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NOLL'S PORTABLE Pneumatic Beer Faucet



Price \$18.00. A liberal discount will be made to parties ordering a half dozen faucets at one time.

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DRY GOODS. 10 yards print, 10 dress goods, 24 white muslin, 10 yards good sheeting, 12 yards fine muslin, 12 yards fine muslin, 12 yards fine muslin.

GROCERIES. 15 pounds extra C sugar, 13 pounds granulated sugar, 24 bars white Mountain soap, 10 bars blue India soap, 12 bars Palmolive, 12 boxes matches, Best syrup, per gallon, 12 boxes tea, 12 boxes coffee, 12 boxes cornmeal, 12 boxes flour.

Goods for Cash Only. Lower Than Any Other House in the City. S. H. FILBERT.

YOUNG MEN!

Who have tried away their youthful vigor and power, who are suffering from BRUISES, BRUISES and LONELY, who are weak, IMPOTENT and unfit for marriage. MEN of all ages, who find their POWER early failing, or EXHAUSTED, can receive a positive and lasting CURE. No matter how low the vitality, or how far they have fallen to cure by a few weeks or months use of the celebrated MYRTLEIN TREATMENT.

At home, the expense, LESS than any other method in the world. Weak back, headache, BRUISES, fainting, loss of spirits and ambition, nervous thoughts, dizziness, drowsiness, detestable nervousness, IMPOTENCE, fits, impediments to marriage, and many other symptoms leading to CONSUMPTION or INSANITY, are promptly removed by this treatment, and vigorous manhood restored.

Married Men, or those who intend to marry, REMEMBER, perfect strength means health, vigorous and long life and the love and respect of a faithful wife. Weak men should be restored to vigor a month before marriage. Beware, testimonials and valuable tracts 25 cents. (Establish, 1877.) Address The Climax Medical Co., 504, St. Louis, Mo.

RUEMPING & BOLTE. Manufacturers of Ornamental GALVANIZED IRON CORNICES, FINIALS. Corner Windows, Window Caps, Metallic Sky Lights, &c. Tin, Iron Slate roofs, 116 S. 12th St., Omaha, Neb. Work done in any part of the country.

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MADAME DEAN'S SPINAL SUPPORTING CORSETS. Ladies, without Shoulder Braces, \$1.50. Ladies, with Shoulder Braces, made of fine Cord, double-stitched, 3.00. Nursing, without Shoulder Braces, 1.75. Abdominal, 1.50. Misses, 12 to 15 years, 1.50. Young Ladies, 14 to 18 years, 2.00. Highly recommended by the leading Medical, the Fashionable Dressmakers and the most eminent Physicians in the United States and Europe. Circulars free. LEWIS SCHEIDT & CO., Sole Dealers of Patent and Manufacturers, 390 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

CHARLES H. PATCH, 1517 Douglas Street, Omaha, And Leading Houses Everywhere.

LOOSE'S EXTRACT RED CLOVER BLOSSOM The Great Blood Purifier. IT CURES CANCERS, HUMORS, SORES, ULCERS, SWELLINGS, TUMORS, ABSCESS, BLOOD POISONING, CATARRH, SALT RHEUM, ERYSIPELAS, ERECTIONS, and all blood and skin diseases. PRICE 51 PER PINT BOTTLE. LOOSE'S RED CLOVER PILLS, Cure Sick Head, L. ache, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, and Constipation. Dose: 2 or 3 pills 2 or 3 times a day. Loose's Kidney Pills Remove, sure cure, 50c per box. For sale by all druggists, or address J. M. LOOSE & Co., Monroe, Mich. Send for testimonials.

CONSUMPTION. A reliable remedy for the above disease by its use. It cures all cases of the same kind and of long standing. It is sold by all druggists. Price 50c per bottle. Address J. M. LOOSE & Co., Monroe, Mich.

S. H. ATWOOD, Plattsmouth, Neb. Bred in thoroughbred and high grade Hereford and Jersey Cattle, And Duoc and Jersey Red Swine.

Manhood Restored. Remedy for all cases of weakness, nervousness, and loss of vitality. Price 50c per bottle. Address J. M. LOOSE & Co., Monroe, Mich.

BLIND TOM AND HIS MASTER. Held Fifteen Years as a Slave.

Adjudged a Lunatic, his Old Master Becomes his Committee and Gains a Fortune by Exhibiting him as a Musical Prodigy--His Father Left to Die in Want.

The suit brought by the mother of Blind Tom in the Virginia courts to rescue him from the control of his old master, James G. Bethune of Columbus, Ga., when the facts became known, cannot fail to awaken a profound interest in the fate of that strangely endowed human being. The facts developed on the presentation of a petition to the judge of the county court of Fauquier, Va., a few days ago, can leave no doubt in any mind that Tom's invaluable services have been appropriated by Bethune as effectually as if the laws of slavery still prevailed, not only in the south, but north of Mason and Dixon's line. Tom has been clothed and fed, which were essential conditions for the use that has been made of his talents; but he has nothing to show for the many thousands, probably a hundred thousand dollars that he has made for his master.

Tom's mother's now Washington, poor, dependent upon the charity of friends. She is a small woman, though blooded African in descent, but not black. Her complexion is that of the Creole men on the Liberia coast, which is described as dark brown. Her hair and features are African.

Her son Thomas, as she calls him, exhibited his wonderful musical talent before he was a year old. He was born entirely blind, but a surgical operation enabled him to see indistinctly; a faculty which he still retains, being able to distinguish large objects and to move about a room without a guide. In his infancy he was attracted by the singing of birds, the barking of dogs and similar sounds, and would endeavor to crawl to them. Hearing the piano in the house of his master, he would endeavor to crawl to it, and at length succeeded while the family were at dinner. They were all surprised to hear a tune played, and their surprise became amazement when they discovered that the little blind negro baby produced it.

Tom was born in 1849, and this wonderful discovery of his talent was made in 1851. His master, it is said, took him to Columbus, Georgia, and had him instructed in music, and began to exhibit him for money when only five years old. Tom remained a slave until the close of the war, when he was bound by his parents to Bethune, the master, for five years, at the end of which time he would become of age. The terms were, that his parents, Mingo and Charity Wiggins were to receive \$300 per annum, to be placed in a complete home with maintenance, and that Tom was to receive \$20 per month with 10 per cent on all profits.

The contract was for five years. Bethune paid some money from time to time, but never accounted for the profits, and shortly afterward removed to Virginia where he had an estate. On the 25th day of July, 1870 Bethune, without notice, it is said, to Tom's parents, whom he knew to be alive and resident in the wretched cabin in which he had placed them, near Columbus, had Tom committed to the keeping of his son, John G. Bethune, as a trustee. It is said that the summary process by which a freeman was deprived of his liberty, was gone through with by the court without requiring any of the safeguards which the laws have provided to be observed.

There was no examination by experts, nor notices to parents; and thus Tom was placed under the control of his old master, to become the servant of his old master's son. Bethune exhibited this alleged, or decreed, lunatic all over the country as a musical prodigy, and made immense sums of money. It is said that he made \$40,000 clear during one season in California. Young Bethune, Tom's committee, or master, it is said, has spent large sums in fine horses. The family were poor at the close of the war, and remained so until the revenue from Tom's talent made them rich.

Tom, in the meantime, has been kept in close confinement, oftentimes under lock and key, and no person has been allowed to communicate with him. He has grown up in absolute ignorance of everything except music. For several years at a time he was not returned to his mother, and then only for a few days. He knows nothing of either divine or human relations, except implicit obedience to his master.

John G. Bethune died in 1884. His father, James N. Bethune, who was on the commitment bond for \$20,000, went into the Fauquier court, where Tom had been committed as a lunatic in 1870, and had himself appointed a committee to take charge of Tom. Another son took the father's place as bondman in the reduced amount of \$5,000. The second committee judge waived the legal requirements of the certificates of physicians or other witnesses; and, indeed, an examination by physicians or others would have been impossible, as Tom at that time was on exhibition in Charlotte, in North Carolina, 400 or 500 miles from Fauquier Court House.

It was not until this second commitment of Tom to the Bethunes as a lunatic, that his poor, ignorant mother in her Georgia cabin, was made aware of the fact that he was held and bound in that way. He had been practically held as a slave for fourteen years without her knowledge. Her husband died the year before in extreme poverty, without having seen his son in a dozen years. The Bethunes were rolling in wealth, earned by Tom, while his parents were living and dying in destitution in the wilds of Georgia. The old woman says she was not able to buy medicine for her children for whom she had twenty, thirteen being now alive. It is needless to add that she was unable to procure counsel.

It was under such circumstances that some persons volunteered assistance. Tom was playing in New Orleans. He was taken to New York and a writ of habeas corpus was sued out for Tom. The object being to try the question of legal custody claimed by Bethune. To avoid the inquiry Bethune ran away, taking Tom with him. The mother then determined to pursue the Bethunes, and if possible, reclaim her son. She went to New York with her children to establish her residence and become a citizen of that state. Bethune came back to Virginia, exhibiting Tom in the small towns, but avoiding publicity as much as possible. When he reached Warrenton, the county seat of Fauquier county, Tom's mother presented her petition for a writ of habeas corpus. At first the judge refused to issue the writ; but after sending for and consulting with Bethune, he consented to do so, and set a day for the hearing. The petition set forth the facts

that Tom had been committed without legal examination, that he had not been submitted to the jurisdiction of the court, that he had not been examined by a physician, that no witnesses had testified to his insanity, that he was deprived of his liberty without due process of law, that he was exhibited for gain by his committee, contrary to law, that he derived no benefit for such gain or profit, that he was deprived of access to or intercourse with his mother and family, that he was subject to such cruel treatment that his mind was not allowed to develop, that he was intentionally kept in ignorance and prevented from knowing what his rights and his committee, knowing and intentionally, kept him in a state of imbecility for the purpose of making gain and profit out of his condition, that his present state of imbecility was the result of systematic and intentional treatment by his committee, that he was not a lunatic at the time he was committed, and is not a lunatic at the present time, that he is entitled to his liberty because he is sane, and the mother demanded in open court that her son be examined and if found sane that he be returned to his family and friends, that the Bethunes had been robbing him for twenty years under legal forms without her knowledge or consent.

Bethune answered by simply presenting the commitment under which he had acted and the judge decided that that was sufficient. The court had said in 1870 that it was satisfied that Tom was a lunatic; he would not examine him because that sentence in 1870 was conclusive. The presumption was, if he were a lunatic in 1870 he was a lunatic in 1884. He therefore remained Tom back to the custody of Bethune, and added by way of emphasis, that James N. Bethune was the only man who should have charge of him. This was equivalent to declaring by this Fauquier judge that no sane man could ever be declared a lunatic must remain a lunatic forever, and that the committee who exhibited the lunatic in public and realized large sums from it, which he appropriated to his own use, was the only proper person to be entrusted with the responsible duty.

The counsel for the mother, of course, excepted to this ruling, and set out their exceptions in full. The judge signed them, and they form part of a record in this case.

In this extremity the counsel for the mother turned to the courts of the United States. The judge before Judge Hughes of the eastern division of Virginia with a new petition, setting forth that her son was held in slavery and had not received the benefit of the emancipation laws of the United States, that he was held in involuntary servitude with a view to process of law. Judge Hughes granted a writ and made it returnable at Alexandria, Virginia, where he was holding a circuit court.

At the hearing he decided that the allegation of slavery was not sustained, and that he had no right to examine into the finding of the court of Fauquier county. He examined Tom as to the hearing, and Tom answered that he simply that he wished to remain with the Bethunes; that he was treated kindly; that he did not want to go with his mother; that the people who were seeking him would take away his piano and not allow him to play, and he did not know what they would do to him. But at the suggestion of counsel for the petitioner, he as promptly replied that he was instructed by the Bethunes to make these answers; that the Bethunes told him his mother would take his piano from him, and not let him play, and that the Bethunes had a gang who would do him any injury.

Judge Hughes, in his concluding remarks, said if Tom were set at liberty, it was evident he would go back to Bethune. He could not examine the question of sanity, because he had no jurisdiction in the case. The commitment of the court of Fauquier county being conclusive on that question. Under all the circumstances of the case, he would recommend the prisoner to the respondent; but would recommend that the petitioner appeal this case to the United States supreme court. The writ was dismissed, each party paying his own costs.

It appears from this statement that Bethune, since the expiration of his contract with Tom's parents, has been under no legal obligation than to clothe and feed his ward. That contract expired by limitation in 1870, since which time, as the guardian or committee on the alleged lunatic, Bethune has accumulated a fortune, and no thanks to poor old Charity Wiggins, the mother of his valuable property. The studied and it seems, successful attempt to alienate the affections of the child from the mother, is the crowning infamy of this business.

Will not some equity court be empowered to make Bethune account to Tom for his earnings?

"The Orphan's Door." A great stir has recently been made in London by a pamphlet with this title, showing the utter misery of the degraded classes. Many of the poor people have been taken to their misery by strong drink. But many others are suffering from broken down constitutions. If such people were helped up by giving them Brown's Iron Bitters, the sum of human misery would be greatly lessened. Spend a dollar at the druggists and give some needy invalid a bottle of this invaluable tonic.

Making up the Loss. Rochester Post Express. "I don't understand how the railroad can afford to reduce the fare to one cent a mile." "Oh, it's very simple." "They have to make up the loss in some way." "They do." "Make the sleeping car porter divide with the company."

Malaria prevented and thoroughly eradicated by DeWitt's Pure Malt Whiskey. 50c per bottle, sold by Druggists and Grocers.

The Longest Flight on Record. Philadelphia Times. One of the flock of ten homing pigeons belonging to Dr. W. B. Johnson, of Keyport, N. J., that was set free at Bristol, Pa., on Wednesday at 7:51 a. m., lay got home on Thursday at 7:51 a. m., having made the fastest time on record for a 500-mile flight. Nothing has yet been heard of the pigeons that were set free at New Orleans on June 25, and July 2, and 3 to 10 home to Keyport and Brooklyn. The distance is 1,150 miles, the longest flight yet attempted in this country. The owners of the pigeons are not uneasy as to the delay. The birds were moulted, and it is expected they will reach their destination in a day or two. Ten homing pigeons from Philadelphia were freed at Pensacola, Fla., on Wednesday by 9:30 a. m. to Philadelphia.

The produce exports from New York during the past week were valued at \$6,125,320.

Returning from Strange Lands. Jones had been in Europe for three months, and as he landed at the station on his return home, and proudly grasped his valise that was covered with foreign steamship and railroad labels, he felt that the admiring welcome he would receive from friends and acquaintances would fall little short of an ovation.

The first friend whom he met said: "Hello, Jones. Going away?" "Going away," repeated Jones, with some disgust. "I've been away, Europe, three months. Took in London, Paris, Vienna, Berlin." "I think of going away myself," interrupted his friend. "I think a week at the seashore." "Good morning," said Jones, hurrying on.

The next man he met said: "Been away, Jones?" "Yes," he replied, with lessened enthusiasm, "been in Europe for three months. Was all over the continent, and saw everything worth seeing." "Come to think of it, I believe I did hear something about your being in Europe. Well, so long, old man."

The next person Jones encountered asked him when he expected to take his summer vacation, and by the time he reached his house his enthusiasm was so far gone that he gave his left hand to his wife, and bestowed a grateful look in the direction of the dog, which stood on the porch, wagging a welcome with his tail.

The Virtue of Oatmeal. A Scot writes to the editor of the New York Sun as follows: "I read this in the suburbs. 'The Physician's Investigator has watched for a number of years the effect of oatmeal on children, and thinks it makes them weak, mentally and physically. As an exclusive diet it impoverishes the blood. The Scotch, though strong, are a dyspeptic race, and at all events, what is good for them is not necessarily so for us in this climate.'"

This is a fair sample of the sort of rubbish which medical cranks are so fond of giving to the world. A short time ago one of them denounced the use of tomatoes for food, as causing cancer, and many persons, on the strength of this absurd statement, discarded them from their tables. As to oatmeal, I would say: 1. I have lived some years in Scotland and I know that dyspepsia is far less prevalent there than in England or the United States. Those who have it are, as a rule, those who have discarded oatmeal as too plebeian and have adopted a richer and less wholesome diet, with copious drenchings of tea. 2. No one ever proposed to use it as an exclusive diet, but used with other articles it is highly nourishing and sanative in its effects on the stomach and intestines. Constipation, that bane of civilization, is unknown among oatmeal eaters. 3. As to its specific effects on children, my observation leads me to think it the ideal food. I have six of my own, and should be glad to match them for bone, sinew and brain with an equal number of American children fed on milk, wheat, cakes, pork, pie, baked goods, beans and other abominations. They have all eaten oatmeal freely, with other things, and we are now experimenting successfully on the second generation.

A Fit of Abstraction. A dry goods clerk took his girl out for some ice cream the other night, and in a moment of absent-mindedness, thinking that he was waiting upon a customer, said cordially: "Anything else?" She took lemonade and cake.

Pozzoni. No name is better and more pleasantly and widely known than that of Mr. J. A. Pozzoni. For many years he has made himself famous by the elegant perfume and complexion powder that bear his name, the latter having found its way to the boudoirs of Paris, Germany and London. Everybody admires beauty in ladies. Nothing will do more to produce or enhance it than a use of Mr. Pozzoni's preparations.

His Late Brother-in-Law. A fashionable Austin lady, immediately after the death of her husband married his brother. A visitor at the house noticed the picture of her late husband, and asked who it was. "It is," she replied, heartily, "my deceased brother-in-law."

"Mine, too," laconically remarked the new husband.

The Proper Study of Mankind is Man. says the illustrious Pope. If he had included woman in the list, he would have been nearer the truth, if not so poetical. Dr. R. V. Pierce has made them both a life study, especially woman, and the peculiar arrangements to which her delicate system is liable. Many women in the land who are acquainted with Dr. Pierce's "Favorite Prescription," bless him with all their hearts, for he has brought them the panacea of all those chronic ailments peculiar to their sex; such as leucorrhoea, prolapsus and other displacements, ulceration, "internal fever," bloating, tendency to internal cancer, and other ailments. Prices reduced to one dollar. By druggists.

A Queer Recruiting Officer. New York Star. "Recruits Wanted. U. S. Army." stood the sign, and in front of the office stood a fine-looking soldier in a new uniform. "How is the recruiting business," I asked. "Poor enough. We are not averaging five recruits a week." "Then your efforts at obtaining accessions to Uncle Sam's army are not very successful?" "Successful! Why, I do my best to keep people from enlisting," was the startling response. "That's scarcely consistent with your position," I replied. "But it is with my conscience. It is a cat-and-dog's life, and to any likely-looking young fellow that wants to join I say, 'Keep away, if you don't want a life of slavery.' If it wasn't for Homer I should be in a better business myself."

I walked on, and pondered the strange anomaly of a recruiting officer who did his best to prevent the hiring of recruits.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria. When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria. When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria. When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

Real Estate Bedford & Souer

213 South 14th Street, Have a large list of inside business and residence property, and some of the finest suburban property in and around the city.

We have business property on Capitol Avenue, Dodge, Douglas, Farnam, Harney, Howard, 9th, 10th, 13th and 16th streets. We have fine residence property on Farnam, Douglas, Dodge, Davenport, Chicago, Cass, California streets, Sherman, St. Marys and Park Avenues, in fact on all the best residence streets. We have property in the following additions.

- Hawthorne-Millard & Caldwell's Lakes, Elizabeth Place, E. V. Smith's, Horbach's, Patrick's, Parker's, Shinn's, Gise's, Nelson's, Armstrong's, Godfrey's, Lowe's, Kirkwood, College Place, Park Place, Walnut Hill, West End, Boegs & Hill, Capitol, Reed's First, McCormick's, Kountz & Ruth's, Impr't Association Wilcox, Burr Oak, Isaac & Seldon's, Hanscom's West Omaha, Grand View, Credit Foncier, Kountz' First, Kountz' Second, Kountz' Third, Kountz' Fourth, Syndicate Hill, Plainview, Hill Side, Tukey & Kevsors, Thornburg, Clark Place, Myers & Richards Bouds,

And all the other Additions to the City.

South Omaha.

We have the agency for the syndicate lands in South Omaha. These lots sell from \$225 upwards, and are very desirable property. The development of the packing house and other interests there, are rapidly building up that portion of the city.

Kirkwood. We have a few lots left in Kirkwood addition, which we offer at low prices, terms \$25 down balance \$10 per month. These lots are on high level ground and are desirable.

Hawthorne. This addition is more centrally located than any other new addition near the best Schools in the city. All the streets are being put to grade the grades have been established by the city council, and is very desirable residence property, only 15 blocks from Post office, prices lower than adjoining additions for a home or investment. These lots cannot be beaten.

- FOR SALE--House and lot on 21st St. Easy terms. FOR SALE--22 feet on Farnam St., near 11th St., \$5,000. FOR SALE--Lot in Walnut Hill, \$200. FOR SALE--Lots on 20th, \$550 each. FOR SALE--22 acres with elegant residence, good barn, fine trees, shrubbery, fruit, hot and cold water and all conveniences; first class property in every respect. FOR SALE--65 feet on Farnam street, near 15th. Good business property cheap. FOR RENT--Room 4475, 54 floor, on 14th street.

We will furnish conveyance free to any part of the city to show property to our friends and customers, and cheerfully give information regarding Omaha Property. Those who have bargains to offer or wish property at a bargain, are invited to see us.

BEDFORD & SOUER Real Estate Agents 213 S. 14th St. bet. Farnam & Douglas