVER HALF A MILL ON DISTRIBUTED
LOUISIANA STATE LOTTERY COMPANY.

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It never scales or postpones.

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CAPITAL PRIZE $150,000.

Notice—Tickets are $10 only. Halves, $5. Fifths, $2. Tenths, $1.

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1	GRAND PRIZE OF	50,000	50,000
1	GRAND PRIZE OF	20,000	20,000
2	LARGE PRIZES OF	10,000	20,000
4	LARGE PRIZES OF	5,000	20,000
20	PRIZES OF	1,000	20,000
50	"	500	25,000
100	"	300	30,000
200	"	200	40,000
600	"	100	60,000
1,000	"	50	50,000

APPROXIMATION PRIZES.

100	Approximation Prizes of	$500	$50,000
100	" "	300	30,000
100	" "	75	7,500
2,279	Prizes, amounting to		$622,500

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All trains arrive and depart from Omaha by Central Standard Time.

Trains of the C. St. P. M. & O. arrive and depart from their depot, corner of 14th and Webster streets; trains on the B. & M., C. B. & Q. and K. C. St. J. & C. B. from the B. & M. depot; all others from the Union Pacific depot.

Bridge trains will leave U. P. depot at 6:35, B 7:35, 8:00, 8:50, 8:55, B 10:00, 11:15, a. m.; 12:35, 12:50, B 2:00, 2:20, 3:00, B 4:00, 4:20, 4:55, 5:55, 6:00, 7:0 0, 11:10 p. m. Leave Transfer for Omaha at 7:12, B 8:15, 9:30, 9:37 B 10:37, 11:00, 11:37 a. m.; 1:05, 1:37, B 2:35, 3:30, 3:37, B 4:35, 5:32, 6:32, 7:20, 7:50, 11:37 p. m. B trains do not run on Sunday. All others run daily. Ferry trains will run as first section of each dummy train, except those leaving Omaha at 6:35 a. m. and 11:10 p. m., and leaving Council Bluffs at 7:05 a. m. and 11:45 p. m.

STOCK YARDS TRAINS—Special stock yards passenger trains leave Omaha at 6:40 a. m., 8:00 a. m., 8:55 a. m., 10:45 a. m., 11:20 a. m., 1:30 p. m., 3:20 p. m., and 5:25 p. m. Leave stock yards for Omaha at 7:55 a. m., 10:25 a. m., 12:01 p. m., 1:35 p. m., 3:55 p. m., 4:40 p. m. and 6:20 p. m.

Connecting lines at transfer depot, Council Bluffs. Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific—leave, B 7:15, B 9:15 a. m., C 5:20 p. m.; arrive, D 9:15 a. m., B 5:30, B 7:00 p. m. Chicago & Northwestern—leave, B 9:15 a. m., C 5:20 p. m.; arrive, D 9:15 a. m., B 7:00 p. m. Chicago, Burlington & Quincy—leave, A 9:25 a. m., A 5:35 p. m.; arrive, A 9:15 a. m., B 6:30 p. m., A 7:15 p. m. Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul—leave B 9:15 a. m., C 5:20 p. m.; arrive, D 9:15, a. m. B 7:00 p. m. Kansas City, St. Joe & C. B.—leave, A 10:00 a. m., C 8:55 p. m.; arrive, D 6:35 a. m., B 7:55 p. m. Wabash—leave, A 3:00 p. m.; arrive, A 3:20 p. m. Sioux City & Pacific—leave, A 7:05 a. m., A 7:55 p. m.; arrive, A 9:35 a. m., A 7:00 p. m.;

Westward—Pacific express leave A 8:20 p. m.; arrive A 7:50 a. m.; Denver express, leave A 11:20 a. m., arrive A 4:10 p. m.; U. P. mail and express, Rep. valley, leave A 1:20 p. m., arrive A 2:10 p. m.; B. & M. mail and express Rep. valley, leave A 8:10, arrive 6:30 a. m.; B. & M. night express, leave A 6:00 p. m., arrive A 10:45 a. m.

Southward—M. P. day express, leave A 11:00 a. m., arrive 6:00 p. m.; night express, leave B 9:00 p. m., arrive A 7:00 p. m.; K. C., St. J. & C. B., via Plattsmouth, leave A 9:10 a. m., B 8:45 p. m., arrive D 7:00.

Northward—C., St. P., M. & O., Sioux City express, leave A 8:30 a. m., arrive 5:30 p. m.; Oakland accommodation, leave C 5:40 p. m., arrive C 11:00 a. m.

NOTE—A Trains daily; B daily except Sunday; C daily except Saturday; D daily except Monday.

Eastward—C. B. & Q. via Plattsmouth, leave 5:30 p. m., arrive 9:30 a. m.

Westward—Pacific express leaves A 8:30 p. m., arrive A 7:50 a. m.; Denver express, leave A 11:20 a. m., arrive A 4:10 p. m.; U. P. mail and express, Rep. Valley, leave A 1:30 p. m., arrive A 2:10 p. m.; B. & M. mail and express Rep. Valley, leave A 8:10 a. m., arrive 10:40 a. m.; B. & M. night express, leave A 6:30 p. m., arrive A 6:55 p. m.

Southward M. P. day express, leave A 11:30 a. m., arrive 6:00 a. m.; night express, leave B 9:00 p. m., arrive A 7:00 p. m.; K. C., St. J. & C. B., via Plattsmouth, leave A 9:30 a. m., B 8:45 p. m., arrive D 7:00 a. m., 7:55 p. m.

Northward—C., St. P., M. & O., Sioux City express, leave A 8:30 a. m., arrive 5:30 p. m.; Overland accommodation, leave C 5:40 p. m., arrive C 10:00 a. m.

NOTE—A trains daily; A daily except Sunday; C daily except Saturday; D daily except Monday.

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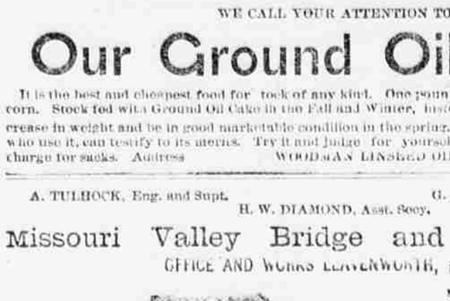

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