

THE DAILY BEE. COUNCIL BLUFFS

Thursday Morning, September 3, 1885. Office No. 12 Pearl St. Delivered by carrier to any part of the city or twenty cents a week.

H. W. TILTON, Editor and Licensee.

Republican County Convention.

The Republicans of Pottawattamie county, Iowa, will meet in delegate convention at the court rooms in Council Bluffs on Thursday, Sept. 24th, 1885, at 11 o'clock a. m., for the purpose of placing in nomination, to be voted for at the general election, candidates for the following offices, and the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the convention:

- One candidate for the office of county auditor.
One candidate for the office of sheriff.
One candidate for the office of county superintendent of schools.
One candidate for the office of county coroner.
Two candidates for members of the board of supervisors.
Two candidates for members of the legislature.

The basis of representation in the county convention will be one delegate from each township or voting precinct, and one delegate for each fifty votes or fraction of over twenty-five cast for the Hon. Frank D. Jackson, secretary of state, at the last general election. This will entitle the several townships and precincts to the following representation:

Table with 2 columns: Township/Precinct Name and Number of Representatives. Includes Boomer, Belknap, Crescent, Center, Carson, Grove, Garner, Hardin, Hazel Dell, James, Kane, etc.

The primaries in the several townships will be held on Saturday evening, September 19, 1885, at 8 o'clock unless otherwise ordered.

By order of the Republican County Central Committee.

JACOB SIMS, Chairman.

Dated at Council Bluffs, Sept. 2, 1885.

MINOR MENTION.

Reiter, merchant tailor, for fine goods. No decision in the contest over the fire chiefship.

Two plain drunks constituted the business of the police court yesterday.

Dr. A. J. Cook has removed his residence to No. 34 North Main street.

Permit to enter matrimony was yesterday given to Antony Rieck and Emma Hess, both of this city.

Justice Schurz yesterday tied the knot uniting James Gibler, of Omaha, and Miss Emma Hancock, of Council Bluffs.

Most of the decorations put up at the time of Grant's death have been taken down, and those that remain are so weather worn as to be by no means ornamental.

The county board is to meet next Monday, and the new jail will probably be presented at that time for acceptance, it being now complete and ready for occupancy.

Yesterday there were fifty cars of stock shipped out from here over the Rock Island. They were western range cattle bound for Chicago, and made three good trains.

In the circuit court yesterday the case of Annie Bruhn against Max Alpen, was on trial, and will probably occupy much of to-day. It is a suit for damages on account of seduction.

In the circuit court yesterday the replevin case of Finken vs. Flikinger and Clatterback, a controversy over the old stock of Smith & Toller, was heard, and taken under advisement.

One of the teams of the American Express company got tangled up yesterday in front of the office, and a runaway and smashup was threatened, but ended only in the smashing of the tongue.

Principals of the several public schools of the city will meet at the Bloomer school building at 9 o'clock a. m., tomorrow. There will be a general teachers' meeting Saturday, at the same place, at 9 o'clock a. m.

There promises to be a large field of runners for the office of coroner this fall. Among the names spoken of are the present coroner, Mr. Connell, Jesse Walters, H. H. Field, R. Morgan, and of course the veteran Paul will be on hand with a strong backing.

The public schools open next Monday, Sept. 7. All pupils who desire re-examination, or who were not examined at the close of the spring term, and all new pupils are requested to meet at the Bloomer school building at 9 o'clock a. m., to-morrow.

W. P. Aylsworth has bought the old Episcopal church building, and will move it onto his lot at the corner of Eighth street and Ninth avenue. He will fit the rear part up as a residence, and the front part for a shop and storage place for his house moving tools, etc.

William Brix has commenced suit in the district court against the city, claiming \$2,000 for damages by his falling over a loose plank in a sidewalk near Swan's parking house last February. He has been trying to get a settlement with the council, but failing has now commenced in the courts.

J. A. Chubbill says the report about his family horse kicking his buggy to pieces is all wrong. The fact was that the buggy wheel accidentally got over the edge of a culvert near Mr. Ottenden's residence, and the axle broke and the

wheel was smashed, but there was no barb fence or horse-kicking features to the item, and the occurrence had no sensational features.

The cemetery case has at last reached a resting and breathing place in the circuit court, Judge Connor having informed the parties that he did not care to hear any more oral testimony, and that if they had more testimony to present they could do so by means of affidavits. It is not known when the case will be argued, and it is still more difficult to guess when it will be decided.

By actual count there proved to be 1,100 children who ate dinner yesterday at the long tables at the picnic grounds, besides many who ate in little groups and private parties. It is thought that 1,500 is a light estimate of the number of children who were on the grounds, many joining in the festivities who did not march in the procession. It was children's day in truth.

It is said that the Texas cattle, by which the fever was introduced into this county, were shipped in here over the K. C. by Trinken & Ball, on the 27th of July last. Whether there will be any proceedings started or not is still a matter of conjecture. There is some talk of making the railway liable, if possible, and there is much indignation expressed among cattle men, as the presence of the disease has caused much trouble in the stock market as well as a loss to those owning affected cattle. Many are afraid of shipping or handling cattle, and the reports are always enlarged by travel, so that in an exaggerated form they do much harm to the stock interests of this locality. It seems that there should be some way of making the law felt by those who have been the cause of the trouble, whoever they may be.

The ladies of the Episcopal church will give a reception this evening at the rectory, between 7 and 11 o'clock, to welcome the rector, Rev. T. J. Mackoy, who has returned from an extended trip to Europe. A cordial invitation is extended all his friends to attend.

It is your duty to protect yourself and family against the severe colds so common at this time of the year, owing to the sudden changes of weather. You can best do this by calling at Harkness Bros., and securing some of their large stock of cotton flannels, which is best suited for this time of the year. You will never be able to buy so cheap as you can to-day.

Workers with metals generating electricity escaped the cholera of '49. Then use our electric belts. Judd & Smith, Council Bluffs, Agents wanted.

PERSONAL.

H. B. Williams, of Glenwood, was in the city yesterday.

Joseph True, the Avoca banker, was at the Pacific house yesterday.

Fremont Benjamin, of Avoca, was among the attorneys visible here yesterday.

M. R. Barnes, of the Garneau cracker company of Omaha, was in the city yesterday.

J. Y. Stone, of Glenwood, was in the city yesterday, and made headquarters at the Pacific.

Mrs. Boone will start this morning for the Indian territory, where she will take charge of a school.

Mr. Stoddard, who has been with the water works company, has now taken the position of book keeper for the McClurg cracker company.

A. J. Dunn, special agent for the Singer manufacturing company, is in the city looking after some proposed changes in the office here.

J. W. Berger, who now makes his headquarters in Kansas, has been spending a few days in the city with his family, who have not moved yet.

Henry Paschel's sons left yesterday for South Bend, Ind., to continue their studies in Notre Dame university, where they have already made good records as students, and where they will doubtless win further honors.

A. S. Clough, who was formerly one of the best of the police force of the city, has returned from Colorado and New Mexico, and is in excellent health and spirits. He expects to return to New Mexico in the course of a month, and if he continues to like it there will in the spring move there.

Dr. Wilos, Eye, Ear and Throat specialist, Room 6, Everett block.

Real Estate.

To close out the old stock we make the following low offer on Pianos and Organs:

Walter upright piano, style 1- \$290

" " " " " 2- 345

" " " " " 3- 375

Chano " " " " 4- 225

" " " " " 5- 250

" " " " " 6- 250

Western Cottage organ, " 4- 250

Call or address Mueller Music Company, 103 Main street, Council Bluffs, Iowa.

A Cup From Jerusalem.

L. Harris, the well known Broadway merchant, has received a very handsome and unique wedding present from his father and mother, it being sent by mail to him from Jerusalem. It was the first package ever received here by mail from Jerusalem. It was viewed with much curiosity by the post-office clerks, and the peculiar stamps, amounting to \$2.20 were given by Mr. Harris to Postmaster Armour as a souvenir. The package contained a silver cup, gold lined, very rich and handsome, and intended for use in the ceremonies of the faith. The cup is richly engraved with scenes from the holy land, the tombs and old buildings, and with various inscriptions in Hebrew, giving moral teachings and affectionate greetings. The present is one of intrinsic value and of still greater value on account of the associations and the distance from which it has come.

ELEGANT WEDDING AND STYLISH PARTY STATIONERY, the finest and most complete line ever brought to the city now at

FRYOR'S BEE JOB OFFICE.

Invitations, Programs, Regrets, Calling Cards, etc.

THE LATEST STYLES, and in quantities to suit.

Also a beautiful line of

ENGRAVED FOLDERS AND CARDS.

Call and see them. All orders filled promptly, and the work will be guaranteed to equal the stock.

GLAD YOUTHS.

A Grand Showing of Happy Young Pioneers.

Yesterday was a gala one for the young folks, for it was the time set for the great union picnic of the Sunday schools of the city. The children with the teachers, officers and parents gathered in Bayless park about 9 o'clock, although it was much later before all could be got in readiness for the parade and march to the picnic grounds in Palmer's grove. Never before in the history of the city were so many children seen in one line. It is estimated that there were about a thousand, and they certainly presented a pleasing sight, forming a line which reached around three sides of the park. With the band at the head of the procession, the little folks marched out of the park and up Main street to Broadway, up Broadway and thence to the grounds. There were banners and badges, and happer locking faces never beamed in line of march. At the grounds there was an abundance of delights for the little folks. Refreshments were in bountiful quantities, and games, swings, hammocks etc., were well supplied. The day opened raw and chilly, with a threatening rain, but the thermometer crept up gradually, and the youthful blood being warm anyway, there seemed no drawback, and all enjoyed the day hugely. The older folks who by parental or official duty were called to the grounds found plenty to do, but they had abundant reward in seeing the little folks so happy.

CLOSING SALOONS.

The First Injunctions Issued Against Council Bluffs Dealers.

The first injunctions granted against any Council Bluffs saloons were granted yesterday by Judge Connor, they being three in number, and against William Brix, a beer brewer, and George Brasfield. The orders were not served, the wait being for the purpose of submitting the cases against the property owners, and getting orders against them also, before making the formal orders, and closing the saloons. The saloons have closed, however. It is said that Mr. Brix has been planning on going out of business and starting a starch factory. Shroeder's saloon has been closed already by a landlord's writ of attachment. So the issuing of the orders will have little practical effect, but it gives the prohibitionists a chance to crow over their victory in the courts and to take a new hope for the closing of the others. There is said to be a legal difference between those saloons which were already fitted up and running at the time the law was passed, and those which have fitted up since, and that the old standbys have a stronger defense on the ground that they have vested their capital in fixtures under the sanction of the state, and that the new law destroys this capital, if enforced. Whatever there may be of this it is one of the crumbs of comfort which some are cherishing. The prohibitionists claim that they will not have any trouble in closing other saloons, time only being necessary.

THE RELIEF OF LUCKNOW.

One of the Survivors of That Famous Event a Resident of Denver.

Denver News. George Sharp, at present a resident of Denver, has had a somewhat eventful career. He was born in the county of Surrey, England in 1838, and is consequently 47 years of age at this time. When 18 years old Sharp enlisted in the British army in the 13th lanciers. On the following year he took part in the relief of Lucknow, acting as a "rough riding" corporal at the time. Corporal Sharp fought at the siege of Lucknow, at Delhi, and afterward in battles fought by the British army in the East Indies and China, and bears several wounds on his person as evidence of his service, for which he at the present time receives a pension of 1 shilling a day from the British government. Sharp says the 12th lanciers were under the command of Col. Buller, but that the whole expedition was commanded by Sir Hope Grant, Lord Havelock having died a short time previously. With the 12th lanciers were the 72d foot, Scotch, and the 42d foot, together with some other troops. Sharp gives a graphic description of the arrival of the relief army shortly after daylight on Nov. 11, 1857, the pipes of the 72d playing. "The Campbells are Coming," and of the renewed courage of the besieged when they heard these magic, homelike strains. The attack on the fort was led by Col. Campbell a loss of 1,100 men and the rebel Sepoys over 6,000. A large number of rebels made their escape, among them the young king of Oude, and his mother, known as the "begum." Sharp, of course, after his long and hard service in the lanciers, is an expert horseman. In 1881 Sharp, who had come to America, was employed in Louisville's New Jersey stables, and in this capacity took the noted horse Iroquois to England in June, 1881, where he won the celebrated Derby stakes, together with a large amount of money which had been wagered on the result. Large amounts of money passed on the race, which was the first victory of an American horse in England. Sharp afterward took Foxhall to Paris and won the "Grande Prix" in July, 1881. Sergt. Sharp is a war-worn veteran, covered with scars, and is at present living in Denver and known as a thoroughbred horseman.

The Railroads and the State.

St. Joseph (Mo.) Gazette.

The statutes of Missouri declare that railroads are highways, that companies operating there are common carriers, and that "no company, corporation, or association shall make any discrimination in charges or facilities in the transportation of freight or passengers between transportation companies and individuals, nor in the transportation of freight between commission merchants or other persons engaged in the transportation of freight, and individuals, in favor of either."

A penalty is provided for the violation of the statute, and yet the law is unquestionably violated by railway managers every day in the year, so far as the transportation of freight is concerned. There seems to be no trouble in regard to passenger traffic. So much is the law charged, whether the distance be long or short. But when it comes to freight, the managers do as they please, regardless of all or any law. Now the courts of this country have settled the principle that the railroads are not private property, but property held in trust for public use, and permitted to charge a reasonable sum for that use. They belong not to the holders of their capital stock,

but primarily to the state—the people. The corporations which construct them, or which have since acquired their control, are bodies politic created for a special purpose, and subject to all the prerogatives, the conditions, restrictions, and limitations of their creation. This is the holding of the courts of the country. And yet the railway magnates refuse to acquiesce. They hold that they are the absolute owners of the railways they control, the same as one may own a farm, or a horse, or a cow. They put out everything short by saying, "We paid our money for these roads, and therefore we own them." They are simply mistaken in this declaration. They did nothing of the kind. The people not only granted the right to build them upon soil owned by the public, but they in nearly every instance contributed a great deal of money toward their construction. By means of shrewd manipulations, certain parties have obtained possession and control, but they have not divested the people of their rights, and they can never do so until they become stronger than the people. We believe managers should be held to a strict account of their ability. They should be made to obey the laws the same as individuals. Discrimination in favor of cities, towns or individuals is wrong in every sense. It is prohibited by law. Wherever there is an instance of it there should be a prosecution, and the full penalty provided by the statute should be applied. We believe railway managers now that unless they themselves effect a speedy reform, a heavy hand will be laid upon them in the near future. The people will not be trifled with longer, and at the election for members of the legislature a year hence they will make their power felt. Men will be chosen who cannot be bought, and who will have the courage to do their duty.

OUR NEXT DISTINGUISHED VISITOR.

Frederic W. Farrar, Archdeacon of Westminster.

Frederic William Farrar, Archdeacon of Westminster, who will sail for this continent on September 3, was born in Bombay, Hindostan, in 1834. His father was chaplain of the fort at the time, and as a matter of course, a clergyman of the Church of England. The lad received his early education at King William's College, in the Isle of Man, from which he was entered a student at King's College, London. After his graduation at the London University he was appointed, in 1852, University Scholar. Entering Trinity College, Cambridge, he took his bachelor's degree with high classical honors in 1854. He had already obtained the Chancellor's Prize for English Verse, by a poem on the "Aesthetic Regions." In 1854 he was ordained deacon, and in 1857 was admitted into priest's orders. For several years he was Assistant Master of Harrow School, and from 1871 to 1876 he filled the position of Head Master of Marlborough College. His tales of school and college life—"Eric, or, Little by Little," "St. Winifred's Or, The World of School," and "Julian Home," were widely read. Dr. Farrar was select preacher before the University of Cambridge in 1868, and again in 1874-75, and he was an honorary chaplain to the Queen from 1869 to 1873, when he was nominated one of her majesty's chaplains in ordinary. In 1876 he was appointed one of the canons of Westminster Abbey, and rector of the ancient Church of St. Margaret's, which stands under the shadow of the Abbey. Canon Farrar became Archdeacon of Westminster in 1884, when he resigned the rectorship of St. Margaret's. On July 4, 1879, he characterized the course which alienated the American colonies from the mother country as folly, and at the same time recognized the blessings to civilization and progress, on both sides of the Atlantic, which had followed the Revolution. Canon Farrar's reputation as an author rests principally on his later theological works, among which the "Life of Christ," published in 1874, is conspicuous. His "Life and Works of St. Winifred," published in 1870, shows no diminution in vigor of style or picturesqueness of description. Among his other works are the "The Fall of Man," "The Witness of History to Christ," and "Eternal Hops." He is a copious contributor to religious and literary publications, and some of his papers on philological subjects attract wide attention. As a preacher, Archdeacon Farrar enjoys a reputation not inferior to that which he has acquired as an author, and Westminster Abbey is crowded to its utmost capacity whenever he occupies the pulpit. He belongs to the Board of Church School, and the publication of "Eternal Hops," in which he avowed his belief in the possibility of post-mortem restoration to the favor of God, created great excitement in Protestant denominations.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

NOTICE.—Special a veterinarian, see as Lost Found, To Loan, For Sale, To Rent, Wants, Board, etc., will be inserted in this column at the low rate of TEN CENTS PER LINE for the first insertion and FIVE CENTS PER LINE for each subsequent insertion. Leave advertisements at our office, No. 12 Pearl street near Broadway.

WANTED.

FOR RENT.—One large furnished room, first floor, 123 Sixth ave., second door from Pearl street.

FOR RENT.—Houses, lots and land. A. J. Stephenson, 608 First Avenue, Council Bluffs.

WANTED.—Good chamber for city work; good pay to right man. Enquire at 323 Broadway, J. A. Powers, manager.

FOR RENT.—A six room house, ten minutes walk from business, city water, well and cistern. For rent cheap. For Rent—No. 110 Harrison street, three rooms. 4 Pearl street.

FOR SALE, FOR RENT OR EXCHANGE.

No. 63.—For sale or rent, on very liberal terms. The Council Bluffs Paper Mill, complete, with the large boarding house and millinery, situated on the north side of the city, in Cherokee, Cherokee county, Iowa, will trade for western land. Value \$50,000.

No. 64.—A beautiful home in the town of Hastings, Mills county, Iowa, for Nebraska land. Value \$5,000. All the land in the town of Hastings, Nebraska, will trade for Nebraska land. Value \$5,000.

No. 65.—A splendid farm, well improved, 640 acres, situated in the town of Hastings, Nebraska, will trade for Nebraska land. Value \$5,000.

No. 66.—A fine two story brick residence, one of the best locations in Council Bluffs, will trade for Nebraska land. Value \$5,000.

No. 67.—A fine two story brick residence, one of the best locations in Council Bluffs, will trade for Nebraska land. Value \$5,000.

No. 68.—A fine two story brick residence, one of the best locations in Council Bluffs, will trade for Nebraska land. Value \$5,000.

No. 69.—A fine two story brick residence, one of the best locations in Council Bluffs, will trade for Nebraska land. Value \$5,000.

No. 70.—A fine two story brick residence, one of the best locations in Council Bluffs, will trade for Nebraska land. Value \$5,000.

No. 71.—A fine two story brick residence, one of the best locations in Council Bluffs, will trade for Nebraska land. Value \$5,000.

No. 72.—A fine two story brick residence, one of the best locations in Council Bluffs, will trade for Nebraska land. Value \$5,000.

No. 73.—A fine two story brick residence, one of the best locations in Council Bluffs, will trade for Nebraska land. Value \$5,000.

No. 74.—A fine two story brick residence, one of the best locations in Council Bluffs, will trade for Nebraska land. Value \$5,000.

No. 75.—A fine two story brick residence, one of the best locations in Council Bluffs, will trade for Nebraska land. Value \$5,000.

No. 76.—A fine two story brick residence, one of the best locations in Council Bluffs, will trade for Nebraska land. Value \$5,000.

No. 77.—A fine two story brick residence, one of the best locations in Council Bluffs, will trade for Nebraska land. Value \$5,000.

No. 78.—A fine two story brick residence, one of the best locations in Council Bluffs, will trade for Nebraska land. Value \$5,000.

No. 79.—A fine two story brick residence, one of the best locations in Council Bluffs, will trade for Nebraska land. Value \$5,000.

No. 80.—A fine two story brick residence, one of the best locations in Council Bluffs, will trade for Nebraska land. Value \$5,000.

No. 81.—A fine two story brick residence, one of the best locations in Council Bluffs, will trade for Nebraska land. Value \$5,000.

No. 82.—A fine two story brick residence, one of the best locations in Council Bluffs, will trade for Nebraska land. Value \$5,000.

No. 83.—A fine two story brick residence, one of the best locations in Council Bluffs, will trade for Nebraska land. Value \$5,000.

No. 84.—A fine two story brick residence, one of the best locations in Council Bluffs, will trade for Nebraska land. Value \$5,000.

No. 85.—A fine two story brick residence, one of the best locations in Council Bluffs, will trade for Nebraska land. Value \$5,000.

No. 86.—A fine two story brick residence, one of the best locations in Council Bluffs, will trade for Nebraska land. Value \$5,000.

No. 87.—A fine two story brick residence, one of the best locations in Council Bluffs, will trade for Nebraska land. Value \$5,000.

No. 88.—A fine two story brick residence, one of the best locations in Council Bluffs, will trade for Nebraska land. Value \$5,000.

No. 89.—A fine two story brick residence, one of the best locations in Council Bluffs, will trade for Nebraska land. Value \$5,000.

No. 90.—A fine two story brick residence, one of the best locations in Council Bluffs, will trade for Nebraska land. Value \$5,000.

No. 91.—A fine two story brick residence, one of the best locations in Council Bluffs, will trade for Nebraska land. Value \$5,000.

No. 92.—A fine two story brick residence, one of the best locations in Council Bluffs, will trade for Nebraska land. Value \$5,000.

No. 93.—A fine two story brick residence, one of the best locations in Council Bluffs, will trade for Nebraska land. Value \$5,000.

No. 94.—A fine two story brick residence, one of the best locations in Council Bluffs, will trade for Nebraska land. Value \$5,000.

No. 95.—A fine two story brick residence, one of the best locations in Council Bluffs, will trade for Nebraska land. Value \$5,000.

No. 96.—A fine two story brick residence, one of the best locations in Council Bluffs, will trade for Nebraska land. Value \$5,000.

No. 97.—A fine two story brick residence, one of the best locations in Council Bluffs, will trade for Nebraska land. Value \$5,000.

No. 98.—A fine two story brick residence, one of the best locations in Council Bluffs, will trade for Nebraska land. Value \$5,000.

No. 99.—A fine two story brick residence, one of the best locations in Council Bluffs, will trade for Nebraska land. Value \$5,000.

No. 100.—A fine two story brick residence, one of the best locations in Council Bluffs, will trade for Nebraska land. Value \$5,000.

The New York PLUMBING CO'Y.

552 Broadway.

Council Bluffs, Iowa

SANITARY HYDRAULIC

ENGINEERS, PUBLIC and PRIVATE

SYSTEMS OF SEWERAGE, WATER WORKS and VENTILATION designed and constructed.

PLUMBING work in all its branches.

This company have one of the best assorted stocks of plumbing goods in the west.

Estimates furnished. Harry Birkinbine, Manager. NEW YORK, PLUMBING CO'Y 552 BROADWAY, COUNCIL BLUFFS Telephone No. 27.

Carpets, Carpets!

Our buyer writes from New York that he has purchased the Largest and Choicest Line of CARPETS, RUGS, CURTAINS

UPHOLSTERY GOODS Ever Shown in this city. These goods are now arriving daily and we respectfully invite everybody to call and see them.

Oil Cloths, Linoleums, Mattings, OF ALL KINDS, Window Shades, Cornice Poles, Etc., Etc.

AT POPULAR PRICES. Council Bluffs Carpet Co 405 Broadway.



FOR SALE BY S. A. PIERCE, 100 Main St., Council Bluffs

ONLY HOTEL

FIRE ESCAPE.

And all modern improvements, call bells, fire alarm bells, etc., is the

CRESTON HOUSE

No. 215, 217 and 219, Main Street. MAX MOHN, PROPRIETOR

LESSONS GIVEN

ON THE Piano and Organ, By Miss Fannie Westcott, Organist at the Presbyterian church. Residence 606 Washington Ave.

THE REMINGTON Standard Type Writer

At the New Orleans Exposition.

1. The jury of awards critically examined the various writing machines, and decided by a three vote to give the highest award to the Remington.

2. The decision of the jury was ignored by the committee of awards, and other jurors were added constituting a new jury.

3. This second jury also critically examined the various writing machines, and made the award of a first class gold medal, the highest award, to the Remington Standard Type Writer, for "simplicity, durability, ease of manipulation and speed."

4. The report of this jury was made, delivered to and received for by the committee of awards on May 20.

5. The members of