

FENCERS FOILED.

President Cleveland Demolishes the Barriers to Settlement in the Far West.

And the Cattle Kings Must Immediately Vamoose the Public Domain.

Views of Senators Teller and Manderson—With a Sprinkle of Nebraska Politics.

A Washington special to the Chicago Times says: The president's proclamation regarding the unlawful fencing of the public domain is a much severer blow to the great cattle farms than the action taken in regard to the Cheyenne and Arapahoe strikes. It affects the occupation of the public domain in almost every portion of it. A year or two ago a mail contractor in Nebraska reported as follows: "In the Loup river valley of Custer county, Neb., are large cattle ranges, inclosing hundreds of acres of government lands with barbed wire, regardless of section or even township lines, and I must drive through such gates as they choose to put up in order to get to the pastures, having often to leave weary horses to open and shut their so-called gates in all sorts of directions, and I wish to know if, can I compel those parties, through your aid, to open section lines and let me through without paying several miles of my way?"

INVESTIGATION OF THE BRIGHTON RANCH. In Nebraska, are those of the Arkansas Valley cattle companies, in Colorado, whose lands embrace upward of 1,600,000 acres; the Fris Co. (Seattle), in Colorado, upward of 100,000 acres; H. H. Metcalf, River Bend, Col., 200,000 acres; John W. Prowers, Colorado, 200,000 acres; McDaniel & Davis, Colorado, 75,000 acres; Funtlicher & Lamb, Colorado, 60,000 acres; J. W. Frank, Colorado, 40,000 acres; Garst & Langford, Colorado, 30,000 acres; E. C. Tans, Colorado, 30,000 acres; Lowrey & Cattle, Colorado, 30,000 acres; Beck & Co., Colorado, 30,000 acres; Reynolds Cattle company, Colorado, 30,000 acres; and several other large ones in Colorado embracing from 10,000 to 30,000 acres.

IN KANSAS, entire counties are reported as fenced. In Wyoming, 120 large cattle companies are reported having fenced on the public lands. Among the companies and persons reported as having "immense" or "very large" areas enclosed, but specific quantities not mentioned are: The Denver and Colorado, a fenced cattle company, of New Mexico; the Carlisle Cattle company (English) in Colorado; the Marquis de Morales in Dakota; the Wyoming Cattle company, in Wyoming; and the Rankin Live Stock company in Nebraska. Several companies and persons in Montana and elsewhere are mentioned as having fenced, with no order of magnitude as to the number of cases in the several states and territories west of the one hundredth meridian are reported, where the land ranges from 100 to 1,000 acres and upward. Herbert the land office could not investigate these cases and report the facts to the department of justice, whose duty it was to order district attorneys to prosecute persons guilty of unlawful fencing. A few cases have been investigated, and suit was commenced against the Brighton Cattle company. The same was done through the efforts of Congressman Payson of Illinois, abbreviates proceedings very much, and allows the president to use the army if necessary to enforce the law, and to carry on several years' litigation as a preliminary.

THE CATTLE LEASES.

Views of Senators Teller and Manderson. The Chicago Times of yesterday publishes the following: United States Senator H. M. Teller, of Colorado, ex-secretary of the interior, was at the Grand Pacific hotel yesterday. He is on his way home from the Grand general. His opinion was asked on the order of President Cleveland requiring the cattlemen to abandon the lands that they lease from the Arapahoe and Cheyenne Indians within forty days. He replied that the president probably knew what was best in that matter, and he would not criticize his action in that regard. It has been reported that the leases first granted by those tribes, in 1853, had expired, and that the president had renewed them, while secretary of the interior, but he denied this statement most emphatically. He maintained that he specifically stated at the time in his report of 1883 that all rights were reserved by the government to remove the cattlemen whenever and in any manner that it saw fit, either on complaint of the Indians or at its own discretion, and that the lease to the cattlemen, however, that if their occupation of the lands was agreeable to the Indians the government would not interfere. The cattlemen had occupied the lands for twenty years, he said, without the slightest trouble or objection. He believed that the present trouble was due entirely to the men who had formerly occupied the land without rental, and that they had become ugly when they saw their old pastures being occupied by others. The Indians, he believed, had been greatly benefited by coming in contact with white men. They had been taught how to farm and herd cattle, and were given an insight into the transaction of every-day business. He was of the opinion that the order related only to the reversion of the Arapahoe and Cheyenne.

"I think the president's order requiring the cattlemen to leave Indian territory is a most unwise and unwise," said United States Senator Manderson, of Nebraska, in a report for the Times on the Grand Pacific hotel yesterday. "It may be admitted that forty days is a rather short time for them to move in, but I think if they show a disposition to obey the order they will be given some days grace."

"Will not this action deprive the Indians of quite a nice income?" "Yes; but you do not know as the money they receive in this way does them any good. It is divided up among them, and they squander it in dissipation. The Indians, you know, are the greatest gamblers in the world. I believe Cleveland is sincere in this matter, and will see the thing through."

Changing the subject to politics, the senator said: "The great trouble in Nebraska is that the democrats there were very much dissatisfied with Cleveland, as he did not turn the republicans out fast enough for them. There had been no chance of important offices in the political offices in Nebraska, although he thought it was they would be all filled with democrats. As to the president's civil service policy Senator Manderson said: "I don't know how to take Cleveland in this regard."

The Central American Exposition, Ottawa, August 11.—Alphons Ledus, special commissioner to Canada from North, South and Central American exposition, to be opened in New Orleans, has arrived here. In an interview he stated that the exposition promises to be a great success. Brazil, Mexico, and all South and Central American states have promised to send exhibits, and all the states of the American Union will be represented. It is here to urge the government to send a Canadian exhibit.

AS YOU PLEASE.

An Excellent Choice of Sound and Sensible Reading, Comprising Spicy News of Rail, River and Telegraph.

Kansas City Deluged—Washington Notes—A Batch of Foreign Telegrams.

WASHINGTON WAIFS. A EXAMINING BOARD APPOINTED.

WASHINGTON, D. C., August 11, 1885.—The following naval board has been appointed to meet at the Delaware Iron Works, Chester, Pa., tomorrow, to make an examination and take an inventory of the three cruisers, Chicago, Albatross and Albatross, which are being constructed by Mr. John Roach; Assistant Naval Constructors J. F. Hanson, J. B. Foover, Richard Gatewood and J. B. Nixon.

TILES OF MONEY. An appropriation of \$100,000 was made at this last session of congress for the transportation of about \$40,000,000 in gold coin from the sub-treasury at San Francisco to the sub-treasury at New York, to be used for the high rates asked by the express companies, the secretary of the treasury decided to send the coin by registered mail. So far about \$10,000,000 has been transported in this way. The money was mailed in \$100,000 packages. In view, however, of the publicity which has been given the method of transportation, it has been deemed best to suspend further shipments of precious metal for the present.

DETAILED FOR FURTHER WORK. Gen. Frank Armstrong, who recently investigated the Cheyenne and Arapahoe Indian agencies, and whose report thereon has much to do with the issuance of the proclamation ordering the cattlemen off those reservations, will soon proceed to the Apache agency for the purpose of making an enrollment of the Indians, and of bringing into operation on the condition of affairs among the Apaches.

NO CHOLERA IN MALAGA. The state department is informed that the civil governor has officially declared that no case of cholera has thus far occurred in Malaga.

GENERAL FOREIGN NEWS. THE WABASH COMMITTEE. LONDON, August 11.—The Wabash committee was issued an elaborate scheme of reorganization for the approval of shareholders. The committee expresses regrets at the inability to present a more satisfactory report, but says that unless a united effort is made to buy the property it will fall to the heirs.

ENGLAND AND TURKEY. PARIS, August 11.—A London dispatch to the Temps says: Wolff, British special envoy to Turkey, is instructed to offer the Porte facilities for occupying and governing the Sudan, and, temporarily, some points in Egypt, but no share in the governing of Egypt, in return for an alliance against Russia.

KING WILLIAM AND THE CAR. BRILL, August 11.—It is announced today that Emperor William and the queen will meet shortly, but at what place has not yet been decided.

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THE PLAGUE. MADRID, August 11.—There were 8,619 new cases and 1,342 deaths from cholera reported throughout Spain yesterday. These figures, however, are compiled from incomplete returns. Cholera has now spread into Barcelona, Bilbao, San Sebastian, San Pedro, Huesca and Tala.

MADRID, August 11.—Relatives of cholera patients in many of the Spanish provinces asked the doctors, believing they had been cured, to allow them to return to their homes. The archbishop of Seville died of cholera yesterday.

TRUMAN, August 11.—Cholera and dysentery are causing great mortality among the troops of the United States army at Pezajah; 25,000 infantry and 15,000 cavalry are now in the Trans-Caspian territory.

AN APPEAL FROM MARSILLES. MARSILLES, August 11.—The chamber of commerce has petitioned the government to urge foreign governments to relax the unworkable quarantine against Marseilles.

RUSSIA IN THE EAST. LONDON, August 11.—The Times publishes a letter from Moscow, in which it is stated that the Russians are possible in such a way as to give the Russians no active in any way against the writer says that the frontier, which Russia admits is Afghan, that they refrain from moving towards the Russian position and from strengthening their own outpost. The trouble among the Turcomans recently attributed to the alleged brutality of the Russian soldiers toward native women, is really due to the warlike preparations which Russia is making throughout Turcoman territory.

BANQUET TO PARNELL. LONDON, August 11.—The Irish home rule members of parliament agreed to give a grand banquet to Parnell in London on August 24th, to celebrate his recent parliamentary triumphs of the Irish party.

MARSILLES, August 11.—There were thirty-nine deaths from cholera in this city today. Fourteen new patients were admitted to the Pizarro hospital. Several cases of cholera are reported from the Balearic Alps.

A SALVATIONIST TRICK. LONDON, Aug 11.—Sir Richard A. Cross, home secretary, in answer to a question by the Rt. Hon. Geo. A. Balfour, conservative member for Whitehaven, concerning the 13-year-old daughter of Mrs. Eliza Armstrong, alleged to have been decoyed from home by an agent of the Salvation Army, and then held in distress by Gen. Booth for the purpose of exhibiting her as a minor saved by the army from a wicked life, said the government had submitted the evidence so far obtained in the case to Attorney General Folkestone. The statement was checked.

WHOLESALE MASSACRE. PARIS, August 11.—Further advices from Tunis say that the bodies of 10,000 Christians have been massacred in the provinces of Biednah and Sfax. Murders and incendiary fires are of daily occurrence. The vicar has been annihilated.

KANSAS CITY DELUGED. KANSAS CITY, Aug. 11.—A heavy rain and thunder storm visited this city before daybreak this morning, causing the flooding of cellars and streets in all parts of the city and doing serious damage. Two brick buildings tottering high, on Grand avenue, collapsed during this storm, and were totally wrecked, owing to undermining and their defective construction. Ten persons lodged in the buildings at the time. All escaped uninjured. Another rainstorm occurred between 5 and 8 o'clock this evening. The storm has been the heaviest known here in years. The total rainfall during this storm was over five inches. All streams in the vicinity are much swollen, and the Missouri river has risen over a foot. The damage in the city and suburbs was estimated at \$1,000,000. In a number of

TELEGRAPH TALK.

DR. NORVIN GREEN MAKES A STATEMENT. NEW YORK, Aug. 11.—Dr. Norvin Green, president of the Western Union telegraph company, makes public this evening the remainder of the correspondence, chiefly cable dispatches, in regard to the negotiations for the purchase of the Baltimore and Ohio lines by the Western Union, or the restoration of telegraph tolls by the two companies. Dr. Green gives as a reason for the publication his desire "to correct an impression made by Mr. Robert Garrett's cable card," which was sent in these dispatches last night. The first dispatch is from Dr. Green to John Pender, of London, and the latter is in reply to a dispatch from the latter gentleman's telegraph that "the same form of deal" was had with the Baltimore & Ohio here (New York); that no figures were proposed, and also whether the Baltimore & Ohio can give an order to admit of an examination of its revenues and expenses. This is dated July 3. On July 14 Mr. Pender replies that Mr. Garrett was not prepared to exhibit his books.

but suggested that the mileage of his lines would be greater on a Pacific & Atlantic & Pacific and the American Union together when absorbed by the Western Union, and seemed to think this might serve as a basis of negotiation. July 18th, Mr. Garrett replies that this basis is not satisfactory, and says he could not go beyond the cost of the property as a basis. July 21st Mr. Pender asked about Dr. Green's intention of reporting on the condition of affairs among the Apaches. Mr. Pender telegraphs Dr. Green that he will see Mr. GARRETT in Hamburg, and present the doctor's views. August 5th Dr. Green replies that he does not think it best to press Mr. Garrett with any urgency; that he is satisfied that they are not far from an agreement, and that there must be "an end to taking in a profit."

Then follows Mr. Pender's telegram of August 6th, about the rise in value of Western Union stock, sent in these dispatches last night. Under date of August 11 Dr. Green replies at considerable length, in the course of which he says that the stock has been imposed upon, and must have acted under a

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SOUTHER SALAD.

Served in the Shape of a Brutal Tennessee Murder.

With a Georgia Outrage Thrown In—Crooked Whisky Men.

A Pennsylvania Mine Horror—A Few Failures—Eleven Civil Brutes—Newsp Notes.

A TERRIBLE REVENGE. MURDERING A NEGRO BABY.

SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE BEE. NASHVILLE, Tenn., August 11.—One of the most horrible crimes ever perpetrated in Tennessee was committed here last night by a negro named Anna Davenport. She had a fight with another woman named Millie Plummer about a week ago, and had since been beaten to the ground. The woman became frightened, and moved to another part of the city. Early last evening Millie left her

FOUR MONTHS OLD BABY at home, and went to a ball. About 10 o'clock a policeman passing her home heard the infant screaming, and broke in the door. Anna Davenport was standing over the child with a knife in her hand. The policeman threw back the covering and found that the head, face and neck of the child were COVERED WITH BLOOD.

The skin was peeled off in great blotches, and half of its lip was eaten. The woman was arrested and taken to the jail. The woman Davenport had forced the baby to swallow concentrated lye, and had poured the stuff over its body. The can in which the lye was carried was found under the bed. The woman was hurried to jail, as threats to lynch her were frequent. The child is dying.

GEORGIA BRUTES. KEEP AN INSANE WOMAN A PRISONER FOR YEARS.

SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE BEE. ATLANTA, Ga., Aug. 11.—The police yesterday discovered in the suburbs of the city an insane woman, named Jane Wheeler, living in a hut with six negro men, whom she said were her husbands. The woman was a squallid hulk, was only half clad and showed signs of beatings on her back and arms. Some years ago she escaped from the state asylum, and was found by these negroes, who made her a prisoner and forced her to do their cooking and washing, and subjected her to various indignities. The discovery was quite unexpected. The woman's relatives are quite wealthy and live in southern Georgia.

WHISKY CROOKS. BIG BURN STAYS IN PRISONIA. SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE BEE. CHICAGO, Aug. 11.—It is stated that some Peoria distillers have been using barrels constructed with thick staves opposite the bung, and the bung stave, also was made thick. Some of the barrels, instead of being three-quarters of an inch in thickness were only half an inch. These barrels hold from a gallon to a gallon and a half more than the rigger's rod and calipers show. Some time ago a barrel of this kind was sent to the Manhattan distillery was detained in the east for alleged sharp practice in the barrels. They held more than they were cradged, and all reports are true. The Manhattan is not the only distillery that is on the ragged edge. Last week Revenue Agent Summerville came quietly here, and spent the night here, and was in the city and Great Western distillers. It is strongly suspected that when Maddox, Hobart & Co., of Cincinnati, were called this week.

GO OVER HIS ACCOUNTS. He is prepared to "go through the figures with a view to a deal on the actual condition of business." August 4th Mr. Field's private secretary telegraphed him that the Manhattan thinks it desirable to obtain his (Garrett's) best offer of a settlement on the sale.

THE SPORTING WORLD. BASE BALL YESTERDAY. At Cincinnati: Louisville, 12; Cincinnati, 2. At New York: Brooklyn, 4; Metropolitan, 3. Boston Corcoran made his first appearance in the pitchers box for the New Yorks in this city today. He was nervous and wild in the first inning, giving two bases on balls and striking out three batters. He pitched steadily down to his former coolness, and pitched effectively. His support was poor throughout. Boston 3; New York 7; Buffalo, 2. At Philadelphia: Athletic, 4; Baltimore, 4. Thirteen innings, game called on account of darkness. Providence: Philadelphia, 5; Providence, 1. At St. Louis: St. Louis, 3; Pittsburg, 1. Fourteen innings.

RACING AT SARATOGA. SARATOGA, N. Y., August 11, Mile. Editor of the Times, Saratoga, N. Y., Time, 1:43. The California horse, Jim Douglas, among the starters, did not get a place. Three quarters of a mile: Mantle Hunt won, Saratoga Lass second, Tartar third. Time, 1:17. Mile and a half: Favor first, Irish Pat second, Tontine third. Time, 2:41. Mile and a half: Favor first, Irish Pat second, Tontine third. Time, 2:41. Three quarters of a mile: Pat Dennis won, Chicago marks second, Red with third. Time, 1:13.

MONUMENTAL TALK. GETTYSBURG, Pa., August 11.—The Battle-field Memorial association held an unusually full meeting to-day, spending the entire day on the field and in session. Permission was readily granted the Second Maryland confederate regiment to erect a monument on the grounds of the association. A resolution was adopted providing that all monuments erected on the grounds of the association must have historical inscription approved by the board, and the flanks of the regiment indicated. The 140th Pennsylvania regiment dedicated the monument in Wheatfield to-day.

RIVAL TELEGRAPH COMPANIES. NEW YORK, August 11.—Correspondence is published here to-day between Cyrus W. Field and President Garrett, of the Baltimore and Ohio telegraph company. Field requested Garrett to fix the price for which he would sell his telegraph lines to the Western Union, in case of refusal, that a pooling arrangement be made and telegraph tolls be advanced. Garrett replied to this that he would not sell his lines for sale at any price, and refusing to advance the tolls now charged.

CLEVELAND'S WHEREABOUTS. AGRABLE FORKS, N. Y., August 11.—President Cleveland, accompanied by Dr. Ward of Albany, passed through here this morning, enroute for the Adirondacks. They were met at the depot by the Hon. D. H. Graves and were driven to his residence where a short rest was taken. It was reported that they were met by Paul Smith, who will take them by stage to Prospect house where the president will spend a few weeks.

PLATEBURG, Me., August 11.—President Cleveland and Dr. Ward reached the Prospect house, upper Saranac lake, their destination, at 2 o'clock this afternoon. They had a pleasant and uneventful backward ride of forty seven miles from the railway terminus at Au Sable.

A MONUMENT TO GRANT. ST. LOUIS, August 11.—At a meeting held at the office of Mayor Francis this morning, the Missouri monument Grant association was organized to raise the money to erect a monument to General Grant in this city.

THE MARKETS.

Live Stock Meets a Ready Sale at Unchanged Prices.

Corn and Provisions Steady—Wheat Dull and Lifeless.

The World's Pedestal—Interesting Short Telegrams From All Parts of the World.

CHICAGO STOCK. CATTLE.

SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE BEE. CHICAGO, Aug. 11.—At the early opening salemen were asking a slight advance on the best fat cattle, justifying their action on a light run and the falling off in the supply as compared with last week. Buyers, however, were not willing to follow the advance, and salemen thus dropped back to about yesterday's prices, at which there was an active business, cattle closing strong and all were sold. Low grade market stock, on account of the advance in Texas, is selling much better than at this time last week. Stockers and feeders remain dull, but anything wanted except good yearlings. Shipping steers, 1,250 to 1,500 pounds, \$3.40 to \$3.50; 1,200 to 1,350 pounds, \$3.10 to \$3.20; 1,000 to 1,200 pounds, \$2.80 to \$2.90; 800 to 1,000 pounds, \$2.50 to \$2.60; 600 to 800 pounds, \$2.20 to \$2.30. Western range, farm natives and calves, \$4.00 to \$4.50. Cows, \$3.00 to \$4.00. Wintered Texas, \$3.75 to \$4.00. Sales of 100 Montana, 1,171 lbs., \$4.91; 47 Montana cows, 993 lbs., \$3.80 to \$4.31; Nebraska wintered Texas, 1,018 to 1,044 lbs., \$4.60 to \$4.80; Idaho, 1,180 lbs., \$3.15.

Speculators opened the market with an advance of 5¢ to 10¢ on ordinary run mixed and packing sorts, but regular buyers, especially packers, failed to follow the advance so that at the close the speculators were willing to take yesterday's prices if they could find purchasers. Packing and shipping steers, 1,200 to 1,500 lbs., \$4.10 to \$4.75; light weights, 130 to 170 lbs., \$4.70 to \$4.95; 180 to 210 lbs., \$4.90 to \$4.00.

THE GRAIN PIT. A LITTLE BETTER THAN WEAK. SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE BEE. CHICAGO, Ill., August 11.—On the chance today there was no life whatever in the market until the last hour of the morning session, when everybody became a seller, breaking down values quite rapidly, and closing them a little better than weak. Large blocks of "long" wheat were unloaded without any particular occasion, other than that found in the weight of the load.

WHEAT TO-DAY was particularly flat and lifeless, showing only a range of 1¢ until well along towards the close, when it weakened rapidly. The market was very quiet, but regular buyers, especially outside orders, but large receipts and an increase of 517,000 bushels in the visible, as figured by Secretary Stone, made the market a general one, and easy. New York made it a little more so by placing the increase at 74,000 bushels. The pit here was half empty. The bulk of the time No. 2 spring sold at 81¢. No news of any kind was gathered from the crop reports, the usual source of political gossip. An hour before the close nearly everybody who was in the market, whether sparingly traded in wheat to sell, and dumped it for what it would bring. The market broke rapidly, closing weak at the decline.

COBURN. In a general way, was firm under a decrease of 2,000 bushels in the visible, as shown by the report, and 1,188,000 bushels, as made in New York. There was a fair showing of outside orders, though few of them came from outside of the city. The market was very quiet, and the course of the market was about the same as in wheat. No. 2 cash sold at 46¢. The wheat was easy, in sympathy with the close of the western market, and rather sparingly traded in at fluctuations of only 1¢.

PROVISIONS were subject to a fair trade. There was a sufficient inquiry from the local crowd and on outside orders to make the market 74¢ to 10¢ above the status of a few days ago. The morning session this gain was entirely lost and values settled down into a state of lethargy, with no orders coming in to move it one way or another, and local traders were disposed to let it alone.

The "World's" Pedestal. NEW YORK, August 11.—The World this morning announces that the task which it had undertaken a little less than five months ago to complete the statue of Liberty pedestal is finished. The total amount collected was \$102,000.39, contributed by over 120,000 persons. The Washington cent was sold to Miss Helen Dowry for \$130.

A New Cattle Company. PHILADELPHIA, Pa., August 11.—Articles of incorporation for the Union Land and Grazing company were filed in the office of the Camden county clerk to-day by Benjamin F. Butler, of Lowell, Mass.; George M. Robertson, of Camden, and Oliver V. Barrett, of Washington. The paid up capital of the company is \$2,000, and the object is to go into the stock raising business on a very extensive scale in New Mexico and Colorado, where the company own 400,000 acres of breeding and grazing lands.

Maxwell Considered Inane. SAN FRANCISCO, August 11.—Maxwell, the supposed St. Louis murderer, was taken east this afternoon. He maintained up to the time of leaving, the same cool, indifferent air which he manifested yesterday, and passed the time in smoking cigars and reading and reading novels. He consulted General Curran, of this city, with the view of retaining him as his attorney, but Curran declined. Maxwell has proved himself such a consistent oddity, that the police officers have begun to doubt his sanity.

The Double-Header Strike. PITTSBURGH, Pa., August 11.—The strike on the Wheeling division of the Baltimore & Ohio railway against "double headers" is at an end, and trains are running to-day as usual. The disaffected employes have been discharged and paid off, and their places filled. No more trouble is anticipated.

The Apache Raids. SAN FRANCISCO, August 11.—The Call's Deming special says: Fort Bowie advice received here state that General Crook is now in the southern part of the Sierra Madre, 300 miles below the border, with two commands following him.

Bahia's Shot. HAVANA, Aug. 11.—Col. Angel Rodriguez, of the party of Lunbano Sanchez, and six hands belonging to the party of Torre Jimenez, have been shot at Matanzas. They were captured while negotiating for outward passage.

Canada's Big Lake. QUEBEC, August 11.—An officer of the lake Mistassini exploring and surveying expedition reports its extreme length to be only 120 miles, a decrease breadth only 23 miles.

TELEGRAPH NOTES.

At Richmond, Va., yesterday, Thomas W. Carpenter, charged with stealing \$38,000, Downey's bonds to the amount of \$38,000, was before the police court, and waived an examination. He was committed to jail, and his case was certified to the grand jury.

The Union Protective League dealer's association of Mississippi have issued a circular, calling a convention to meet at Jackson on August 17th, to effect the action of the prohibitionists in their refusal to support candidates for the legislature not committed to prohibition.

Payne and his colony have abandoned the Oklahoma country. The dysentery is becoming epidemic in Big Horn, Ft. Tully cases reported and four deaths so far.

TRADE TROUBLES. A PROVIDOR FOR FAILURE. PROVIDENCE, R. I., August 11.—It was rumored on the street to-day that the Valley