

A SAD EVENT.

John Howard, Son of General Howard, makes an Attempt at Suicide.

Violent Love for a Young Lady Causes the Rash Act.

Gen. Howard Now With the University Youth-The Full Particulars of the Affair.

UNREQUITED LOVE.

A YOUNG MAN'S ATTACHMENT FOR A YOUNG LADY CAUSES A TRAGEDY. LIVINGSTON, Mo., August 30.—Wednesday last, at Fritchell, Basin, in Yellowstone park, a son of Gen. O. O. Howard, commander of the department of the Platte, shot himself through the lower part of the breast with design to commit suicide. At last accounts his chances for recovery were very slim. He is a young man about 19 years of age, who has been with Lieutenant Kingman in the park throughout the season. The cause of the desperate act was a sudden and unreciprocated attachment for a girl who passed through Livingston as one of a large east-bound party. It is said the young man never met the girl until he saw her in the park. Gen. Howard is now in the park on a tour of inspection.

During about twenty-four hours after the wound was administered it was believed to have been accidental, until young Howard confessed the facts Thursday. The ball passed through young Howard's body below and to the right of the heart. The party of excursionists mentioned above was composed of relatives and friends of the Howard family, including Miss Chase, of Omaha.

Whether young Howard had ever met Miss Chase before or not is being both affirmed and denied—she fell violently in love with her. She is about 22 years of age, quite pretty, and of very engaging manners. He was with her party during their stay in the park, and paid her very close attention, which she most politely but with no great show of favor.

Wednesday morning last, after having been alone in Miss Chase's company for a short time, young Howard went to his room in the hotel, and a shot was heard, which called his friends to find him wounded. He said the shot was accidental, and as stated, it was so generally believed until the day following, when he confessed that he had made a declaration of love to Miss Chase, that she had failed to reciprocate, and that in the heat of his disappointment he had attempted to take his own life.

Immediately after the tragedy, Miss Chase, with some of her friends started for the railroad and arrived in Livingston Thursday. From here they went westward, and are now understood to be either at Helena or some point near there awaiting news.

As will be seen by the above, the case of young Howard was undoubtedly one of attempted suicide. The news was first given to the Omaha public in the columns of the BEE on Friday evening, the information being obtained at the army headquarters, where telegrams relative to the matter had been received from Gen. Howard. The first telegrams received intimated that the young man had accidentally shot himself, which was doubtless the view of the case at first entertained by Gen. Howard.

It has for some time been known in Omaha society circles that young Howard entertained for Miss Chase a feeling more akin to love than friendship. Some, indeed, have openly asserted that he was engaged to her, although this, it may be, is nothing more than a piece of idle gossip.

WASHINGTON WAIFS.

CENSUS RETURNS FROM DAKOTA AND NEBRASKA. WASHINGTON, D. C., August 29, 1885.—Full returns of the census just taken in Dakota and Nebraska are being prepared. The population of Dakota in 1880 was 135,177 in 1880 to 264,465, and the number of farms has increased from 17,410 to 82,767 and manufacturing establishments from 231 to 1,634. Returns of the Nebraska census were also received to-day. They show that the population increased from 452,462 in 1880 to 749,000 at the present time. The farms have increased from 68,887 to 100,000 (approximately). The cost to the government of the Nebraska census was \$34,729. Governor Peck of Dakota, to-day received application to the act secretary of the treasury for reimbursement to the territory of funds expended in making the census of that State. This is the first application under the law, and has been referred to the fifth auditor for his report.

THE SECRETARIES RETURN. The acting secretaries of the treasury to-day received the following telegram from the collector of customs at Key West, Fla., in regard to the reported filibustering expedition against Cuba. The party reported to have sailed Wednesday night on a filibustering expedition has returned. Investigation fails to show any violation of law. The party has merely been on a pleasure tour.

SILVER PURCHASED BY THE TREASURY. The treasury purchased to-day \$200,000 ounces of silver for delivery at the Philadelphia and New Orleans mints. The bids received yesterday were rejected and to-day's purchases were made on counter orders by the department.

CHOLERA IN JAPAN. Secretary Bayard to-day received a cablegram saying that the cholera had broken out at Nagasaki, Japan. The death rate was reported great and the port has been declared infected.

A FOOT AND HIS MONEY. THE OLD ADAGE THAT THEY ARE SOON PARTED VERIFIED.

PHILADELPHIA, August 30.—A special dispatch to the Times from Atlantic City, N. J., says: Charles Fields, Jr., who is over 85 years of age, and who has been in business in Philadelphia for over 50 years, was yesterday victimized out of \$9,500 by a brace of bunco steers in Atlantic City. Mr. Fields and his son, who is associated with his father in business at 242 Market street, Philadelphia, as general agents of the Clark special cotton, have cottages adjoining each other on Illinois avenue nearly opposite the Traymore hotel.

Mr. Fields, Sr., took a stroll after dinner, when he met a young man of good address, who after a courteous hand shaking, stated that he was an old friend of his, that he had been clerk for the Pennsylvania national bank, and since his resignation has been a board with numbers on it, and with \$20,000 in ready money, presumably a sweet board. Two other gentlemen were introduced, and they played the game, winning over \$100 each. Mr.

Fields was invited to join the game, and lost \$100 in about five minutes. After playing some time the bunco men coldly asked the old gentleman for his check for \$9,500, drawn to himself as collateral for a grand prize awarded during the contest. A check was filled out and Mr. Fields signed it. The check was on the Pennsylvania National bank of Philadelphia. Later in the day Mr. Fields realized that he had been victimized and started out to find the house, but was unable to do so. It is thought here that the bunco man carried the check to New York and negotiated it at a large discount.

"IT'S ENGLISH, YOU KNOW."

ARISTOCRAT'S SWELL PARTIES AND POMPOS AIMS AT NEWPORT.

NEWPORT, August 29.—The spirited social rivalry between the Astors and Belmonts is one of the most interesting phases of Newport this season. At the outset Mrs. William Astor succeeded in capturing a large proportion of the young people by the charming sociability and spontaneity of her entertainments. The prestige of the Astors as one of the richest families in the world, naturally made the Astor receptions, kettledrums and picnics very fashionable and very popular. Mrs. August Belmont is not without ambition, and she gave some very elegant entertainments, but did not succeed in wresting the social leadership away from Mrs. Astor. Her social drives in a turnout that for the time being eclipsed every other turnout in Newport in elaborateness. It is a costly chariot driven by four horses. There is no seat, but the horses are mounted on the two leading horses, and a gorgeously attired footman is perched up behind.

Mr. Belmont's social aims are quite a sensation was created by one of Mrs. Belmont's postillions marching through the crowd of carriages on the driveway, and exclaiming "It's English, you know, make way, Mrs. Belmont's coach is coming."

RIOUOUS STRIKERS. THEIR DIFFERENCES FINALLY SUBMITTED TO ARBITRATION.

GALVESTON, Tex., August 30.—The strike on the Gulf, Colorado & Santa Fe railroad reached a crisis here to-day, and resulted this evening in both sides agreeing to arbitrate the matter. At noon Sheriff Stevens with a committee of fifty leading citizens, armed with Winchester rifles and revolvers, proceeded to the round-house, where the strikers and their supporters were congregated. Two companies of infantry, and two twelve-pound cannons accompanied the sheriff and militia entered the building and turned out of it 300 Knights of Labor. Several times a conflict seemed imminent, but the sheriff's men, when the clock struck ten, and the strikers took possession of the building, the sheriff's posse, a disabled engine before the posse or militia could proceed. Great excitement was manifested, but the strikers were present. Two strikers were arrested for interfering with trains.

Finally, about 5 o'clock, a delayed freight train from St. Louis, and a passenger train from Houston, were quarantined by twenty-five of the sheriff's posse. When the train was observed by the strikers, they gave vent to vociferous curses, and a bloody conflict ensued. During this time the leading members of the Knights of Labor were in consultation with members of the posse, who formed a portion of the sheriff's posse. An agreement to arbitrate was finally reached. Pending such arbitration the men will remain at work. As a consequence the yards present a very busy scene to-night, and trains are moving as fast as they can be loaded.

Widow Walkup's Predicament. KANSAS CITY, August 30.—The Times' Emporia, Kan., special says: The community has been in suspense all day, awaiting the announcement of the result of the chemical analysis by Prof. Jones of Kansas City, in the Walkup case. The report has been forwarded by registered letter and is now in the post-office here, and will be delivered to the coroner to-morrow. It is expected to be learned as to the contents of the document.

Mrs. Walkup remains at the sheriff's quarters at the court house. She is not in confinement, but as a friend expressed it is simply residing with the sheriff's family. Her mother, Mrs. Wallace, who has been with her several days, will return to New Orleans, being called by the illness of another daughter. She has become convinced that Mrs. Walkup is being provided for. Judge Houston and Mr. Finley, of New Orleans, relatives of Mrs. Walkup, will remain here. The sheriff states that her cousin, young Willis, who is under arrest, will be released to-morrow. To satisfy themselves and the public regarding the theory that the deceased might have been poisoned by arsenic in the sub-nitrate of bismuth that was administered, Dr. Jacobs, attending physician, and county attorney, have had the evening meal cooked in a tin can, the command from the same package as that given the patient, and have felt no ill-effects to-day from the dose.

A Cunning Attempt at Express Robbery. MILWAUKEE, August 30.—A would-be express robber, captured at Elroy July 25 in a cunningly arranged box of his own manufacture, and which he had caused to be shipped with himself secretly inside, from Black River Falls for Calcazo, has been identified as Robert C. Nicolls, member of a respectable and well-to-do family. Two years ago Nicolls was a student at Orchard Lake, Mich., military academy. He left his home early in July, having \$1,000 or more in his possession, to engage in the cattle business in Dakota. It is supposed he lost the money gambling, and resorted to this shrewd and unsuccessful scheme to rob the express company. He is now in jail at Madison, this State.

Virginia's Crooked Officials. RICHMOND, Va., August 29.—The legislative committee, which has been investigating affairs in the office of the auditor of public accounts, made necessary by the defection of First Clerk William R. Smith, has concluded their labors. Their report shows that the general investigation covered a period of seven years past, but the investigation of the indebtedness of banks goes back fifteen years. It is estimated that the shortage footed up is \$141,000, but the state has received \$81,000 from the delinquents, besides \$39,000 given up by Smith, who is now in jail awaiting a decision of his court for a new trial, and has been in the penitentiary for one and a half years in the penitentiary. There are thirteen other indictments against him.

The Boycott Not Raised. ST. LOUIS, Mo., August 31.—A dispatch from Sedalia, Mo. south, contradicts the report that the boycott on the railroad had been raised. It had been received from Secretary Turner, of the national committee of the Knights of Labor, directing Chairman Drew "to raise the boycott on the Wash and Missouri roads."

Death of Ex-Senator Cowan. PITTSBURGH, Pa., August 29.—Ex-United States Senator Edgar S. Cowan died at his residence at Greensburg, Pa., this morning after a lingering illness.

Wheat Out of Condition. NEW YORK, August 29.—About 40,000 bushels of No. 2 red winter wheat was posted today at the produce exchange as out of condition in the Erie basin stores.

Imports for the Week. NEW YORK, August 29.—Total imports of merchandise at this port during the past week were valued at \$34,817,630, dry goods, \$2,287,146.

PARNELL'S PARTY.

The Speech of the Leader Creates Chaos in English Politics.

Determined Opposition and Combination Will Defeat Him.

Starting Record of the Cholera Scourge in Spain—A Budget of Foreign News.

OVER THE OCEAN.

PARNELL'S SPEECH THE ABSORBING TOPIC IN ENGLISH POLITICS. Special Telegram to the BEE. LONDON, August 30.—Parnell's programme has proved the great sensation of the week, especially as it is now believed he and Michael Davitt have come to an understanding. It is even expected that Parnell's unrivaled project was enunciated at Davitt's invitation. But as that may be, the result proved a bombshell for the Tory party. The conservative rank and file were exceedingly restless under the growing evidence that their leaders were laqueuing with Parnell. The Irish cry for separation, and the methods for securing obedience to Parnell, have provoked a demand among many leading Tories that candidates of that party shall disavow Parnell's aims. Club men and many leading newspapers hope that Parnell's party is not so acute as to prevent a permanent understanding between English and Scotch Liberals on the one hand, and the Tories on the other, to resist all party legislation intended for Ireland in the direction of separation. Parnell's speeches have enkindled and increased the vexation of many prominent conservatives, some of whom being members of the government, towards the Church bill for having committed the party so deeply towards Irish demands. A movement is already on foot to oust Lord Randolph Churchill from office, if the Tories are returned to full power at the general election. Two of Churchill's colleagues are in this conspiracy, but will most certainly lose their seats.

THE DEATHS IN SPAIN FROM CHOLERA IN EIGHT THOUSAND DEATHS IN SPAIN. The close of the fourth week in August shows the total deaths in Spain from cholera, by tables, to be 81,480, with the death rate in all months 1,000 each day. This plague has diminished in Great Britain, but the provinces that were attacked before the middle of July, save in Cuenca, but it increases steadily in Alcala and Barcelona.

France, outside of Marseilles and Toulon, no news is to be had, though it is known that the pest is increasing daily. Cases of persons who die in two or three hours are reported from the provinces. The stricken down even before diarrhoea or vomiting has begun, and die in an extremity of cold, which violent friction has no effect.

Among the deaths in the province of Herzegovina, a young German architect, who was regarded as the most promising man of his years in Europe, and who was a writer of an important technical work.

People in southern Germany are greatly worried by the fact that the rooks have left their ancient haunts in the spires of Ratisbon cathedral. The last time they took their flight it heralded a terrible visitation of cholera.

Bismarck's Scheme to Annex Cuba. LONDON, August 29.—An additional sensation is being attached to the Spanish German difficulty by the rumor giving Prince Bismarck's reason for the seizure of the Caroline Islands. This rumor attributes to the chancellor a determination to obtain possession of Cuba, and explains his conduct in taking the Caroline as a ruse to secure an understanding between the United States and Germany regarding Spanish outlying possessions, as a result of which Germany would permit the United States to secure the Philippine Islands if the Washington government would consent to Germany's annexation of Cuba. It is strongly maintained in some quarters that Bismarck has for a long time had his eye on Cuba, and that he has secured himself of the support of the United States in this regard by the illness of Queen Victoria. The scheme views Cuba as the idea that the United States will permit any German occupation of Cuba, and affect to receive in this respect Bismarckian projects a deeply despised intrigue to involve the Americans in the European squabble. This story comes from the Paris press, and is regarded as a Spanish colony in the French capital are furiously indignant over the whole thing.

The Tagbit, of Berlin, in referring to the matter to-day, remarks that the Spanish leader, Cuba will soon be the lovely subject of Emperor William. King Alfonso has been informed by telegraph of the reported Spanish blockade of Yap, the principal of the Caroline Islands. He will return from San Idelfonso to Madrid on Monday to preside over a special meeting of the Spanish cabinet, called to consider the Caroline's affair.

Peace Assured Between England and Russia. LONDON, August 29.—It is almost certain that peace between England and Russia on the Afghan question is now completely assured. The two governments at present are busy arranging the last details of a mutual understanding and negotiations are proceeding rapidly and harmoniously. The business of conducting final negotiations to a happy termination is now engrossing all the time of Baron De Staal, Russian ambassador to England, and in consequence he has been compelled to forego his customary vacation and remain here during August heat, which long ago drove all resident statesmen out of town. The Baron, ever since the arrival of the Marquis of Salisbury at his hotel in France, has daily sent to the British foreign office for transmission to him very long telegraphic correspondence. The same office has already dispatched to the British premier a number of special messengers with important confidential letters. During this time the Russian ambassador has been busy attending to vast cable correspondence which his government has been carrying on with him concerning the adjustment of the Central Asia difficulties from St. Petersburg.

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Urging Local Self-Government for Ireland.

LONDON, August 30.—The Marquis of Hartington, who was minister of war under the Gladstone government, delivered an address in the House of Commons yesterday, in which he urged an extension of local self-government so that parliament might be enabled to give its attention solely to imperial legislation. No power has been given to the House of Commons, the ultimate result of which would be to bind the British members irrespective of politics, to combine to keep the empire intact. Lord Hartington said he was glad that their field had been defined by his position and the conditions upon which his alliance could be purchased. He thought no political party in England would consent to a grant of self-government by conceding Parnell's demands.

Landlords Must be Abolished. DUBLIN, August 30.—A large league meeting was held at Killarney to-day. T. M. Healey, M. P., spoke on the land question. He advised the people to abstain from committing outrages, especially when likely to serve the interests of landlords and police, and that they should not put all their trust in the Irish party in the House of Commons, who are only sappers and miners in the army carrying war into the enemy's camp. Mr. O'Brien, M. P., followed. He declared that the Irish party in the House of Commons, who are only sappers and miners in the army carrying war into the enemy's camp, and that landlords must be abolished.

Invited to a Conference With Salisbury. PARIS, August 29.—The Marquis of Salisbury has invited M. De Freycinet, French minister of foreign affairs, to a personal conference at Dieppe, where the British premier is spending his vacation. It is understood that De Freycinet is favorably inclined towards accepting the invitation, but the conference is awkwardly for the purpose of referring an adjustment of questions pending between France and England, he will consult his colleagues in the ministry before going.

A Wild German Scheme. LONDON, August 29.—The German government is preparing for the approval of the Reichstag bills for the construction of several large canals, the most important of which is for a ship canal from the Baltic sea to the German ocean, with strong forts at each mouth, and at commanding points along the route. The work will cost an enormous sum of money, and the water-way would not be able by any possible traffic up to repay even the interest upon the cost of construction.

His Holiness as a Poet. LONDON, August 29.—From Rome it is stated that the pope has distributed among the cardinals copies of a special edition of his address to the Roman people, which is printed in elegant type, with borders illuminated by fine and rich engravings. The volume contains thirty-three poems, and includes a translation of the pope's address to his holiness. The volume is in octavo form, and the title is "Leonio XIII., Pontifex Carminum."

Inclined to Meet England Half Way. LONDON, August 31.—It is reported that the Turkish government has completed proposals for discussion with Sir H. D. Wolff on a basis of England's immediate evacuation of Egypt. The grand vizier and his party are in favor of the withdrawal of the English, and a section of the ministers are in favor of meeting England half way.

A Russian Growth. ST. PETERSBURG, August 30.—Official Messenger says: The English press at Yokohama has unsuccessfully tried to excite the Emperor Nicholas against Russia. It is hoped that Mr. Hubbard, the new United States minister to Japan, will continue Mr. Bingham's anti-English policy.

Emperor William's Health. LONDON, August 29.—Dispatches from Berlin to-night state that Emperor William is at present enjoying better health than he had for a long time previous to his recent summer excursion. His rheumatic trouble, from which he has been suffering for so long, has entirely disappeared.

Farewell to 'Fonso. MADRID, August 29.—John W. Foster has just returned to the United States after a visit to the royal palace at La Granja to-day. Foster is about to return to the United States.

The Anglo-Chinese Alliance. BERLIN, August 29.—The North German Gazette, Prince Bismarck's organ, says that an Anglo-Chinese alliance would out Russia Lanchow in the event of war with Russia.

Death of a Well Known Musician. LONDON, August 29.—Frederick Gazman, the pianist, well known in the United States, is dead.

Foreign Briefs. Fifty-three deaths from cholera in Marseilles Saturday and twenty four on Sunday. Bismarck insists that nothing but the strongest protective measures will save Germany from the plague. Spain's cholera report for Saturday records 3,617 new cases, 1,171 deaths. The report of the appearance of the scourge in Japan is confirmed. London reported twenty-four deaths to-day.

The El Liberal, published at Madrid, thinks that an increase of the Spanish navy is imperatively demanded, and advocates the raising of money for this purpose by popular subscription. Prominent naval officers concur in his views.

Crooked Bank Officials. ST. ALBANS, Vt., August 29.—The following was given out to-night as the condition of the First National bank, from which Receiver Roberts was removed to-day: "Comptroller Cannon, Cashier Albert Soules is under indictment for making false reports and speculation with the bank's funds. There are two suits against Director Burton and Soules for the amount due on their paper, about \$33,000. There are also suits against Burton and others for mismanagement of funds and a writ of sequestration against Burton and others involving \$2,000. There is an indictment against Burton for perjury, and a judgment against Albert Soules for \$4,000; a execution against Roberts for \$1,000; and a judgment against H. E. A. and Albert Soules for making false returns.

A Vessel in Danger. WASHINGTON, August 30.—The United States signal service station at Smithville, N. C. via Wilmington, reports the steamer, Hecate, New York and Wilmington line, Capt. Torrey, outward bound from Wilmington with a general cargo, went ashore on inner Cape Fear bar at 12:30 p. m. Her position is considered dangerous. A revenue cutter, which has gone to her assistance, has been ordered to proceed.

The North Bend Murder. NORTH BEND, Neb., August 29.—Alexander Kimbrough, who stabbed and killed William Kemper on the railroad near this city Thursday, was captured a few miles from Wahoo, Saunders county, yesterday. The murderer will be kept in jail there for the present, the sheriff's party being brought to this city.

BRAWN AND BEANS.

It Fails to Overcome the Agile Youth From the Smoky City.

The Sullivan-McCaffrey Contest at Cincinnati Saturday.

Boston's Sluggo Given the Match—The Audience Say and the Record Shows that McCaffrey Won.

FOUNDING FOR POINTS. SULLIVAN FAILS TO KNOCK DOMINICK McCAFFREY OUT IN SIX ROUNDS.

CINCINNATI, August 29.—The sporting match between John L. Sullivan and Dominick McCaffrey did not attract so great a number of people as was expected. At 4 o'clock, when it was thought the match would begin, there were not more than 5,000 people at Chester park. The men were not ill-behaved, nor did they manifest impatience at the delay in opening the exhibition. It was 4:30 o'clock when the preliminary boxing began. The platform for the match was set in the middle of the track, between two stands, and was thirty feet square and five feet from the ground. The inner ring, twenty-four feet square, was marked by three ropes around eight spots, which were padded on the inside. Spectators were admitted to the rope within twenty feet of the platform, and besides filled the stands, fence and all other available space. A simple police force prevented any breaking of the ropes. From 3:30 until 5 o'clock the time was spent in a number of short boxing contests that served to keep the audience in good humor, but which evoked enthusiasm when one man was knocked senseless on the ropes. It kept the attention so close that

SULLIVAN WAS NOT OBSERVED pushing his way to the platform, and not recognizing the fight this time until a man with a brief burst of applause. He wore a silk armband on his chest, but his arms were bare. His cream-colored tights were encircled by a green sash. He was accompanied by his seconds, Arthur Chambers and Tom Delay, and went to his corner. Ten minutes later William Muldoon, master of ceremonies, stepped forward and made a speech to the friend and a carriage appeared with the other contestants. McCaffrey was received with a shout of enthusiasm. He seemed to be in perfect physical condition. He was attired the same as Sullivan, except that his flesh-colored tights were encircled by a blue sash. He was accompanied by his seconds, Lunt and O'Brien, McCaffrey's seconds, and those of Sullivan were held. William Muldoon, master of ceremonies, stepped forward and made a speech to the friend and a carriage appeared with the other contestants. McCaffrey was received with a shout of enthusiasm. He seemed to be in perfect physical condition. He was attired the same as Sullivan, except that his flesh-colored tights were encircled by a blue sash. He was accompanied by his seconds, Lunt and O'Brien, McCaffrey's seconds, and those of Sullivan were held.

THE FIRST ROUND BEGAN amidst almost breathless silence. McCaffrey made the first blow, but Sullivan stopped him easily, and in the cautious work that followed both succeeded in getting slight blows. McCaffrey ducked every down which Sullivan threw, and as he crossed struck wildly at Sullivan and was pressed to the ropes, where he fell to his knees. Rising they clinched, Sullivan managed to give McCaffrey a hard knock on the side of the head. This was repeated and the round closed.

SECOND ROUND. There was but a minute's breathing spell. Sullivan resumed the fight this time with a blow which McCaffrey artfully evaded. McCaffrey then made a fierce drive at Sullivan, which was dodged gracefully, but McCaffrey gave him a rounding up at a private place. As he recovered, which started a chorus of cheers. Another of the same kind set McCaffrey's admirers wild. A clinch followed, Sullivan striking and being struck, but he declined. Subsequently he reconciled and accepted, and at 2:21 the men shook hands and

THIRD ROUND. This was worse for McCaffrey. He struck out for Sullivan, but he was growing weary, and the quick work that followed McCaffrey slipped down. Sullivan then began to push McCaffrey and the latter took up his tactics of running away, but finally made a stroke which Sullivan easily eluded. Quick as thought Sullivan closed on McCaffrey and pressed him down. Growing apparently vicious, he drove McCaffrey against the ropes, and pushed him down across the ropes. Here some one called time, but the referee told the men to go on and they clinched. Sullivan drove McCaffrey over to his own corner, where the latter fell, either by Sullivan's blow or by tripping against the chair, and slipped almost off the platform. McCaffrey's own seconds called time with Sullivan, each delivering short round blows of no force. After McCaffrey was pressed down the second time, time expired.

FOURTH ROUND. Sullivan opened this round with a blow on McCaffrey's jaw. It looked as though McCaffrey's powers were waning, while Sullivan was apparently fresh. McCaffrey made no answer, but continually clung to Sullivan, who managed to reach the side of McCaffrey's nose and bring a shower of blood. The round ended with another fall by McCaffrey, though not classified as a knock-down.

FIFTH ROUND. Both men seemed to be careful. They played with each other for awhile, when McCaffrey got a light blow in on Sullivan. Then Sullivan attacked, but McCaffrey ran away and the latter returned the attack, which was escaped by his favorite method of ducking. After more play and no work, time expired.

SIXTH ROUND. Sullivan now seemed desperate, though it was apparent that he was growing weary, while McCaffrey was fresher. Sullivan closed and they gave a number of in-blow and separated. Sullivan kept pushing his adversary around as usual, when near the ropes they clinched and fell. Rising Sullivan awoke again, but this time McCaffrey got away without a fall and delivered a light blow on Sullivan, who was not prepared for it, and McCaffrey ducked and escaped, and at the time of the sixth round expired.

SULLIVAN DECLARED THE VICTOR. Instantly there was a shout all over the vast crowd, which by this time seemed to have swelled to 7,000 in honor of McCaffrey, whom they all supposed had won the match. He had stood up against Sullivan through six rounds and seemed able and willing to go on to a finish. He was overwhelmed with congratulations, while Sullivan was left to be cared for by the stage attendants only. As the crowd understood the terms, it was a virtual victory for the young Pittsburger, but after some time, when three-fourths of the men had started for the fourth and while the remainder were at long discussion of the merits of the match, Mr. Muldoon made an announcement, which only few heard, that the referee had decided to give the match to Sullivan on the ground that he made the greatest number of points. This version was wholly inaudible at the press seats, and various versions of it were circulated, among others that it was because of a foul. Sullivan left the platform with no demonstration in his honor, but McCaffrey's friends were jubilant, notwithstanding the referee's adverse decision, and they lifted him to their shoulders, and bore him amid the cheers of spectators to his carriage.

THE DECISION WAS DECIDEDLY UNPOPULAR probably owing to the doubtful understanding of the terms of the match. It is believed that Sullivan was to knock McCaffrey out in six

GOLD DAYS.

With Not a Ray of Sunshine for the Wall Street Investor.

The Dark Hours of 1877 to be Repeated this Year.

Railroad Owners and Railroad Managers—The Failure Record—Business Nuggets.

WALL STREET WALLINGS. THE STOCK GAMBLER'S LOT NOT A HAPPY ONE. Special Telegram to the BEE.

NEW YORK, August 30.—Stocks went down this week. In light of this fact the following from the editorial page of the New York Times for August 19, 1877, eight years ago, plus a week, is worth recalling: "That there has been due to the manipulation of the markets, with a very slight basis in the state of business, is very well understood. It has been all the week what is called a 'broker's market,' and such fantastic tricks as have been played during the week with several of the stocks, are not likely to draw in the money of outsiders for investment or speculation."

What was true of August, 1877, is true of this August. The ups and downs of 1877 are repeated this week, only more so. Plainly Wall street is not so enthusiastic over the railway situation as two weeks ago, in consequence of which the brokers have been unable to trade with orders and commissions from the outside.

This afternoon the reduction of the North-western dividend made no more of a break of several points, grangers especially tumbled. The street is again waiting developments. The ill results of the attempts to maintain the Pennsylvania by the Pennsylvania people or the Pennsylvania people or their bankers have secured control of the South Pennsylvania syndicate. The action of the state authorities in Pennsylvania trying to have contracts annulled under the clause of the constitution forbidding absorption of parallel lines is not thought to be dangerous in the street. It is plainly a political move. Besides it is held that so far the stock is still held, and will continue to be held, by private parties. The Philadelphia Record is making a newspaper fight against the consolidation.

After so much talk, if rates are not fixed at higher levels, and held, their effect upon the mind of the average investor must be very bad. It would seem, therefore, that the railway owner. It is daily becoming more clear, if that were necessary, that there exists no identity of interests between the working classes and the employees of the roads, and the nominal holders thereof, "the stockholders and bondholders." The two interests are rather inimical than otherwise. As frequently pointed out, it can be shown that more than one road in the country is crowding down the incomes of the officers and employees in order to keep up interest payments on the bonded debt. Eventually those immediately in charge are certain to get the better of the situation. Altogether the lot of the railroad investor promises to become harder and harder.

AT McCAFFREY'S NATIVE HEATH. PITTSBURGH, Pa., August 29.—The interest here in the Sullivan-McCaffrey contest was so great that the principal thoroughfare was crowded with people all the afternoon anxiously waiting for news from the fight. While McCaffrey was seen to have been knocked out by the referee, it was not until three months after the signing of the articles.

THE REFEREE SAID HE HAS MADE NO DECISION. CINCINNATI, August 30.—Concerning the Sullivan-McCaffrey mill, the Commercial Telegram will say to-morrow morning: "The referee said he has made no decision, and cannot in conscience render a decision."

THE BEAN EATER'S BLUFF. CINCINNATI, August 30.—In his challenge last night to John L. Sullivan for a fight with bare knuckles, Dominick McCaffrey proposed to put up the same amount as his opponent. Tonight Sullivan issued a challenge for a fight to a finish, with or without gloves, to take place on the 31st of August at a private place. As to the stakes, Sullivan offers to bet \$5,000 to McCaffrey's \$3,000 that he will win him. Man and money are at Sullivan's command, Grand opera house building, in this city.

Knocked Out in One Minute. DES MOINES, Iowa, August 29.—The Jack Burks combination gave a sparring match in this city to-night. There was a large attendance. Mike Haley, champion middle-weight of Iowa, undertook to stay before Burks for \$200, but he was knocked out in one minute. Mr. Burks was well received by the sporting men of this city and made many fair friends.

One Round Settled It. NEW YORK, August 29.—A prize fight took place at an early hour this morning at East Chester between Pete McEvoy and Billy McIntyre for \$250 a side. About forty persons were present from this city; among them was Paddy Ryan. Only one round was fought, and the fight was easily won by McIntyre.

The Suspected Counterfeiter's Story. ST. LOUIS, Mo., August 30.—It having been said and spread abroad that a statement made by Lucien A. White, and now in the hands of the United States district attorney, is of the nature of a confession of his connection with the scheme to counterfeit Brazilian bank notes, the assistant attorney says it is simply a voluntary statement, and cannot be put in evidence in any way against White, who can the district attorney testify as to what it contains. The only value it possesses is in giving information to confederates.

White, in an interview, in which he repeats that he has no intention to testify, says the man who first broached to him the project of having Brazilian treasury notes imitated for use as labels, was his brother Joseph estimated at over \$100,000.

Whole matter of printing was arranged at the house of his brother in Texas, and he then came to St. Louis to carry out the plan. He denies, however, that it was his intention to use these notes for anything but cigar boxes. He speaks of two or three persons he and his brother met in New York last spring on their return from Europe, among them Herman and Charles Levy, of No. 1105 Fulton street, Captain Cunningham and Mrs. Gantlers, but he does not know that either of them now are doing anything like this scheme, although he now suspects that one of the Levys had been consulted by his brother Joseph.