

TO CONVERT POLYGLOTS.

Missionaries Going to Utah to Work Among the Latter-Day Saints.

UNITED PRESBYTERIAN SYNOD.

Delegates from Iowa and Nebraska Discussing the Denomination's Welfare.

A NEWSPAPER LIE DENOUNCED.

Councilman Leader Gives the City Council a Little Straight Information.

THE INSURANCE MEN'S MEETING.

Councilman Furay's Setting Her Eastern Freight Rates Restored—How Hitchcock Works—Drunk on Indians.

EN ROUTE TO UTAH.

The Baptist church was the scene last evening of interesting exercises, on the occasion of the farewell service for the five lady missionaries from the east, now en route to their stations in Utah.

The programme consisted of short speeches, interspersed with music.

Miss Page, the first speaker, told of the course of training pursued in the Missionary Training school in Chicago, from which she came, and pointed out the advantages of the latter-day work.

Miss Cleaver, a noted Scandinavian missionary, told in a few simple words of her work among other people in the northwest.

Work among the colored people of the south furnished the theme of the address by Miss Page, who has been a teacher in the Baptist colored college of Kentucky and Roger Williams institute, of Nashville. She spoke of her work there among the colored people and how anxious they were to learn.

What the institution needs, said the speaker, is money to carry on the work. Hundreds of bright, promising young men and women are turned away every year from the institution for lack of accommodations. With every Baptist of the land could have heard the word that went up from a young colored girl, to whom I opened the door a few months ago. She had come all the way from the poorest of cities in the south, and had secured money to pay her way in raising, picking and selling a crop of cotton.

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Fireman's Fund and Union; L. S. Baker, special agent, Liverpool & L. & G. U. K. E. Barnard, special agent, Continental; J. N. Courdry, state agent, Insurance Company of North America; W. A. Cornary, special agent, North British & Mercantile; H. H. Clark, special agent, London Assurance Corp.; C. W. Carrick, special agent, Northern, of London; H. B. Corvill, special agent, Phoenix, N. Y.; W. Dallas, special agent, Connecticut; E. W. Ellis, special agent, American Central; C. W. Ford, special agent, Home, N. Y.; Wm. Fulton, adjuster, Springfield; W. M. Gregory, special agent, New York Alliance; T. D. Griffith, special agent, Commercial Union; W. B. Humphrey, special agent, Fire Insurance Association of England; N. S. Harding, special agent, Springfield; M. M. Hamlin, adjuster, Phoenix, N. Y.; M. L. Higgins, special agent, Commercial Union; F. W. Little, special agent, Glenn Falls; H. L. Low, state agent, Sun Fire Office, England; H. T. Lamy, special agent, British American; C. W. Mansfield, special agent, Imperial; S. S. Moorehouse, special agent, Fireman's Fund and Union; J. P. McCluer, general manager, local board of agents; H. E. Moore, special agent, German American; R. Odell, state agent, Continental; H. E. Palmer, state agent, Home, N. Y.; Edgar Ross, special agent, Etma; R. L. Ray, state agent, Connecticut; J. M. Richards, state agent, Continental; C. Slavitz, superintendent of agencies and adjuster, Hartford; H. C. Stuart, special agent, City of London; J. A. Taylor, special agent, Oriental Insurance company; H. A. Cherry, special agent, Northern Assurance company; W. H. Sauter, special agent, Washington fire and marine; J. T. Smith, special agent, Norwich Union; J. L. Underwood, special agent, Commercial Union; S. E. Waggoner, special agent, North British Mercantile; Thos. Wiseman, special agent, Springfield; Orvin W. Wolfe, state agent, Insurance company of North America; J. P. Williams, state agent, Germania, N. Y.; Theo. W. Letten, manager, Fire Insurance Association Chicago; Edwin A. Simonds, general agent, City of London fire insurance company Chicago.

business so far transacted is of a routine character, but several measures of importance will be considered before adjournment.

GIVEN THE LIE.

There was a little by-play in the city council last night which was quite spicy. Mr. Leeder arose during a heated discussion, in which Furay had commented on his (Leeder's) candidacy for sheriff, and on a question of privilege addressed the council. He pulled from his pocket a copy of an evening contemporary, which last week made charges against Mr. Rosewater, editor of the State Register, in reference to the committee's report in favor of adopting Myers' plans for the city hall. Mr. Leeder read extracts from the article which asserted that Mr. Rosewater wrote the report for the committee, and denounced it as a barefaced falsehood. The statement made in the same issue that the editor of this paper had forced him to sign the report by threatening not to support his candidacy for sheriff. Nothing of the kind had ever occurred, and the writer of the article referred to was placed in some category with those whom a certain writer has said will "have their part in a lake which burneth with fire and brimstone."

COUNCILMAN FURAY'S HEN.

Three members of the city council, Messrs. Furay, Daily and Ford, called upon Mayor Boyd yesterday with a request to withhold his signature to the contract with E. E. Myers for the designing of the plans of the proposed city hall. Mr. Furay was the spokesman of the trio. He declared that the city had no authority to issue bonds for a city hall under the present charter, and therefore it would be improper and premature to make a contract for the plans. City Attorney Cornell, who happened in at the time, was requested by the mayor to look up this point and give his opinion as soon as possible. Mr. Boyd, in answer, expressed his willingness to withhold his signature to the contract until this morning.

In a later interview with Mr. Cornell he stated that there could be no objection to the contract and that the city could issue this time city bonds. This contract allows the city four years for the completion of the building, and there is no doubt of its being built within that time. The city can by ordinance submit the question to the voters this fall, whether or not they will authorize the expenditure of \$300,000 for a city hall building. If the proposition carries by two-thirds the city can begin the work with the money on hand from the school board, and the work from year to year can go on as the surplus in the treasury will allow. There will be nearly \$25,000 from the school fund, and as much more may be expended from the general fund next summer, if the assessment is raised to where they ought to be. If after that bonds are needed, the charter can be amended to authorize the issue.

From other interviews the reporter gleaned that this movement to revoke the contract is an effort on the part of Furay and Daily to beat the whole thing and prevent the erection of any city hall.

EASTERN RATES RESTORED.

The Eastern Trunk Lines have agreed upon the restoration of freight rates to a tariff basis and a very appreciable increase in the expense of shipments from eastern markets to the producing west and vice versa will result.

The local agents of all the roads east bound from Omaha have been served with detailed instructions in the new departure, and whereas, during the past few months, all rates have been under the knife and shipments went and were taken at almost any price, an inflexible basis is now declared.

On October 1st the following schedule will go into effect east of Chicago and between that city and New York—Thirteen classes inclusive, 100, 85, 70, 55, 40, 30, 20, 15, 10, 5.

The eastern lines have agreed that all freight of the 12th and 13th classes, which includes provisions and grain, in transit from points east of the Missouri river will be carried under the old rates. All others, however, must meet the new tariff rates.

On west-bound business through Chicago, the rates from New York to Chicago will also undergo restoration to the following figures, five classes inclusive:

Table with 5 columns and 5 rows showing rates for different classes of freight.

Bills of lading dated Saturday, October 3d, will take the old rate, except on export shipments, upon which ten days will be given. All others will be billed at the new rate.

This schedule operates to raise very materially the rates between New York and Omaha and brings it to the following figures, five classes inclusive:

Table with 5 columns and 5 rows showing rates for different classes of freight.

As high as this new basis fixes the

demands of eastern markets and factories, higher still will be the price upon the shipment of the west's produce to eastern markets.

This change has no effect on rates of western freight originating at Chicago proper.

Whatever fears may exist that the above raise of rates will affect roads in Nebraska, are relieved upon the testimony of officers in both the Union Pacific and Burlington, and Missouri. One of these men said yesterday: "The eastern revolution is but the natural endeavor of those railways to reach a broad-based basis of rates after months and years of having almost for nothing."

Another gentleman, a representative of one of the eastern roads running out of this city, said: "This measure is of but little consequence to Omaha. It will affect neither cattle or grain rates. Our shipments are usually consigned to Chicago,—the cattle to the commission men and the grain to the elevators, for subsequent disposition at eastern rates. Omaha has no interest, and as rates between here and Chicago are not affected there will be no change in the present schedule of freight charges upon Nebraska's greatest products."

"At the same time," the gentleman continued, "although it is true that rates from the east are much increased, it will be this season largely because of the Omaha purchasers from those markets, as the jobbers have now in nearly all their goods for the winter and there will be but little shipment of this character for months to come."

HITCHCOCK AS A PERSUADER.

A Bee reporter learned yesterday that G. H. Hitchcock had approached President Bechel, of the city council on Sunday night, and tried to induce that gentleman to sign the anti-city hall proposition. Mr. Bechel, when questioned about the matter, said that Mr. H. had called upon him on the evening of Monday and presented to him the petition signed by two or three members of the city council asking Mayor Boyd to withhold his signature from the contract. "He asked me to sign the paper," said Bechel, "and I refused to do it. He then threatened me in a very threatening way, telling me that if I did not sign the document, he would make the consequences. He said in just so many words that I did not choose to league myself with the interests he represented, he would expose me in his paper and attack such a fellow to my name that I would have to leave town. He talked in such threatening terms for half an hour, and seemed to be very much disturbed because, as he said, the minority had been cheated out of their money. He said that there had been delay enough; that plenty of time had been allowed for discussion; that there was no snap game, but of course I declined to sign the paper. Yes, I should have been perfectly justified in kicking him out of the office, and I can almost sorry now that I did not do it."

REDSKINS ON A BENDER.

Official information was received at headquarters yesterday that a band of 200 Piegan Indians have left their reservation in the far northwest, and are now on a general thieving expedition in Southern Montana, about 200 miles from old Fort Smith. The reservation of the Piegans is near that of the Crows and Blackfoot. For some time they have been growing restless and anxious to start out on a marauding expedition. What they will do of course is unknown, though it is not anticipated that their path of carnage and pillage will be an alarmingly broad one. The officers here are expected to be ordered to lead a party of troops of the department of the Platte ought to be dispatched to the scene of the trouble if it becomes necessary. The troops at Fort McKinney will be sent out to take care of the invaders. Otherwise, the Department of the Dakota, in whose territory the Piegans belong, will be allowed to drive the redskins back to their haunts.

A GROCER GONE.

Ernest Raush, a groceryman at the corner of Fourteenth and Leavenworth streets, suddenly disappeared yesterday, leaving numerous debts unpaid. As soon as it became known, a large number of attachments were issued on his stock by a number of wholesale dealers. Allen Bros. secured the first attachment in the county court for \$200, which was followed by six others in Justice Weiss' court and thirteen in Justice Anderson's court. The attachments will amount to \$2,000. The stock was taken in charge by Constable Edgerton, and was appraised yesterday afternoon at \$1,200. Raush is a young man who has only been in the business about two months. Where he has gone is unknown. His parents reside in this city.

TALKED HIS ARM OFF.

A bore in one of the hotels, Monday evening, caught the laugh in a style he most richly merited. He was an insufferable nuisance of the much talk, more gesture character and had wearied the dozen or more gentlemen sitting about him with his long and incessant gabble. He had hauled his chair about the room, delivering his ideas at the closest obtainable range to each one, and just closing the list, upon a demure-looking gentleman buried studiously in the depths of a newspaper. The quiet man had lost his right arm in the wars or on some other occasion, and was unable to hold a pen, but a peculiar taste led him to a disguise of his loss by a false gloved hand. The nuisance planned his elaborate scheme in front of the quiet gentleman and plied him with one of his inane harangues. The annoyance was tolerated for a few minutes and the others around were smiling at the situation, when, without warning, the quiet man unfastened the attachments of the false arm and it dropped through his sleeve to the floor. The gentleman who had been gabbling against him with feigned horror his eyes agast and his hands raised in protest, exclaimed: "My God, man, you have ruined me; you have talked my arm off." Amid screams of laughter and convulsions of merriment the crowd about the nuisance leaped from his seat and fled through the doorway into the street.

POLICE UNIFORMS.

A question of some interest is being agitated at present by the members of the local police force—concerning the disposition of the proceeds of their recent ball.

After paying all expenses it was found that the surplus, divided up, would allow about \$48 to each man. Marshal Cummings and many of the force were at the time the ball was first proposed—and are yet—in favor of having each man purchase a new uniform and helmet to blossom out into something respectable. According to his notion the dress to be adopted would be that of the St. Louis or New York police force, for instance, the coat to be a frock with a handsome belt and brass buttons, and the hat a handsome, trimmed helmet, the whole outfit to be completed by the addition of a nice cloth gaiter suggested by the belt.

There are others of the police force who think that the money thus realized should be expended in the purchase of overcoats for winter use. They think that Omaha is hardly large enough to put on metropolitan airs with regard to police dress—in a word, they are of the old-fashioned. A meeting was held Monday night and the subject was pretty

CHINITOMES ON AN ESCORTION.

Iowa City, Iowa, Sept. 29.—Three hundred Clinton, Iowa, people enjoyed an excursion to Iowa City to-day to return Iowa City's visit to Clinton last June in celebration of the centennial of the Lewis and Clark expedition. The stamper and the messenger appointed at hand to the pleasure of the party, Wells, Perry and Granville Thomsen, have been selected as such functionaries. "If we have any letters under the system," said Mr. Coutant yesterday, "we will get the special delivery in motion day after to-morrow."

SPECIAL DELIVERY.

The Omaha post-office is ready to begin on Thursday the new special delivery system. The stamps are all at hand and the messengers appointed at hand to the pleasure of the party, Wells, Perry and Granville Thomsen, have been selected as such functionaries. "If we have any letters under the system," said Mr. Coutant yesterday, "we will get the special delivery in motion day after to-morrow."

BOYD'S TIN CANS.

It has been the recent pleasure of Alderman Ed. Leeder to state that Mayor Boyd was in the habit of purchasing his cans for the preserved meat turned out

thoroughly discussed by those present. A committee consisting of Peironnet, Green, Burdick, Donovan and Cornick was elected, to take some action in the matter.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

F. Sheldon, of Nebraska City, is at the Millard.

J. G. Holden, of Central City, is at the Millard.

E. R. Fogg, of Beatrice, is stopping at the Paxton.

W. W. Wilson, of Lincoln, is registered at the Millard.

John M. Ragan, of Hastings, is a guest at the Paxton.

Frank H. Wilson, of Plattsmouth, is registered at the Paxton.

Morris Anderson, of Clark Bros. & Co., has gone to Chicago to visit friends.

Theo. W. Letton, Manager of the Fire Insurance Association of England, is at the Paxton.

Bartley Campbell, the playwright, will pass through the city this evening on his way to San Francisco.

Edwin A. Simonds, general agent of the City of London Fire Insurance Co., is at the Millard.

Frank Moore, Central City; Mark Storck, Lincoln; H. S. Hamilton, Bennett; Jas. P. Craig, Hastings; C. Johnson, Chicago, are at the Carfield.

W. P. Saunders, special agent of the Pacific Insurance company, returned yesterday from an extended trip through the southern part of the state.

Miss Rose Schroeder, who was for a long time in the Western Union office, is lying dangerously ill with typhoid pneumonia at the home of her parents on Seventh street.

Deputy Sheriff Louis Grebe went to Lincoln yesterday with Wm. J. Trott, a lunatic taken from St. Joseph's hospital in custody, for confinement in the state asylum.

Mrs. L. M. Niles and Mrs. C. W. Drake and daughter, of Chicago, who have been visiting the Misses Niles for the past two weeks, returned home yesterday morning.

Dr. J. M. Rice, of Halley, Idaho, is in the city today. He is traveling in the interests of that territory, endeavoring to secure colonists to locate there. That country is growing and developing rapidly, and this is the part of the country which will be most profitable for supplies. The doctor expects to take an extensive colony to that territory in the spring.

At the Metropolitan: W. H. Talcott, Springfield; Charles E. Butcher, Newark; H. B. Reed, E. C. Reed, Syracuse; J. B. McDowell, Traer; F. W. Zoll, Columbus; Mrs. J. Eberhard, Valentine, Neb.; Miss Anna Johnson, Corning, Ia.; T. C. Danforth, Red Oak, Ia.; E. Meyer and wife, New York; George Freishiner, Chicago; George Schmidt, Lena, Ill.; Simon Phillips, Beacon, Ia.; George D. Doland, New Brunswick, N. J.; S. C. Doland, Newark, N. J.; J. D. Shaw, Des Moines, O.; S. H. Hatcher, Maryville, Mo.; L. F. Newell, Agency City, Ia., and W. H. Gough, Chicago, Ills.

HE SAW RATS.

A pitiful sight in the police court yesterday was James Carroll, who had been arrested by Officer Crawford as a lunatic. Upon examination, however, Judge Stenberg decided that he was but a bad case of the "jim-jams." Carroll confidently informed him that certain persons were in the habit of throwing rats into his room at night, so that he could not sleep. That some of those rats were red as blood, and dangerous as bull dogs, etc., etc. He created quite a commotion by trying to catch a large long-tailed rodent which had nested itself in his coat. The poor fellow commenced to twirl his coat, when the judge, who at once divined the trouble, ordered him that the rat had left him, and been driven out into the street. Carroll concluded that this was about correct, and quieted down.

THE MARKET BASKET.

Prices and Varieties in the Local Market—Facts of Interest to the Thrifty Housekeeper.

IN THE VEGETABLE LINE the following are still in the market: String beans are worth 35 to 40 cents a peck. Onions are selling at 25 to 30 cents a peck. Beets are worth from 20 to 25 cents a peck. Cabbages are worth 15 to 20 cents a dozen, choice.

Summer squash sell for 3 to 5 cents each; crooked-neck squash the same. Hubbard squash sell for 12 to 20 cents a peck. Egg plant retails at 10 cents a peck. Green and red peppers bring 15 cents a dozen. Carrots are worth 5 cents a bundle. Oyster plant sell 3 ounces for a quart.

Fresh tomatoes are in lively demand at 20 cents a peck. Parsley is sold at 5 cents a bundle. White parsnips at 5 cents a bundle. White pickling onions are worth 75c to \$1 a peck. Yellow pumpkins are worth from 10 to 20 cents each; sweet pie pumpkins the same. Lima beans are selling for 35 cents a peck. Green corn is worth 10 cents a dozen; okra, 10 to 20 cents a dozen.

The markets are not well stocked in the line of fruit. Of California fruits plums and green grapes are worth 10 to 15 cents a dozen. Pears and peaches are worth 35 cents a dozen. Michigan peaches sell for \$1.15 per basket. Bull Lake variety, 65 cents a basket. California grapes, white and black, are worth 65 cents a basket. Delaware grapes 55 cents a box. Concord grapes, 10 pound baskets, 65 cents. California figs are retailed at 20 cents per pound. Persian dates the same. Cranberries are worth 15 cents a quart. Apples retail at 30 cents a peck. Bananas 20 cents a dozen, lemons 25 to 50 cents. Messina oranges are now in the market selling for 90 to 70 cents per dozen.

MEATS, FISH AND GAME. In the line of fresh water fish, white fish, trout and bass retail at 15 cents per pound; white pickered is selling at 10 cents; apples retail at 30 cents a peck. Blue fish are about out of season and bring 20 cents a pound. Fresh Columbia river salmon are worth 25 cents a pound.

The weather is now cool enough for salt water fish, and they are again in the market at the following prices: Fresh halibut 35 cents a pound. Codfish and haddock, 15 cents a pound. Mackerel, 25 cents each. Lobsters are worth 25 cents a pound. Shrimps are selling for 40 cents a pound. Oysters, New York count, are worth 40 cents a can. Prairie chickens retail at 35 cents each. Ducks are just beginning to come in, selling, teal, 25 cents; mallard, 35 cents.

The best quality of sirloin sell for 15 cents, rump and upper part of round steak at 12. Roasting ribs, firm and juicy, can be bought from 10 to 12 cents. Veal is extremely scarce and comes high, from 15 to 20 cents according to the choiceness of the cut. Sweet breads can be purchased at 25 cents a pair. Corn beef is selling at from 5 to 10 cents, according to cuts. Prime leg of mutton can be had for \$1 for fore quarter and \$1.25 for hind quarter. Spring chickens are worth from 50 to 40 cents a piece.

BOYD'S TIN CANS. It has been the recent pleasure of Alderman Ed. Leeder to state that Mayor Boyd was in the habit of purchasing his cans for the preserved meat turned out

WHAT CAN BE DONE WITH \$3.50

It will buy you a pair of pantaloons worth \$7, made by a merchant tailor, found only at The Only Misfit Clothing Parlors, 1119 Farnam Street.

What can be done with \$5. It will provide you a pair of pantaloons worth \$10, in many styles, if any prove your size, found only at The Misfit Clothing Parlors, 1119 Farnam Street.

What can be done with \$6.50. It will buy you an elegant pair of pantaloons fully worth \$13, made by a merchant tailor and found only at The Misfit Clothing Parlors, 1119 Farnam Street.

What can be done with \$7.50. It will buy you as fine a pair of pantaloons as any merchant tailor in America can make you for \$15, found only at The Misfit Clothing Parlors, 1119 Farnam Street.

What can be done with \$12.80. It will provide you a suit or an overcoat which was made by a merchant tailor for \$25 each; they can be found only at The Misfit Clothing Parlors, 1119 Farnam Street.

What can be done with \$17.86. It will buy you a suit cut in a four button cut-away frock coat which was made by a merchant tailor for \$35, you can't find it outside of The Misfit Clothing Parlors.

What can be Done with \$20.00. It will buy you a suit or an overcoat which was made for \$40 by a merchant tailor, sold only at such a price at the Misfit Clothing Parlors, 1119 Farnam Street.

What can be Done with \$25.00. It will buy you as elegant a suit or an overcoat as any merchant tailor will be willing to make you for \$50; to be found only at the Misfit Clothing Parlors.

What Can be Done with \$30.00. It will provide you an elegant silk or satin lined suit or an overcoat which a merchant tailor made for \$60; to secure it come to the Only Misfit Clothing Parlors.

What Can be Done with \$32.35. It will buy as fine a Prince Albert suit as ever an eye saw; it was made by a leading merchant tailor for \$70. To test the truth of these facts you are invited to call for an inspection at the

Only Misfit Clothing Parlors, 1119 FARNAM STREET.

THE COUNTY COMMISSIONERS will meet to-day and issue the election proclamation.

The tax lists were completed and turned over to the county clerk yesterday by L. E. Sawyer and A. C. Haines.

C. H. Johnson, 823 South Twenty-fourth street, is the father of a new baby. Mother and child are doing well.

F. M. Youngs, the foreman of the Bee press-room, is celebrating the birth of an infant. The girl came last night and tips the beam at something over ten pounds.

Edward Vinton and Thomas Miller, two tramps who broke into a trunk and car at Valley, Friday night, were tried before Justice Anderson, yesterday, and acquitted.

The case of Joseph S. Kough vs. Peter Kubus, to replevin some cows which had been taken by the defendant, as estrays, was tried before Justice Weiss yesterday. A decision in the case will be rendered Friday.

A meeting of the Apollo social club will be held to-morrow evening at the "Millard." All members are urged to be present as business of general importance will be transacted. By order of the secretary.

George and John Lane, brothers, were tried before Judge Stenberg yesterday afternoon for breaking open a trunk and stealing a suit of clothes and \$4 in money at the American house. They were sentenced to twenty days in jail on bread and water.

Following is the astro-meteorological forecast for the weather during the week beginning to-morrow and ending Wednesday Oct. 7th.—The month is likely to enter cool with local frosts—changing to warm fine weather for the second week, unsettled and stormy, with cool weather and high winds.

A runaway occurred yesterday on Douglas street which terminated in a ludicrous manner. The horse started at Thirteenth street and tore madly westward. At the corner of Fifteenth the driver stumbled and fell flat, and before he could rise to his feet, his owner, who was riding furiously up the street, ran up and caught him.

The residence of Mr. Frank Smith, 1712 Dodge street was the scene of an attempted burglary early yesterday morning. Some thief broke in through the back way, and failing to get into the front part of the house, stole up the back stairs into a room occupied by the servants. He proceeded to rifle the contents of one of the trunks he found in the room, when one of the girls awoke with a scream, alarmed at finding an intruder in her room. The thief left the house as silently as he had entered it.

The Plattsmouth Journal of Monday says: Francis M. Lovett and Miss Tilda J. Anderson, an Omaha couple, yesterday gave Rev. Esterbrook his last bit of work in the matrimonial line in Plattsmouth. The groom is an employe in the U. P. port shops in Omaha, and came down here with his bride to be married and surprise his friends upon his return. The ceremony was performed at the residence of S. A. Davis at 1 p. m. and the happy couple left for Omaha last evening.

Oscar Geyer, an eastern man who has been on a land prospecting tour in the western part of the state, came into Omaha Monday, and bought a ticket over the Rock Island for Chicago. He was going down to the depot at night, just having purchased a new suit of clothing, when he was seized by a policeman who noticed that the price card was still on the clothing, and concluded at once that Geyer had stolen it. He placed him under arrest and lodged him in jail for all night. Yesterday, however, upon telling his story, Geyer was released.

From his packing house, of convict labor, A reporter yesterday approached Mr. Boyd on the matter. "Is it true, sir, that your cans are made by convict labor as Mr. Leeder asserts?" "Not if I understand the character of the gentlemen I deal with. Every can I have ever used has been purchased by me either of Norton Bros., Chicago, Sullivan Bros., Omaha, or Milton Rogers & Sons, Omaha. If these gentlemen are classed among convicts, then Mr. Leeder has uttered the truth; if otherwise, then otherwise. Both the public and Mr. Leeder will understand."

A CATTLE THIEF. Detective Smith, of the Wyoming and Montana cattle association arrived yesterday from Mills City, M. T., on his way to Sidney, Neb., with Bill Miller, a cattle thief wanted at the latter place, in custody. Miller was placed in the county jail and remained there throughout the day. The prisoner is an old culprit and is long been notorious as a cattle thief in the stock raising districts of the west. He has lately been plundering in Cheyenne county and driving his stolen stock up to Fort Robinson for sale. Afterwards arrested once before for this offense but he succeeded in knocking down the guard and escaping to Montana.

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