THE DAILY BEE

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THE BEE PUBLISHING CO., PROPS'
E. ROSEWATER, Editor.

A. H. Fitch, Manager Daily Circulation, P O. Box, 488 Omaha, Neb

THE POPULAR VERDICT.

The returns received up to this hour, three a. m., indicate a very close election in the doubtful states. There is, however, no serious grounds for alarm on the part of the republicans. Blaine and Logan still have a fair fighting chance in New York while Connecticut, New Jersey and Indiana are not given up by the national republican committee.

The country will await more complete and conclusive returns with intense anxiety. At this critical juncture when commerce and industry are well nigh paralyzed an electoral contest is of all things to be averted. Returns from Nebraska, although very meagre, leave no room to doubt that her electoral vote will be cast for Blaine and Logan by from 15,000 to 20,000 majority, while the state ticket has probably been elected by majorities ranging from 5,000 to 10,000.

A VERY heavy vote was polled in Omaha.

THE country is anxiously awaiting the verdict.

MONEY made the mayor go yesterday in New York.

THE people are sick and tired of politics, and well may they exclaim, "Give us a rest."

CINCINNATI, the musical festival hub of the country, had to have its usual muscular festival on election day.

THEY had the suffrage question down to such a fine financial question yesterday that a candidate would not vote for himself unless he got two dollars.

WHILE the board of education is considering the matter of insurance on the high school building, it should also take into consideration the precaution of supplying stand pipes for the building.

IT seems that our saintly capital city wants to flock all by itself politically. In addition to an unnecessary and unjust attack on Charley Brown, a strenuous effort was made to elect Pace, anti-monopoly candidate for lieutenant governor, merely because he resides in Lincoln.

THE New York correspondent of the Philadelphia *Record* reports General Grant as saying that since it has become known that he is writing a series of articles for the *Century*, which are afterward to be printed in book-form, he has he has had letters from all over the country from ex-soldiers who want to canvass for the book when it is published. As Gen Grant is to receive, as a starter, $50,000 for his war articles in the *Century*, he would rather write than be president.

MR. JOHN ELK, an Indian who has long since separated from his tribe and has lived in Omaha like a white man, has been endeavoring to secure the privilege of voting, but the supreme court, to which his case was carried, decides that he is not a citizen of the United States within the meaning of the first section of the fourteenth amendment of the constition, because he has not been naturalized or taxed or recognized as a citizen either by the United States or the state. We should infer from this decision that Mr. John Elk can become a citizen by taking out naturalization papers.

WHATEVER political effect the annullment of the Scott liquor law may have in Ohio, it is certain to prove a disastrous financial blow to every city and county in that state. Under the decision of the supreme court the taxpayers of Cuyahoga county, in which Cleveland is located, will have to be taxed about $330,000, this amount to be refunded to saloon-keepers for one and a half years taxes they have paid under the Scott law, also the additional tax of $249,000 to make up what it was expected would be paid by the saloonists the coming year, making a total for that time of $579,000. Hamilton county, in which Cincinati is situated, will have to raise $627,250; and $418,000 annually thereafter. During the next two years it will, therefore, have to raise $1,462,250. Erie county will be obliged to levy a tax of $33,250; Summit county $30,000; Lucas county $223,000; and so on throughout the state. The total tax collected from the saloon keepers amounted to nearly $3,000,000. This sum will have to be returned, and the deficiency will increase he taxes of the people just that much.

GERMAN POLITICS.

Socialism in Germany is evidently on the increase. This fact is shown by the recent elections to the reichstag. In the city of Berlin, which is the stronghold of socialism, the socialist vote has increased 28,000, while the liberal vote has declined 10,000. In 1871 the socialist vote in Berlin only amounted to 1,961, in 1877 it had increased to 31,576, and the next year it run up to 56,336. The total vote of the socialists in the German empire in 1871 was only 120,000; in 1874 it was 346,000, nine socialist members being elected to the reichstag, and in 1877, when they elected twelve members of the reichstag, the total vote was nearly 300,000. These figures certainly show a remarkable growth of socialism, and the wonder is that the doctrines of the socialists are becoming so popular in the face of the vigorous efforts to suppress them. A great many persons are apt to confound German socialism with French communism or Russian nihilism. This, however, is a great mistake, as one of the principal objects of socialism is the amelioration of the condition of the workingman. "Every man according to his capacity, and every capacity according to its work," is the great maxim laid down by Saint-Simon, the distinguished French scholar, who is credited with being one of the principal promulgators of socialistic doctrines. It was aint-Simon who, in 1820, in the first number of his social journal, *L'Observateur*, said that the death of 1,000 workingmen was a greater loss to a community than the death of 1,000 office-holders or the whole royal family, for which utterance he was indicted, tried and acquitted. To carry out the maxim of Saint-Simon is the chief aim of all socialistic movements. Socialism may be said to be a moral reform, and to accomplish its objects it employs political and economical measures. Although socialism is by no means a new idea, it was given an encouraging growth in France by Saint-Simon and his disciples, among whom were several eminent and gifted men. German socialism, however, may be said to be a home product of that empire. The socialists of Germany demand that labor shall receive all it earns, and they are strong advocates of the policy of protection to home industries. The government has in many respects complied with their demands for protection, and it is claimed that this has done much to better the condition of the German workingman. It is evident that the government is beginning respect as well as fear, the rapidly increasing socialistic party—the party of reform—which is bound to exercise a powerful influence in German politics.

A NEEDED ELECTION REFORM.

The method of voting in Nebraska can be considerably improved, and steps in that direction ought to be taken before another election is held. The present system of voting for presidential, state, congressional and county officers all on one ticket necessarily complicates the ballots, and makes it a slow and tedious, and in many instances an uncertain task. For several years the counting of the counting of the ballots in the city of Omaha has never been fully completed until a late hour of the next day after election, and long before learning the result in Omaha we have been informed of the result in the largest city in the country. We certainly ought to know the exact result in Omaha at midnight of election day. This can readily be done by having separate ballot boxes for national, state, congressional and county tickets, and by counting the ballots whenever 100 have been deposited. This would of course necessitate an increase in the number of judges and clerks of election, but the quick results of such a system would certainly be gratifying to the public. This plan is followed in many of the larger cities, notably in New York, where on yesterday the ballot boxes were as follows:

Number One, "President," In which box were deposited the ballots endorsed "President, Number One;" Number Two, "State," the ballots endorsed "State;" Number Three, "Congress," ballots endorsed, "Congress, Number Three;" Number Five, "Assembly," ballots endorsed "Assembly Number Five;" Number Six, "City," endorsed "City, Number Six;" Number Seven, "Justices," endorsed "Justices, Number Seven;" Number Eight, "Judiciary," endorsed "Judiciary;" Number Nine, "City and County," ballots endorsed "City and County," and an additional box marked "Constitutional Amendments," in which were deposited the ballots endorsed "Constitutional Amendments."

IT is to be hoped that the next legislature will pass a law providing for seperate tickets and ballot boxes, and the hourly counting of ballots, upon the plan described above, for cities of the first and second class. Such a law will certainly be appreciated, as it will be a great improvement on the present slow-going and ancient system.

THE TRADE SITUATION.

Now that the campaign excitement is about over it is expected that there will be a noticeable revival in trade circles which have been rather dull for several weeks. There is no denying the fact that the campaign has had a depressing effect upon business, which, added to other causes, has made trade very slow. The number of business suspensions last week in the United States was 231 and in Canada 36, or a total of 267, as against 258 last week and 218 the previous week. The increase is noticeable in the western, southern and Pacific states and in Canada. The cotton markets have developed increased firmness in the face of continued large receipts and a slow consumptive demand. The strength of the market comes mainly from reports of an improve meet in demand and prices abroad. Exports for the week show a falling off, but the aggregate clearances for the crop year are large and compare favorably with those of last year. Wool has been in light demand, but holders have confidence in their ability to maintain present prices, and while the market is not strong there is no general disposition to quicken the movement by means of concessions to buyers. The dry goods trade is generally quiet. The jobbing movement is collectively large, but the sales are in small lots, and there is much complaint about narrow profit margins and slow collections. The iron trade situation shows no important change. Orders are mostly for near requirements, and the general market lacks firmness. There is a better movement of anthracite coal in the east.

The Philadelphia *Record* in its review of the trade situation says:

Business in breadstuffs has been generally unsatisfactory. The price of wheat has fluctuated within narrow limits and shows a net decline of ½c. per bushel for the week. Export trade has disappointed expectations, and speculation has been restrained by the sluggish foreign demand and general want of confidence in business circles. A great deal of wheat is going abroad in the form of flour, for which there is an increasing demand at ruling low prices. Receipts of wheat have been checked by bad weather and heavy roads, but the supply continues to accumulate. The visible supply in this country is 2,200,000 bushels larger than a week ago, and 2,605,000 bushels larger than this time last year. The corn market is about 2c. lower than last week, as a result of free selling in anticipation of an increasing movement of new crop. Nearly all the receipts at western centers that have graded up to the export standard have been bought up for through shipment to Europe, and there is every reason to anticipate a good export business in corn as soon as supplies of the new crop become available in sufficient quantity. Old corn is too scarce and too dear to ship. Speculation is almost at a standstill on account of the scarcity of old corn and the prevalent uncertainty as to deliveries and quality of the new crop.

THE fact of a man's betting on election disqualifying him from voting has been settled in Philadelphia. The judges of election refused to take a voter's ballot yesterday because he had made a wager on the result of the election and the state law provided against his voting. On appeal to Judge Allison of the superior court the latter decided that anything in the state laws conflicting with the provisions of the state constitution relative to the right of franchise was null and void, and imperative. Consequently the man was was allowed to deposit his ballot.

AT present it may be properly said that we have telegraphic straws to show which way the wind blows. The count will soon be down to official hard pan, however, and the respective candidates can then tell where the laugh comes in.

THE Omaha *Herald* has no further use for that column and a half democratic platform. The space that it occupied during the campaign will now be filled with patent medicine advertisements.

The Ruined Cities of Arabia.

Petra has long been famous, but it appears that it can no longer claim to be unique. It is but one of many city sites with which the Peninsula of Arabia is strewn. The remains at Petra are rock cut sepulchres and a few public halls, the dwellings are gone. Probably the houses were of clay, as were those of the city of el-Heir, or Medyin Salih. Here, hewn out of a cliff that border a sandstone plain sixteen miles in length and width, are numerous tombs, similar to those at Petra. The facades are full of cornices and pilasters, showing a strange mixture of the Egytian and Greek styles. Urns and strange griffin-like figures adorn the piedments, and in some of the tympani a man's head with braided side locks is introduced as an ornament. The walls of the chamber have ranges of shelves, graves are sunk in the floor, and human bones, mummy cloths and other remains are found. At a gorge in the adjoining mountains of Ethlib is the only excavated chamber that is not a tomb. This contains a number of tablets with figures sometimes like pillars, one, two or three together, and engraved inscriptions in a Nabathean-like character above. Eleven miles from el-Heir, near the village of el-Ally, is the sight of another old town, where the inscriptions are Himyaric. At Teyma, some eighty miles north of Medyin Salih, are the walls of the old city of Teyma, mentioned by the Hebrew prophets. There are also some large colums af barbaric workmanship.

The aspect of Arabia is that of a decayed country. While the ancient Arabians bored deep wells in the rock, walled them with stone, and built stone houses, their Moslem successors were clay builders, and now the Bedouins only dig shallow pits with their hands and a stick. Among the oldest Arabian remains are huge erect stones such as would be called Druidical in Britain, and buildings of huge irregular blocks, such as are commonly called Cyclopean or Pelasgian. Monuments of uncertain age, built of unhewn stone, are frequent in the valleys and on the surface of the Harrat (or butte) el-Aneyrid, near Medyin Salih. They are shaped like bee hives and are about twelve feet high and twenty-five feet across. In one place 150 of them stood together. Each is built over a sepulchral cell, access to which is obtained through a hole in the top. Mr. Dougherty, who discovered these remains in 1876 78, has been followed by Prof. Euting, who has recently returned to Egypt. Sir Henry Rawlinson does not believe that the inscriptions are older than the first or second century of the Christian era. The Himyaritic inscriptions were probably left by pilgrims from the south of Arabia, where Himyaritic was the language, which the northern Arabs would, of course, write in their own language, the Nabathean. The Sinaitic inscriptions, which made so great a sensation a few years ago, and were believed to be records left by Moses of the Exodus, had been proved to be simply memorials of pilgrims on their way to and from Sinai. No monuments of high antiquity have yet been found in Arabia, except the foot of a statue found in the island of Bahrein, and bearing an inscription in cuneiform characters.

MISERS AND THEIR HOARDS.

Famous Grubbers of Gold and the Wealth They Hid.

New York Star.

There is every reason to believe that the hoards of money and valuables one often reads of as having been discovered by workmen while engaged in pulling down old houses have been secreted by misers; the result is that, in many cases, property thus found is taken possession of by persons whom the misers never intended to benefit namely—their heirs-at-law and next of kin.

It is pretty certain that misers of both sexes existed ages ago, as they do in our own day, and the following notes concerning some notable examples of this class of monomaniacs may not be uninteresting. Of those who made it a rule of their lives to "gather gear by every wile," the case of M. Osterwald, who died at Paris in 1791, is remarkable, as showing that the richest man in a city may also be the most miserly one. He was the on of a poor minister, and began life as a clerk in a banking house at Hamburg, where he acquired a small sum, which he augmented by his speculations in business and his economical mode of living; he afterward came to Paris, where he accumulated his enormous fortune. He was a bachelor—the expenses of a wife and children being incompatible with his frugal mode of living. He had for a servant a poor wretch, whom he never permitted to enter his apartment; he had always promised that at his death he should be handsomely recompensed, and accordingly he left him a pittance of six months' wages and a suit of clothes, but as he expressly stated "not the most new." A few days before his death some of his acquaintances, who saw that he was reduced to the last extremity by want of nourishment, proposed to him to have some soup "Yes, yes," he replied, "it is easy to talk of soup—but what is to become of the meat!" Thus died one who was reported to be the richest man in Paris, more from want of care and nourishment than from disease. He is stated to have left to relations whom he had probably never seen, the sum of £3 000,000 Under his bolster was found 800,000 livres in paper money.

The neighborhood where Mary Luhorne died seems to be still famous for its misers. In 1877 there died at Woolwich, England, a Mr. John Clarke, aged 86. He is described as being a man of education, but a very singular character; although reputed as immensely wealthy he was very miserly in his habits, and lived to the last in a squalid hovel in the poorest part of Woolwich; the greater portion of his life was spent in the accumulation of books of which he left a large store. It was reported that the front shutters of his house had not been opened for over thirty years; he never took a regular meal, nor did he know the taste of wine or spirits. Yet, notwithstanding that he lived in such a den and suffered such privations, he reached an octogenarian age, and died worth $200,000 or thereabouts.

An instance of miserly habits in the great and noble is to be found in the case of that renowned captain, the duke of Marlborough, of whom it is chronicled that, when in the last stage of life and very infirm, he would walk from the public room in Bath to his lodgings on a cold, dark night, to save a sixpence in chair hire. He died worth $7,500,000.

It is recorded of Sir James Lowther that, after changing a piece of silver in George's coffee-house, and paying twopence for his dish of coffee, he was helped into his chariot (he was then very lame and infirm), and went home. Some time after he returned to the same coffee-house on purpose to acquaint the woman who kept it that she had given him a bad half-penny, and demanded another in exchange for it. Sir James is stated to have then had about $200,000 per annum boming in, and was at a loss whom to appoint his heir.

Sir Thomas Colby, an official high in office, shortened his existence by his passion for this world's goods, as appears by the following anecdote: "He rose in the middle of the night, when he was in a very profuse perspiration, and walked down-stairs to look for the key of the cellar, which he had inadvertently left on a table in the parlor; he was apprehensive that his servants might seize the key and rob him of a bottle of port wine, instead of which he himself was seized with a chill and died intestate, leaving over $1,000,000 in the funds, which was shared by five or six day laborers, who were his next of kin." Marvelous good luck for his poor relations

At Northleet, England, there died in 1772 a Mr. Page, dealer in limestones and gunflints, by which occupation, and by a most penurious way of living, he had accumulated a fortune of some $60,000 He lived alone in a large house for several years, no one coming near him but an old woman in the village, who once a day went to make his bed. His death was caused by his running a knife into the palm of his hand while opening an oyster.

Some years since a chiffonnier (or rag and refuse gatherer) died intestate in France, having literally "scraped" together 400,000 francs, the whole of which went to the heir-at-law.

The Editor and the Tramp.

New York Journal.

"Got any work for me?" asked a bow-legged tramp of a country editor, who was sharpening his shears on a grindstone.

"Can you set type?"

"Dunno; never tried."

"Well, you might take a rest in the composing-room and set your legs up as parentheses. We're out of sorts to-day," said the editor.

THE PRINCE OF DRIVERS.

Incidents in the Career of the Once Famous Hank Monk.

Long before Horace Greeley had made him famous, this man Monk was a hero among the heroes of the Pacific coast. He was perhaps the first man to use the short, double-barreled shot guns which Wells-Fargo messengers made famous in their bloody battles with stage robbers. The fast was Hank Monk was such a reckless driver that, while every one was proud of the honor of having crossed the Sierras with him, no treasure messenger was willing to make a regular thing of it. For it was conceded that it was only a question of time when Hank Monk and his now famous "Tally Ho" stage, along with his six horses, would be tumbled from the heights into one of the innumerable gorges that lay yawning under his narrow span of road around the mountain peaks. And so the daring driver had to sit on his box alone, save when the member of congress or judge of his circuit, in order to show his valor and win votes, took possession of the perilous seat. It was the ingenuity of Monk that introduced the short double-barreled shotgun. But he did not carry it under his cloak with cock lifted and finger on trigger. Nothing of that sort; his hands were too full of the ten or a dozen reins for anything of that sort. He simply had the gun pointed down on the side of his leg with the muzzle just peeping through the sole of his heavy boots. And no one was permitted to know of the presence of this arm at all. It was known that he carried his bowie knife down the back of his neck, so as to be in reach when he pushed back his broad hat to get a good look at his enemy; but the now famous shotgun no one knew anything about; no, not even if he had twice been attacked and had thrice beaten off the robbers.

I am told that the first time he used this weapon he stopped the stage and was slowly handing down the treasure-box to the leader, when getting his leg in range, he entered a load of buckshot into the robber's heart. A second shot into the crowd of surprised robbers, and he dashed away with all his desperate speed down the mountain. And even then no one knew who fired the shots. The robbers believed it was all the work of the passengers inside the stage. A repetition of this same feat drew some suspicion on Monk, and his life was now in great peril. Once he handed in a bill for a new hat, saying the one he had was so full of bullet holes that it "wouldn't hold shucks." The amount of gold that this man carried out of the mines mounted far up into the millions, and never a dollar in all his years of service was lost. Counting his peril, the peculiar opportunities he had to betray his trust and escape suspicion by collusion with the robbers, and so on, the name of Hank Monk, particularly at this time, ought to rank high.

Reckless and hard driving with him was a passion. And yet there was nothing reckless about it at all; and he was the kindest of masters to his horses. He loved them, and they loved him, and knew his every tone and touch of the rein. His team was literally a part of himself.

Once some timid passengers complained to Ben Holladay, and told him that as the stage whirled at railroad speed round a precipitous point, every last wheel was for a moment over the ledge. Monk twisted his broad hat about in his two hands as he stood with uncovered head before the great stage king, and at last said slowly, with a twinkle in his fine eyes: "Governor, they lie; only two of the wheels was over."

Cuticura

The Only Remedies for the Skin and Blood Universally Commended.

Wm. T. Totten, 672 North Tenth Street, Philadelphia, reports that one of his customers stated to him incidentally that he was feeling so well and had gained twenty-seven pounds in the last year, all of which he attributed to a systematic course of the Cuticura Resolvent, which has proved effectual when all other remedies failed.

SORES ON NECK.

Chas. Brady, Somerville, Mass, who refers to Dr. J. J. Wood, druggist, of this city certifies to a wonderful cure of running sores, on the neck which had been treated by hospital physicians without cure, and which yielded completely to the Cuticura Remedies.

CURED BY CUTICURA.

My skin disease, which resisted several popular remedies and other remedies advised by physicians, has been cured by your Cuticura Remedies. They surpassed my most sanguine expectations and rapidly effected a cure. J. C. ARENTRUE.
Vincennes, Ind.

KNOWS ITS VALUE.

All of your Cuticura Remedies give very good satisfaction. The Cuticura I especially recommend for the diseases for which it is used. I know from experience its value.
DR. H. J. PRATT, Montello, Wis.

CUTICURA ABROAD.

Through a home returned Norwegian, I have learned to know your Cuticura, which has in a short time cured me of an Eczema that my physicians in vain could not heal.
CHR. HELLEZEN, Bergen, Norway,
Agent for Norway.

THE BOSTON POWERS.

A feeling of gratitude impels me to acknowledge the great merits of your Cuticura, and I cordially recommend it to the public as a very valuable remedy.
H. R. POWERS, Bridgeport, Conn.

For sale everywhere. Price Cuticura, the great Skin Cure, 50c. Cuticura Soap, an exquisite Skin Beautifier, 25c. Cuticura Resolvent, the new Blood Purifier $1.
POTTER DRUG AND CHEMICAL CO., BOSTON.

CUTICURA SOAP, exquisite Toilet, Bath, and Nursery Baby Soap.

SPECIAL NOTICES

TO LOAN—MONEY.

MONEY TO LOAN In sums of $500 and upwards. M. O. K. Davis and Co., Real Estate and Loan Agents, 1406 Farnam St. 558-tf

MONEY loaned on chattels. Railroad tickets bought and sold. A. Foreman, 218 S. 15th 766-tf

OMAHA Financial Exchange, large or small loans made on approved security. Office hours 9 to 5 week days, 10 to 12 Sundays. 1558 Farnam street. 1-1 to Dec. 2

HELP WANTED.

WANTED—A butcher at 1308 Burt Street. 121-5p

WANTED—A first-class cook and laundress. Inquire at residence of H. B. Wood, 517 North 20th street, between Cass and California. 120-tf

WANTED—Girl for housework. Call after 6 in the evening, 3318 Davenport street 128-5p

WANTED—A steady baker and cake maker with references. Apply immediately to Box 6, North Bend, Neb. 122-5p

WANTED—A middle-aged woman to take care of child. Call at 150 S. 15th street, near Dodge. 115-6p

WANTED—A competent girl for general housework, 2110 Harney street. 1060-5p

WANTED—Good cooks at Paxton Hotel Barber Shop. 108-4p

WANTED—One to three slaters. Deaf and Dumb Asylum building, Council Bluffs. C. Strauss. 110-6p

WANTED—Cook at Emmet House. No men need apply. 135-3p

WANTED—A first class pastry cook at the Cosmos. 965-tf

WANTED—A good coatmaker, good prices and work and fare paid. Address J. W. Resrick, Hastrie, Neb. 912-6p

WANTED—A girl for house work at N. E corner 18 and Leavenworth, must be a good cook, washer and ironer. None other need apply. 905-

WANTED—A first-class barber, at E. W. Lerke's, 521 Broadway, Council Bluffs. 56-3

WANTED—Traveling salesman to sell rubber heels and shoe stock throughout the North west. References required. Address "S. B." Bee office. 9-3-8p

WANTED—A good woman cook at 5-7 south 18th street. Mrs. Hill. 907-4p

WANTED—Good girl for general housework, must be a good cook. Apply at 2420 Harney street. Mrs J. M. Thurston. 925-tf

WANTED—A good girl to do general housework in a family of two persons. Address A. C. D., Bee office. 910-tf

WANTED—Immediately, 3 good experienced iron cornice workers. The highest wages will be paid. Theo. Bustle & Co., Fremont, Neb. 899-4

WANTED—Tailors. First class setting pieces for Ladies' Tailoring Establishment. 93-1m

WANTED—Agents for the Mutual Hail Insurance Co. Address the Company at Stuart Neb. 632-1m

WANTED—Ladies or gentlemen in city or country to take nice, light and pleasant work at their own homes, $2 to $5 a day easily and quietly made; work sent by mail; no canvassing; no stamp for reply. Please address Reliable Manf'g Co., Philadelphia, Pa. 803-1m

WANTED—Agents to sell Gately's Universal Educator on monthly payments. Call on or address W. D. P. Lowry, room 6, 119 north 16th st., Omaha. 871-1m

WANTED—LADIES OR GENTLEMEN—In city or country, to take nice, light and pleasant work at their own homes; $2 to $5 per day easily and quietly made; work sent by mail; no canvassing; no stamp for reply. Please address Reliable Manf'g Co., Philadelphia, Pa. 803-1m

SITUATIONS WANTED.

WANTED—A situation by a first-class salesman, in clothing, gents furnishing or dry goods. Best of reference given. I also understand how to keep a set of books. Address L. S. Myer, care this Bee 107-5p

WANTED—By a widow, a position as housekeeper. Address "D. M." Bee office. 130-6p

WANTED—Sewing by the day or week in shopper private family, by an experienced dressmaker. Call or address "R." No. 105 North 18th St. 13-5p

WANTED—Situation as assistant book-keeper or clerk in wholesale establishment. Best of references as regards character and ability. Address 1415 California street. 132-4p

WANTED—Situation as coachman; one used to care of high bred horses. Best of references. Address "H. K." Bee office. 123-4p

WANTED—In a fort-night by steady experienced man, a situation as bread and cake baker. References. Apply J. Irwin, Baker North Bend, Neb. 938-7p

WANTED—By a young lady, a situation as book-keeper or copyist. Address "X. Y. Z." Bee office. 109-8p

WANTED—By a girl a place in small family to do second or general house work. Inquire at 516 Clark St. 971-4p

WANTED—Position as nurse. Reference given. Mrs. J. N. Ellingwood, 1125 N. 17th St. 929-1

WANTED—A position as book keeper or a set of books to keep or post in the evening, by a competent book keeper. Speaks German and English, best of reference. Address "E. J." Bee office. 954-7p

A young married man wants situation as book-keeper, in wholesale establishment in Omaha. Address "O." care Bee. 836-tf

MISCELLANEOUS WANTS.

WANTED—Pupils in short hand. Pitman's system. Miss Niles, 10th and Hickory St. 123-10p

WANTED—Two day boarders at 1724 Douglas. 190-7p

WANTED—33 square yards good second hand carpet. Name lowest price. "A. 33." Bee office. 129-4p

WANTED—$1000 for 1 or two years 15 per cent in first class security. "Empire," Bee office. 995-4

WANTED—To rent a small furnished house, would buy furniture if desirable and cheap. Address "H." drawer 22, city. 970-5p

WANTED—Business. An active merchant of thorough business education and habits contemplating a change January 1 t. 1885, wishes to purchase an interest in a well established mercantile or manufacturing business, would buy out a small business, has $10 000 cash, can furnish references of a high order and would expect same. To secure reply, address giving full name and particulars, "Merchant" care Bee office. 859-6t lowkp

WANTED—$5,000 to $20,000 on thirty, sixty or ninety days, best security. Address "S" Bee office. 839-tf

WANTED—To buy a city lot to be paid in weekly or monthly installments. Address "H. H" Bee office. 612-tf

WANTED—$2,000 on first-class city security, for 5 years, at 9 per cent. Address Box 620 Post-office. 706-tf

FOR RENT—Houses and Lots.

FOR RENT—10 room house 2142 and Burt $45. 4 room house 28th and Douglas $19. Boggs & Hill Real estate 1408 Farnam St. 984-1

FOR RENT—Two front rooms for light housekeeping, at 2319 Chicago street. 135-10p

FOR RENT—Furnished room S. W. corner of 17th and Capitol avenue. 136-6p

FOR RENT—Nicely furnished rooms for single gentlemen in private family, desirable location, horse cars within half block. For particulars address "A" Bee office. 101-6p

FOR RENT—Two unfurnished rooms for housekeeping, in one furnished room, 1617 Chicago street. 134-6p

FOR RENT—A cottage on Chicago street, bet. 14th and 15th. Inquire of John Swift 14-6p

FOR RENT—Very desirable room at 1724 Capitol avenue. Call at that number. 119-10p

FOR RENT—Furnished suite of rooms; also one single room, very pleasantly located on Capitol Hill, west of High School. Address with reference, "X Y. Z." Bee office. 118-10p

FOR RENT—Furnished room with board, 1609 Davenport street, bet. 16th and 17th. 110-4p

FOR RENT—The corner store 10th and Leavenworth. Apply G. H. Peterson. 103-tf

FOR RENT—Barns, 911 N. 18th street, $10 per month. John Bradford, 102 16th St 62-tf

FOR RENT—A furnished room at 1312 Dodge St. 710-6p

FOR RENT—Large furnished front room, suitable for one or two gentlemen; 1710 Chicago St. 602-tf

FOR RENT—With board, nicely furnished rooms with gas and bath room, at S. W. cor. 14th and Jones streets. 757-8p

FOR RENT—Cottage of five rooms, desirable location. G. S. Davis & Co., 1556 Farnam st. 117-tf

FOR RENT—Two elegant rooms in suite with modern improvements top floor. Brunner's block, S. W. cor 16th and Dodge. References required. 975-6p

FOR RENT—Two nice front rooms in private family for light housekeeping or lodging, new cottage 1 block north of St. Mary's ave. street cars. Apply 406 Lincoln Pl. 106-8p

FARMS—To rent for 5 years. 120 acres 3½ miles N. E. Elmwood Station.
160 acres 1 mile N. E. Forest city.
160 " 5 miles N. W. Florence.
160 " 6 " " " "
160 " 2 miles south of Kennard.
160 " 8 miles N. W. Waterloo.
160 " near Fremont.
160 " near Schuyler.
160 " in Cedar County.
160 " near Valparaiso.
160 " 8 miles east of Pappillion.
40 " 3 miles S. W. Omaha.
20 " at Florence Lake. Boggs & Hill, Real Estate 1408 Farnam St. 983-2

FOR RENT—Pleasant furnished room, 605 N. 17th. 888-8p

FOR RENT—House of 5 rooms $13, house of 10 rooms $40, desirable cottage with lot $20, house 6 rooms $16, house 8 rooms $18. Edson Bros 317 South 13th St 953-4

FOR RENT—Two furnished rooms, will rent separately or together reasonable, 1919 Douglas St 982-2

FOR RENT—Pleasant furnished room at 1509 Capitol ave. 976-7

FOR RENT—One unfurnished room for housekeeping. Beeman's block, cor. 8th and Howard. 790-tf

FOR RENT—Pleasant rooms with board 105 N. 18th St. 743-6p

FOR RENT—First class three story brick, metal roof, warehouse, hydraulic elevator, concrete basement, Railroad track to door. Barker & Magney, 13th and Farnam. 903-tf

FOR RENT—Furnished room at 1816 Dodge street. 820-5p

FOR RENT—One desirable room, suitable for one or two gentlemen. Located one square from St Mary's avenue, bath room and hot and cold water. 509 Pleasant street. 837-tf

FOR RENT—Suite of nicely furnished rooms, S. E. cor 20th and Davenport streets. 914-6p

FOR RENT—Furnished and unfurnished rooms with board in connection, home comforts. 1819 Farnam, 1 door above new Court house 922-4p

FOR RENT—A cozy one room and office in state on January 1st, 1885, on 13th between Williams and Hickory. Inquire at J. Casper. 9-6-tf

FOR RENT—Five room house with cellar and cistern. Inquire of Mrs. E. Rodolfa, 25th between Davenport and Chicago sts. 913-4

FOR RENT—Pleasant furnished room S. E. cor 13th and Howard sts. 913-tf

FOR RENT—Furnished room and board $5 00 per week. Very best location, 1214 Davenport. 645-6p

FOR RENT—A new cottage with four rooms, 15th street bet. Leavenworth and Mason. Inquire at 327 10th street bet. Farnam and Harney. A. Kaish. 879-tf

FOR RENT—Elegantly furnished front room east and south exposure, modern conveniences. S. W corner 17th and Case. 681-tf

FOR RENT—Thirteen new dwellings by C. T. Taylor, corner 14th and Douglas. 849-tf

FOR RENT—House 7 rooms good locality by C. T. Taylor corner 14th and Douglas. 849-tf

FOR RENT OR SALE—A house of 5 rooms hard and soft water, 2 lots with barn 24x36. Rent $15. per month. Inquire north-east corner 26th and Pierce St. 778-tf

FOR RENT—Two or three front rooms furnished to gentleman and wife, 2115 California St. 883-tf

FOR RENT—Brick tenement. Inquire Drug Store corner 16th and Douglas. 812-tf

ROOMS—With board, desirable or winter. Apply at St. Charles Hotel. 7 62-tf

FOR RENT—Very desirable furnished rooms centrally located. Apply at Atkinson's millinery store, 15th St 700-tf

T. MURRAY has good pasturing. Spring water. 356-tf

FOR RENT—Cottage of five rooms. J. Phipps Roe 1512 south 5th street. 639-tf

FOR RENT—Suite of rooms and board 1812 Dodge 538-1m

FOR RENT—Pianos and organs from two dollars up. A. Hospe, 1510 Dodge. 469-1m

FOR RENT—Half of double house, four rooms, Shinn's 3d addition, $11. a month. Apply room 24, Omaha National Bank. 376-tf

FOR RENT—Handsome furnished rooms 310½ S. 15th St. Mrs. May Spencer. 372-tf

FOR RENT—A furnished room 1606 Farnam St. 267-tf

FOR RENT—One grand square piano. Inquire of Etholin and Erickson. 440-tf

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Nearly new, splendid base burner, Elkhorn cooking stove and household furniture, at 2417 Davenport street. 127-8

FOR SALE OR TRADE—Interest in new cottage 7 rooms and lot, two blocks from street car, for good Nebraska land or vacant Omaha property. Address "Q." this office. 785-7

FOR SALE—Six fresh Jersey cows with calves 2 to 10 days old, at reasonable prices, one mile west of Fair Grounds—Spring Valley Stock Farm. 216-8 N. I. D. SOLOMON.

FOR SALE—Two Radiant Home Double Heaters, Parlor Stoves No. 62, nearly new, cheap. Complete with all extras. J. C. Cowin, Room No. 7, Creighton Block. 112-5p

FOR SALE—A thoroughly established jewelry business. For particulars, address Mrs. George Zutter, Tekamah, Neb. 116-8

LAND FOR SALE—50 quarter sections 1st class land 10 to 20 miles from Omaha, $20 to $30 per acre, long time. Boggs & Hill, Real estate 1408 Farnam St. 979-1

CHEAP LOTS—100 good lots in Park Forest only 7 blocks from Street car line on south 13th St. $150 to $200 per lot. Boggs & Hill. 980-1

FINE RESIDENCE LOTS—300 very choice lots in Omaha View addition, only 3 blocks from "New Terminus" of both rail and green car lines, $400 for inside, $500 for corner lots. Boggs & Hill, real estate 1408 Farnam St. 981-1

INSIDE REAL ESTATE—30 lots on Farnam, Dougl as and Davenports Boggs & Hill's first and second additions $1000 to $1 00. Boggs & Hill, Real estate 1408 Farnam St. 982-1

FOR SALE—Saloon with all equipments ready for business, located in a good Nebraska town, not far from Omaha. License guaranteed, fixtures and furniture second hand. For further information apply to John A. Freyhan, wholesale liquor dealer, No. 1305 Douglas St., Omaha, Neb. 987-4

FOR SALE—Desirable cottage good neighborhood $600 monthly payments. Ballou Bros, 317 South 13th St. 975-4

FOR SALE—Cottage 3 room $450 monthly payments. Ballou Bros, 317 south 13th St. 974-4

FOR SALE—Best located residence lot in Omaha, $3000, must be sold. Boggs & Hill. 983-1

FOR SALE OR RENT—A Ladies' Boarding House, good location. Address "F. H." Bee office. 969-8p

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—For horses or good mules, a $1 000 stock of goods consisting of clothing, hats, caps, boots and shoes, and gents' underwear. Will take some horses in part payment, part on four months' time, balance cash. Address "W. J. E." Lock Box 29, Onawa, Iowa. 918-11

RESTAURANT FOR SALE—One of the best restaurants and bakery combined in Nebraska with good location and trade, establishment in city of 6000 population. Only first-class restaurant in the place and doing more in bakery line than all others in city combined. Ice cream parlor in season. Oysters, ice houses and everything complete. Will sell furnished and leave everything. Will sell at a bargain and to right man with small cash payment and balance on long time, so purchaser can make it pay for itself. W. S. WISE, Plattsmouth, Neb. 817-n 22

FOR SALE—Four 16 foot, walnut counters, and 80 feet of first class shelving, desirable for drug, grocery or book store. Inquire at the office of Congdon Carkoon & Hunt, 1331 Farnam street. 809-tf

FOR SALE—1 sausage chopper, horse power; one feet boiling kettle, one lard press. Apply at Brooklyn Market, cor. 13th and Pierce 802-tf

FOR SALE—800,000 feet dry lumber, Ash, Oak, Elm, Basswood and Soft Maple. E. A. Atkinson, St. Charles, Michigan. 800-n21p

TYPE—A quantity of job and newspaper type for sale. Also a good Zither. C. T. Bauer, care Bee office. 753-tf

FOR SALE—Cottage of 5 rooms, barn, corner lot in Shinn's addition; cash $1,500; small cash payment and balance monthly. Bargain. McCague, opposite office. 696-tf

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—A water power grist mill, reasons for selling given on application to Geo. E. Bragg, Waverly, Neb. 664-1m

FOR SALE—New phaeton