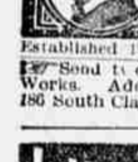
A QUESTION ABOUT
Brown's Iron Bitters
ANSWERED.

The question has probably been asked thousands of times, "How can Brown's Iron Bitters cure everything?" Well, it doesn't. But it does cure any disease for which a reputable physician would prescribe IRON. Physicians recognize Iron as the best restorative agent known to the profession, and inquiry of any leading chemical firm will substantiate the assertion that there are more preparations of iron than of any other substance used in medicine. This shows conclusively that iron is acknowledged to be the most important factor in successful medical practice. It is, however, a remarkable fact, that prior to the discovery of BROWN'S IRON BITTERS no perfectly satisfactory iron combination had ever been found. BROWN'S IRON BITTERS does not injure the teeth, cause headache, or produce constipation—all other iron medicines do. BROWN'S IRON BITTERS cures Indigestion, Biliousness, Weakness, Dyspepsia, Malaria, Chills and Fevers, Tired Feeling, General Debility, Pain in the Side, Back or Limbs, Headache and Neuralgia—for all these ailments Iron is prescribed daily. BROWN'S IRON BITTERS, however, does not cure in a minute. Like all other thorough medicines, it acts slowly. When taken by men the first symptom of benefit is renewed energy. The muscles then become firmer, the digestion improves, the bowels are active. In women the effect is usually more rapid and marked. The eyes begin at once to brighten; the skin clears up; healthy color comes to the cheeks; nervousness disappears; functional derangements become regular, and if a nursing mother, abundant sustenance is supplied for the child. Remember Brown's Iron Bitters is the ONLY iron medicine that is not injurious. *Physicians and Druggists recommend it.*
The Genuine has Trade Mark and crossed red lines on wrapper. TAKE NO OTHER.

GRAND
CHARTER OAK STOVE
The BEST of All
and Unequalled in the BROAD CLAIM of being the
VERY BEST OPERATING,
QUICKEST SELLING AND
MOST PERFECT COOKING STOVE
Ever offered to the public.


PRIVATE
Chronic & Nervous Diseases Quick, Sure Cures. A written guarantee given in every case undertaken. Established 1851.
Send two stamps for Celebrated Medical Works. Address, F. D. CLARKE, M. D., 186 South Clark Street, CHICAGO, ILL.

ORIGINAL
LITTLE HAVANA
GOULD & CO'S.
IS CONDUCTED BY
Royal Havana Lottery!
(A GOVERNMENT INSTITUTION.)
Drawn at Havana Cuba,
Every 10 to 14 Days.
Tickets in Fifths; wholes $5; Fractions pro rata.
Subject to no manipulation, not controlled by the parties in interest. It is the fairest thing in the nature of chance in existence.
For tickets apply to SHIPSEY & CO., 1212 Broadway, N. Y. City; or M. OTTENS & CO, 619 Main St. Kansas City, Mo.

Frightful Case of a Colored Man.

I contracted a fearful case of blood poison in 1883. I was treated by some of the best physicians in Atlanta. They used the old remedies of mercury and potash, which brought on rheumatism, and impaired my digestive organs. Every joint in me was swollen and full of pain. When I was given up to die my physicians thought it would be a good time to test the virtues of Swift's Specific. When I commenced taking S. S. S., the physician said I could not live two weeks under the ordinary treatment. He commenced to give me the medicine strictly according to directions, which I continued for several months. I took nothing else and continued to improve from the very first. Soon the rheumatism left me, my appetite became all right, and the ulcers which the doctor said were the most frightful he had ever seen, began to heal, and by the 1st of October, 1884, I was a well man again. I am stronger now than I ever was before, and weigh more. S. S. S. has saved me from an early grave.

LEM MCCLENDON.

Lem McClendon has been in the employ of the Chess-Carley company for some years, and I know the above statements to be true. At the time he began taking Swift's Specific he was in a horrible condition. I regard his cure almost miraculous.

W. B. CROSBY, Manager,
Chess-Carley Co., Atlanta Division.
Atlanta, Ga., April 18th, 1885.

For sale by all druggists.
Treatise on blood and skin diseases mailed free.
THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Drawer 3, Atlanta, Ga., N. Y., 157 W. 23d St.

DR. RICE,
322 Market Street, Louisville, Ky.
PRIVATE COUNSELOR

Manhood Restored
REMEDY FREE.—A victim of youthful imprudence causing Premature Decay, Nervous Debility, Lost Manhood, &c., having tried in vain every known remedy, has discovered a simple means of self-cure, which he will send FREE to his fellow-sufferers. Address J. H. REEVES, 43 Chatham St. New York.

Imported Beer
IN BOTTLES.

Erlanger	Bavaria	Culmbacher	Bavaria
Pilsner	Bohemian	Kaiser	Bremen

DOMESTIC.

Budweiser	St. Louis	Anhauser	St. Louis
Best's	Milwaukee	Schlitz-Pilsner	Milwaukee
Krug's	Omaha	Ale, Porter, Domestic and Rhine Wines.	

ED MAURER, 1213 Farnam St.

NERVOUS DEBILITY
Premature Decline from errors or excesses, Lost Power. Diseases of the Kidneys, Bladder, and Prostate Gland CURED without Stomach Medicines by the Marston Bolus. Varicocele cured without surgery. Treatise and testimonials free. All correspondence confidential. MARSTON REMEDY CO., or DR. H. TRESKOW. 46 West 14th Street, NEW YORK.

OMAHA
SAVINGS BANK!
Cor. 13th and Douglas Sts.
Capital Stock, - - - $150,000
Liability of Stockholders, 300,000
Five Per Cent Interest Paid on Deposits
LOANS MADE ON REAL ESTATE.
Officers & Directors
JAMES E. BOYD .... President
W. A. PAXTON .... Vice President
L. M. BENNETT .... Managing Director
JOHN E. WILBUR .... Cashier
CHAS. F. MANDERSON, THOS. L. KIMBALL,
J. W GANNETT, MAX MEYER,
HENRY PUNDT E. L. STONE.

A THRILLING SCENE.

The Fourth in Andersonville Twenty-one Years Ago.

Thirty Thousand Voices Singing the National Anthem—An Ex-Rebel Describes the Scene and the Sound.

"Rob Roy" in Indianapolis Sentinel.

Coming out of the woods into a small field of young cotton, the old gentleman paused and told us we were standing on ground that was a part of the old prison pen. There was no sign at this point of ditch or stockade. The field was freshly plowed and the growing plants green and strong. The crop was that of a colored man whose home we might have guessed was near to us through the copse of young pines to our right. Graham temporarily forgot the historic interest of the spot to listen to the rich melody and eccentric beating of time by the score of singers. Walking across the little field we came to a ravine and the spot where "Providence spring" had spouted up its waters into the prison with a suddenness causing the prisoners to deem it a miracle wrought by heaven in their behalf. Still strolling on we reached where had been the entrance to the stockade. The cabin whence the singing came was not a hundred yards distant, and so enjoyable was the sound of it that we involuntarily ceased conversation to drink it in.

"You think that worth listening to," said our venerable escort, when the song was ended; "but over twenty years ago I heard, just where we now are, a grander song—the noblest burst of vocal melody that ever fell on mortal ear."

We asked that he tell of the occasion. We seated ourselves upon a fallen tree, but the old gentleman remained standing before us, cane and hat in hand.

"It was a chorus of more than 30,000 throats within the stockade there, celebrating the Fourth of July, 1864. It was under circumstance such—but let me explain the circumstances."

He placed his hat on a stump near him and transferred his cane to his left hand.

"The 1st day of July, 1864," he resumed, "there were nearly 34,000 prisoners confined there. The weather, excessively hot, was producing much summer sickness among the soldiery guarding the prison. The latter was largely composed of Georgia state troops from the northern counties. To remove both from the region of their homes the militia of the southern counties was taken to Atlanta and that of the mountain section assigned to duty at Andersonville and other southern points. So prevalent became malarial illness among the latter and so often was it fatal that they became demoralized. Add to this source of uneasiness the steady advance of Sherman's army, desolating the homes of many of them, and leaving their families without bread. Such was the anxiety of these men that by the 1st of July the guard had become smartly decimated by desertions. The nights of the 1st and 2d over 300 desertions were added. One entire company marched off, rank and file, taking their arms with them. Wirtz's inhumanity toward them lent an additional sense of self-justification for their action. This decimation of the guard had by the 3d become a serious affair to the commander of the post, and when at nightfall Wirtz became suspicious that the prisoners had gotten wind of the situation, and might be planning a break for liebrty, he telegraphed Gen. Cobb, commander of the the third military district, with headquarters at Macon, for reinforcements. But Cobb had none to send, and could only promise to come in person.

"The following morning, the 4th of July, discovered yet further diminution of our force. I went on guard about 9 o'clock. My position was at the top of the stockade wall; about there," pointing a little to the right of where had been the entrance. "The scenes within the prison were somewhat unusual. Here and there groups would form and hold undertoned conversations. Witnessing this, Wirtz grew yet more uneasy and ordered all his force under arms.

"A little after 11 o'clock Capt. Wirtz and Gen. Winder, with a small escort, walked to the station. A few minutes later a lone locomotive came steaming through the pines from the direction of Macon, from which, when it drew up at the depot, stepped Gen. Cobb and two officers of his staff. There were a few minutes of conversation between them and Wirtz and Winder, and then the party, with the escort, marched toward the stockade.

"While Wirtz was forming the troops of the post into a hollow square, facing to the centre, Gen. Cobb and staff stood with Winder in the shade of yonder tree. Looking at Howell Cobb, I remembered his having been secretary of war of the United States. It was evident he was going to speak, and I was glad that my station was near enough to hear him. It was about five minutes before 12 o'clock noon when, accompanied by his staff, Writz, and Winder, he walked to the centre of the square and, with Wirtz's assistance, stepped upon the large stump you see there.

"'Soldiers of the Confederate States,' he began, 'what news is this that has been borne to our district commander from the commandant of this post? Can it be possible that soldiers of the south—Georgians—have been guilty of desertion—of abandoning the duty assigned them of guarding yonder horde of vandals, whom your more valorous brothers in arms have captured upon many a well-fought field?'

"At this instant, 12 o'clock, from the centre of the prison pen was heard a sound of song. Turning my eyes in that direction, I saw that several thousand men had congregated, while others were hastening toward the assemblage. Perhaps not more than fifty voices were wording the first verse of the familiar anthem. The speaker outside was continuing expressions of astonishment at what he had heard, when the chorus was reached, and with detonations like an explosion 5,000 voices pealed:

> The star-spangled banner, O long may it wave
> O'er the land of the free and the home of the brave!

"The song burst had startled the speaker or drowned his utterance, for he had suddenly stopped and turned his face toward it. When it had ceased, and only a few score voices were singing the second stanza, he commadded Wirtz: 'Go stop that noise!' Wirtz hastened away and Howell Cobb resumed:

"'Would you see that horde turned loose within that state to pillage and burn your homes, with your wives, sisters, and daughters at their mercy?'

"The verse was sung and the chorus reached again. The congregation numbered 10,000 more than before. Heavens! what a swell of sound! The very air seemed to quiver with the concussion—the stockade wall to tremble. The guards on mount were stunned with wonderment. Wirtz, who had reached the great gate, stood stock still as if paralyzed. The soldiers forming the square were all now facing the prison.

"The storm lulled, the speaker sought to resume, but his manner was disconcerted. Wirtz was moving nervously about, but essaying nothing. They heard the breeze of song sweeping the lines of the third stanza, but knew it only forboded the return of the tempest. And now it comes:

"There are 20,000 throats swelling the call of the pennant under which they had fought, and 5,000 more joined in the invocation:

> . . . O long may it wave
> O'er the land of the free and the home of the brave.

"The echo of the last words has but struck the branches of the pines when they begin to repeat. Higher, wider, deeper, stronger, louder the swell! It peals—it roars—it booms—it thunders! It is an artillery of song! The speaker outside stands transfixed. He has heard the anthem before, but never as now. Perhaps it is reminding him of the high position he but lately held under the flag it defines. The listeners appear almost panicked. A guardsmen's gun drops from his hand without his missing it.

"Again they repeat, and now the scene grows wild. Thirty thousand voices are clanging the chorus — 30,000 bosoms swelling with thought of country, and flag, and home, and loved ones from whom they are parted. Men with but one leg clamber up, and, supported by their stronger comrades, wave their caps aloft and join the chorus:

> The star-spangled banner, O, long may it wave
> O'er the land of the free and the home of the brave.

"Once more they repeat, and now all the prison is in the sky-rending peal—the very walls, the ground. Poor, fever-wasted frames, within an hour of dissolution from their spirits, half uprise, and propping upon one hand raise the withered fingers of the other aloft while they unite their cracked voices in the refrain they will never hear more:

> The star-spangled banner, O, long may it wave
> O'er the land of the free and the home of the brave.

Sweeney's Cat.

Bill Nye.

But I was going to speak more in particular about Mr. Sweeney's cat. Mr. Sweeney had a large cat named Dr. Mary Walker, of which he was very fond. Dr. Mary Walker remaned at the drug store all the time, and was known all the St. Paul as a quiet and reserved cat. If Dr. Mary Walker took in the town after office hours nobody seemed to know anything about it. She would be around bright and cheerful the next morning and attend to her duties at the store just as though nothing had ever happened.

One day last summer Mr. Sweeney left a large plate of fly-paper, with water on it, in the window, hoping to gather in a few quarts of flies in a deceased state. Dr. Mary Walker used to go to this window during the afternoon and look out on the busy street while she called up pleasant memories of her past life. That afternoon she thought she would up some more memories, so she went over on the counter and from there jumped down on the window-sill, landing with all four feet in the plate of fly-paper.

At first she regarded it as a joke and treated the matter very lightly, but later on she observed that the fly-paper stuck to her feet with great tenacity of purpose. Those who have never seen the look of surprise and deep sorrow that a cat wears when she finds herself glued to a whole sheet of fly-paper can not fully appreciate the way Dr. Mary Walker felt. She did not dash wildly through a $150 plate-glass window, as some cats would have done. She controlled herself and acted in the coolest manner, though you could have seen that mentally she suffered intensely. She sat down a moment to more fully outline a plan for the future. In doing so she made a great mistake. The gesture resulted in gluing the fly-paper to her person in such a way that the edge turned up behind in the most abrupt manner and caused her great inconvenience.

Some one at that moment laughed in a coarse and heartless way, and I wish you could have seen the look of pain that Dr. Mary Walker gave him.

Then she went away. She did not go around the prescription case as the rest of us did, but strolled through the middle of it and so on out through the glass door at the rear of the store. We did not see her go through the glass door, but we found pieces of fly paper and fur on the ragged edges of a large aperture in the glass, and we kind of jumped at the conclusion that Dr. Mary Walker had taken that direction in retiring from the room.

Dr. Mary Walker returned not to St. Paul, and her exact whereabouts is not known, though every effort was made to find her. Fragments of fly-paper and brindle hair were found as far west as Yellowstone National Park and as far north as the British line, but the doctor herself was not found. My own theory is that if she turned her bow to the west so as to catch the strong easterly gale on her quarter, with the sail she had set and her tail pointing toward the zenith, the chances for Dr. Mary Walker's immediate return are extremely slim.

A Lovely Complexion.

"What a lovely complexion," we often hear persons say. "I wonder what she does for it?" In every case the purity and real loveliness of the complexion depends upon the blood. Those who have sallow, blotchy faces may make their skin smooth and healthy by taking enough of Dr. Pierce's "Golden Medical Discovery" to drive out the humors lurking in the system.

It was Not a Sister's Love.

Boston Budget.

"Do I love George," mused Clara, softly, "or is it simply a sister's affection that I feel for—"

Just then Bobby burst noisily into the room and interrupted her sweet meditations.

"Get out of here, you little brat!" she shouted, and seizing him by the arm she shot him through the door.

"Ah, no," she sighed, as she assumed her interrupted train of thought, "my love for George is not a sister's love. It is something sweeter, higher and holier."

Sir Julius Vogel, the colonial treasurer of New Zealand, has made his financial statement. He estimates the revenue for the year 1885-86 at $20,650,000 and the expenditures at $20,500,000.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria,
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria,
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria,
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria

ADAMS EXPRESSES HIS VIEWS.

The President of the Union Pacific Says Colorado is No Good.

That the Union Pacific Would be Better Off if It Had No Property in That State.

Denver Tribune-Republican.

A reporter of the Tribune-Republican called upon Mr. Adams in order to learn the object of his present visit to Colorado. "The object of my visit," said Mr. Adams, "is to inspect the property of the Union Pacific railway, and, if possible, hit upon some plan whereby it may be placed on a better paying basis. As it is now our company is losing money by operating its lines in Colorado, and we would be very much better off if the Colorado lines could be cut off—swallowed by an earthquake, or otherwise lost. In fact, I doubt very much if the entire railway system of Colorado is paying operating expenses, much less making money for the owners.

WHERE LIES THE FAULT.

"To what do you attribute this great falling off in business; is it the fault of the state, or the general depression now prevalent all over the entire country?"

"To both. The low market price of lead and other metals has compelled us to haul the ores at a losing figure in order to allow the mine owners to operate their mines at all. The principal reason for the depression in Colorado, I believe to be the very rapid growth of the state. During the "boom" of 1879-'82 everything was prosperous, but as there was no foundation for it to set upon it had to fall as a natural consequence, and the extent of the fall can be estimated by the decrease in our Colorado business, viz: In 1882, the business of the Union Pacific railway in Colorado amounted to $2,300,000, and last year it amounted to $1,100,000, a decrease of about 60 per cent. While some of this is due to the natural depression all over the country, the greater part is due to causes confined strictly to this state.

What I consider to be the paramount cause for the present stagnation of business in Colorado is the manner in which the best resources of the state are neglected in the insane search for gold and silver. The resources I refer to are iron, anthracite coal, coking coal and paving stone. If the people would turn their attention to these industries and let the gold and silver go to the devil, they would be better off. It shall be the policy of the Union Pacific road to foster and build up these industries and wherever there is a good bed of anthracite coal or a good quarry of paving stone there a branch road will be built.

COLORADO PAVING STONE.

At the present time the towns and cities on and adjacent to the Missouri river get their paving stone from central New York, while Colorado possesses as good if not better stone in untold quantities. It is on these things and not the gold and silver resources that I base my hopes for the future. Colorado has the resources which, when developed, will make her a great state."

"But there are other industries," suggested the reporter, "besides gold and silver. The agricultural and stock industries are not by any means in their infancy."

"That is very true. I do not desire to be understood that Colorado has no future. As I said before, she has a grand future. California struggled along for years on the precious metal excitement, but it was not until after the inhabitants took to raising wheat and fruit that the state ever amounted to much. Nevada, the most abandoned state in the union, began with the Comstock and glorious visions. Now the people who are remaining are talking about raising cattle in the valleys. In short, a state or territory without any resources except the precious metals will never amount to much.

THE RAILROAD SITUATION.

"Mr. Adams, what is your opinion of the railroad situation in the United States at the present time?"

"My opinion is that there a great many roads—far too many—and that none of them are making any money whatever. I doubt if the New York Central or the Pennsylvania or any of those supposed 'best railways' are making any money, and that the Union Pacific is no worse off than any of the rest."

"Mr. Adams, what do you think of Reagan's inter-state commerce bill, and the objects sought to be attained by it?"

"I have expressed my opinion on that matter before the senate committee, and it was telegraphed all over the country. Is there anything else you would like to know?"

"Yes. It is generally stated in town that you propose to make some radical changes in the commercial department of the Union Pacific road before you go east. Is that true?"

"No, sir."

"Mr. Adams, your company recently purchased forty acres of land in Denver, near the Grant Smelter, and it has been stated that it was with the intention of moving to Denver your Omaha shops. Is that so?"

"Not that I know of. That is the first time I have ever heard of the matter."

As the reporter was about to leave, Mr. Adams said: "Now look here, young man, be sure you write what I have said to you in an intelligible manner, and don't make it nonsensical. I have a large number of men in my employ, and if you don't do as I tell you, I will detail some of them to shoot you full of holes."

The reporter promised to treat the great railroad man from Quincy, Massachusetts, in a proper manner, and then left.

The proprietor of the Nichols & Billyea process of preserving fruits—Col C. E. Davis, of Louisville, Ky., states that he lay on his back for three months with inflammatory rheumatism. He determined to try St. Jacobs Oil, and from the first application he improved so rapidly as to lay aside his cane.

H. S. ATWOOD,
Plattsmouth, Neb.
Breeder of thoroughbred and high grade
Hereford and Jersey Cattle,
And Duroc and Jersey Red Swine.

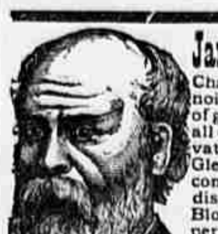
EDWARD KUEHL
MAGISTER OF PALMYSTERY AND CONDITIONALIST, 508 Tenth street, between Farnam and Harney will, with the aid of guardian spirits, obtaining for anyone glance in the past and present, and on certain conditions in the future. Boots and shoes made to order. Perfect satisfaction guaranteed.

CONSUMPTION.
I have a positive remedy for the above disease; by its use thousands of cases of the worst kind and of long standing have been cured. Indeed, so strong is my faith in its efficacy, that I will send TWO BOTTLES FREE, together with a VALUABLE TREATISE on this disease to any sufferer. Give express and P. O. address.
DR. T. A. SLOCUM, 181 Pearl St., New York.

ST. JACOBS OIL

THE GREAT
GERMAN REMEDY
FOR PAIN.
CURES
Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sciatica,
Lumbago, Backache, Headache, Toothache,
Sore Throat, Swellings, Sprains, Bruises,
Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites,
AND ALL OTHER BODILY PAINS AND ACHES.
Sold by Druggists and Dealers everywhere. Fifty Cents a bottle. Directions in 11 Languages.
THE CHARLES A. VOGELER CO.
(Successors to A. VOGELER & CO.) Baltimore, Md., U. S. A.

DOCTOR WHITTIER
617 St. Charles St., St. Louis, Mo.
A regular graduate of two Medical Colleges, has been longer engaged in the special treatment of Chronic, Nervous, Skin and Blood Diseases than any other Physician in St. Louis, as city papers show and all old residents know.
Nervous Prostration, Debility, Mental and Physical Weakness; Mercurial and other Affections of Throat, Skin or Bones, Blood Poisoning, old Sores and Ulcers, are treated with unparalleled success, on latest scientific principles. Safely, Privately.
Diseases Arising from Indiscretion, Excess, Exposure or Indulgence, which produce some of the following effects: nervousness, debility, dimness of sight and defective memory, pimples on the face, physical decay, aversion to the society of females, confusion of ideas, etc., rendering Marriage improper or unhappy, are permanently cured. Pamphlet (36 pages) on the above, sent in sealed envelope, free to any address. Consultation at office or by mail free, and invited. Write for questions.
A Positive Written Guarantee
given to all curable cases. Medicines sent everywhere.
Pamphlets, English or German, 64 pages, describing above diseases, in male or female, FREE.
MARRIAGE GUIDE!
260 pages, fine plates. Illustrated in cloth and gilt binding, 50c, money or postage; same, paper covers, 25c. This book contains all the curious, doubtful or inquisitive want to know. A book of great interest to all. Health, Beauty, Happiness are its theme.


James Medical Institute
Chartered by the State of Illinois for the express purpose of giving immediate relief in all chronic, urinary and private diseases. Gonorrhœa, Gleet and Syphilis in all their complicated forms, also all diseases of the Skin and Blood promptly relieved and permanently cured by remedies, tested in a *Forty Years Special Practice.* Seminal Weakness, Night Losses by Dreams, Pimples on the Face, Lost Manhood, *positively cured. There is no experimenting.* The appropriate remedy is at once used in each case. Consultations, personal or by letter, sacredly confidential. Medicines sent by Mail and Express. No marks on package to indicate contents or sender. Address
DR. JAMES, No. 204 Washington St., Chicago, Ill.

HARTER'S
THE ONLY TRUE
IRON TONIC
Will purify the BLOOD, regulate the LIVER and KIDNEYS, and RESTORE THE HEALTH and VIGOR of YOUTH. Dyspepsia, Want of Appetite, Indigestion, Lack of Strength, and Tired Feeling absolutely cured. Bones, muscles and nerves receive new force. Enlivens the mind and supplies Brain Power.
LADIES suffering from complaints peculiar to their sex will find in DR. HARTER'S IRON TONIC a safe and speedy cure. Gives a clear, healthy complexion. Frequent attempts at counterfeiting only add to the popularity of the original. Do not experiment—get the ORIGINAL AND BEST.
(Send your address to The Dr. Harter Med. Co. St. Louis, Mo., for our "DREAM BOOK." Full of strange and useful information, free.)

LOOSE'S EXTRACT
RED
CLOVER BLOSSOM
The Great Blood Purifier.

IT CURES
CANCERS, HUMORS, SORES, ULCERS, SWELLINGS, TUMORS, ABCESSES, BLOOD POISONING, CATARRH, SALT RHEUM, ERYSIPELAS, RHEUMATISM, and all blood and skin diseases.
PRICE $1 PER PINT BOTTLE.
LOOSE'S RED CLOVER PILLS, Cure Sick Headache, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, and Constipation. Boxes of 25 pills 25 cents; 5 boxes $1. LOOSE'S RED CLOVER PILE REMEDY, sure cure, 50c per box. For sale by all druggists, or address J. M. LOOSE & CO., Monroe, Mich. Send for testimonials.

PENNYROYAL PILLS
"CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH."
The Original and Only Genuine.
Safe and always Reliable. Beware of worthless Imitations. Indispensable to LADIES. Ask your Druggist for "Chichester's English" and take no other, or inclose 4c. (stamps) to us for particulars in letter by return mail. NAME PAPER. Chichester Chemical Co., 2818 Madison Square, Philada., Pa.
At Druggists. Trade supplied by J. A. Fuller & Co.
une17

A FINE LINE OF
Pianos & Organs
—AT
WOODBRIDGE BROS.,
THE ONLY EXCLUSIVE
MUSIC HOUSE
IN OMAHA NEB.

Town Lots in Denver Junction Weld County, Colorado.

Denver Junction is a new town of about 200 inhabitants, laid out in 1884, on the great trunk railway across the continent, at the junction of the Julesburg Branch, 197 miles from Denver. The town is on second bottom land of the Platte River, the finest location between Omaha and Denver, and is surrounded by the best-laying lands west of Kearney Junction, Neb.; climate healthy and bracing; altitude 3,600 feet. Denver Junction bids to become an important point, as the U. P. R. R. Co., are putting up many of their buildings here, while the B. & M. R. R. Co., are expected soon to connect at this place. The present chance for good investments in town lots will scarcely ever be equaled elsewhere. For sale by the lot or block in good terms by

H. M. WOOLMAN,
Agent, Denver Junction Colo.

A BEAUTIFUL TOWN

ELEGANTLY LOCATED.

Large Lots at Reasonable Prices.

A Good Investment

South Omaha.

Since the completion of the new packing and slaughter houses, South Omaha is making a wonderful ane rapid growth. Besides the large pork and beef house erected for Hammond & Co., other dealers have commenced the erection of similar institutions and still others are contemplated for the near future. Several dwellings have been built and twenty or thirty are now building. Employment is now furnished to about one hundred and fifty families, and conservative estimates place the figure at eight hundred to one thousand families that will find employment there a year hence. This offers great inducements to laboring men to secure homes now while they are cheap. Speculators will also find it to their advantage to buy at present prices. The company have made no change from the original prices, but some parties who first purchased lots have resold them at splendid profits, in some cases at double the purchase price. If in so short a ime handsome profits are made, what will be the result when everything is fully developed? In the few other cities that are favored with a first class cattle market, fortunes have been made by investors in real estate, and the same is certain to follow in South Omaha. While the whole city of Omaha will be greatly benefitted by the growth and development of the cattle interest, South Omaha lots will enhance in value more rapidly than any other by reason of the proximity to the works.

MANUFACTURERS.

Manufacturers of all kinds will find it to their advantage to inspect this property; good location, level grounds, track facilities and plenty of good pure water furnished by the South Omaha Water Works. In fact, every facility to make desirable for manufacturers, including cheap ground.

BUSINESS MEN

Will find it profitable to select property now, as a year or two hence with a population of 5000 to 10,000 people,

this will become a desirable place for all kinds of business, and lots bought now, can be had at very reasonable prices which will double in price many times in the next two years.

EVERYBODY,

Rich or poor, will find it profitable to make investments in this property. Free conveyance at all times will be furnished by us to parties wishing to see this wonderful new town and learn of its advantages. We have entire charge of, and are the exclusive agents for the sale of all this property from G streets south. Splendid lots from $225 upwards.

BEDFORD & SOUER

213 S. 14th STREET,

We have desirable business and residence property for sale in all parts of Omaha and do a general real estate business. We solicit buyers and sellers to call on us. We will give them all possible information free, and keep conveyance free to show property in any part of the city.

Bedford & Souer,