

LEGISLATIVE LOGIC.

A Geological Survey and a State Geologist Want d.

There is a General Influx of Lobbyists.

The Railroad Lawyers Manage Things to their Satisfaction.

Appropriations Asked for all Sorts of "Institoots."

The Metz Liquor Bill Will Likely Pass.

The Bill Providing for a State "Cow Doctor" Meets With no Opposition.

THE SENATE.

Special Correspondence of THE BEE. LINCOLN, February 17.—The lobby is much disappointed over the fact that the senate passed the even tenor of its way this morning without even mentioning railroad legislation.

A bill was passed by which the matriculation fees of the state university pass into the treasury fund. A bill to incorporate the Blair bridge, over which there was some discussion in the committee of the whole, did not receive the requisite number of votes and was recommended to await the arrival of more senators.

The senate went into committee of the whole to consider bills on general business and pass several. And to provide for the establishment of secondary precinct schools meet with considerable opposition. It is one of the state superintendent's ideas and the fact that it involves the expenditure of money made it objectionable to the senators who are energetic in plugging up the budget hole, though the report looks favorable.

The memo bill to congress protesting against the cattle trail from Texas to Canada, was recommended to pass, laying waste as it would, some fine meadows of Nebraska prairie, the senators thought it worthy of opposition.

The Omaha board of trade advised that the in urban laws be set alone, the legislators think otherwise. Said a senator this morning, in speaking of the appropriations that were asked for, "I would vote against every appropriation for buildings, but my folks have taken a notion they want a normal school in our town and the Grand Island folks want the new insane asylum, so I will have to vote for all of 'em in order to let the fallers to vote for our town for a normal school."

The expensers who are at the appropriation, but they have to blame. Some of them think all county needs a public institution, and to get it they must have somebody to put out. Those who dance must pay the fiddler.

Afternoon Session.

Special telegram to THE BEE. LINCOLN, Neb., February 17.—Senator McShane offered as a resolution this afternoon for the appointment of a committee, to act with a like committee from the house to fix the time of adjourning sine die.

The senate then went into committee of the whole considering sixteen bills all of which were recommended to pass. Among the number was the Geohner bill regulating the transportation of freight through the state in car load lots. It provides that bills of lading be paid through without notice when the committee arose and reported.

Church Howard moved to amend the report by postponing indefinitely the bill. It was done, among other bills considered was one introduced by Howe, making a complete change in the manner of handling school lands. It provides that county commissioners shall appoint appraisers, no one person shall have more than a section of the land, and the price shall not be less than \$10 per acre.

Metz liquor bill was recommended for passage, with little opposition. McShane's cattle bill of which mention was made in the passage through the house, passed through the committee without opposition whatever. The merits of the bill are, it provides a soft job for somebody as cow doctor, whose duty it shall be to kill sick cattle, his pay is good and his work is light, being an executive office there is doubt of its constitutionality; the state is to pay for the sick cattle killed. Another leak in the treasury. The McShane revenue bill, similar to the house bill introduced by Trapp was taken up. It provides for the assessment of railroad property.

Paul opposed it because Lincoln and Omaha would be benefited. This is the attitude of every wise man resembled here. Anything to suppress these two cities. The bill was left for further discussion and the committee rose, reported and adjourned.

THE HOUSE.

Special Correspondence to THE BEE. LINCOLN, February 17.—The house resumed its sittings at 10 o'clock this morning.

The first business was a motion by Mr. Russell to make H. R. 170 a special order for 7:30 to-night. This bill provides for a geological survey and the appointment of a state geologist. The motion was adopted.

The committee on agriculture reported H. R. 260, with the recommendation that it do pass. The committee on corporations sent up five bills; H. R. 322, relating to bonds to be passed; H. R. 335, relating to insurances to be referred to judiciary committee; H. R. 238, a law to amend the already existing insurance law to pass; H. R. 241, a bill to prevent pool-betting by insurance corporations. To be indefinitely postponed, but it was placed on the general file after a word from Mr. Johnston.

WASHINGTON NEWS.

The House Discusses the Silver Coinage Bill.

And the Senate Discusses the Anti-Foreign Labor Bill.

The Cabinet Guessing "Institoot" Fix on Col. Vilas.

For the Interior, and Dr. Miller for Postmaster General.

Speaker Carlisle's Health is Very Much Improved.

A Grist of Other Important News from the National Capitol of General Interest.

SENATE.

The consideration of the anti-foreign contract labor bill was then proceeded with. Pendleton presented a petition from the newspapers praying for a reduction of postage on second-class matter. Referred.

Naval, from the committee of military affairs, reported favorably the house bill to amend the act of August 10, 1878, which authorized the secretary of war to permit the laying of a horse railroad upon and over the island of Rock Island and the bridges connecting it with the cities of Davenport and Rock Island.

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Mr. Morgan thought that the people of the north would never pass a law to interfere with the coming of immigrants from the south to their own free will and were not criminals or paupers.

Mr. Vest expected for the bill. He had no doubts of its constitutionality. It was to exercise the power and right to preserve the life of our institutions, and our civilization. It was not intended to exclude any foreign-born man from coming to the United States. He was glad to see Sherman and other republicans favoring this bill.

WASHINGTON NEWS.

WASHINGTON, February 17.—Speaker Carlisle has almost entirely recovered from his recent indisposition, he was at the capital today but did not preside in the house.

The secretary of the interior made an order providing a board of visitors for each of the Indian industrial schools, conducted under the direction of the department in several states and territories, and the board to consist of five citizens residing in the vicinity of the schools who are prominent in their respective communities for public spirit and philanthropy.

Mr. Miller of New York said that the enormous farms west and southwest could only be perpetuated by cheap labor. The more securely we are established in our own land, the more we would see these farms divided into homesteads.

Mr. Sherman was engaged in an attempt to break up this government. The act referred to was one of the means designed by congress to meet that emergency. It passed both houses unanimously, receiving the vote not only of the republicans but every democrat in both houses.

Mr. Sherman thought the law was repealed as early as 65 in an appropriation bill, and insisted that it was a war measure. On motion to strike out the section prescribing a penalty of \$1,000 for the violation of the act the vote was: Ayes, 40; nays, 12.

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HOUSE.

WASHINGTON, February 17.—A resolution for the appointment of a commission on the subject of the alcoholic liquor traffic was reported back adversely by English, from the committee having charge of the matter, and laid upon the table.

It goes, from the committee of public health, reported a resolution recommending by the appropriation committee to insert in the appropriation bill the item of \$500,000 to be expended in preventing the introduction into the United States of Asiatic cholera. Referred.

The house then went into committee of the whole, McMillan in the chair, on the legislative appropriation bill. It was reported that the secretary of the treasury shall cause to be engraved one dollar and one cent denominations, except one dollar, and printed in necessary quantities, such to be payable in standard silver dollars of 480 grains or if the holder prefer, in standard silver bars at the rate of 480 grains to the dollar.

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FOREIGN EVENTS.

The Mahdi Receiving Guns and Reinforcements at Troops.

Orders all Tribes to Assemble to Attack the British.

Conflicting Accounts as to the Killing of Gen. Gordon.

Police Officers Visit the Mother of Dynamitar Cunningham.

The Wife of Minister Lowell Not Expected to Survive.

A Reporter Attends a Dynamite Meeting of the Invidibles in Paris.

FOREIGN EVENTS.

THE MOTHER OF DYNAMITAR CUNNINGHAM. QUEENSTOWN, Feb. 17.—The police officers declare that the aged widow which they visited at Schull, County of Cork, was the mother of James Cunningham, the alleged dynamite man under arrest in London. The police went to a miserable hovel, where Mrs. Cunningham resides, and took possession of the building for the purpose of looking for evidence against her son. The woman was very frightened, and several letters to Mrs. Cunningham, from "her boy," who was away "seeking his fortune," were discovered. One of the letters was written in London. None showed the occupation of the writer and none were dated since the London explosion. When informed of the cause of the officer's search, she said it must be a case of mistaken identity.

MRS. LOWELL'S DEATH ANTICIPATED. LONDON, February 17.—Mrs. Lowell is not expected to survive through the night. Physicians expect her death before 10 p. m. The American legation and residences of Lowell are besieged by a horde of inquirers as to Mrs. Lowell's condition. Mr. Lowell, in addition to his great distress is much exhausted physically, having had no sleep, the past few days. Many letters of condolence are received from members of the government and others high in political and social circles.

THE MAHDI RECEIVING REINFORCEMENTS. KORTI, February 17.—Advices from Abukh near Gubat, state that small parties of Mahdi are daily receiving arms and reinforcements from Khartoum, and are being sent to the vicinity to assemble immediately and attack the British forces at that point. Gen. Gordon's trusted messenger has arrived at Abukh, he says that all the arms and accoutrements are ready, and that the Mahdi are ready to assemble immediately and attack the British forces at that point.

THE INVIDIBLES MEETING. PARIS, February 17.—Eventual states that members of the staff attended a secret meeting of the Invidibles, at which even names were designated to carry out the explosion program. Many letters of condolence are received from members of the government and others high in political and social circles.

KEEP THE TROOPS AT HOME. LONDON, February 17.—It was reported today that the robust conduct of the unemployed workmen yesterday, and the growing feeling of discontent among the same class in other large business centres creates a strong feeling in government circles in favor of accepting offers from several colonial governments of volunteers for service in Egypt. It is deemed unwise to make further drafts on home troops.

THE FRENCH BOSS. PARIS, February 17.—An official despatch from Gen. Dreure 101 states the French loss at the taking of Langson was thirty killed and 222 wounded.

Dogs Mangle a Child. PHILADELPHIA, February 17.—Minnie Hanson, aged 11, while returning home from a butcher shop with some meat to-day was followed by three or four dogs jumping around her and mauling at the meat. The child slipped, and was run over by the dogs, and was severely injured.

A Dickens Carnival.

BOSTON, Feb. 17.—The Dickens carnival in aid of the Women's Industrial Union to-night proved a brilliant event. Over 7,000 tickets were sold and an immense crowd was in attendance. There was a procession of over four hundred Dickens characters in its costume. During the evening the drapery on the stage caught fire, causing much excitement for a time.

New York Dry Goods Market.

NEW YORK, February 17.—Dry Goods.—For Tuesday, the market was fairly active considering the interruption of communication and transportation by the recent strikes. Request has been directed chiefly to fabrics of reasonable character selections, which, in connection with deliveries on former sales give very fair business.

St. Louis Warrant Granted.

ST. LOUIS, February 17.—The writ of quo warranto applied for yesterday by the attorney general against the various officers, directors, etc., of the Missouri Pacific railroad system and Pacific Express company were granted by the federal circuit court. They are returnable March 16.

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ON 'CHANGE.

Leading Articles on 'Change Showed Rather More Life To-Day.

The Demand for Fat Cattle was Fitful and Uncertain.

Hog Market Active, Prices 5 and 10 Cents Higher.

Wheat Opened Steady at Yesterday's Closing Figures.

Corn Opened Steady and Firm but Rather Inactive.

Oats Advancing and Steady—Rye Moved up a Fraction—Provisions More Active.

CHICAGO MARKETS.

SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE BEE. CHICAGO, February 17.—The leading articles on 'change showed rather more life to-day and after the early fractional decline firming up and closed steady at outside points. There was quite an active start covering in the leading articles and a firmer tone was contributed by New York advices.

WHEAT opened steady at substantially yesterday's closing figures and early in the session sagged off a fraction for want of support. Later in the day the tone was decidedly stronger, a good export demand being reported at New York. An advance of 26c by Minneapolis millers also lent considerable strength. These influences brought about an advance of about 1c. Toward the close of the morning session there were rather more buyers than sellers, who saw the reverse was true early. No. 2 spring sold at 79 7/8c cash. At 1 o'clock all futures were strong.

CORN opened steady and firm but rather inactive. Toward noon the market firmed up on active covering of shorts and advanced 1/2c opening prices for May delivery, but subsequently receded a few points. A firmer feeling in other grains was decidedly help to corn, and made the general tone firmer and steady. No. 3 cash sold at 38 3/4c.

OATS sympathized with the more important grains and recorded an advance of 1/2c which, however, was not at all unusual. The advance was largely covering of a large line of shorts, closed steady.

RYE Moved up a fraction, fresh receipts of No. 2 being quoted at 63 1/2c cash; regular, 62 1/2c; March, 63c; April, 64c; May, 67c. There was sales on track at 65c.

PROVISIONS were more active, but at the same time were unsettled and irregular, this feeling making the range of prices wider than usual. Feb. market was largely covering of a large line of shorts, closed steady.

CATTLE with the fresh receipts were around about 7,000 on sale, quite a sufficient number for wants of trade under existing circumstances. The demand for fat cattle was fitful and uncertain. Railroad agents held out no promise to shippers and the few loads bought by the latter were liable to be held over until transportation could be obtained. Dressed beef dealers were in the same plight. They were also unable to get transportation, and they in turn were buying sparingly. The tracks of the railroad were not in such a fitful and uncertain and the snow lay fairly cleared, but the cars are scarce, being snowed in on sidings, and locomotives are largely out of order on account of the recent ice usage. Prices are compared with yesterday or the close of the week, underwent little or no change. Steers, 1,400 to 1,500 lbs., 8 1/2c @ 25; 1,100 to 1,300 lbs., 8 1/2c @ 30; 1,000 to 1,200 lbs., 8 1/2c @ 35; Tex., 8 1/2c @ 40; stockers, 8 1/2c @ 40; feeders, 8 1/2c @ 40.

HOGS The market was active and prices 5 and 10c higher. Six or seven packing firms and three of leading shippers were on the market taking the fresh receipts about as fast as they arrived. Common and rough packs sold around about \$4 00 @ 4 1/2c; fat to good mixed, \$4 00 @ 4 1/2c; with test heavy at \$5 00 @ 5 1/2c; and fancy assorted heavy at \$5 1/2c @ 5 25. Packing and shipping, 25c @ 40 lbs. \$4 90 @ 5 25; light, 130 and 210 lbs., \$4 40 @ 4 90.

THE OKLAHOMA BOOMERS AGAIN.

WICHTA, Kan., February 17.—The authorities have decided to issue new warrants for the arrest of Captain Couch and other Oklahoma boomers, returning March 5, the day they resume to make a new raid into the Indian territory. Gen. Hatcher leaves at once for Caldwell, Kan., to prevent any future raid attempted from Washington.

The Susquehanna Frozen to the Bottom.

LANCASTER, Pa., February 17.—To avert danger to the bridge over the Susquehanna at Columbia, Pa., the company decided to blast the ice, when it was found the river was frozen to the bottom. Great damage to property is anticipated when the thaw comes.

The Speaker Votes for Morrison.

CHICAGO, February 17.—The Daily News Springfield, Ill., special says: The legislative met at noon in joint session to vote for a candidate for United States senator. The speaker voted for Morrison. No other votes cast.

Cracked Crockeryware.

CHICAGO, February 17.—The Journal's Peoria, Ill., special says: H. B. Shelly & Son, who took a load of red crockery and glassware, assigned; liabilities \$25,000; assets \$22,000.

Sick Headache.

For the past two years I have been afflicted with severe headaches and dizziness. I was induced to try Hood's Sarsaparilla, and have found great relief. I cheerfully recommend it to all." Mrs. E. F. ANSALE, New Haven, Conn.

Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Sold by all druggists. \$1; six for \$5. Made only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Lowell, Mass. 100 Doses in One Dollar.

Seen everywhere, because everywhere recognized, as indispensable to Dealer and Consumer.

Because we select the best leaf from the regions of North Carolina, and store it carefully.

Several years until it attains the richness and mellowness which give it its value.

Why? best Tobacco parts.

Marburg's

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Large advertisement for Marburg's tobacco, featuring the text 'Seen everywhere, because everywhere recognized, as indispensable to Dealer and Consumer.' and 'Why? best Tobacco parts. Marburg's'.

