

THE DAILY BEE

Tuesday Morning, Feb. 10.

At the Bee office, an active, intelligent boy 15 or 16 years of age.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

A. Rosenzweig rejoices in the advent of an eleven pound girl at his house. Both mother and child are doing nicely. On Thursday night next occurs the ball of the "Press Club." If you have not already secured your ticket it is time for you to do so.

THE BOARD OF TRADE.

An Unsuccessful Session--Plenty of Wind Blowing Neither Evil or Good.

The Location of the Chamber of Commerce Building Forms an Animated Theme of Discussion.

The board of trade met in regular monthly session last night. The meeting was called to order by President Max Meyer. A number of members of the board, whose faith in the tradition of the ground-hog was confirmed by the present cold snap, were absent.

The following resolution drawn up by the board of directors in the afternoon, was presented by President Meyer:

"Resolved, That Chairman Meyer be instructed to present the arguments in favor of locating the new board of trade building at the corner of Twelfth and Farnam streets; also the chances of raising the necessary money for building at Sixteenth and Farnam, and to ascertain if the membership will be satisfied for us to use our best judgment in choosing between the two locations.

J. A. WAKEFIELD. President Meyer submitted to the board two propositions relative to the erection of the board of trade building, and the site thereof. One was the plain proposition of the city council to sell the board the lot on the southeast corner of Sixteenth and Farnam. In case this proposition were accepted, the expense of the erection of the building would fall directly upon the board.

The other proposition modified this last aspect of the question. It was submitted by Mr. Hamilton, administrator of the Caldwell estate, not however, in a written form. The heirs of the estate would sell to the board, he thought, the west 33 feet of the lot on the southeast corner of Twelfth and Farnam at a price to be determined by a board of appraisers. A one hundred thousand dollar building would be erected on the entire lot, which would be leased to the board of trade for a term of 20 or 25 years, or longer, if desired, for six per cent per annum of the entire cost of the building, the estate to reserve for bank purposes a section, 33x68, of the first floor; the six per cent interest, for the stated term of years, to be virtually rental money. At the end of this period, the property would revert to the estate, except such portion as had been purchased by the board.

Mr. Falconer thought that the first proposition was the most feasible one of the two. The reason that the second offer appeared so favorable was that the necessary money would be more easily raised. It would be better to raise the money by general bond subscription, and have a wide spread interest taken in the institution than to borrow the money of one banker. If the board couldn't raise the necessary money to go ahead with the work, the building should not be commenced.

Mr. Wakefield thought that unless the board of trade could put up a large, commodious structure, they ought not to embark in the enterprise. A three-story brick building, plain and unpretentious, would be too small. If the second proposition were accepted, a large and magnificent building could be erected, and the pecuniary provisions could be immediately and easily made.

Mr. Gibson defined his position as being opposed to any other course than the erection of the building on the corner of Sixteenth and Farnam. The mortgage bonds for such a structure could easily be disposed of, and the receipts of profit in the rental of offices, etc., would be very large, and of sufficient volume to cover interest, payment of bonds, etc.

THE BOARD OF HEALTH.

Sound Doctrine by a Medical Man Upon the Proposed Bill for the Creating of a State Board of Health.

To the Editor of the Bee. Your editorial in Friday's daily exposing the attempted raid upon the public money by the State Medical college ring, in disguise, must appeal to the common sense of every intelligent person who reads it, but does not quite fathom their scheme.

This gang of greedy ghouls, not only ask the legislature to appropriate the granger's money to build expensive dissecting rooms, to donate them his body for dissection when dead, but in another guileless bill, "to establish a board of health," which at first glance, looks like a philanthropic measure for the good of the people.

They attempt to dictate the kind of doctor he shall employ to fit him for the dissecting table, and making it illegal for the doctor to practice if he does not get his patient there by the pill paved route selected by the ghouls.

I refer to the clause in said bill giving the board power to license or refuse a license to whom they please, and to revoke the license of any physician who does not conform to a certain set of rules, called the code of ethics, formulated by the self-appointed guardians of the public.

The code forbids physicians consulting with those of other schools of medicine; advertising in newspapers, more than a specified space, and other matters of a like nature, all having the stamp of jealousy and bigotry. Pretending to be a protector to the public, it really is to protect themselves and compel the people to employ them, at the prices laid down in the fee bill, established by the medical society which these men conduct in their own interests.

And these monopolists of certified and hypochondriacal cheek, ask the state to pay each member of this "board of health" ten dollars a day, and to their secretary such salary as they, the board, shall see fit to grant him. For doing what? For encouraging schemes to obtain the bodies of their patrons after death, and making it illegal for their competitors to practice medicine, should they see fit to advertise their business in the newspapers, and pay for it, as any other enterprising business man would do, or conduct their business in any other way satisfactory to themselves, but conflicting with the interests of the physicians composing the board.

Nor is this all. The passing of this or any other bill to regulate the practice of medicine now before the legislature means not only the expense of maintaining a medical board, but an expensive and never-ending litigation; a fight between the doctors at the expense of the state. Endow this kind of men with power and whenever a brother doctor offends them they will meet in solemn convolve and revoke his license "for unprofessional conduct." He immediately applies to the courts for relief. The board prosecutes, he sues, but follows him to the last court of resort, to be again beaten, all at the expense of the granger, whose bodies they are after when the spark of life has fled.

A similar law was smuggled through the legislature of Illinois in 1877 and it has cost the state thousands of dollars every year to support the board and their expensive suits at law, and they have not yet reached the ligament courts; and there are more ignorant doctors in that state to-day than in any state in the Union. To show the calibre of the men composing this board it is related of one of them that being called to see a patient he was a Catholic and seated himself calmly to await the result. A member of the family becoming alarmed at the condition of the patient asked the doctor what he was waiting for. With a wise look upon his grave, ethical face, he replied, "Waiting, madam, for a change of venue."

THE BOARD OF HEALTH.

Sound Doctrine by a Medical Man Upon the Proposed Bill for the Creating of a State Board of Health.

To the Editor of the Bee. Your editorial in Friday's daily exposing the attempted raid upon the public money by the State Medical college ring, in disguise, must appeal to the common sense of every intelligent person who reads it, but does not quite fathom their scheme.

This gang of greedy ghouls, not only ask the legislature to appropriate the granger's money to build expensive dissecting rooms, to donate them his body for dissection when dead, but in another guileless bill, "to establish a board of health," which at first glance, looks like a philanthropic measure for the good of the people.

They attempt to dictate the kind of doctor he shall employ to fit him for the dissecting table, and making it illegal for the doctor to practice if he does not get his patient there by the pill paved route selected by the ghouls.

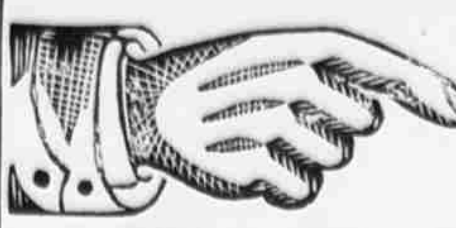
I refer to the clause in said bill giving the board power to license or refuse a license to whom they please, and to revoke the license of any physician who does not conform to a certain set of rules, called the code of ethics, formulated by the self-appointed guardians of the public.

The code forbids physicians consulting with those of other schools of medicine; advertising in newspapers, more than a specified space, and other matters of a like nature, all having the stamp of jealousy and bigotry. Pretending to be a protector to the public, it really is to protect themselves and compel the people to employ them, at the prices laid down in the fee bill, established by the medical society which these men conduct in their own interests.

And these monopolists of certified and hypochondriacal cheek, ask the state to pay each member of this "board of health" ten dollars a day, and to their secretary such salary as they, the board, shall see fit to grant him. For doing what? For encouraging schemes to obtain the bodies of their patrons after death, and making it illegal for their competitors to practice medicine, should they see fit to advertise their business in the newspapers, and pay for it, as any other enterprising business man would do, or conduct their business in any other way satisfactory to themselves, but conflicting with the interests of the physicians composing the board.

Nor is this all. The passing of this or any other bill to regulate the practice of medicine now before the legislature means not only the expense of maintaining a medical board, but an expensive and never-ending litigation; a fight between the doctors at the expense of the state. Endow this kind of men with power and whenever a brother doctor offends them they will meet in solemn convolve and revoke his license "for unprofessional conduct." He immediately applies to the courts for relief. The board prosecutes, he sues, but follows him to the last court of resort, to be again beaten, all at the expense of the granger, whose bodies they are after when the spark of life has fled.

A similar law was smuggled through the legislature of Illinois in 1877 and it has cost the state thousands of dollars every year to support the board and their expensive suits at law, and they have not yet reached the ligament courts; and there are more ignorant doctors in that state to-day than in any state in the Union. To show the calibre of the men composing this board it is related of one of them that being called to see a patient he was a Catholic and seated himself calmly to await the result. A member of the family becoming alarmed at the condition of the patient asked the doctor what he was waiting for. With a wise look upon his grave, ethical face, he replied, "Waiting, madam, for a change of venue."



8 Reasons

Why We Succeed in Our Enterprise.

- 1. Because we do as we advertise. 2. Because we sell goods at less than the cost of material. 3. Because we guarantee a genuine tailor-made suit at ready-made prices. 4. Because we guarantee a perfect fit. 5. Because we offer goods to fit the purchaser free of charge. 6. Because we give the purchaser more than he anticipates for his money. 7. Because we have the confidence of the public. 8. Because we never allow a garment to be misrepresented.

---AT THE---

ORIGINAL MISFIT Clothing Parlors

1312 Douglas Street.

Extends a cordial invitation to all that are anxious to inspect our handsome display of Suits and Overcoats, and compare our prices with the ready-made clothing houses. We offer tailor-made suits for less than the charge for shop clothing.

BEHOLD OUR PRICE LIST AS A GUIDE.

Table with columns for Suits, Overcoats, and Pants, listing prices for various items.

Open evenings until 9 o'clock; Saturday nights until 10 o'clock.

All Alterations Done Free of Charge to Insure a Good Fit.

---AT THE---

Misfit Clothing Parlors

1312 DOUGLAS ST., UP-STAIRS.

1312 Lit Up by Electric Light. 1312



25 PER CENT DISCOUNT

ON ALL CASH SALES

WINTER CLOTHING

SEE OUR REDUCTIONS: Suits formerly \$10.00 now \$7.50. Suits formerly \$12.00 now \$9.00. Suits formerly \$16.00 now \$12.00. Suits formerly \$24.00 now \$18.00. Over Coats formerly \$ 8.00 now \$ 6.00. Over Coats formerly \$10.00 now \$ 7.50. Over Coats formerly \$16.00 now \$12.00. Over Coats formerly \$18.00 now \$13.50. Over Coats formerly \$24.00 now \$18.00.

And every other article in proportion. Call and see our prices.

1216 Farnam St. B. NEWMAN & CO

Omaha Medical & Surgical Institute 1118 Howard Street. (N. E. Corner 12th and Howard Streets.) (For the Treatment of all Chronic and Surgical Diseases)

Himebaugh & Taylor

LARGEST STOCK OF-

FINE BUILDERS' HARDWARE

In the State:



Eye and Ear.

Diseases treated by an experienced specialist; also diseases of the Heart, Liver, Stomach, Kidney, Bladder, Nerve, Rheumatism, Piles, Cancer, etc. CATARRH, BRONCHITIS, AND ALL OTHER DISEASES OF THE THROAT AND LUNGS treated by Medicated Vapors (Sent for Inhaler or circular on application).

Files Cured or no Pay. (15 Years Hospital and Private Practice.)

Consultation and examination free. Call or write for circulars on chronic diseases and deformities, Diseases of Females, Private Diseases of the Urinary and Sexual Organs, etc. etc. etc. our new restorative treatment. All letters and communications Confidential. Medicines sent to all parts of the country by express, securely packed from observation, if full description of case is given. One person interviewed preferred if convenient. Open at all hours. Address all letters to Omaha Medical & Surgical Institute 1118 Howard St. Omaha, Neb.

OFFICE AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS, STATE OF NEBRASKA. LINCOLN, Jan. 16, 1885.

It is hereby certified that the Western Mutual Benevolent Association of Nebraska in the state of Nebraska, has complied with the insurance law of this state, and is authorized to transact the business of life insurance in this state for the current year. Commencing February 1, 1885.

Witness my hand and the seal of the Auditor of Public Accounts the day and year above written. H. A. BARCOCK, Auditor P. A.

CONTRACTORS' & BUILDERS' ESTIMATES FURNISHED.

Buy your Fine Bronzed Hardware at Home for less than Eastern Cities Can Deliver it. Send for Our 250 Page Catalogue. only one issued in Nebraska

ONE HUNDRED VARIETIES BUFFALO U.S. STANDARD SCALES

Counter, Hay, Stock and Railroad Track. ADOPTED BY THE UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Orders for the Indian Department given for Buffalo Scales exclusively. Scales REPAIR SHOP, 50 DOUGLAS STREET OMAHA, NEBRASKA

PERSONAL.

Simon Fisher started for New York last night. David Anderson, the cattle dealer of Columbus, is in the city. Mrs. C. R. Rainwater of St. Louis, is visiting friends in this city. Ferdinand Schroeder returned yesterday from a visit to his sister at Atchison, Kas. J. E. Wycoff and wife, who were called to Kookuk by the serious illness of Mr. Wycoff's mother, have returned to Omaha. Mr. Joe Goldsmith, of the misfit clothing parlors, left Saturday evening for New York city, to be absent about two weeks on business. Mr. E. B. Vosburg, general agent for the "Gaiety" company, which appears in an "Admission Eden," in the Academy of Music on Friday and Saturday of this week, is in the city making all necessary arrangements. J. D. Murphy, Lincoln, T. R. Leighton, Plattsmouth, James P. Richardson, Grand Island, W. J. Palmer, Blair, D. N. Butler and wife, Osceola, G. N. Brown, Grand Island, Neb., A. J. Dunn, Chicago, Ill., W. Crose, Minneapolis, I. A. Matting, Kansas City, Mo., and S. J. Collins of Rock Island, are stopping at the Metropolitan.

Omaha Commercial College Literary and Debating Society.

At the regular meeting last Saturday evening Mr. E. E. Zimmerman favored the audience with a description of his his "First Encounter with a Donkey," which was warmly received. The question, "Should the U.S. Laws be Respected?" was handled by Messrs. Scannell, Gibson, Hendricks and Pritchard, and decided in favor of affirmative. Next Saturday evening Mr. Isaac Adams will favor the society with a talk on Naples. All are invited. B. J. SCANNELL, Secretary.

Ladies! Physicians and chemists have analyzed Pozzoni's medicated complexion powder and recommend its use to their wives and lady friends. What better could be said of it? Your druggist sells it.

For Weston electric lights, either one or incandescent, apply at office, 1114 Harney street. Best light known. Rates given for either 3, 10, or 12, o'clock and all night circuit. Special rates for large number of lights--are now supplying all night lights.

THE GROUND HOG.

An Attempt to Hoodwink the Old Fellow, But It Wouldn't Work.

Some people may think that the old tradition in regard to "ground hog day" is all hoax and that the ground hog is a fool and knows no more than any other animal, but anyone who "plays" the ground hog for a sucker will get left. He knows pretty near what he is doing and no matter how many tempting baits may be thrown out for him he will not bite. Now, a week ago the old weather prophet thought he was coming a good joke upon the ground hog. He turned the wheels of time ahead a few cogs and caused the bright, warm sunshine of spring to shine upon this mundane sphere. He then closed the door to his airy castle, and with one eye peeping through the loophole, he watched the movements of the ground hog. Cautiously the knowing fellow came up from his winter quarters and looked around. The air was warm and pleasant; the sun shone in all his golden splendor; all nature seemed to smile, and even

Real Estate Transfers.

The following transfers were filed in the county clerk's office Thursday and reported for Tax Bee by the Ames' real estate agency February 7, 1885. John J. Radlek to Wm. Mergell, part of lot 9, in Capitol add. to Omaha, located within s. w. 1/4 of s. w. 1/4 of sec. 22-13-19; c. d. \$1,000. Byron Reed and wife to Nancy Houck, lot 7 in block 1 in Reed's 4th add. to Omaha, w. d.; \$700. A. Patterson and wife to Laura A. Patterson, lots 35 and 36 in Terrace add. to Omaha, w. d.; \$4,000. Thos. H. Posey and wife to Lina Quick, lots 10 in block 480, 19 in block 447, 8 in block 448, Grandview add., w. d.; \$58.50. John L. Hill and wife to R. and W. W. Bingham, lot 1 in block 8Ktonitz & Ruth's add. to Omaha, w. d.; \$2,150. Joseph Barker to A. C. Wakeley, lots 14 and 15 in Barker's sub-div. to Omaha, w. d.; \$350. H. G. Clark, General Agent in Nebraska for Dupont Powder has removed his office to 1312 Douglas street, with Collins, Gordon & Kay. Telephone No. 494.

H. S. ATWOOD,

Plattsmouth, - - - Nebraska BRADER OF ENGLISH-BRED AND BORN GRAYS HEREFORD AND JERSEY CATTLE AND PUREBRED ARABIAN AND SWISS