THE OMAHA DAILY BEE.

FOURTEENTH YEAR. OMAHA, NEB., SATURDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 18, 1884. NO. 103

UNDER THE PINES.

Blaine's Campaign Tour Through the Towns of Michigan.

Continued Ovations and Enthusiastic Greetings.

His Eloquent and Stirring Speech at Flint.

He Impeaches the Traducers of His Fame.

By the Simple Logic of an Appeal to Facts.

He Crushes Their Envious and Malicious Libels—The Gallant Fremont With Him.

BLAINE IN MICHIGAN.

EAST SAGINAW, Mich, October 17.—Blaine left Saginaw at 10 o'clock this morning for Bay City, He and Gen. Fremont were escorted through the city to a stand in the park around which were 10,000 people. Blaine was introduced, spoke briefly and introduced Gen. Fremont. Both were enthusiastically received.

DETROIT, October 16.—The best arranged reception given to Blaine so far on his trip through Michigan was at Flint. Dispensing with carriages and the paraphenalia of a procession, the local committee had erected a stand on a flat car to which Blaine stepped from the train. Around the stand was an enthusiastic meeting of several thousand people. Blaine spoke here at greater length than usual. After calling attention to protective tariff the great issue of the campaign, and expressing his belief that Michigan, a state so much interested in protection would follow the lead of Ohio, he said: "I have received since I have been in this state, two or three letters from persons asking me to state whether or I had ever been a member of the "know-nothing" party. In connection with these inquiries from persons in Michigan, I have received some telegrams from the Pacific coast asking whether I was not a supporter of Fillmore, when he ran in '56 as the native American candidate for the presidency. Let me say in full and explicit reply to these inquiries by letter and telegraph that I never was a member of the "Know-Nothing" order, that I never voted for a man who was nominated by it, either for a state for a national office, and that instead of supporting Fillmore in '56 when I was a young man of 26, I had the honor to be a member of the national republican convention which nominated General Fremont (cheers) and as the general is now on this platform he will be able to bear testimony that however inefficient my support may have been, it was very earnest and very ardent. [Renewed cheering.] I was then the junior editor of the Kennebec Journal, and the paper was entirely devoted to General Fremont's advocacy, and aided in giving him the largest majority ever cast in Maine for a presidential candidate of any party. [Cheers.] The "knownothing" order holds views in regard to immigration and naturalization with which I never had any sympathy and from which I never hesitated to express dissent; but in connection with that subject, let me say that there are at present three wrongs which, in my judgement require correction. First, I think that the habit which has grown upon the part of some European countries of sending their paupers to the United States ought not to be longer tolerated. (Good, good! and cheers.) I believe in the good old American system which requires that each town or each county shall take care of its own poor. (That's it, that's it! and cheers.) If in European countries their laws tend to impoverish the working people those countries ought to take care of them when reduced to want, instead of shipping them to us. (Great cheering) 2d, and still more objectionable is the practice of shipping their criminals to us as has been done in many cases. Criminals being released from punishment on condition that they shall come to the United States. I think that it is a very grave offence against this country which should not be permitted. [Cheers.] Third, if a tariff for protection is designed to elevate the laboring man of this country and secure him good wages and if it is not for that it is not for anything, then I think the custom which some men are trying to introduce of importing cheap contract labor from foreign countries to compete with home labor ought to be prohibited [Renewed cheers.] It is a species of servitude against the spirit of our laws and injures all who are in any way connected with it. There are three evils that I think ought to be remedied but, as to the honest immigrant seeking to better his condition, whether he came from the British Isles, or from the great German empire, from the sunny climes of the Latin nations, or from the brave Scandinavian races of the north, we bid him God-speed and give him a hearty welcome and hospitality and when he is admitted to citenship we assure him protection at home and abroad. [Prolonged cheering] Once among us and of us, his rights are equal before the law with those of the native born citizen. No distinction can be tolerated among those who are clothed with the honor of American citizenship. [Renewed cheering] At the conclusion of his remarks Blaine introduced General Fremont as the gallant soldier who had led the republican party in its first great political conflict, which, though ending in a nominal defeat, was really the prepration for its splendid triumph four years later.

FREMONT'S SPEECH.

The appearance of the general was the signal for enthusiastic cheers. He returned thanks in a brief speech, in the course of which he said: "Mr. Blaine has referred to the fact that he was a member of the convention that nominated in 1856. The loyal and cordial support which I am now giving Mr. Blaine is the best testimony I can bear to what he has about his earnest support of me when I had the honor to be at the head of the republican party in the first great national campaign." [Renewed cheers.]

AT PORT HURON.

At Port Huron there was a fine reception. Rev. A. Hastings Ross read the address of welcome to which Blaine responded briefly. General Fremont was then introduced and made a few remarks.

DETROIT REACHED.

It was half past seven when the train arrived at Detroit. Blaine in company with Senator Hale was driven to Mrs. Chandlers where he will spend the night. To-morrow he will go on through Michigan reaching South Bend, Indiana, in the evening.

SENATOR JOHN SHERMAN.

INFLUENCE ON THE DOUBTFUL STATES OF THE BUCKEYE VICTORY.

Mansfield (O.) Special to the Chicago Tribune.

A newspaper man had the following interview with Senator John Sherman at his residence this evening regarding the result of Tuesday's election:

"What effect, if any, will the Republican victory in Ohio have on the November election?"

"I think that the result of Tuesday is decisive on the presidential election so far as Ohio is concerned. I have no doubt whatever that Ohio will more than double the majority, whether a contest is made by the democrats or not. The influence of the Ohio election upon other states is a matter of opinion merely. I think a well-contested struggle such as we had in Ohio is a fair indication of popular opinion in other states. A great many people will take the result here as indicating the result in the doubtful states of Indiana, New York, New Jersey, and Connecticut, and will vote accordingly."

"What do you think of the charge that the republicans used United States marshals to further the ends of the party?"

"I think the republican party was entirely justified in appealing to the act of congress to protect the ballot-box against what it appears to me was organized ruffianism in Cincinnati. It may be that the Deputy Marshals, suddenly clothed with power, may have abused it in individual instance, but the same thing was done by Sheriffs, Deputies, and the regular police in Cincinnati. All forms of lawless violence in elections should be frowned upon without regard to party feeling, but when extraordinary steps are taken on the one side it is apt to invite similar efforts on the other side. Both parties should seek to punish violations of law or abuse of power, either by marshals or sheriffs, or their deputies."

Married a Jewess.

CINCINNATI, October 16.—Thomas Vickers, the late Rector of the Cincinnati University, was married to-night at the Grand hotel to Miss Leonora Oppenheimer. The groom came to Cincinnati fifteen years ago, and became the pastor of one of the Unitarian churches. The church running down, its pastor resigned and went into politics. He soon secured an election as librarian of the public library. His bride of to-night was at that time an assistant in the library. When Mr. Vickers left the library and became rector of the university she went with him in the capacity of secretary. A movement was subsequently initiated against Vickers in the university board of such strength that he last June resigned the Rectorship. He then became a candidate for reelection as librarian of the public library, but he was defeated. Disappearing, it was not known what had become of him until yesterday, when he returned and explained that he had been editing a paper in Aurora county, Dakota. Miss Oppenheimer is about 28. Her parents are bitterly opposed to the match, and say they will never recognize Vickers as one of the family.

An Army Dismissal.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 16.—The president today signed an order dismissing from the service Capt. Geo. T. Olmstead, jr., who was tried and convicted by court martial on charges of embezzlement while on special duty in charge of military telegraph in Arizona.

Tripartite Harmony.

PESTH, October 17.—Prince Tossea, in a speech yesterday before the Hungarian chamber of deputies, said no written treaty was concluded between the three emperors at Skiernlwice. That conference was a guarantee of friendly relation.

The African Conference.

LONDON, October 17.—The Times says England has signified to Germany her acceptance of the principle on which the African conference is to take place, but has not formally accepted the invitation to be present.

Calling for Unpaid Rentals.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., October 17.—The counsel for the Schuylkill Navigation Company petitioned the United States court for an order on the Philadelphia and Reading R. R. to pay $219,000 representing the unpaid rentals.

Contractor Rescued.

BOSTON, October 17.—The police who went to Wellesley to rescue Dacy, the contractor, from the Italians, found him in a barn, arrested seventy-five Italians, and released Dacy. All but nineteen were afterwards let go, to be tried to-day. They say Dacy has not paid them for 40 days.

TEST YOUR BAKING POWDER TO-DAY!

Brands advertised as absolutely pure

CONTAIN AMMONIA.

THE TEST:

Place a can top down on a hot stove until heated, then remove the cover and smell. A chemist will not be required to detect the presence of ammonia.

DOES NOT CONTAIN AMMONIA.

ITS HEALTHFULNESS HAS NEVER BEEN QUESTIONED.

In a million homes for a quarter of a century it has stood the consumers' reliable test,

THE TEST OF THE OVEN.

PRICE BAKING POWDER CO.,

MAKERS OF

Dr. Price's Special Flavoring Extracts,

The strongest, most delicious and natural flavor known, and

Dr. Price's Lupulin Yeast Gems

For Light, Healthy Bread, The Best Dry Hop Yeast in the World.

FOR SALE BY GROCERS.

CHICAGO. ST. LOUIS.

CRIMES AND CASUALTIES.

THE LA CROSSE LYNCHING.

A DAY OF DEPRESSION AFTER THE TRAGEDY—THE FIEND'S MURDEROUS PLOT.

LA CROSSE, Wis., October 17.—Business is practically suspended here to-day. Last night's tragedy was the all absorbing topic. It appears that Mitchell intended, if possible, to kill at least two more citizens, one of whom was Charles A. McDonald. It was only a question whom he met first. He was equipped with two self-cocking Smith and Wesson revolvers, and pulled them as fast as the ticking of a watch. Ex-chief police Hatch is out of the city, but evidence now points toward Mitchell as the man who attempted his assassination several weeks ago and only left him when he supposed him dead. An inquest has been ordered and it is possible that a number of witnesses will be examined. There is no disposition to prosecute anyone. The general verdict being that it was a righteous execution.

THE CORONER'S JURY.

LA CROSSE, October 17.—The coroner's jury examined twelve witnesses in the Mitchell inquest, among whom were the sheriff, policemen, eye witnesses of the murder and lynching. No one recognized any of the multitude who did the lynching. The verdict is substantially that the deceased was the man who murdered Mr. Burton, and that he came to his death by hanging at the hands of parties to the jury unknown.

Steamer on Fire

QUEENSTOWN, October 17.—Instead of going to Liverpool, the Nevada entered this harbor. The cargo has been on fire since Wednesday at 2 p. m.. The Nevada's passengers are safe. Every effort is being made to extinguish the flames.

QUEENSTOWN, October 16.—No passengers have yet landed from the Nevada. The captain denies that the fire is still burning. She expected to leave this afternoon for Liverpool.

DONGOLA, October 17.—A message from Wady Gerai reports that the steamer which ran aground had a quantity of money on board belonging to Green, consul for the Europeans and natives with the booty taken from the rebels and also the heads of rebels killed at Khartoum. No whites among the prisoners.

A Ranchman Murdered.

DENVER, Col., October 16.—Yesterday morning Matt. B. Perkinson, a sheep-herder, rode up to the house of his former employer, Derby P. Payne, a small sheep-owner living three miles from Deer Trail, a water-station on the Kansas Pacific road forty miles from Denver, and after refusing Payne's invitation to breakfast, called him outside and demanded the payment of $30, a balance due for work. Payne replied that he had no money then, but hoped to have some in a few days when he would settle. Perkinson upon this drew a revolver and fired three shots, the first of which passed through Payne's body killing him instantly. Perkinson gave himself into the custody of an officer at Deer Trail. After waiving examination he was taken to Denver and lodged in jail. He claims that Payne made a motion as if to draw a pistol and he shot in self-defense. Payne was a highly respected citizen.

A Lincoln Embezzler.

LINCOLN, Neb., October 17.—J. Robert Williams, of David City, has been missing since Friday of last week, when he took the train for the east. It is just discovered that he has absconded taking with him $27,000 in money borrowed from confidential friends in church, Sunday-school, temperance and political circles, in all of which he was prominent. He was superintendent of the Sunday-school, candidate for elector on the St. John ticket and ran for district judge last fall. He is supposed to be in Canada.

Murdered in a Lonely Gulch.

LEADVILLE, Col., October 16.—Sam Baldwin a teamster for the Daisy mine, was found murdered in a lonely gulch near here. His belt, containing $1,100, is gone. A rude mask was discovered near the body. He has a wife and several children in Galesburg, Ill. James G Gillespie and a man named Mimich were arrested for the crime. Lynching is probable.

DISGUSTED DEMOCRATS.

RETURNED CINCINNATI PILGRIMS UNFOLD A TALE OF SORROW.

Chicago Tribune Local.

There was a howl of anguish yesterday at the democratic county headquarters over the preparations making by the republicans to get a free ballot and an honest count at the coming election. Most of "the boys" who went to Cincinnati with "Bill" Gallagher and his associates were back, and their souls were filled with indignation at the insults heaped upon them by United States marshals, who not only kept them from voting, but promptly arrested any of them who were foolhardy enough to attempt it. They brought word that the boys at home must see to it that enough of Carter Harrison's special police were sworn in to keep the deputy marshals from interfering with the rights of the repeaters. The suggestion that the deputy marshals would be armed in some of the wards where the democratic roughs have threatened to keep decent voters from the polls caused a wail of indignation from the returned Cincinnati pilgrims. According to their story, when a special policeman or a crowd of repeaters interfered with the marshals they made no bones of using their shooting irons.

The boys who got back were also intensely disgusted with the colored voters of Cincinnati, who, in spite of everything, insisted on voting the republican ticket. Their sentiments were shared by the hangers on at county headquarters, who vowed that not a colored vote should be cast in Chicago outside the Second Ward, several declaring that they were aching for a chance "to kill a coon."

Van Pelt comforted the crowd by assuring them that none of the "d——d Cincinnati monkey business" would be tolerated in Chicago, and that Carter Harrison would see whether the United States was bigger than the city of Chicago election-day.

Nevertheless the reports from Cincinnati cast a gloom over the blackleg element, which has been relied on to do a great part in keeping respectable people away from the polls. This was particularly the case in the Finerty district, where it was intended to mass all the tough elements. The Finerty people were reported to be getting ready to defend their rights in a way election toughs despise, and Joe Mackin was credited with the remark that the machine would have to depend on "fine work" inside the polling places for its success. Here, too, there is trouble. Some of the judges have got scared and cannot be depended upon to carry out the behests of the machine at a risk of a term in the penitentiary. Others are so ignorant that they cannot be trusted with "the work," and it is likely that a number of the judges of the second congressional district will be changed to make for men on whom the machine can rely.

THE CAMPAIGN.

Ohio's Republican Majority in Congressional Vote Reaches 18,418.

The Democracy's Suicidal Blindness to Defeat.

Arrogantly Claiming the State for November.

The Chicago Democracy's Impudent Howl of Fraud.

Iowa Greenbackers Opposed the Democratic Fusion.

Gov. Cleveland Returns Home—Hurd Threatens Contest — Logan to Tour Iowa—Canvass Notes.

CHEERING OHIO.

AT SIDNEY.

Special dispatch to The Bee.

SIDNEY, Neb., October 17.—A monster ratification was held here last night under the auspices of the Blaine and Logan club. The principal speakers were J. W. Bixler, I. I. Nesbit and Dr. Buckworth, of North Platte. They were well received, their main subject being the tariff question.

AT BLOOMINGTON.

BLOOMINGTON, Neb., October 17.—Republicans celebrated the Ohio victory last night. One hundred guns have been fired and everybody is feeling happy.

OHIO RETURNS.

A NET REPUBLICAN MAJORITY OF 18,418.

COLUMBUS, O., October 17.—The official vote was counted by the county clerks to-day. Returns from sixty, and semi-official from the other twenty-eight give Robinson for secretary of state 11,321, and Flickings for board of public works 17,476 majority. Semi-official returns do not report on other candidates, but with sixty counties the plurality of Johnson for supreme judge is estimated between fifteen and sixteen thousand. The total vote or majorities by congressional districts cannot be given, but the vote by counties on congressmen shows 53,544 republican majorities and 40,126 democratic. The net republican majority on the congressional vote is 18,418.

THE REASON WHY!

THE DEMOCRACY COINING EXCUSABLE CAUSE FOR ITS OHIO DEFEAT.

Special Telegram to THE BEE.

CHICAGO, October 17.—Elliot K. Pendleton, of Cincinnati, who is a brother of Senator Pendleton, said at the Palmer house this morning in conversation with a reporter, that there were causes operating in the recent election in Cincinnati which had not yet been referred to. "I see," said he, "that everybody is damning the Germans for voting the republican ticket. This censure is entirely unmerited. The German vote is not lost to the democrats, by any means. In November they will vote for Cleveland. They did not vote the republican ticket this time because they were dissatisfied with the democrats for their failure to repeal the Scott law, because they did not feel, as a great many others did, that the election of Blaine would be assured by the October election going republican, and lastly because they are not, as a class, opposed to republican state rule. Their opposition is directed toward Blaine. The result will show that this is so. In November the Germans will vote the democratic ticket. One other important reason is the fact that the independent republicans voted the republican ticket Tuesday. Their objection to the republicans did not find in the October election a form of expression it will in November. In Hamilton county the republican majority, if I remember, was something like 2,000; perhaps over. Well, there are at least 2,000 independents in Cincinnati. I should be surprised if there were less. These independents will vote against Blaine and will make the difference at once 4,000 votes. "It is my opinion," said Mr Pendleton, in conclusion, "that with fusion with the Butlerites, the democrats can carry Ohio by a small majority."

A BOURBON BLIND.

THE CHICAGO DEMOCRATS CRY FRAUD TO CONCEAL THEIR OWN INIQUITIES.

Special telegram to THE BEE:

CHICAGO, October 17.—Commissioner Van Pelt and his committee on town and ward organization have discovered that on Tuesday the republicans took advantage of the registration to record the names of hundreds of fraudulent voters. Van Pelt represents the extent of this fraudulent registry as incomprehensible in the view of the two democratic judges who had charge of the books. In some lower wards where the negroes reside in abundance there were twice as many colored voters registered as the school census recently taken reports to exist. In the 6th precinct of the first ward a deputy United States marshal is alleged to have taken the registration book before half the democrats had registered. Twenty colored voters are registered for one house which Van Pelt found on examination to have "only four beds in it." The commissioner and his committee are receiving similar reports daily, and propose they say to investigate the matter. A number of the republican county committee said that commissioner Van Pelt's statements are bare-faced lies and were intended to attract attention from the frauds that democrats themselves had committed at registration. They had two judges and they certainly had a better opportunity.

WEST VIRGINIA'S VOTE.

ONLY A SLIGHT DEMOCRATIC MAJORITY—BIG REPUBLICAN GAINS INDICATED.

WHEELING, W. Va., October 17.—As far as heard from, twenty-eight counties in this state give democratic majorities of 12,183. Twenty-two counties give republican majorities of 9,277. The democratic majority is 2,856, with four counties to hear from which may increase the democratic majority 1,200. The democratic plurality in 1880 was 16,136 and 13,100 over the republicans and greenbackers. This year the republicans and greenbackers fused. It appears, however, that the democratic greenbackers in most counties went back to their party and the republican greenbackers did the same. The campaign was virtually a square issue between republicans and democrats. The total vote will surpass any in the state

CLEVELAND HOMEWARD BOUND

LEAVING NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, October 17.—Governor Cleveland left the Fifth avenue hotel to take the 3:30 p. m. train for Albany. He was accompanied by Mayor Banks, of Albany, Adjutant-General Farnsworth and Private Secretary Lamont. The governor was anxious to keep the time of his departure private, as he desired to leave without any demonstration. He had not got half a block from the entrance, however, when he was recognized, and from that point to the depot he was repeatedly cheered.

AT HOME.

ALBANY, October 17.—Governor Cleveland, accompanied by private secretary Lamont, Mayor Banks and some state officers arrived from New York at 7:15. The governor drove to the executive mansion. The crowd at the depot cheered heartily as the governor walked to the carriage. The governor appeared in excellent health and spirits. He expressed himself very much impressed with the magnitude of the demonstrations in New York and Brooklyn, and the earnestness and confidence which pervaded the ranks of the democracy.

CLEVELAND CANED.

Rev. Thomas Devany and Frank T. Kean the committee of the Gilman Catholic church called upon Cleveland and presented him with the cane voted at the church fair. The governor said it gave him great pleasure to receive so flattering an assurance of the esteem of his western Catholic friends and he appreciated, especially the honor done him by Father Devany and Mr. Kean waiting nearly two days at Albany to present in person the gift voted.

THE CHICAGO RECEPTION.

IMMENSE PREPARATIONS TO RECEIVE THE "PLUMED KNIGHT" AT CHICAGO.

CHICAGO, Oct. 17.—Arrangements for the visitation of Mr. Blaine in Chicago October 25th are at present taking up the attention of the local republicans to a great extent. Little else was talked about at the meeting of the republican executive committee yesterday afternoon. One of the members suggested that it would not be a bad idea for the committee to go to Bloomington in a body and meet Mr. Blaine, as he is going to stop there long enough to make a speech—probably from the platform of his car. The other members thought the idea was a good one, and it was settled that the committee should meet the next president at Bloomington and escort him to Chicago. Arrangements with that end in view will at once be entered upon. Besides this special escort, Mr. Blaine will be accompanied to Chicago by the marching clubs which are to meet him at Springfield October 24. All of the republican organizations in this vicinity are to turn out to receive Mr. Blaine, and there is no doubt but that the parade and demonstration generally will be the largest ever seen in Chicago or the Northwest.

Frank Hurd Threatens Contest.

TOLEDO, O., October 17.—Frank Hurd makes the following statement concerning the congressional contest in the Tenth district:

"I have taken steps to ascertain whether the majority against me has been unfairly or corruptly obtrieed. If, as I have been informed, it is the case, I shall learn that I have been defeated by the changing of ballots, perversion of returns, purchase of votes and repeating, I shall immediately institute proceedings for a contest. If, however, the majority proves to be a fair expression of the will of the people, I would not take the seat, if proffered by the next congress. I do not expect for some days to have the necessary information to determine my action."

Iowa Greenbackers Oppose Fusion.

CEDAR RAPIDS, October 16.—At a conference of the anti-fusion greenbackers this afternoon an address to the greenbackers of Iowa was issued urging the erasure of the names of all democrats from the electoral, state, congressional and county fusion ticket now in the field. The question of a full straight greenback ticket was discussed, but owing to the nearness of election was voted down. Fusionists tried to capture the conference but were unsuccessful.

Calkin's Illness.

INDIANAPOLIS, October 17.—William Calkins, the republican candidate for Governor, of Indiana, has been lying quite ill at Lafayette for several days, but so far has recovered that, accompanied by his wife, left this afternoon for Chicago. They spend to-night there and go to Laporte, their place of residence, to-morrow.

Logan's Western Tour.

CHICAGO, October 17.—General Logan will leave this city Sunday night for Dubuque, where he will begin his western speaking campaign, covering the states of Iowa, Illinois and Indiana. He will be accompanied throughout the tour by Colonel Pat Ronan, of Dakota, and one or two other speakers.

Hendricks Visit to Chicago.

CHICAGO, October 16.—Hon. Thomas A. Hendricks will speak in this city the 22d inst. by invitation of the labor organizations and local democratic clubs. He will return to Indianapolis and to Springfield on the 29th.

DYSPEPSIA

Causes its victims to be miserable, hopeless, confused, and depressed in mind, very irritable, languid, and drowsy. It is a disease which does not get well of itself. It requires careful, persistent attention, and a remedy to throw off the causes and tone up the digestive organs till they perform their duties willingly. Hood's Sarsaparilla has proven just the required remedy in hundreds of cases.

"I have taken Hood's Sarsaparilla for dyspepsia, from which I have suffered two years. I tried many other medicines, but none proved so satisfactory as Hood's Sarsaparilla." THOMAS COOK, Brush Electric Light Co., New York City.

Sick Headache

"For the past two years I have been afflicted with severe headaches and dyspepsia. I was induced to try Hood's Sarsaparilla, and have found great relief. I cheerfully recommend it to all." MRS. E. F. ANNABLE, New Haven, Conn.

Mrs. Mary C. Smith, Cambridgeport, Mass., was a sufferer from dyspepsia and sick headache. She took Hood's Sarsaparilla and found it the best remedy she ever used.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Sold by all druggists. $1; six for $5. Made only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar.

RAILWAYS AND COMMERCE.

WAR TO THE KNIFE.

THE BITTER RAILWAY STRIFE AND ITS PANICKY EFFECT ON CHANGE.

Special Telegram to THE BEE.

NEW YORK, October 17.—The open announcement of war on passenger rates between here and the west, and the prompt and determined action of the West Shore road in breaking from the pool has caused a bear cyclone and almost a panic in the stock exchange to-day. It was announced yesterday that the West Shore had cut rates openly to 1 cent per mile on all points, and dispatches for a month past have stated that there would be the fiercest war of rates ever inaugurated in this country. The West Shore is only a figurehead in the fight, and is put forward to bear the brunt because of its special importance as a side and direct rival line to the New York Central. Jay Gould, Frank Worth, S. V. White, D. P. Morgan and Newcombe are recognized as the big five of the bull party. But in the face of the railroad war they have been perfectly impotent. There was a rush to sell stocks from the time the second gong sounded this morning in the exchange, especially the leading Vande bilts. New York Central was knocked down 3¼ per cent. Lake Shore went off 4¼, Michigan Central 2½, Jersey Central 2, Lackawana 1½, Union Pacific 2⅜, Northwestern 3¼, Canada Southern and Central Pacific 1½, Pacific Mail 1⅜, Missouri Pacific 1⅜, and Kansas and Texas and Western Union 1 per cent. The activity of a certain class of brokers in the board gave rise to the belief that the principal selling was coming from Vanderbilt and his following and their traders, and even conservative brokers threw their stocks upon the market in wholesale form. This has been one of the most exciting and busy days of the present year. There are plenty of rumors that to-morrow will see more selling and considerably more excitement.

ST. LOUIS, October 17.—This afternoon an application was made for the appointment of a receiver for the Harrison wire works. The liabilities are said to exceed; assets, $400,000.

THE RAILWAY WAR.

NEW York, October 17.—The war in passenger rates shows no change. The officers B. & M. and West Shore sell first class tickets to Chicago at $15; for Buffalo, $6.50; for Albany, $1.15. Scalpers sells same tickets at $14 $3, and $1 respectively The Erie road to-day began selling tickets at the cut rates. The Pennsylvania mountains the same rates.

BUSINESS FAILURES.

NEW YORK, October 17.—Failures the last seven days two hundred and eighteen, against two hundred and twenty last week.

A BANK'S PROTRACTED INSOLVENCY.

GRENADA, Miss., October 17.—The community was thrown into intense excitement by the failure of the banking house of N. E. Snyder & Sons. Everyone had implicit confidence in its solvency. It turns out that the bank has been insolvent more than a year, that Col. Snyder, on his death bed insisted that his sons should attempt to make up the deficit. They agreed to do so. The creditors meeting is called. Efforts will be made to secure extension. No statement.

A CRIPPLE BANK.

NEW YORK, October 17.—The directors of the Metropolitan National Bank have issued a circular to the bank's stockholders asking for permission to put the institution into liquidation. The bank is losing money according to report and while perfectly sound, could not recover from the bad effects of the Seney ailure.

PULLMAN ANNUAL MEETING.

CHICAGO, October 17.—The annual meeting of the Pullman Palace Car company was held here to-day. The financial statement showed assets at $24,169,382; labilities, (including $15,924,800 of capital stock), $18,635,670; surplus, invested in assets of company, $7,533,712; earnings, profits and rentals during the year, $4,456,457; operating expenses of maintenance, rentals, dividends, etc., $3,263,753; surplus for the year $1,192,694. Directors and officers were elected, and a quarterly dividend of 2 per cent, payable November 15th, declared.

THE WABASH CONFERENCE.

LONDON, October 17.—President Joy of the Wabash railway sailed from Liverpool to-day for New York. The conference which he had with the Wabash committee before leaving London showed the committee divided on the reconstruction scheme.

Morals in Missouri.

BROWNSVILLE, Mo, October 17.—Benjamin Pros, a wealthy farmer, after being on a spree, called at the house of Ben Dorman and made improper proposals to Dorman's wife, who screamed. This brought her husband, who threw Poe out of doors. Poe then fired a pistol at Dorman, whereupon the latter shot him with a musket, killing him. The coroner's jury returned a verdict of justifiable homicide.

Crooked Banking.

PITTSBURG, October 17.—In the Pennsylvania bank investigation to-day, a colored employe of the Duquesne club, said on the day the bank closed the second time, President Riddle gave him two packages to burn. One was too large to put in the stove, and when he opened it he noticed a book marked "Penn. Bank." Riddle gave him $5 for destroying the packages.

"The Life of Jesse James."

ST. LOUIS, Oct. 17.—Mrs. Zerelda Samuels, the mother, and Mrs. Jesse James, the widow of the noted outlaw, were awarded damages to-day of $900 in the suit against the Chambers Publishing company for violation of the contract under which a royalty was to be paid them for the publication of the life of Jesse James.

The Broken Cable.

MANHATTAN BEACH, October 17.—The cable which fell off the raft when capsized was grappled for several times, but not recovered. The rafts were towed back to Faraday. A landing may be made to-day, but not probably until early to-morrow.

Noble Decay.

DETROIT, Mich., October 17.—The man arrested here some days ago for swindling Rev. Dr. Rexford, and who gave the name of Thomas May, is ex-Governor Moses, of South Carolina. He was identified by officers from Cambridge, Mass., where he is wanted.

Reversing the Operation.

TORONTO, Oct. 17.—G. Smith Lambton, woolen mills, has forwarded a large consignment of Canadian made tweeds and woolens to England. Should the shipment result successfully others will be made.

"COWS AND CORN."

Friday at the Chicago Stock Yards and on 'Change.

Cattle Suddenly and Unaccountably Weak.

The Hog Trade Dull and Prices Lower.

Wheat Makes [illegible] ecline Amid Sharp R[illegible]ment.

Corn Breaks an[illegible] andemonium En[illegible]

Oats Sympathize [illegible] General Weakness—Pork [illegible] Weak—Lard [illegible].

Chicago Markets.

CATTLE.

Special Telegram to the BEE.

CHICAGO, October 17.—The westerns and Texans among the fresh receipts numbered about 250 cars the bulk of which were northwestern and western rangers. The feature of the market is the large increase in receipts of natives and the sudden and unlooked for weakness in prices. Late yesterday afternoon a few bunches of choice natives sold at 6 70@6 85. Low grades of native stock, including bulls and cows are selling at very low prices. Common stockers and feeders are considerably lower and more plentiful, some salesmen estimating the number now in the hands of speculators as high as 1,500, and there is but a limited demand for this class. There were no stock calves on sale to-day, and only a few really good yearlings. Most of the range cattle sold at lower prices than on yesterday, but yet were a shade stronger than on Wednesday and to-day were quoted firmer. Western-Texans sold at very low figures. A big drove of Nebraskans, averaging 926, only made about 3.37½; Montana, Colorado, Wyoming and other northwestern-Texans sold at a range of 3 50 to 3 90, with an average of about 3 70. Good range cattle were firmer. Good to choice, 1200@1300 lbs, 5.90@6.40. Common to medium 1000@1200 lbs, 4 00@500. Sales: 566 northwestern-Texans, 885 $3.57½; 411 Wyoming-Texans, 102½, 3.90; 40 Wyoming-Texans; 1051, 4.00; 88 Wyoming-Texans, 1024, 390; 200 Wyomings, 1213, 4.25; 201 Colorado-Texans, 995, 3.85.

HOGS.

Adding those left over to the fresh receipts there were from 28000 to 30000 on sale. Trade was slow and dull from opening to close, and prices were strong at 5@10 lower on all sorts. Common packers sold all the way from 4 50 to 4 80, while good packers sold around about 4 90, and heavy at from 5 10 to 5 25, while the highest for assorted heavy was 5 40. Light sorts were neglected. Skips and grassers selling at 4 37½ to 4 75; fair to good light 4 30@4 9[illegible], and best assorted at 5 00@5 10. Packing and shipping, 125 at 350 pounds, 4 90@5 40, light, 160 to 210 pounds, 4 45@5 05.

WHEAT.

Another severe break in prices occurred in the cereal trading on change to-day, wheat declining to an extremely low point amid sharp excitement. Foreign advices quoted a dull and easy feeling and the receipts here were considerably larger. These causes, supplemented by the break in stocks, caused timid holders to unload, and the market sank steadily under its own weight. The market was at its weakest on the afternoon board, closing at 75⅝ for October, 74¼ for November, 76⅛@76⅜ for December, 77⅛@77¼ for January and 84 for May.

CORN.

The market was almost demoralized under heavy selling, and the break in prices caused an army of small holders to let go and, for November, prices dropped ¼@½ between quotations. After selling off 2¼, the market steadied and closed a shade better on the regular board, but broke again on the afternoon board 1⅜, closing at 48⅛. October closed at 51⅛, the year at 40⅝, and May at 39⅝. The impression was very strong that the parties who have been holding the market up had unloaded. The excitement during the early decline was very great and became a pandemonium as the offerings became heavy.

OATS

Ruled weak along with the other markets, closing at 25⅛ for October, 25⅝ for November, 25½ for the year, 29 for May.

PORK.

Weak at 16 00 for October, 11 92½ for the year, and 12 07½ for January.

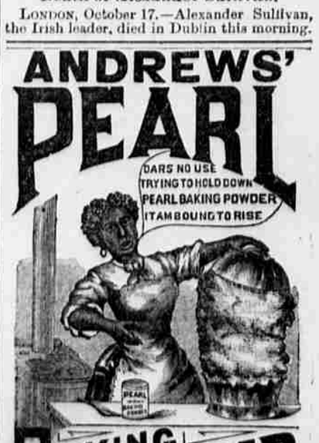
LARD.

Lower at 7 27½ for October, 7 19 for November and 15 00 for January.

Death of Alexander Sullivan.

LONDON, October 17.—Alexander Sullivan, the Irish leader, died in Dublin this morning.

ANDREWS' PEARL



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$1000. Given

If alum or any injurious substances can be found in Andrews' Pearl Baking Powder. Is positively PURE. Being endorsed, and testimonials received from such chemists as S. Dana Hays, Boston; M. Delafontaine, of Chicago; and Gustavus Bode, Milwaukee. Never sold in bulk.

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