THE VICTOR AIDING VICTORY.

Porakor Fans the Political Wave of Success

in New York. THE MADISON SQUARE MEETING.

A Monster Gathering of Republicans -The Terrible Strait of the Dem-

> ocratic Managers for Campaign Funds.

New York City's First Rally. NEW YORK, Oct. 22. - Madison Square gar den was filled to suffocation to-night at the first republican mass meeting held in this city to endorse the state ticket. From an early hour crowds began to pour into the hall, and at the hour the meeting opened fully 8,000 were present, among them a large number of ladies. Among the vice presidents were ex-President Arthur, Senator Evarts, Senator Warner Miller, Alonzo B. Cornell, John Jacob Astor, Pierrepont Morgan, Chauncey M. Depew, Edward Pierrepont and hearly 100 others. The platform was crowded with men eminent in the republican party, and among others were Joseph H. Choate, Gov.-elect Foraker of Ohio, Senator Geo. F. aunds, Gen. Jos. B. Carr, Ira Davenport

Mr. Bliss called the meeting to order and Air, Biss called the neeting to order and poninated Mr. Joseph Choate chairman.

After some introductory remarks by the chairman and the appointment of a long list of vice presidents, resolutions approving the platform of the Saratoga convention and pledging the support of all republicans to the state ticket, were read and adopted. The charman then introduced Gov.-elect Foraker, who after a few introductory pleasantries reg rding his surroundings, said in

I am not concerned in your matters of local character, but I have the great satisfaction of the republicans of the whole United States that the character of your candidate for governor is of the highest order and worthy of the republican party. Every man who wants re-form will come on November 3 to the support of Davenport and Gen. Carr. We have had victory in Ohio, and I'll tell you why. We wan that victory because Ohio republicans determined to plant themselves on the platdetermined to plant themselves on the plat-form that gave expression to sound repub-lican doctrine. When the republicans went out of the national offices they went out with bands playing and flags flying, and every man standing six feet high and looking the world square in the face. Nobody was finding fault because the heresy of secession had been shot to death on the battlefield, nor because the colored race had been enfran-chised and special payment resumed. John chised and special payment resumed. John Roach, that poor old Trishman, broken up. The democrats have broken down one of the leading industries of the country and thrown

2,500 men out of work.

While the republican party was in power they invented a postal card with the goddess of liberty printed on one corner, but our democratic triends changed all that and issued a new card with the face of Thomas defers in the author of the democratic execution. issued a new card with the face of Thomas Jefferson, the author of the damnable resolution which caused all the trouble in this country since that time. There's no room in a democratic procession for the goddess of liberty. It don't make any difference, speaking of Grover Cleveland, what party and policy there is behind him. I was greatly surprised to find in coming here that the best way to approve of President Cleveland was to vote for Ira Davenport. I have heard a great deal of his fine appointments, but those of the last six weeks in quantity and quality would be enough to damn any republican adwould be enough to damn any republican ad-ministration. You can gain some idea of the hereulean labor of Cleveland when he had to take all his appointees from the democratic

Foraker then paid a tribute to the Irish and German voters in the republican ranks, and said if Parnell with his tariff views had lived in the United States he would be a reblican. The speaker concluded as follows: live us a response from the state of New York on November 3, similar to that we gave n Ohio October 3. Gallant John Wise in Virginia will break the back of the solid south so that we can say we not only have O blo and New York, but we want the whole

Senator Edmunds, of Vermont, was then introduced amid the cheers and shouts of the multitude. When at length quiet was restored, he said: If you gentlemen who are making such a noise to-night will only wait antil November you will then have a chance the state of the said: yourselves hourse over A great republican victory in New York. [Applause.] I do not intend to repeat the arguments already ad-vanced by Mr. Foraker. I have only this to say, nearly every democrat in the senate twenty years ago voted against the doctrine equal rights. What kind of democracy is is? If there is anything here this country worth preserving it is the right of equal rights. to think and speak as one pleases. If a man wanted to be a democrat let him be one. I am willing. Let every man be true to him-self and allow others to do the same. I am glad to hear that in this great state the name

cance. Men are beginning to think without reference to the consideration of party.

I want to say a few words about the civil service. The republican party in its last platform had a civil service clause inserted therein. The democratic party had a plat-form of a most clastic character. It could take in everybody and yet have room for more. There are I suppose, a hundred thousand officers in the United States. The president cannot himself select men to fill all these offices. He must trust to the advice of those who are his counsellors. The members of his cabinet are expected to act in this capacity. If Cleveland had selected the seven right men for positions in his cabinet there would not be such an uproar of discontent against him among these who wide the tent against him among those who wished to secure his election and are dissatisfied with the manner in which the offices have been

of party is losing largely this year its

Are we to have this great country filled with working men contented and happy, busily employed, or are we to let the evils of free trade hold sway here, shutting up our shops and factories and bringing misery and want to the great laboring classes in this country? Cries of "no! no?" I believe, and a majority of the working company of this of the working men of this country believe with me, that a fair protective tariif is what Edmunds closed his brief address in a

roles scarcely above a whisper. There were loud calls for Evarts, and when he appeared on the platform the audience called out "Hurrah for our next president." Cheers followed this sally and the senator excused himself from making a speech as also did Gen. Carr, candidate for lieutenant governor. The meeting then adjourned.

New York Democrats' Piteous Strait.

NEW YORK, Oct. 23.-[Special to the BEE.] -The democratic managers are in a desperate strait for want of funds with which to conduct the campaign, aside from buying votes. Their piteous appeal sent out from headquarters says the democratic candidates for the governorships are men of only mod erate means, and are unable to cope with their republican opponents, who are said to be men of affluence. This "unequal match," as the committee call it, compels them to seek as the committee call it, compels them to seek contributions from the party throughout the state. Small donations are to be appreciated, and the inducement is held out in the appeal that "contributors will have the right to claim their share of the honors of the victory." This taffy, it is thought, will collect many dollars. Gen. Carr, the republi-can candidate for Heutenant governor, said to a correspondent to-day: "I have traveled through the state and every where there is through the state and every where there is republican activity and loyalty, and thou-sands of democrats are disgruntled because sands of democrats are disgraphed because Flower was not nonthated for governor and are indifferent about Hill. I think the republican ticket will be elected by from 40,000 to 80,000 majority." An old democrat said he believed Gen. Carr's estimate not far out of the way. "If Hill is defeated," said this democrat, "as he no doubt will be the administration will be more to blame than any other." This opinion is shared by thousands of democrats in the metropolis and throughout the state.

NEW YORK, Oct. 23.-Col. Daniel S. Lamont, the president's private secretary.

was at the Hoffman house to-day holding a consultation with the executive committee of the democratic state committee.

Conkling Out of Politics.

New York, Oct. 23 .- [Special to the Ber.] -In reply to an invitation to address a meet ng of colored republicans. Saturday, Roscoe Coulding writes: "I have not, as you may know, for some years engaged in the canvasses which have occurred. My business exacts all my time, and I do not feel called upon this year to take part in politics. I much appreciate, however, the wish and invitation of the colored men to have me speak to them. Did I mean to speak at all in regard to the election I should not fail to speak to your people, and there may come a time here-after when I can do so, and shall be glad to do so. Please convey my thanks to those for whom you write, and say to them that I have not grown cold in the things which I believe right and good for all races in Amer-

The President Going Home to Vote. NEW YORK, Oct. 23. - [Special to the BEE.] -A Washington dispatch to the World says it is likely the president will leave for New York a week from to-day, and remain until after the election, casting his ballot for Hill, as will also Secretaries Manning and Whitney and Col. Lamont, who will constitute his party. The president will be the guest of his former law partner, Bissell, while in Buffalo, but will be in New York for a day or two prior to the election.

Registration in New York.

New York, Oct. 23, -Registration in this city for the forthcoming election closed to night. The total is 60,169, against 55,901 in 1884, and 52,020 in 1883,

JOHNSON'S PERFIDY.

Ben Butler Claims there is Something in the Depew Letter.

NEW YORK, Oct. 23,-The Commercial Advertiser publishes an interview with Gen. Butler by its Boston correspondent on the Grant-Johnson controversy. Gen. Butler says there are many reasons why the charge that Johnson desired to revolutionize the government was not brought up in the impeachment trial. The chief reason and conclusive one was that the offense was not charged in the articles of impeachment, and be (Butler) as counsel in that case did not care to offer incompetent testimony. The charge was not embodied in the articles of impeachment because they could not be

The talk between Gen. Grant and Johnson, is commander-in-chief, was in the nature of a privileged communication, and that Gen. Grant so held was shown by the fact that he did not disclose it till long after Johnson's death. There was another project of President Johnson's as to revolutionizing the government, some of the details of which were partiy known at the time, but which could not be proven, which had not taken the form of action and which were not brought into the impeachment proceedings. I myself had some very strong moral evidence upon two questions which I did not care to make known to the public in the impeachment proceedings, but one of which I investigated secretly as chairman of the committee for that purpose, and while there were disclosed to me some very damaging facts, under the circumstances they were not so conclusive that I deemed it proper to exhibit an article of impeachment against the president of the United States in that belief. I still retain some of the instruments of evidence that strongly lead to support my belief. a privileged communication, and that Gen.

The other proposition of Mr. Johnson to

control the government differing from that of General Grant in the measures to be taken, General Grant in the measures to be taken, but not in the end to be reached, it now seems to me for the first time, must have been made after General Grant had refused to accede to Johnson's proposition; and knowing now what had been said to General Grant, it would seem to show that that proposition was entertained because of Grant's refusal, and while what was known to me in regard to it gave me a strong belief, it was not in proper shape to be brought before the public."

General Butler declined to say what these proofs were, and intimated that they would probably not be made public till after his

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 23,-A statement by Philadelphia, Oct. 23.—A statement by Admiral Ammen relative to S.n. Grant's part in the boisterous times of Johnson's administration is made public here to-day. Ammen relates Gen. Sherman's speaking to him some time ago. He stated that he (Sherman), upon being called to Washington by President Johnson, went first to Grant's house immediately upon arriving in the capital. Grant said there was a disposition in the cabinet to get rid of him (Grant). A proposition had been made to send him to Mexico, but he had determined not to go. He said he would stand a court martial first. "Well, what do they want of me?" said Sherman.

would stand a court martial first. "Well, what do they want of me?" said Sherman. "I do not know," was Grant's reply. Sherman then went directly to the president without waiting to visit anyone else, "Mr. President." said Sherman, "this is a diplomatic mission, and Gen. Grant will not go upon it. He will disobey the order if it is issued." The president seemed very much surprised, and said that he had a very great regard for Gen. Grant and would not like to regard for Gen. Grant and would not like to do anything that was distasteful to him." Sherman remarked, "If it will relieve the executive of any embarrassment I will go down myself." "Very well, if you will go that settles it," said the president, "and it will be just as well." Five days later Gen. Sherman took a steamer for the Gulf, "Thus," said Sherman in stating the mat-ter to Ammen, "was the difficulty, so far as General Grant was concerned, bridged over. fer to Ammen, "was the difficulty, so far as General Grant was concerned, bridged over, and he was kept from an open rupture with the executive. My opinion is they desired to get rid of him and keep him from being a candidate for the presidency. What they wante of me in case General Grant was sent out of the country I do not know. The discussion between President Johnson and myself never got that far,"

Among the Railroads. DUNUQUE, Iowa, Oct. 23,-Articles of incorporation for a new union railroad depot in this city have been filed. The depot will probably be used by the Illinois Central. Chicago, Burlington & Northern, Dubuque & Northwestern, and possibly the Chicago & Northwestern, when the latter pushes its road into Dubuque. The Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul has a new depot of its own. Contracts have been made to build the Dubuque & Northwestern 136 miles from this

Cincago, Oct. 23.—At a meeting held to-day the managers of the Chicago lines which have been making a rebate of nine cents per hundred pounds in packing house products shipped into territory south of the Ohio river, agreed to restore the rate to tariff and maintain it. This obliterates the grievance of the Fort Scott road, whose business the making of the rebate referred to sectorsly interfered with, and does away with the prospect of further rate cutting for the present.

Mrs. Walkup's Trial. EMPORIA, Kansas, Oct. 23.-Dr. Gardiner concluded his testimony in the Walkup case this morning. In examining the viscera of the deceased he could find no evidence of syphilis. Professor Jones, of the Kansas City medical college, who next analyzed the remains, testified that he found in the portion submitted to him two grains and a fraction of a grain of arsenic, part of which were on the contents of the stomach. Adjourned till the afternoon.

Logan Talks to the Grand Army. St. Johnsburg, Vt., Oct. 21,-The Grand Army fair of Chamberlain Post closed tonight with an address by Gen. John A. Legan, his subject being Gen. Grant. Senator Educates sent his regrets at not being able

to be present.

A Soft Sit at a Big Salary. SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 23.-Asiatic advises to-day say Judge Denny, ex-United States consul general at Shanghal. has accepted the position of foreign adviser to the Corean government at a salary of \$1,000 a month. ANOTHER NEBRASKA HORROR.

A Farmer of Dixon County Shot Down by a Brute Named Briggs.

CAPTURE OF THE MURDERER.

An Interview with the Doomed Spelling Professor at Nebraska City

-A Horrible Crime Reported from Brainerd.

A Murder in Dixon County. DAKOTA CITY, Nels, Oct. 23.-[Special to the BEE. |-One of the most cold-blooded murders ever committed in Nebraska occurred vesterday, seven miles west of the village of Ponca, Dixon county. James Alexander, an old and respected resident of the county, was engaged in measuring wheat with a hired man named Briggs. Without any apparent provocation Briggs shot Alexander. Death was instantaneous. The murderer then repaired to the farm house and coolly informed the wife of Alexander that he had killed her husband, and that if she raised an

outcry he would kill her also. Briggs then took a horse and fled. The murderer was captured to-day at Hartington, Cedar county, brought to Dakota City and will have a preliminary hearing to-morrow. Excitement rans high in the community where the killing occurred, and loud threats of lynching are made,

ANOTHER ACCOUNT. Stoux City, Iowa, Oct. 23,-[Special to the BEE.]-A dispatch received here to-day says: Last night at 8 o'clock James Alexander, a farmer living seven miles northwest of Ponca, Neb., was shot and killed by a bired man named Briggs. The deceased had lived in Dixon county for twenty-five years and was quite a prominent man in his neighborhood. He leaves a wife and several children. The provocation for the murder is not yet known, as the two men were quite intimate. After the deed was committed the murderer went to the house and coolly told Mrs. Alexander of his bloody work, but forbade her going to the granary where the body lay. After threatening the life of an aged brother of Alexander's in the hope of obtaining what money there was in the house, without avail, Briggs mounted his horse and fled. The country is being searched by officers and an indignant populace, and if taken the murderer will doubtless be lynched.

Bohannon's Last Appeal. NEBRASKA CITY, Oct. 23 .- [Special to the BEE 1-Seeing the following paragraph in the Press of this city, your correspondent called at the jail to learn the effect it would have upon the man to whom it would most interest:

BOHANNON DOOMED-Word reaches the Press that the supreme court refused yester-day, to grant Bohannon's attorney a rear-gument for a new trial and also overruled his application for a writ of error to the su-preme court of the United States. Nothing can be done now but apply directly to a judge of the United States supreme court, which will necessitate a special rip to Washington, not likely to be made. The impression seems to be that Bohannon is doomed and that the last sentence of the court, that he be executed in Lemman. which to in January will be carried out.

On gaining admission to the jail the prisoner was found smoking his pipe and perusing some legal volume. Confined as he has been for over a year in an iron box six and one-half by four, and six feet high. the prisoner in the iron cage presents an appearance that one would not expect.

My mission was in a measure unsuccessful,

My mission was in a measure unsuccessful, for after the usual greeting the prisoner refused to say a word as regards what he thought of the decision, or what his prospects for the future might be, "My counsel has told me to keep my mouth shut, and I am going to," he replied as interrogation after interrogation was put to him. terrogation was put to him of to be baffled in this way your corre-

spondent, from other sources, and which are authorized, learned the following facts: Bohannon, on seeing the article copied above drew a deep sigh and remarked: "Well, it is ust as I expected. I never had much confi ence in the supreme court." He yet retains hope that his counsel, Judge Mason, will not give up the case, but go in person to Washington to argue the admission of the case to the United States supreme

He appears to base the greater part of his hope on the case of Kring vs. State of Mo. U. S. S. C. R., vol. 2, but in the opinion of learned counsel here this case and Bohannon's iave no similarity whatever.
From the same source I learn that Bohan-

non does not expect executive elemency should the United States supreme court, it his ease comes before it, decide against him. Also, that it was not his wish that his case should be tried in Nebraska City. He knew it would go against him should be ever be tried in Otoe county.

tried in Ofoe county.

The supreme court of this state in the refu-sal for a reargument based its decision on the ground that it did not think the point in question a constitutional one. An Interesting Event at Wood River.

Wood RIVER, Neb., Oct. 23 .- [Special to the BEE.]-The Wood River post of the Grand Army beld a large and enthusiastic gathering yesterday for the purpose of raising funds to pay off the balance remaining due on the large hall erected for the use of the post. A handsome sum was realized. The reception speech was made by Comrade Lebhardt, and replied to by Gen. Thayer in behalf of the people. Rev. Mr. Leedom, who was a soldier, also addressed the gathering. All the soldiers formed in battallion in the afternoon and went through several move-ments, closing with a dress parade, Gen. Thayer being in command. In the evening there was a most interesting and enjoyable camp-lire. Speeches were made by Gen. Thayer, Adjt. Gen. Shirley, of the depart-ment, Mr. Leedom and others. Capt. Wescott was master of ceremonles. Capt. Roy Stewart acted as adjutant during the afternoon. The camp-fire was followed by a

A Dastardly Deed.

BRAINARD, Neb., Oct. 23.- Special to the BEE.]-Information has reached here regarding a most dastardly deed committed near Waco by a man named Brandt, who was running a threshing machine. It appears that a boy, aged thirteen years, while cutting bands boy, aged thriteen years, while cutting bands accidentally cut Brandt's hand. Brandt became enraged and told the boy that if he cut his hand again he would run him through the machine. The boy became excited and did again slightly cut Brandt's hand. Brandt thereupon seized the boy and shoved him into the cylinder head first. He was instantly killed, his head being torn almost completely from his body. Brandt fled to York, where he was cautived and taken back York, where he was captured and taken back Waco, where strong threats were made to lynch him.

Accidentally Killed.

PIERCE, Neb., Oct. 23.-[Special to the Reg. |-Fred Campbell, town marshal, was killed accidentally yesterday by his partner in the livery business, Ed Staggs, who was loading a gun. The weapon slipped from Staggs grasp, and falling to the floor, was discharged, the contents entering the back of Campbell's head. Campbell fell to the floor dead, part of his skull being blown away. Staggs is distracted with grief at the horrible accident.

Heath & Co.'s Big Fatture. NEW YORK, Oct. 25.-The schedules in the assignment of William Heath & Co., bankers

liabilities of \$1,309,000, nominal assets \$2,044,-000, actual assets \$378,000. The schedules state that the creditors hold securities to the amount of \$418,000, There are unsecured ereditors to the amount of \$1,186,000. The cause of the difference between the nominal cause of the difference between the nominal and actual value of the estate is due to the fact that many of the assets depreciated in market value or intrinsic value, and that some of the individuals, whose obligations are held by them, are embarrassed or insolvent. Among the firm's creditors are the following: Fourth National bank, \$175,000; Bank of New York are National banking association, \$200,000; James Low (no security), \$112,000; Jay Gould (no security, money advanced), \$260,000; G. P. Morisini (no security), \$476,000; Wm. Heath & Co., London, estimated, \$300,000.

OUR IOWA BUDGET.

A Peaceful Settlement of the Coal Miners' Troubles.

DES MOINES, Howa, Oct. 23 .- | Special to the BER.]-The long standing difficulty between the miners and operators in the coal mines at Angus seem to receive a peaceful settlement. Both sides have agreed to submit to a board of arbitration composed of five members, two each to be selected by the miners and operators, and the four to select the fifth. The miners have selected Lowry W. Goode, editor of the Blade of this city and State Auditor Brown. The selection of the other members has not yet been announced. Angus was the scene of the large strike last winter when the military were called out to protect property, and more or less feeling between the operators and miners has existed ever since. It is thought that a harmonious agreement can now be reached, and work will then be resumed in the mines.

Grand Commandery Officers. MARSHALLTOWN, Ia., Oct. 23 .- The grand commandery Knights Templar of Iowa elected the following officers: Grand commander, W. A. McGrew, Ottumwa; deputy grand commander, A. R. Dewey, Washington; grand general issimo, A. R. Townsend, Marshalltown; garnd captain general, A. L. Beardsley, Manchester; grand senior warden, Beardsley, Manchester; grand senior warden, C. A. Wise, Cedar Falls; grand junior warden, George F. Loveder, Clinton; grand treasurer, Irwin Baker, Oskaloosa; grand recorder, J. C. Parrish, Des Moines; grand sword bearer, James R. Power, Creston; grand standard bearer, V. W. Carey, Council Bluffs; grand warden, E. W. S. Otto, Cedar Rapids; grand sentinel, Theodore Schreiner, Mount Pleasant.

A Pioneer Dead-Blew His Head Off. CLINTON, Iowa, Oct. 28 .- [Special to the BEE. J-Daniel Hess, one of the oldest pioneers of the state, died here last night. He lived on government land which he entered in 1839. He was the first postmaster ever appointed at Lyons, adjoining Clinton, and was for many years one of the prominent republicans of eastern Iowa.

Eddie Schneider, living at Wheatland, this county, accidentally blew the top of his bead off this morning by pu ling a gun out of a boat muzzle forward while on a hunting trip. The hammer caught and both barrels were discharged. discharged.

A Fatal Hog Disease.

FORT DODGE, lowa., Oct. 23. - Special to the BEE.]-A fatal disease is killing off the hogs with frightful rapidity in Webster county. Many farmers in the southern part of the county have lost nearly every hog they owned. The disease is not the cholera, but a new and strange one. The animals are attacked with a cough and in a day or two It attacks with equal fatality

DEADLY SEWER GAS.

Two Men Die From the Poison and a Third at Eternity's Door.

CHICAGO, Oct. 23.-Two men lost their lives in a sewer to-day, and a third who attempted their rescue was so poisoned by sewer gas that he is likely to die. The three men-Stephen Brennock, Edward McCarthy and Peter Mooney-were occupied in skim ming the grease off the filthy water which flows through the stock yards sewer, when Brennock received an order from the Union Rendering company to search for and remove some obstacle in the sewer near the stagnant south branch of the Chicago river, into which t nours its tilth.

obstacle was located and McCarthy and Mooney were lowered through a manhole into a dark and slimy pool some ten or lifteen feet below the street level. McCarthy went ahead and was instantly prostrated with the effects of the gas on reaching the bottom. Mooney started to turn back but was over-powered and fell senseless to the bottom of he sewer. Brennock instantly went to the

the sewer. Breunock instantly went to the assistance of his men and was also overcome by the gas and fell across the bodies of McCarthy and Mooney.

Some witnesses of the disaster called for help. Several men employed at the stock yards hastened to the spot armed with long pike poles. These they thrusted into the clothing of Brennock and brought him to the surface before life was extinct. The bodies of McCarthy and Mooney were not recovered until evening.

John Roach at Home.

CHESTER, Pa., Oct. 23,- John Roach visited Chester to-day for the first time in five months. He was cordially greeted by everybody both on the streets and at his office where a number of his old employes called to pay their respects. It was proposed to give him an informal reception at the residence of his son. He dictined, however, at this time. Mr. Roach is regaining his market with where a number of his old employes called to Roach is regaining his mental and physical vigor.

Will Wonders Never Cease.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oat. 23,-Sixty Chinese cigar makers in the factory of Koenigsberger. Falk & Meyer, Pine street, struck work today because the firm refused to discharge their white workmen. It is learned that the Chinese union of this city ordered the strike, This dictation by the Chinese that the "white nen must go" has created no small sensa-

Women's Missionary Gathering. PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 23,-The fourth an nual meeting of the general board of managers of the Women's Home Missionary society of the Methodist Episcopal church was held here to-day. There were about 150 ladies present, Mrs. Rutherford B. Hayes calling to order, and Bishop J. M. Wallace led in prayer.

An address of welcome on behalf of Methodist Episcopal preachers of Phila-phia was extended by Andrew Longacre. Diseased Cows Killed. New York, Oct. 23.-It. Sattenstine, a milk dealer of this city, owns a dairy farm near Williams' Bridge, Westchester county, and a large number of his cows have been on the sick list. The board of health to-day made an investigation and found that the animals were suffering from pleuro-pneumonia. Sixty-live of them were killed this evening by orders.

evening by orders, Schoolmates Feast Foraker. NEW YORK, Oct. 23.—The members of the

New York association of Cornell university, of which he is a graduate, tendered Judge J. B. Foraker, governor elect of Ohio, an infor-mal reception at Clark's to-night, after the republican domonstration at Madison Square Garden was concluded.

The Ward Trial.

NEW YORK, Oct. 23.—The work of obtaining a jury for the trial of Ferdinand Ward was resumed to-day. The court goom was crowded to excess. Up to 1 o'clock p. m. six jurors had been obtained.

Business Failures. NEW YORK, Oct. 28.-Business failures

throughout the country during the last seven days were 175, commared with 165 last week and brokers, were filed to-day. They show and 207 the week previous to the last,

NEWS OF NATIONAL INTEREST

The Land Commissioner's Effort to Prevent Land Grabbing.

A BUDGET OF TREASURY NEWS.

Secretary Coon's Resignation Called For-Senator Van Wyck Objecting to Convict Labor on Public Buildings.

A Blow at Land Grabbers,

WASHINGTON, Oct. 23.-It is stated at the land office that under the present practice of that office, when public lands within a township are opened to entry through the filing of plats of survey, there was a rush of speculapairs of survey, there was a rusi of specula-tors and land grabbers, who often succeeded in securing the best lands to the great injury of bona ade settlers. Moreover, this class of persons were able frequently to learn when the plats of survey were to be received in advance of settlers who were placed at a dis-advantage. To correct this abuse as far as possible the compositions of the land office possible the commissioner of the land office has issued the following instructions to local land officers:
Hereafter when an approved plat of survey

of any township is transmitted to you by the surveyor general you will not regard such plat as officially received at and filed in your office until the following regulations have been complied with.

1—You will forthwith post a notice in a consideration when it is not received.

1—You will forthwith post a notice in a conspicuous place in your office specifying the township that has been surveyed and stating that the plat or survey will be nied in your office on a day to be fixed by you and named in the notice, which shall not be less than thirty days from the date of such notice, and that on and after such day you will be prepared to receive applications for entry of lands in such towns.

2—You will also send a copy of such notice. 2-You will also send a copy of such notice

to the postmaster of the postofice nearest the land, and a copy to each clerk of a court of record in your district, with a request that the same be conspicuously posted in their respective offices,

3—You will furnish the public press in

your district with copies of such notice as a matter of news. 4—You will give such further publicity of

the matter in answer to inquiries (for which you will charge no fee) and otherwise as you may be able to do without incurring advertising expenses.

Treasury Department Topics. WASHINGTON, Oct. 23.-Secretary Manning refuses to say anything in regard to the report that Assistant Secretary Coon has been notified that his resignation will be accepted in a few days. He intimates that all information on that subject must come from Coon. The report ands general credence in the treasury department, and it was even ru-mored that Mr. Youmans, of New York, now chief clerk of the treasury, had been selected as Coon's successor. Youmans denied the

The second comptroller of the treasury is making a thorough investigation of the ac-counts of Indian agents, which are reported to be in very bad condition, and has already

to be in very bad condition, and has already referred a dozen cases to the solicitor of the treasury for a suit to recover the balance found due the government.

Senator Van Wyck called at the treasury department yesterday and left a note for Secretary Manning, requesting that he would make a condition with the contractors for the construction of public buildings in Nebraska that convict labor should not be employed. In case the secretary should think the law prohibits such a condition, the senator asked that the hidders for contracts be required to state whether they proposed to employ convicts upon public works.

First Comptroller Durham made a decision that the head of a department cannot grant a third class clerk leave of absence without

third class clerk leave of absence without pay, and then appoint him to another position with larger compensation than he would have received as a clerk. Secretary Manning made the following changes in the register's office: Hartwel Jenison, of New York, chief of the division

Jenison, of New York, chief of the division of loans, reduced to a fourth class clerkship; Paul Hersch, of Pennsylvania, clerk in Class 4, dismissed; Thomas G. Henzy, of New York, clerk in Class 4, dismissed.

William H. Stenson, A. B. Woodford, James Reid and Lewis Wilhelm, special agents of the bureau of labor, have resigned, having completed their investigations.

Cleveland's Future Indian Policy. NEW YORK, Oct. 23.-A Washington special says: A gentleman in a position to know the conclusion at which the president has arrived on the Indian question expresses the opinion that the main feature of the Indian policy of the administration, as it will be an nounced to congress, will be a recommenda tion that there shall be a radical change in the method of purchasing and issuing provisions and all other supplies. Almost every feature of the present system is disapproved by the president. The president believes that if the army is to be expected to prevent Indian depredations, the military authorities should be given power to assist in removing the causes of dissatisfaction by providing for an honest distribution of supplies. This is the noticy which has long been recommended by Generals Sherman and Sheridan and other high military officers.

The Probable Russian Minister. NEW YORK, Oct. 23.-A Washington special says: Persons who ought to know say t has been decided to offer Gen. R. Lawton. of Georga, the mission to Austria, but that the nomination will remain in abeyance until after the assembling of congress in order that application may be made for the removal of his political disabilities. It is thought that such a course will be more ex-pedient than to risk the failure of consuma-tion, for of course it is not certain that the

republican senate will accept the opinion of the attorney general that the pardon from President Johnson had the effect of removing the disabilities. Gen. Lawton is the gentleman nominated last March for the Russian mission. The Assistant Secretary's Resignation NEW YORK, Oct. 28.—Assistant Secretary Coon, of the treasury, is in this city. He was asked to-night about the rumor that Secretary Manning had asked for his resignation, and said it was true that he (Coon) had malled to-day his resignation to Manning. The sec-retary, in asking Coon's resignation, had told him that he did not do so because of any dis-

satisfaction with any official act. A Probable Appointment. New York, Oct. 23.—The Post's Washington dispatch says: The latest rumor as to the civil service commission is that Judge Benjamin Buckner, of Louisville, who just declined the nomination of chief justice of New Mexico, was to be a member of the com-mission. His friends say that he approves

A Good Thing for Explorers. Washington, Oct. 23.—The hydrographi office has just issued a new map of the arctic regions, which embraces the results of the latest explorations. The arrangement is such that the names and relative positions of all places around the polar basin can be seen without turning the map around as is usually necessary.

of the civil service policy.

next

Admitted to the Union. WASHINGTON, Oct. 23,-The independent state of Congo has been admitted to the uni-versal postal union, to take effect January 1

A Horrible Suicide.

DENVER, Oct. 23. This morning the dead body of Jacob Kaufiman, a well known and respectably connected musician of this city, was found on the prairie near the Orphans Home. The body was entirely nade, and the back, arms, sides and legs were horribly searined and covered with blood. Investiga- lose money.

tion revealed the fact that after undressing, Kanffman forced his way back and forth through the barb, wire fence eight, times, as shown by blood and pieces of skin on the wire in different places and hand marks on the said beneath. The skin in nearly every part of his body hing in threds. The coroner is satisfied that Kauffman became suddenly insane and held no inquest.

FROM OTHER LANDS.

The Case of Riel Depends Upon Proof of His Insanity.

TORONTO, Oct. 23.-Referring to the decision of the privy council in the Riel appeal ease, the Mail says: "The only plea now left to Riel's friends is one of insanity, but the jury has determined that point and unless new evidence has come to light, the sentence of the court will be duly carried out and Riel executed for his crime,"

The Globe says: "It now remains with Sir John Mac Donald to say whether or not the sentence shall be carried out."

Hills road. Arriving there Couley enlisted At the cabingt meeting vesterilar it was de-

At the cabinet meeting yesterday it was decided to postpone Riel's execution until November II. French Canadians still express confidence that Riel will not be hanged. They base their hopes on the recommendation to mercy of the Regima jury.

Output Oct. 23 Lemieux coursel for QUEREC, Oct. 23.-Lemieux, counsel for Rick has sent a request to the governor general asking that a medical commission be appointed to inquire into his mental state. Lemieux left for Ottawa this evening in connection with the request.

The Burmah Affair.

Paris, Oct. 23.—The Burmese envoy yes terday handed a note to Lord Lyons, British ambassador, in which he said he had sent : dispatch to his government advising them to accept arbitration for settlement of the dispute with England, and that he was certain they would be glad to restore freadly relations with Geau Britain. England residents in Burmah, he said, were perfectly safe. The people in that country had feetly safe. The people in that country had no desire to be hostile to England. PARIS, Oct. 23.—The Journal des Debates, commenting on the British expedition against King Thebaw, urges the French government

to protest against any sort of annexation by

the British of Burmah. The London Scandal Case.

LONDON, Oct. 23.-The trial of Mr. Stead, editor of the Pall Mall Gazette, and other defendants in the Armstrong abduction case, began to-day before Justice Lopes at the central criminal court. A large crowd assembled to hear the trial. The prisoners plead not guilty. Sir Richard E. Webster, attorney general, opened the case for the crown. His address covered the same ground as that of Poland, who was attorney for the crown at the preliminary proceedings. The witnesses' testimony so far is merely a repetition of the evidence given at the preliminary examina-tion. The trial will probably last the week. The defendants are charged with misde-meanor instead of felony so as to enable them to testify in their own behalf and be liberated on ball during the progress of the trial.

The Carolines Question a Live Issue. MADKID, Oct. 23,-The populace is becoming incensed at the relicence of the government respecting negotiations on the Carolines question, and fears are entertained of an outbreak. The German legation is strongly guarded to prevent a repetition of the recent outrages. Spanish accounts of the German occupation of Yap confirm the reports thereof telegraphed from Berlin.

The Bulgarian Plan. CONSTANTINOPLE, Oct. 23 .- Her Van Rod-

owitz, a German embassador, has informed the porte that Prince Alexander has guaran teed that Bulgaria shall not disturb the present order of things. The prince ordered troops to avoid provoking a couffict in any quarter, but does not hold himself answer-able for his neighbors.

A Muddle in French Politics

Panis, Oct. 23.—The present ministry i now uncertain as to its ability to hold the new chamber of deputies, as a serious split in the republican ranks is threatened. The republicans united to carry those districts which required a second ballot, but now each faction insists on the adoption of its own programme. Churchill on the Stump.

BIRMINGHAM, Oct. 23.-Lord Randolph Churchill opened the campaign in the town hall here to-day in the presence of a crowded and enthusia ticaudience. The meeting was uproarious throughout, but was generally favorable to the speaker. The Weather. Washington, Oct. 23.-Upper Mississippi velley: Fair weather; sontherly winds, be coming variable in southern portion; slightly warmer.
Missouri valley: Fair weather, followed by local showers; slight changes in temperature; variable winds preceded in southern portion by southerly winds.

Crushed Beneath a Falling Arch. Springfield, Ill., Oct. 23.-While taking down the large front stairway of the state house this after noon, an arch gave way, precipitating a gang of workmen among the crumbling walls. Patrick Flynn's skull was crumbling walls. Patrick Flynn's skull was crushed, and death was immediate. Seven others are bruised, not fatally.

A Religious Gathering Adjourns. CLEVELAND, Ohio, Oct. 23.—The national Christlan missionary convention, which has been in session since Tuesday morning, adourned to-night. Kansas City is the next place of meeting.

The Dead-Lock Commission. SPRINGFIELD, Oct. 21.-The Soldier' Home commission adjourned to meet in hicago next Tuesday. No location yet de

□As a reporter passed Wm. Gentleman's store on 16th and Cass this morning, he was astonished to see so many potatoes in one place. Upon inquiry he was told the cellar to be sold very cheap. The crockery store is also much improved Mr. Gentleman having stocked it from floor to ceiling with new and desirable goods. It pays to visit Mr. Gentleman's

Organs! Organs! Organs! Organs! We have made a cut in the prices of Organs and defy competition. You can now buy the best make of Organs in the world from \$35.00 to \$100.00, which is a greater reduction than ever before made in America. Our stock is large and well selected. You are invited to call and in-spect. EDHOLM & ERICKSON, Opposite P. O.

We employ on y skilled artisans in our work shop, and your precions stones that need remounting will be handled with great care at Raymond's the Jeweler, cor Douglas and 15th Sts.

We solicit watch and Jewelry repairing that has been done unsatisfactory elsewhere. Try us and satisfaction guar-anteed. Raymond, the Jeweler, cor. Douglas & 15th St.

You can buy furniture cheaper of A. L. Firch & Co., 12th st., bet. Farnam and Douglas, than any other place in the city.

WANTED-3 A No. 1 Lady canvassers. Good references required. Wi ing Machine Co., 121 N. 15th St.

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If you buy lumber anywhere without first getting Hoagland's prices, you will

A BATCH OF BREEZY SPECIALS

The Slayer of John Brown Resurrected with an Office.

THE FATAL CHINA MISSION.

A Montana Murderer in Irons Three Omaha Youths in Jail at Bismarck, Dak.-The Congo Country a Paradisc.

John Brown's Slayer Rewarded. NEW YORK, Oct. 23 - [Special to the Reg.] The Times' Washington dispatch says: Just as the fame of old John Brown, of Ossowattamie, is taking a new lease of life through Sanborn's memoir, the man who struck him down in the engine house at Harper's Ferry, twenty-six years ago this month, is henored with an office under the federal government. Israel Green, of Mitchell, Dak., to-day appointed agent of the Indians at Sisseton agency in that territory is the same Lieuton agency in that territory is the same Lieu-tenant Green of the marines who led the final assault upon the liberator's strengheld. After the Harper's Ferry episode Green went on a long cruise and returned to this country to find the civil war under full headway. He entered the confederate service and at the close of the war went west, settling finally in Dakota. The influence through which be obtained the present appointment was that of M. H. Day, a member of the democratic com-nittee for the territory.

Young's Unfortunate Mission. New York, Oct. 23.—[Special to the Bec.] The World's Washington correspondent says: Private information received here in. dieate that John Russell Young, ex-minister to China, is very ill. The mission to China has been very unfortunate for Mr. Young. He lost his own health, and his wife also died from the effects of the climate. She was obliged to leave the country before she had been there six months. She went to Paris and there a child was born to her a sbort time before her death. Mr. Young was not with before her death. Mr. Young was not with his wife when she died. His little daughter was kept by Mrs. Mackay for a time after the mother's death, and then a member of Marshall Jewell's family brought the child home. Young had never seen his little daughter until he came home from China a few weeks ago. The child is with him now in Philadelphia. Young has had a severe fever off and on for nearly a year. He stopped in California on his way home to see if the climate the e would benefit him, but he has steadily grown worse since his return.

A Murderer En Ronte to Montana. ST. PAUL, Minn., Oct. 23.- [Special to the BEE.]-Deputy Sheriff Conley, of Miles City. Montana, passed through St. Paul on his way home with a prisoner, Dave Lee, whom he captured at Chadron, Nebraska. Lee was known as Peeler in Montana. Three years ago he killed Dode Stiver at Box Alder in that territory. Dode and Peeler were playing cards, when a dispute arose, which culmi-nated in Peeler shooting Dode dead. He then defied the crowd to interfere, backed out then defied the crowd to interfere, backed ont of the saloon and escaped. Peeler was next heard of at Gordon, Nebraska, where he was running a saloon. Conley went after him, and found that he had gone to Chadron, the terminat of the northwestern extension of the Black the services of a local deputy sheriff and they quietly made the arrest. On Peeler's person they found a deadly weapon, but, as the deputies had the drop on him, he did not attempt to use it.

tempt to use it. Three Omaha Toughs in Jail at Bis-

BISMARCK, Dakota, Oct. 23.- [Special to the BEE. J-Three boys giving their names as Harry Kelly, Harry Burnett and James Foster, each about 15 years old, and claiming to be from Omaha, are in jail here for an attempt to burglarize a safe. They are held to await the action of the grand jury, their ball being \$200 each. The young transgressors are by no means strangers in the police court.
They appeared perfectly at home while being examined, and after leaving Justice Hare's court they indulged in waggish criticism of the room, the judge and their surroundings, They are not only artists of the jimmy and the drill, but are accomplished song and dance specialists, and occasionally entertain the jailer and visitors with a double clog or lively song from the variety stage. They are bright, intelligent boys, but with crime apon their life and the words "hard cases" farmly

imprinted upon their faces. The Congo Country. NEW YORK, Oct. 23-[Special to the BEE.] -The Herald Brussels cable says: Lieut. Coquilliat has just returned after three years stay in the Bangala country, upper Congo, and he flatly contradicts the reported massacres of Europeans there. He gives an optisociation's progress and declares cannibalism in the Congo is dying out and that the na-tives are friendly. A special surveying party is at work tracing the route of the future rail-way. The European colony is to be swelled.

by the arrival of the first two lady settlers, the wife of Sir Francis Dewinton, adminis-

trator general, and the wife of Major Par-

menter, at Sivi station. Breaking the Bicycle Records. SPRINGFIELD, Mass., Oct. 23.-W. A. Rowe, of Lyan, lowered the mile amateur bicycle record to 2:35.2-5 this afternoon. He went two miles in 5:21.3-5, and three miles in 8:07.2-5. The last two are the world's records. Bostrox, Oct. 23.—E. F. Ives, of Meriden, Connecticut and W. A. Rhodes, of Dorches-ter, this afternoon ceneluded their attempt to hreak the McCrudy bicycle record of 2334-16 miles in t. enty-four hours. They rode 58-inch machines and completed 2419-32 miles in 23 Lours 58 minutes alanged time and hours, 58 minutes elapsed time, and lotal riding time 22 hours, i minute.

A Jealous Husband's Double Murder. Moravia, N. Y., Oct. 23.—This afternoon Henry Dickerson shot and killed his wife and hen fatally shot himself. Jealousy was the

Catarrh Cured

Catarrh is a very prevalent disease, with distressing and offensive symptoms. Hood's Sarsaparilla gives ready relief and speedy cure, from the fact it acts through the blood, and thus reaches every part of the system. "I suffered with entarth fifteen years. Took

with catarrh, and my general health is much better." I. W. Lillis, Postal Clerk Chicago & St. Louis Rathroad. "I suffered with catarrh 6 or 8 years; tried

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many wonderful cures, inhalers, etc., spende ing nearly one hundred dollars without benefit. I tried Hood's Sarsaparilla, and was greatly improved." M. A. ARBEY, Worcester, Mass. Hood's Sarsaparilla is characterized by

three peculiarities: 1st, the combination of remedial agents; 2d, the proportion; 3d, the process of securing the active medicinal qualities. The result is a medicine of unusual strength, effecting cures hitherto unknown, Send for book containing additional evidence, "Hood's Susararilla tones up my system, purifies my blood, sharpens my accetife, and seems to under me over." J. P. Thompson, Register of Deeds, Lowell, Mass. "Hood's Stranparilla heats oil offices, and is worth its weight in gold." I. BARDINGTON, 100 BARK Street, New York City.

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