THE OMAHA DAILY BEE.

THIRTEENTH YEAR. OMAHA, NEB., THURSDAY MORNING, JUNE 4, 1885. NO. 247

UPSET.

The Civil Service Regulations Being Overhauled.

Financial Failure of the New Orleans Exposition.

More Spoils Bequeathed—The Cabinet Shuts Down on Visitors—Department Gossip.

THE DAY IN WASHINGTON.

GENERAL EVENTS.

WASHINGTON, June 3.—The Post prints the following: Joseph B. Fowler, dismissed from the position as chief of the pension division of the third auditor's office of the treasury department, yesterday was appointed a third class clerk in the same division, a position within the classification of civil service. This appointment raises another question for the civil service commission. It is said to be illegal on the ground that Fowler's dismissal severed his connection with the government and it is held that he could not be reappointed without going through the civil service examination and being legally certified. Should the commission decide the appointment legal the head of the bureau could remove the chiefs of divisions and fill the positions by appointment under the precedent made in the case of Fowler, that these appointees can be reduced to clerks, the removal of the latter creating the desired vacancies. New chiefs of divisions can then be appointed.

The reduction of Mr. Fowler to a third class clerkship from the position of chief, which was excepted from the civil service rules, was made according to the rules which provide that if a man was appointed and accepted position—that is a position not protected by the law—before the law was passed, he may be reduced to the classified rank, but if he was appointed since the passage of the law he cannot be so reduced. Commissioner Gregory informed a reporter to-day that there had been several such cases, two or three in the treasury, one in the post-office and some in the other departments, and the reduction had been uniformly allowed. When the official had held his office before the law went into effect in one case a man who was chief exchanged places with a third-class clerk. But this, he said, did not open up a way for averting the civil service examination, as any man now appointed to be chief of division, would be debarred from the classified service, except through the regular course. The law is very clear on the subject, and no attempt is being made to evade it.

Sixth Auditor of the Treasury McConville, speaking to-day of the recent changes in his office, said they were made for the purpose of increasing the efficiency of the service. There were 370 clerks in the office, and he thought of this number there were probably sixty whose services could be dispensed with This number of changes would not be made immediately, but would take place He had made no discharges except for cause, and when vacancies occurred in the classified service he depended on the civil service to supply the new material. He observed the civil service laws, and knew of no instances where it had been violated. He did not believe there was any disposition on the part of the administration to disregard the rules.

The president has amended rule 9 of the civil service rules, relating to the examination of applicants to office, by inserting after the words "no person dismissed from the public service for misconduct" and before the words "shall be admitted to examination within two years thereafter," the following words, "and no person who has not been absolutely appointed or employed after probation."

The comptroller of the currency to-day extended the corporate existence of the First National bank, of Grinnell, Ia., for a period of twenty years.

The secretary of the treasury has received from the board of managers of the world's industrial exposition, at New Orleans, a statement of the indebtedness, of which the following is a recapitulation: "Undisputed indebtedness, $253,345; disputed indebtedness claimed, $150,337; rejected, $72,752; admitted, 77,585; premiums, $66,388; total amount of claims, $397,318; appropriations, $335,000; differences, $62,381.

Secretary Whitney has designated Admiral J. W. Nicholson, retired, as the naval member of the prize court to be appointed by the United States district judge at New York to examine the officers of the Ambrose Light recently capured by the Alliance, for alleged violation of the neutrality laws. Five prisoners, including the captain and mate, were captured by the Alliance.

The board recently appointed by the president to examine and report on the defenses and fortifications of the United States, met at the war department this morning—Secretary Endicott, president of the board, Gen. Bennett, chief of ordnance, E. G. Newton, chief of engineers, Gen. Abbott, of the engineer corps, Capt. Saith, of the ordnance department Commanders Simpson and Goodrich, of the navy, John Morgan, of Philadelphia, and E. Corning, of New York. A general discussion of the purposes of the act was indulged in, and a resolution was adopted providing for the appointment of a committee to collect and arrange the information called for by congress.

Among the new officers appointed to-day were:

Collector of internal revenue—John H. Farley, the eighteenth district of Ohio; Thomas C. Bronston, eighth district of Kentucky.

Deputy third auditor of the treasury, William Welsh, of Maryland, vice A. M. Gangemer, of Ohio, resigned by request. Welsh is a well known newspaper man, and was for many years editor of the Baltimore Gazette. He lived in Pennsylvania for several years, and served in the state Senate. His appointment was urged by Randall, of Pennsylvania and Representative Kindley, of Maryland.

The members of the cabinet have decided to follow President Cleveland's plan hereafter and receive no visitors on Saturdays.

A. G. Menocal, civil engineer, United States navy, reported his arrival at New York from Nicaragua, where he has been in charge of a party surveying a canal route.

The acting secretary of state received to-day from United States minister to Madrid, a cablegram stating that a government commission had declared the existence of an Asiatic cholera epidemic in the Spanish province of Valencia.

The secretary of the navy has not yet examined the record of the court of inquiry in the case of Paymaster-General Smith, and nothing official can be learned regarding the findings. It is stated, however, that the evidence, while not establishing any collusion with the contractors, showed such negligence and irregularity in the matter of contracts that the secretary will be likely to order a court-martial.

Gen. Black, commissioner of pensions, has decided to not take favorable action on the application for pension by a soldier who deserted from his second term of service and again enlisted, during which enlistment, he alleges, he was disabled. The claimant, Black says, must seek relief through the war department or through congress. The commissioner also rejected the claim of a soldier who entered the service as a substitute and deserted on his way to his regiment, and having been captured and tried by a court-martial, was sentenced, among other things, to make good the time lost by his desertion. It was during his service under his sentence that the disease attacked him and disability followed for which he claimed a pension.

A Villainous Chinaman.

GRAND RAPIDS, Mich., June 3.—Sam Long, an aged Chinaman, called at Love's saloon, yesterday afternoon, drank a glass of beer and refused to pay for it on the ground that Love's son owed him for laundry work. An altercation ensued and the Chinaman was pushed out. He turned and broke a vile compound in Allie Love's face, who was taken sick immediately with convulsions. A canvasser of rubber stamps happened in, saw the trouble and at once procured an antidote which saved the life of the young man, though he is still very weak, and the pupils of his eyes greatly distended. Two doctors called and said they would not have known what antidote to have given. Long will be arrested on the charge of assault with intent to kill. The fumes of the compound made every one in the room sick. The composition of the poison is known only to the Chinese and religionists.

BAYARD IN ST. LOUIS.

THE SECRETARY OF STATE TELLS OF WHAT A GREAT AND GOOD MAN HE IS.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., June 3.—The Hon. Thomas F. Bayard, secretary of state, arrived here this morning from Washington, en route to Columbia, Mo., to deliver the annual address before the students of the state university. The distinguished visitor was met at the depot by Senator Vest and a committee of citizens, who escorted him in a carriage over the bridge to the Southern hotel, where he was received by Mayor Francis and a committee of prominent citizens with a brief address of welcome.

After breakfast at the Southern hotel Bayard was escorted by the reception committee to the merchants exchange, where members met him. The public were admitted to the main hall, which was packed to suffocation. After an informal reception in the reading room of the exchange he was introduced to the throng in the main hall, and after the applause closed delivered a short address, in which he said:

"I would like all to feel the satisfaction it affords me to meet for the first time such a large body of men who have done so much to advance the interests of this great sea of country. In my mind the Mississippi valley occupies as important a position as the Atlantic and the Pacific coasts. I have always tried to do as much for this country as for another. I appeal to every congressman, every senator, every man with whom I have been associated in public life, to prove that nobody has done more to advance the interests of this great valley. I have seconded the interests of your great Captain Eads to open, not only Memphis and New Orleans, but also St. Louis to the commerce of the world through this great river.

"This is not my desire alone. As one of the advisers of President Cleveland I think I am justified in saying that the administration will make every endeavor to allay every effect of sectional feeling in every particular. The administration is for the whole country, and not for a part of it. Go on without fear, and engrossed in your enterprises be at ease. Everything you may be sure will be done to protect and advance the interests of every citizen of the United States."

At the conclusion of his brief address Mr. Bayard was applauded heartily. Addresses were then made by Senator Vest and others, after which Secretary Bayard was shown over the floor and introduced to many. The secretary lunched at the St. Louis Club house, and was afterwards shown points of interest throughout the city. He left at 8:55 to-night for Columbus, Mo.

THE END IN VIEW.

THE ILLINOIS LEGISLATURE FIXES A DAY FOR ADJOURNMENT.

SPRINGFIELD, June 3.—In the senate, the committee on printing presented a resolution ordering the adjutant general's report printed up to 1865 6. The St. Louis scrip bill, providing to redeem the same, was killed. The railroad consolidation bill was made the special order for next Wednesday. Cantwell's bill, providing for the establishment of an industrial school for the blind, was brought up on third reading. The bill proposes to appropriate $100,000 for the establishment of the school at Chicago, where blind men can learn trades and professions.

In the house Kimbrough called up the senate resolution, adjourning, sine die, on June 26th, instead of the 16th, and it it was adopted. The corporation influences opposed Baker's amendment, preferring the 16th. Crafts and Kimbrough moved to reconsider the vote, making the date the 26th and lay that motion on the table, which was carried before many of the members knew the intention of these gentlemen. Baker and Linegar tried to reconsider this action, not wanting to tie the house up, but they were overruled. Buchanan's bill, taxing the gross receipts of telephone companies, was referred to the corporations committee on February 12. Buchanan offered a resolution ordering that the committee report the bill to the house immediately, which was adopted. Johnson's bill changing the time of holding circuit court in Carroll, Lee, and Whiteside counties, passed. Hyatt's bill, making grain inspection districts in East St. Louis and Peoria passed. Cooley's bill, placing to the credit of that part of the military fund known as the one quarter fund of the proceeds of the unserviceable state ordnance sold under the resolution of the thirty-third general assembly, passed. The amount is $2,190.

The time of the house this afternoon and evening was taken up with advancing bills from second to third reading. Among those advanced were the Chicago primary election bill, and also the general drainage bill, which is a very long one. The senate did not hold an afternoon session.

COD LIVER OIL DISTANCED.

MRS. EDGERTON READS JOB, TAKES A STREET CAR, ETC., AND IS CURED.

Special Telegram to The BEE.

CHICAGO, Ill., June 3.—A lady left her residence on Twenty-fourth street, yesterday afternoon, with the intention of coming down town. She walked with a slow and painful step, stopping at times to rest. She was wofully pale, and, to all appearances, was suffering from consumption. As she walked toward the street cars she several times was on the point of turning back, fearing that she would be unable to reach her destination; but by opening a Bible which she carried in her hand, the lady apparently gained strength from reading some verses in the book of Job. After coming down town she went into the Garden City mission, on Van Buren street. The services were in charge of Ellis and Burlison, who are also at present holding mighty holiness services at the Bethel home, Lake and Desplaines streets. They are firm believers in the faith cure. The lady was somewhat of a doubter, but as her physician had told her she was far gone in consumption and all they could do was to give her temporary relief, she resolved to see what could be done for her by prayer. Soon after seating herself in the mission she became chilled and arose to leave the place. Mr. Burlison begged her to remain and commenced praying fervently. Suddenly the lady exclaimed: "I feel strange and different." Feeling her throat with her hands, she said: "The lumps in it are all gone." After a short session of prayer and praise she arose to her feet and declared she was completely cured.

The lady was Mrs. E. M. Edgerton. Her husband is a watchmaker. He was not a believer in the faith cure. The circumstances given above are substantially the same as related by Messrs. Ellis and Burlison. The latter said he had seen Mr. Edgerton to-day, who reported that his wife was going about singing and seemingly entirely cured. Mrs. Edgerson is described as an exceedingly refined and intelligent lady. She has been ill since December.

Cable's Combination Wins Again.

CHICAGO, Ill., June 3.—The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific railroad was held here to-day, when 367,000 votes were cast out of a total of 419,000. The following directors were elected: David Dows, R. R Cable, Hugh Riddle, H. R. Bishop and Sidney Dillon. The directors subsequently elected the following officers: R. R. Cable, president; David Dows, vice-president; A. Kimball, second vice-president; W. G. Purdy, secretary and treasurer, vice F. H. Tows, resigned on account of ill-health; J. R. Cowing, assistant secretary and treasurer. It was decided to remove the office of secretary and treasurer from New York to Chicago.

LOST IN THE LAKE.

THE STORM OVERTAKES A CHICAGO BOATING PARTY AND ALL ARE LOST.

CHICAGO, Ill., June 3.—When the storm yesterday afternoon was at its fiercest persons living near the lake in the neighborhood of Sixteenth street heard distinctly once or twice shouts and cries. As no vessels were in sight the sounds they finally attributed to the shrieking of the winds. Discoveries made by officers of life saving station within the past twenty-four hours, however, lead to the belief that the cries referred to were those of young men in a row boat calling for assistance. An hour or two before the storm began a party of young people living in the vicinity of Thirty-ninth street near the lake front went on an excursion to to Lincoln park and the water works. Leaving the rest of the party at the place last named John and Charles Olsen and Charles Larsen took a skiff at the foot of Chicago avenue and started for a visit to some fishing grounds three miles from the shore. Half an hour later the storm came up and after waiting until nearly dark for the return of their comrades the party returned to Thirty-ninth street in the boat. The young men have not since been heard from but the boat washed ashore this afternoon in one place, the rudder in another, and an oar in another. All have been identified as those last seen in the possession of the missing youths, the story of whose fate they plainly tell.

Amateur Marksmen.

CHICAGO, Ill., June 3.—The second day of the amateur shooting tournament at Knoxville was at blackbirds, fifteen single rises. Van Vleck, of Waterloo, Ia., won first money; Riley and Stone, of Chicago, second; Schweiner, of Madison, third; Wadsworth, of Chicago, and Heninger, of Wheaton, Ill., fourth. At six double rises, Budd, of Des Moines, won first; VanVleck and Heninger, second; Ashley, of Wheaton, Ill., third, and Wadsworth and Schweiner divided fourth. On the best general average for the day VanVleck won first; Budd, second; Heninger, third; Stone, fourth; Wadsworth, fifth, and Howe, Madison, Wis., sixth.

Glass Works Shut Down.

PITTSBURG, June 3.—Within the next three weeks every glass factory west of the Allegheny mountains will close down for the summer in accordance with the resolution passed at the late meeting of the western glass manufacturers association. The usual summer shut down occurs the last of June, but in view of the fact that trade was dull the manufacturers decided to suspend two weeks earlier. A reduction in wages of 25 per cent., it is said, will be instituted by them when the factories resume in the fall.

Havoc by the Fly and Chinch Bug.

TOPEKA, Kas., June 3.—The secretary of the state board of agriculture has not given out his report as to the status of the wheat crop, but from private sources it is learned the Hessian fly and chinch bugs are making sad havoc. It is not believed now that the state will harvest over 15,000,000 to 20,000,000 bushels of wheat.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., June 3.—In reply to an inquiry regarding the ravages of the Hessian fly in Missouri, the secretary of the state board of agriculture says: "If there any ravages they must be of a later date than the mail reports."

General Grant's Condition.

NEW YORK, June 3.—Dr. Douglas remained at Gen. Grant's house all night. He was called once during the night to attend to the general, who, though he slept nearly the usual number of hours, passed a restless night. He felt not unusually bright when he awoke this morning, but improves as the day progresses. Col. Grant said this morning that he did not believe the general would drive any more. His experience lately while driving has not been good.

Strikers Stop Transportation.

CINCINNATI, O., June 3.—The strike on the Kentucky Central railroad assumed the appearance of violence this morning. A freight train made up in Covington was about to start when a force of strikers appeared, cut the engine loose and ordered the engineer to run it into the round house, which he did. The engineers have not yet struck and are awaiting the report of the committee sent to Richmond, Va.

The Northwestern Press Association.

CHICAGO, Ill., June 3.—The northwestern associated press held its annual meeting this morning. The following were elected directors: J. S. Clarkson, H. W. Clendening, G. D Perkins, C. E. Yost, S. Smith, D. N. Richardson, A. Stone. President, C. E. Yost; vice-president, S. Smith; treasurer, A. Stone; secretary, H. W. Clendening; executive committee, D. N. Richardson, George D. Perkins, J. S. Clarkson.

The United Workmen.

DES MOINES, Ia., June 3.—The supreme lodge of united workmen in session to-day only transacted routine business. A subordinate lodge of the city took all the delegates in carriages this afternoon and showed them the sights of the city and also the new state capital, while Governor Sherman held an informal reception. The session will continue all the week. This evening a grand reception was held at Foster's opera house.

The Fly in Maryland.

BALTIMORE, Md., June 3.—Maryland seem to be producing the Hessian fly in great numbers this season. There was no hope after a severe winter of more than two-thirds of the wheat crop, and the ravages of the fly are expected to very much shorten the crop from that estimate.

The Presbyterians and Prohibition.

TOPEKA, Kan., June 3.—The United Presbyterian general assembly in session yesterday passed resolutions in effect that the assembly was for prohibition, and that the prohibition's power for good was so manifest in this city that this fact alone justified their position.

A Thousand Miles a Second.

NEW YORK, June 3.—The message announcing the Derby winner was transmitted from London to New York this morning by the direct United States cable company to the associated press in just three seconds, about the quickest time yet made between the two cities.

Sends Back Word From Canada.

NEW YORK, June 3.—There are no new developements to-day in the defalcation cases of Paying Teller R. S. Scott, of the bank of Manhattan. A company official received information that their late employe had arrived in Canada, and was on his way to Montreal.

Iowa Republican Convention.

DES MOINES, Ia., June 3.—The republican state central committee in session here to-day decided to hold the state convention on August 26 and 27 in this city.

Elkins Makes an Elaborate Speech.

COLUMBUS, Mo., June 3.—Stephen B. Elkins delivered an elaborate address this evening before the alumni society of the state university here.

KILLED IN A MINE.

A Colliery at Durham Burns with Many Miners Imprisoned.

Two Hundred People Killed by the Collapse of a Morgue.

Fred Archer, the Rider, Wins Another Derby—Russian Ships Training—Other Events.

GENERAL FOREIGN NEWS.

A COLLIERY CALAMITY.

LONDON, June 3.—A fire broke out in the Philadelphia Colliery situated near Durham, at noon to-day. Three hundred miners are in the pit. All attempts to subdue the flames or render assistance to the imprisoned men have failed. Great excitement exists and it is feared that a majority of the entombed miners will perish. A large force of men are at work at the Colliery attempting to rescue them.

A Durham dispatch just arrived states the Colliery on fire is the property of the Earl of Durham, and it is now feared that all within the pit will be lost. Their number is placed at 350. The excitement in the neighborhood increases momentarily. The relatives of imperilled miners crowd around the mouth of the pit, weeping and wailing in the most heart rendering manner.

A later dispatch from Durham says: All but twenty-two of the miners have been rescued. Those missing are supposed to have been killed. The fire caused by an explosion of fire damp.

Another dispatch from Durham states that fire occurred in the top seam of the Margaret pit, caused by an explosion which killed twenty-two men and boys outright. The explosion was followed by a rush of water in an immense volume into the Sutton seam. The miners, men and boys, however, were all taken out alive. The working parties are now laboring zealously to stay the flood of waters rushing into the Maudline seam, where a great number of miners are imprisoned, and whom the relifes hope to rescue.

The latest from Durham says that twelve more colliers were rescued and only thirteen are now imprisoned.

A GEOGRAPHICAL SOMERSAULT.

VIENNA, June 3.—It is reported here that Acrobat has been ceded to Russia.

THE ADOPTED CRIMES ACT.

LONDON, June 3.—A majority of the cabinet led by Earl Spencer, have determined to maintain the following provisions of the Irish crimes act:

First—Enabling a change of venue of trial.

Second—Giving power to try special cases with special jurors.

Third—Giving power to try summarily for intimidation before two resident magistrates.

Fourth—Giving power to conduct a preliminary examination.

A compromise has been arranged with the minority on the proposal of Sir Charles Dilke to limit the operation of the act to one year.

HONORS TO AMERICAN CITIZENS.

In a banquet to-night at which the American minister, Phelps, was in attendance, the lord mayor intimated the expectation of soon welcoming ex-President Arthur to England. The corporation of London will present Arthur with an address and gold casket and the lord mayor will give him a banquet.

TWO HUNDRED PERSONS KILLED.

SERINAGUAR, June 3.—The Mohammed Mosque in the little town of Sahen, twenty miles north of Serinagur, was demolished by an earthquake, and 200 persons killed.

THE GRAVEYARD PRIZE.

LONDON, June 3—The government resumed negotiations with Italy for occupation of Suakim by that power, owing to the unsatisfactory demands of the porte if Turkey should agree to occupy that place.

A HUGE CANAL SCHEME.

BERLIN, June 3—Prussia presented a scheme to the Bundesrath for a canal from the North Sea to the Baltic to cost 156,000,000 marks.

ARREST OF AN ENGLISHMAN.

ST. PETERSBURG, June 3—It is reported that an Englishman on his way to Reval, a fortified town on a small bay on the south side of the Gulf of Finland, has been arrested on the Baltic railway under suspicious circumstances.

EVACUATING PENJDEH.

LONDON, June 3.—A dispatch from Simjou states the Russians are evacuating Penjdeh, but no public notice of its accession has been posted at Herat. The Afghan soldiers are much incensed as they expected to avenge their defeat.

THE ENGLISH DERBY.

LONDON, June 3.—The greatest event on the English sporting calendar, the race for the Derby stakes, was run to-day at Epsom downs. The weather was brilliant and the attendance enormous. Thomas M. Waller, consul general of the United States at London, was among the spectators, accompanied by a large party of Americans. Lord Hasting's bay colt Melton, ridden by the famous jockey, Fred Archer, won; Capt. C. Bowling's bay colt Paradox, secured second place; and Mr. Childwick's bay colt Royal Hampton, third. Melton was the favorite in the betting, Paradox second choice.

The race at the finish was close and exciting. Melton won by a head; Royal Hampton a bad third. Time, 2:44 1-5.

The attendance was unprecedented. Besides the Prince and Princess of Wales and family, the dukes of Edinburgh and Cambridge and other royal personages were present They were warmly greeted on their arrival. The jockey Archer, after his victory, was the recipient of an ovation.

RUSSIAN SHIPS IN TRAINING.

ST. PETERSBURG, June 3—The Cronstadt and the Baltic squadrons of the Russian navy here have been ordered to unite in a cruise with the object of executing naval manouvers on a grand scale. The united fleet will consist of eighteen men of war, a torpedo flotilla, training squadron, and several gunboats.

THE CASHMERE EARTHQUAKE.

LONDON, June 3.—Official reports of the earthquake in the vale of Cashmere show it was not nearly so disastrous as at first reported. The shocks began Sunday morning at 4 o'clock, but were so light at first as to merely scare the inhabitants from their houses, and when the heavy shocks came the houses were empty. The people are still camped in the fields.

PADDLES HIS OWN CANOE.

QUEENSTOWN, May 3.—A small canvas-decked boat, the Neptune, has arrived here from Penzance and will start for New York on Friday. The only soul on board is a Norwegian. Johnson is his name. He hopes to finish the voyage in two months.

GERMAN-AMERICAN RIGHTS.

LONDON, June 3—A dispatch to Reutter's Telegram company from Berlin says: "It is understood that the next task of Mr. Pendleton, United States minister, will be to resume the negotiations regarding the position of minors born in America, sons of German parents who, after being naturalized in America, take up their residence in Germany. The negotiations commenced by Kasson were without result. The principal point of dispute is whether the government can in the interest of public order requiring such minors the right of residence in Germany.

RUSSIA FAVORS PROTECTION.

ST. PETERSBURG, June 3.—The council of the empire at its session to-day discussed the question of an increase of the tariff. Although nothing of a definite nature was done, the general conclusion was an increase of duties on most of the importation should be 20 per cent. Only on a few articles was it suggested to advance the present duty 10 per cent.

THE SCOURGE IS CHOLERA.

MADRID, June 3.—A special medical commission appointed to investigate the matter have reported that the the outbreak of the disease which is at present scourging Valencia, Spain, is cholera. Measures have been ordered to prevent a spread of the malady.

AN ANCIENT MAUSOLEUM FOUND.

ROME, June 3.—A discovery of an important archaeological character has been made just outside of Porta Salara. It is a mausoleum, circular in form and dedicated to a prefect and master of the horse named Licilio.

REPULSED WITH LOSS.

GARTAU'S ASSAULT ON CARTHAGENA.

NEW YORK, June 3.—The steamer which today arrived from Panama brings the following account of the attack upon Carthagena: "Late news from Carthagena confirms the intelligence received by the Spanish gunboat Gerdinand El Catolico and the American flagship Tennessee. Gartau, on learning of the approach of the government troops under Briceno and of their junction with a small force led by General Vilo at Sincelejo, resolved on making a general attack on Carthagena, assaulting it both by land and sea. He paid dearly for his temerity. Securing a number of scaling ladders he sent a force by sea to approach as silently as possible the walls of the the city, and to cover this movement he began an attack along his whole line, particularly at Lapapa. The assailants from the seaside succeeded in placing many of their ladders and a number of men succeeded in scaling the walls. Had a sufficient number of them been successful before making a demonstration to attract the attention of the small number of the besieged, a triumph would have been secured, but with characteristic enthusiasm, when about sixty men had reached the walls, they began the usual "vivas," which brought upon them at once the main force of the besieged. The result was that the attack by sea was repulsed with a frightful loss, the bayonet machete and knife being the deadly weapons used. Every man who reached the summit of the wall was killed or wounded and many at the base who sought to escape by swimming were drowned. The losses of Gartau's forces were nearly 600 killed and wounded and of the loyalists 15 wounded and 9 killed. After the repulse Gartau withdrew his forces and proceeded to Barrauquilla to await an attack by the government forces.

SUBMISSION OR TORTURE.

A dispatch from La Lilethal, San Salvador, dated May 23d, says the natives are flying to the mountains to avoid being taken for soldiers in Figuroas army, 67,100 strong. Stripes were administered to 71 men who were then tied arm to arm and marched in single file from La Liebtad to San Tasca a distance of seven leagues. The cries of the men and women were heartrending.

The Day on the Turf.

BRIGHTON BEACH, N. Y., June 3.—At today's races the attendance was small, the track good.

First race—Three-quarter mile, maidens, all ages; John K. won; Bondage, second; Virginia, third. Time, 1.18.

Second race—Seven furlongs, all ages; Dutch Roller won; Inconstant, second; Bart Warren, third. Time, 1 30½.

Third race—One mile; Shaby Barnes won; Huron, second; Blizzard, third. Time, 1.44¼.

Fourth race—Mile and one furlong, all ages; Pink Cottage won; Royal Arch, second; Herbert, third. Time, 1.56.

Fifth race—Hurdle race, mile and a half, six hurdles; Baldy won; Fred B., second; Revenge, third. Time, 2.52.

LATONIA PARK, Ky., June 3.—Full attendance, track fair, weather fine.

First race—Mile and an eighth; Troubador won; Isaac Murphy, second; Hail Fellow, third. Time, 1.56.

Second race—One mile; Col. Clark won; Embargo, second; Athelone, third. Time, 1.45.

Third race—Six furlongs, two-year-olds; Bankrupt won; Brookfull, second; Alfaretta, third. Time, 1.17.

Fourth race—Mile heats; Keokuk won; Sovereign Pat, second; Gold Dollar, third. Time, 1 44¾.

The Union Pacific's Debts.

BOSTON, Mass., June 3.—A despatch of yesterday stated that the decision in the Union Pacific case in the court of claims was subjected to an expert to report as to the amount due, and that the expert's report made the company liable for $350,000 in addition to $900,000 already paid. The company's officials in Boston say there is no foundation for the statement about the experts' reports. When the estimate was made up by the commissioners of railways the company, in order not to be in default, paid it under protest, the amount being $917,000, and took an appeal, which it is expected will be heard by the court of claims at the October term. Until then no one can have any knowledge as to the amount due. The company's experts expect the commissioners' estimate to be greatly reduced.

Echoes of the Riel Rebellion.

WINNIPEG, Manu., June 3.—Word was received to-day that Jolyn, Riel's private secretary, whose leg was amputated at Saskatoon, died Sunday, and was buried the same day.

Great excitement was created at Saskatoon last night by a report that Dumont, Riel's lieutenant, was in a settler's house a few miles distant. Capt. Manley, with nine men, started immediately for the scene, but on arrival found the man was not Dumont. The report that Dumont was captured at Assiniboin is not credited at Batouche. It is believed that he is hovering around Batouche, awaiting an opportunity to get his wife and family away.

Capture of a Chinese Murderer.

MURPHYSBORO, Ill., June 3.—Chy Pock, a Chinaman who assassinated another celestial named Johnston at St. Louis on Monday night, was arrested here this afternoon, and on being directly charged with the crime confessed the deed. There is no longer any doubt but that Chy Pock killed Johnston for money, and that the sum was raised among the Chinamen in St. Louis to have Johnston put out of the way. The man had informed the police regarding the whereabouts of a Chinese gambling hell.

Mountain Reservoir Bursts.

LONGMONT, Col., June 3.—At noon to-day at Beaver park a reservoir in South Strain canon burst. A torrent estimated at 120 feet high rushed down the canon carrying away bridges, houses, barns and everything which obstructed the path of the flood. No lives are yet reported lost, but the damage to crops along the low lands is very great. The reservoir was an immense affair, covering many acres. It supplied water far the Highland ditch, which traverses a large section of the country adjoining the mountains.

Hunting a Home for the Isthmus

NEW YORK, June 3.—It is rumored that one of the objects of Senor Holguin, the Colombian minister of finance, who arrived from South America to-day, is to ascertain the sentiments of the United States as to the acquisition of the Isthmus of Panama as a neutral state, its separation from the Colombian union being a question now much discussed in that country.

Preparing for a Reunion.

IOWA CITY, Ia., June 3.—This afternoon Gen. Belknap, president; Col. Road, corresponding secretary, and Capt. Monroe, recording secretary of the Crocker brigade, the committee of arrangements and others having in charge the preparation for a reunion of the brigade here in September next. They found everything progressing favorably. It is estimated that 600 members will be present, representing every state and territory in the United States.

MASON-CALDERWOOD.

The Wedding at Trinity Cathedral Yesterday Afternoon.

Yesterday afternoon the wedding of Miss Lizzie Calderwood, of this city, to Mr. Frederick G. Mason, of New York, was celebrated in Trinity cathedral. The beautiful temple of worship was thronged by a large number of the friends of the contracting parties. No invitations had been issued, and the affair was in no sense full dress. The floral decorations of the church, especially the altar, were tasteful, being in harmony with the general simplicity of the celebration.

Promptly at 4 o'clock Mendelssohn's Wedding March pealed forth from the organ, under the skillful touch of Mr. Butler. The bridal procession moved up the aisle in the following order: Edward Reff, Charles Deuel, Clement Chase and Ware Foster, ushers; Miss Calderwood and Mr. Mason, bride and groom; Mr. Frank Hills, groomsman with Miss Lou Jones, of Council Bluffs, bridesmaid; Mr. George Mason, of Chicago, with Mrs. Calderwood, mother of the bride. The words of the ceremony were pronounced by the Rev. Dean Millspaugh.

The bride, as also the bridesmaid, was simply attired in a plain brown traveling costume, while the groom was clothed in the conventional broadcloth dress suit.

After the ceremony the newly married couple left immediately for the east, receiving at the carriage the congratulations of friends. They will go to Chicago, thence to Washington and other points in the east, before settling down to married life in New York city.

The presents bestowed upon the bride were many, and of handsome and costly design. The lady friends of Miss Calderwood presented her, among other gifts, with a number of elegant pieces of plaque work, beautifully painted.

Miss Calderwood's departure from Omaha will be regretted by those who have from childhood associated with her. She is a lady of rare worth and accomplishment, beloved by all who knew her. Miss Calderwood was especially prominent in musical circles here and has for many years been the soprano of the Trinity cathedral choir. Mr. Mason, the happy bridegroom, occupies a responsible position as private secretary of General Manager Smith, of the Associated Press. The congratulation of all friends go with Mr. and Mrs. Mason on the journey to their new home; and the BEE joins in the general well-wishing with the hope that their married life may ever be a happy, and so far as possible, an unclouded one.

ALMOST ASSURED.

The Fair Association Organizes for Business.

The District fair association finally got together last evening and held a meeting. After being called to order with Samuel Sheares as chairman and Robert Patrick secretary, the committee appointed one week ago to solicit subscriptions reported that they had secured $40,100 on condition that the full amount ($50,000) required is taken. There being over $28,000 worth of the stock represented at last night's meeting, which is more than one-half of the limited figure, and there being also an almost absolute certainty of opinion that the entire $58,000 will be taken, it was decided to proceed with the organization. To this end Richard Kitchen, James Brown, and Hugh Clarke were appointed a committee to select seven directors. They conferred together and named as directors the following gentlemen: W. H. McCord, John T. Clarke, Hugh Clarke, Churchill Parker, C. S. Goodman, Joseph Garneau, and Joseph McShane. They were instructed to select from among their own number the president and treasurer of the association, but for secretary to secure the services of Daniel Wheeler. The soliciting committee was also instructed to continue its work until the remaining $9,900 is subscribed. As soon as this is subscribed the association will commence active preparations for holding a fair next fall.

CRUSHED BY THE CARS.

An Old Farmer Run Over by a Freight Train and Killed.

Yesterday afternoon a Burlington & Missouri freight train, extra, going west, ran over and crushed to pieces an aged farmer by the name of Jones, three miles beyond Friendville.

The particulars are, that Jones had been to town and became intoxicated. He was put on his horse and started home, but either fell off at the railroad crossing, a short distance out, or deliberately got off and let his horse go. He sat down on the track and went to sleep. When the train came along the engineer did not see him until too late to stop, and the whole train passed over his body, mangling it most terribly.

A Few Indictments.

The grand jury found indictments yesterdry against Thomas Ballard, for murder in the first degree; H. C. Phillips, for forgery, and Lydia Haynes, for grand larceny. Ballard is the man who shot Henry Verporten at the St. James hotel last winter.

Hawkkeye Masons.

CEDAR RAPIDS, Ia., June 3.—The grand lodge of Iowa masons to-day elected officers as follows: Grand master, C. T. Granger, of Waukon, re-elected; senior grand warden, G. M. Van Lewen, Lime Springs; junior grand warden, G. P. Wilson, Chariton; grand treasurer, G. B. Swan, Davenport; grand secretary, T. S. Parvin. The place of the next meeting will be decided to-morrow.

Phallas and Maxey Cobb to Meet.

NEW YORK June 3.—Correspondences by wire has brought Mr. Case and Mr. Cahnfield to an understanding, and now, if all goes well, the public will see the two great stallions—Maxey Cobb and Phallas—join in battle for the crown at Cleveland on the 4th of July for $5,000 a side, all to go to the winner. Phallas has a record of 2:13¾ and Maxey Cobb has a record of 2:13¼.

BOOMING.

The Chicago Markets Enjoy a Strong All Round Spurt.

Wheat Leads on Reports of Bad Crops and the Fly.

Cattle Command Strong Prices, Several Grades being Scarce—A Texas Procession Coming.

PITS AND PENS.

WHEAT ADVANCES.

Special Telegram to The BEE.

CHICAGO, Ill., June 3.—Considerable life was injected into the grain markets to-day, the excitement running high at times, particularly during the middle session, when prices for wheat were ruling strong and higher. The fluctuations were wide and rapid, and the nervousness was attributed in a large part to the outcome of the crop situation. The market rose 1⅜c upon reports of the ravages by the Hessian fly in southwestern fields, which was deemed a strong advance in view of the recent depression shown by the market, and it was ascribed to the action of a large number of bears, who were sent into the panic by the news and impelled into covering their short sales. Outside orders are reported as coming from people who entertained the belief that the crop outlook is a particularly gloomy one and that a short crop means higher prices than have prevailed during the present crop year. Cables continue to quote dull and weak markets. Though the public advices were indicative of a little steadier feeling abroad, there was very little demand at the opening, and under pretty fair offerings prices declined ⅜c. At this decline a good speculative demand sprang up, and with a higher and advancing market at St. Louis prices improved 1½c. Bad crop news engendered the first evidences of a "bull" feeling shown for some time. A decline of ⅜c followed on realizing, but again advanced ⅜c, declined ⅜c and closed on the regular board ⅛c under yesterday. A sharp attack was made on the market in the afternoon, and the close was ⅝c under yesterday. The shipping demand was limited and exports from the seaboard also continue small.

CORN.

The trading in corn was active on speculative accounts, and there was also a good shipping demand. The shipments show a falling off, 318 cars being received against 880 yesterday, and owing to this fact prices advanced ⅜@1c; fell back ⅜c, and finally closed at about the same as yesterday. The fact of the light stocks made the "shorts" anxious to cover.

OATS.

There was a decrease in the receipts of oats and in sympathy with the other markets oats ruled firm and closed ¼@⅜c higher than yesterday.

PROVISIONS.

Mess pork ruled steady and a shade higher, without any special feature developing in the market. Lard ruled 2½@5c higher.

CATTLE.

Trade was fairly active and prices again steady. Butchers' stock were steady. Good cows and heifers yet continue to sell for high prices, but on all sides it is predicted that they will next week be lower on account of the expected big run of Texans. So far this week the run of Texans has been light, and they have sold at prices that are paying out. Stockers and feeders are scarce, and to-day were quoted at 10@15c higher; shippers, 1,350 to 1,500 pounds, $5.50@5 85; 1,200 to 1,350 pounds, $5.10@5.40; 1,050 to 1,200 pounds, $4 65@5.30; cows and mixed common, $2 30@3.15; good, $3.25@4.40; stockers and feeders, $3.60@5.00; slopped cattle, $5.00@5.35; Texas cattle, $3.60@4.60.

HOGS.

Trade was active and prices 5@10c higher than the lowest yesterday. The receipts were 40,000 less than for the same time last week. Rough and common, $3 50@3 65; fair to good, $3.80@3.95; best heavy, $4.00@4 10; light sorts, $3.80@4.10, largely at $3.95@4.00; singeing pigs, $4.10@4.20.

Odlum Alone Responsible.

NEW YORK, June 3.—A coroner's jury today listened to testimony in regard to Prof. Odlum's fatal jump from Brooklyn bridge. Among the witnesses were Capt Paul Boyton and Coleridge H. Herbert, an intimate friend of the deceased. Both declare