THE OMAHA DAILY BEE.

FOURTEENTH YEAR. OMAHA, NEB., MONDAY MORNING, SEPTEMBER 29, 1884. NO. 84

"OUR HENRY OF NAVARRE."

Murat Halsted's Reminiscence of Blaine and Garfield.

The Mutual High Regard of the Two Leaders.

The Weak-Kneed Deposition of Kentucky Witnesses

In the Blaine--Sentinel Libel Suit.

Continued Ovation to the Plumed Knight in Ohio.

After a Week of Unexampled Triumphs Blaine Rests Sunday in Cleveland.

Blaine and Garfield.

Special Telegram to THE BEE.

NEW YORK, September 28.—Murat Halsted last night telegraphed the Cincinnati Commercial-Gazette regarding the relations of Blaine toward Garfield by way of reply to the charges against Blaine, brought out in connection with his visit to Mrs. Garfield. Halsted says he had a talk with Garfield only two days before the latter was shot, and continues as follows: "The substance of what President Garfield said about Blaine was, first, no one acquiesced more readily than Blaine with the announcement made at the first cabinet meetings, that the members would be expected to confine themselves strictly to their own departments. All had been careful not to cross the lines thus drawn and none more so than Mr. Blaine. President Garfield said as to the New York appointments which had made such commotion, the whole responsibility was with himself and that he regarded the imputations upon Blaine in that connection particularly offensive, because they were attempts to belittle his (the president's) part in his own administration. He said the appointments as made were as much a surprise to Blaine as to others. The simple truth about the matter was that President Garfield feeling greatly disturbed by the New York difficulties thought to solve them by a bold strike that would be sufficient notice of his purpose to be himself president and recognize his own friends and after the shock he had it in mind to deal generously with those who had been been against him."

Blaine's Tour.

CLEVELAND, September 27.—At 11 o'clock Blaine came from Mrs. Garfield's house to the Kennard, where he remained in his parlor receiving visitors until he went to the depot to take a special train for Elyria. He was accompanied by ex-Governor Foster, Hon. Amos Townsend, Judge Foraker, Hon. W. Bingham, president of the business club of Cleveland.

ELYRIA, September 27.—Mayor Gates, of Elyria, and Judge West were also of the party As the train moved out of the city a few workingmen outside of the works of the Lake Erie company cheered for Blaine. He appeared on the platform. As he did so all the men in the shops rushed out cheering and shaking hands with Blaine, who said: "How are you boys?" The men shouted back, "Blaine, Blaine, we're Blaine to a man."

When the train arrived at Elyria, the pretty little town was crowded with its own citizens and people from the surrounding country. The jam at the depot was so great it was difficult getting to the carriages. The meeting in progress at the court house square was about to be addressed by Secretary Windom. When Blaine got up on the stand the people cheered him repeatedly. He spoke as follows;

Mr. Chairman, Ladies and Gentlemen: This is not my first visit to your beautiful country. I recall with great pleasure a previous visit when I was met as cordially as to-day, and knew of your country years before I had the pleasure of seeing it, for who does not know of the advanced stand and great leadership which the county of Loraine took in the prolonged anti-slavery struggle (cheers) It was your sturdy citizens and the great institution at Oberlin that disseminated those principles of freedom which made this northwestern county the vanguard in the contest with slavery. (Renewed cheers) That contest ended in victory and another is now committed to your charge, and to-day in an emphatic sense to the leadership of Ohio, that is —all other questions laid aside—shall American labor be protected? (Great cheering.) During the pendency of the anti-slavery struggle there was no side issue that could divert the anti-slavery men of the western reserve from the one great absorbing question, and I believe the same discipline of mind prevails now and that no side issue will be permitted to divert you from the controlling question of this campaign. [Good, good.]

I thank you, gentlemen, for your reception and I consider that I have only indicated the subject upon which others will address you when I bid you a very cordial farewell. [Profound cheering.] Judge West made a brief speech and was followed by ex-Secretary Windom and Mr. Tenny. Blaine and party returned to Cleland, where they arrived at 4 o'clock.

Blaine remained at the Kennard house receiving calls and attending to correspondence until 6 o'clock, when he returned to Mrs. Garfield's. He will spend a quiet Sunday and in the afternoon will probably visit Garfield's tomb. On Monday he will leave for Toledo and beyond.

The Blaine Special Train.

ALBANY, September 27.—Chairman Draper of the republican state executive committee denies authoritively any disagreement between the New York and Ohio state committees concerning the expenses of the special train of Blaine from Buffalo to Cleveland. The best feeling exists between the two organizations.

Telegraphic News Notes.

DOMESTIC.

The iron steam ship "Eldorado," the last of the three coast wise vessels built for the Morgan line, was successfully launched from Cramp's ship yard at Philadelphia, Saturday.

Acting Post-master General Hatton has issued an order that on and after October 1st all postoffices of the first class and their stations or branch offices shall be kept open to the public for the issue and payment of money orders and for the receipt of matter intended for registration and the delivery of registered matter until 6 o'clock every day, except Sundays and legal holidays.

Brig. Gen. Miles has been detailed as a member of the general court martial to meet at Washington for the trial of Judge Advocate General Swaim.

Commodore Thomas Tillibrown, commander of the New York navy yard, died suddenly of heart disease.

The president has appointed J. W. Patrick, of Oswego, Kansas, Indian agent of the Pottawattamie and Great Nemaha agency in Kansas.

Jere Dunn and several other active participants in the Chandler-Giles prize fight were held to the grand jury at Chicago Saturday.

An average of fifteen icebergs pass St. Johns, N. F., daily, going south in the track of ocean steamers. A craft arriving there reports passing large quantities of wreckage on the coast of Labrador on Thursday. Fierce hurricanes were experienced at the same time.

The only business of interest at the meeting of the directors of the Chicago & Northwestern company, at New York, Saturday, was the resignation of Jay Gould, Sidney Dillon and J. B. Redfield, and the election in their places of W. K. Vanderbilt, Horace Williams and D. P. Kimball, of Boston. Kimball and Williams represent the interests of the Blair roads.

The deadlock in the Second Wisconsin congressional district was broken on the one hundred and fiftieth ballot by the unanimous nomination of General Bragg, Saturday.

Senator Harrison received a telegram Saturday from Blaine, stating that it will be impossible for him to come to Indianapolis next week, because of arrangements made for him in Ohio that cannot now be changed. Blaine will visit Indiana at a later date.

Blaine will be in Michigan two days, beginning October 14th. The state committee is trying to have the time extended and have only made a programme for the first day, which includes Detroit, Lansing, Ionia, Grand Haven, Muskegon, Grand Rapids and the smaller intermediate points.

Chairman Draper, of the republican state executive committee, denies authoritatively any disagreement between the New York and Ohio state committees concerning the expenses of the special train for Blaine from Buffalo to Cleveland. The best feeling exists between the two organizations.

Wm. Case, alias W. A. Gates, employe of the auditor's office of the Northern Pacific railroad at St. Paul, was arrested at St. Louis Saturday afternoon for purloining tickets. He confessed to having taken six tickets, but the detectives think he has stolen many more amounting to several thousand dollars.

Lon Imel at Bee Camp, four miles above Madison, Indiana, seduced a girl named Brinson and fearing the consequences took her to the woods and inflicted injuries upon her from which she will probably die.

The Black Hill Gas company near McKeesport, Pa., struck a vein of gas Saturday at a depth of 275 feet with a pressure of 200 pounds.

A terrible storm of wind and hail passed over the southern part of Sac county, Iowa, Saturday night. A bank building at Wall Lake was partially wrecked, and an old man named Strong was killed by flying timbers. The advices from the district visited by the storm are very meager.

The executive committee of the Chicago board of trade was convened Saturday upon an application to name a marginal price for corn. The members appealing to the committee failed to make any formal complaints of definite charges to the effect that the cereal was being manipulated, and no action was taken in consequence.

With later information regarding the death of Carrie Welton, who perished in a snow storm on Long's peak, the opinion is becoming general that she was deserted by the guide, who did not return to the rescue until the next morning. Residents of Estes park discredit the guide's story, and charge him with criminal cowardice. The coroner is investigating the matter.

Walter Wesser, 12 years of age, was instantly killed on the Rock Island road, west of Des Moines, Saturday. In getting out of the way of the Fort Dodge train he stepped in front of a moving train on the other road.

Private advices from O'Neill, Nebraska state that a half dozen hoodlum democrats led by McDonough, editor of the O'Neill Tribune attempted to break up a republican rally at that place Saturday night but were repulsed.

A brakeman named Bruce was run over by the cars at Valentine Saturday and lost a leg.

Sam Fie, a Norfolk laundryman was robbed of a gold watch and $25 Saturday.

James Britton of Wayne has been nominated by the republicans for district attorney.

A man named Carburry, a blacksmith, while intoxicated, was run over by east-bound freight No. 58, two miles east of Nemaha City Saturday, and his right arm cut off and other injuries not fatal:

R. H. Allen & Co., dealers in agricultural implements, have assigned. Preferences, $25,000. The firm has been established for twenty-five years. A statement last December showed a surplus of $150,000.

The Teemer-Ross race, at Point of Pines, was postponed Saturday on account of rough water. The races ordered for to-day.

STATE.

The republicans of Columbus organized a Blaine & Logan club Saturday night, with a membership of 100, consisting of the best portion of the city's business element.

Nels Feauto, of the Emerson Echo, was married one day last week.

A heavy rain and hail shower in Dixon county Saturday did considerable damage.

At Wakefield, Saturday, James Britton was nominated for district attorney and John T. Spencer, of Dakota City, for state senator, by the republicans. The democrats nominated for state senator Thomas Edwards, of St. Helena. Double-headers were there from Knox county. The Brooks delegation was admitted.

FOREIGN

Marie Van Zandt, the actress, is engaged to be married to Waldo Wattrons of New York. They will make their home in Paris.

The French operations against Phung and Myhong have been successful. The French now entirely masters of the situation along the river Day.

Reports from the cholera in Italy for twenty-four hours ending Saturday night are as follows: Three hundred and sixty fresh cases and 193 deaths, including 116 cases and 53 deaths in the city of Naples.

A big, supposed to be the "Ornen," Capt. Berch, from Savannah, Aug. 8th, for Hamburg, capsized off the Island of Nordeny, in the North Sea. A life buoy marked "Ornen" and casks marked "Savannah" were picked up near the spot.

Le Paris states that the French government expects advices within a week that Admiral Courbet has occupied the fortified heights commanding Kelung and the Island of Formosa. This will be considered as a guarantee of greater value than the money indemnity demanded, and will enable France to await the fulfillment by China of the Tien Tsin treaty.

A meeting of the French cabinet was held Saturday. Prime Minister Ferry submitted the identical note presented to Nubar Pacha, protesting against the suspension of the sinking fund. Ferry informed his colleagues that Admiral Courbet had completed preparations for warlike operations against the Chinese. The cabinet resolved to summon the chamber of deputies to meet October 4th. The government has resolved to retrench expenditures during 1885. The estimates will be cut down 50,000,000 francs.

Many Chinese are massing at Langson, Coolang and Laokai.

"The Commercial Age."

The Omaha Commercial Age enters upon its third volume with the present issue, and the publishers, A. L. Wyman & Co., are to be congratulated upon its advancement. They have a large number of subscribers and the journal is well filled with local, educational and general news. A feature is an able article in each number upon government and an interesting tourist letter, the query box, and other features of special educational and mercantile interest are also highly valuable. A great deal of valuable general information is to also to be found in the Age.

Continued incendiarism.

CLEVELAND, September 28.—At three this morning, the barrel house of Scofield, Shurmer and Teagles, of the Great Western Oil Works, was destroyed by an incendiary fire. Loss, $15,000. Insurance, half.

Cotton Mill Closes.

NEWBURYPORT, Mass., September 27—The cotton flannel department of the Ocean Mills shut down for an indefinite period. Three hundred hands out of employment.

VANDERBILT'S MONEY.

Startling News that the Great Financier has Lost $50,000,000.

Special Telegram to the BEE.

NEW YORK, September 28.—The financial troubles of the Vanderbilts has been the subject for gossip in Wall Street as well as up town, where it is said that the elder Money King is in much trouble. Although the extent of his losses is simply a matter of conjecture, yet it is believed that they will reach at least $30,000,000, and possibly $50,000,000. It is now a matter of current report that the elder Vanderbilt has been hardly pinched for ready cash and that his immense fortune has rapidly been diminishing. Wall street brokers are very reticent when questioned about the matter and decline to be quoted but admit that the rumors of Vanderbilt's losses are well founded. When the old Commodore died, he left young Cornelius $8,000,000 and William K., $2,000,000. These amounts, it is said, were first invested in United States bonds which yielded Cornelius an income of $200,000, and William K. about $80,000 a year. These incomes, however, were not sufficient to keep their families in the style in which they had been accustomed to live, and the two brothers instead of living within their means went into stock speculation. Their losses were heavy and their brother was called upon to make them good. Various brokers of Cornelius on Wall street, decline to talk about their losses, and say they have no right to reveal the business of their customers. They will not deny he has lost, but say he is abundantly able to recover, inasmuch as he has has his father's $200,000,000 to back him.

The Libel Suit—Kentucky Witnesses.

Special Telegram to THE BEE.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Sept. 28.—Some information has been received from the attorneys in the Blaine-Sentinel libel suit who went to Kentucky to take depositions for the defense. It is learned that at Millersburg, a rather eager crowd assembled in the court room where George Bryn presided awaited for the bits of scandal they expected. They were disappointed, and when the female witness was called the crowd was excluded. J. A. Miller, Joe Miller, B. F. Johnson and Mr. Samuel Smith were witnesses who testified. The sum total of their testimony was to the effect that they heard rumors connecting the names of Blaine and Miss Stanwood. Others that they had seen Blaine and Miss Stanwood together at church, at parties and on the streets. They passed for lovers. They knew of nothing indiscreet between the parties. No testimony was elicited to prove or disprove the secret marriage spoken of by Blaine, nor was there anything said of forcing Blaine to marry Miss Stanwood through the agency of a shot gun. Joe Miller in some manner did not tell all he knew or got mixed up in dates, for he wants another deposition taken. This of course cannot be legally done. It is said that the importance of the witnesses before and after the depositions were taken was like a balloon before and after being struck by a cyclone.

Collision of Trains.

BALTIMORE, September 27.—A collision between freight trains on the western Maryland road this morning, wrecked five cars. Wm. Quigley, engineer, was fatally injured. Fireman Henry Kappes was badly cut and bruised.

CHICAGO, September 27.—The Journal's Peoria (Ills.) special says: Three freight trains left the Rock Island about the same time last night over the Peoria & Rock Island, road. The first train was [illegible] at the foot of a cent of the heavy grade near Hanlep and was being aided by the engine of the second train. A signal was sent back to warn the third train, but it not being observed, the engine went crashing into the rear of the second train. The engineer of the third engine, Michael Radigan, was instantly killed. The fireman of the same engine and stockmen on the second train were badly injured. The entire second train was badly wrecked and one car of cattle consumed by fire.

Green Point's Grief.

GREEN POINT, L. I., September 27.—Burglars entered the store of Michael Brothers, jewelers, early this morning, broke open the safe and took $16,000 worth of jewelry, watches, etc. The police have no clue to the robbery. The furniture factory of Charles Nerdie and the adjoining planing mill burned last night. Loss, $75,000.

Breaking Up the School.

KIEFF, September 27.—Groups of students are forbidden, owing to the recent seditious disorders which the military suppressed. The students assembled in groups notwithstanding the prohibition of the military, and the military dispersed the gathering. Numbers were wounded. Three hundred and forty arrests were made.

A Woman's Mysterious Death.

PEORIA, September 28.—The body of Mrs. H. A. Gheen was found floating in the river this afternoon, bearing indications of foul play. A warrant is out for the arrest of a man named Trichler in whose company she was seen on the day of her disappearance.

A Steamer Reefed.

KEY WEST, September 27.—The steamer Marseilles, which was ashore inside the French reef has been assisted off by wreckers. She leaves the reef this afternoon. The question of salvage will be settled this afternoon.

Shoe Factory Burned.

ST. PAUL, September 27.—Kellogg and Johnson's boot and shoe factory burned this morning. Loss on building $6,000, on machinery $5,000, on stock $60,000. The night watchman says it was set on fire.

An Iowa Brewer Jailed.

CEDAR RAPIDS, Iowa, September 27.—George Williams, a brewer of Cedar Rapids, was held to answer to the grand jury for the sale of a substitute for beer called "prohibition."

That Tired Feeling

The warm weather has a debilitating effect, especially upon those who are within doors most of the time. The peculiar, yet common, complaint known as "that tired feeling," is the result. This feeling can be entirely overcome by taking Hood's Sarsaparilla, which gives new life and strength to all the functions of the body.

"I could not sleep; had no appetite. I took Hood's Sarsaparilla and soon began to sleep soundly; could get up without that tired and languid feeling; and my appetite improved." R. A. SANFORD, Kent, Ohio.

Strengthen the System

Hood's Sarsaparilla is characterized by three peculiarities: 1st, the *combination* of remedial agents; 2d, the *proportion*; 3d, the *process* of securing the active medicinal qualities. The result is a medicine of unusual strength, effecting cures hitherto unknown Send for book containing additional evidence.

"Hood's Sarsaparilla tones up my system, purifies my blood, sharpens my appetite, and seems to make me over." J. P. THOMPSON, Register of Deeds, Lowell, Mass.

"Hood's Sarsaparilla beats all others, and is worth its weight in gold." I. BARRINGTON, 159 Bank Street, New York City.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Sold by all druggists. $1; six for $5. Made only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar.

ULTRA-MARINE.

A Full Report of the World's Doings Beyond the Sea.

Continued Fear of Dynamiters in England.

The Protracted Visit of Cholera in Europe.

Wales Asks an Appropriation for His Heir.

Hungarian Embezzlers--The Bennett-Mackay Cable.

Reduced Rates of the Great Maratime Canal—The Muddle of the Egyptian Finances.

Fenian Dynamite Scares.

Special dispatch to THE BEE.

LONDON, September 28.—The authorities at Scotland Yards recently pooh-poohed the story of the Brussels correspondent of the Standard, who said that the Irish Invincibles were preparing for further mischief in London, but they are now taking extraordinary precautions and evidently think that the dynamiters mean business. Suspicious looking Irishmen are constantly shadowed by the detectives and several very reputable Irishmen called at Scotland Yards to complain that they were being dogged by spies. The inspectors blandly disclaimed all knowledge of such surveillance, but the vigilance of the detectives has not been relaxed.

The Cholera in Europe.

Special telegram to THE BEE.

LONDON, September 28.—The cable up to midnight, Thursday, announces the total number of deaths in Europe from cholera to be 14,132. Of these, Italy had 7,984, France, 5,778, Spain, 360. Naples has furnished more deaths than the whole of France. The disease has now got a firm grip on Genoa despite the ridiculous cordon kept around Spezia to save the Marble City. To that barbarous measure which literally scared and starved the Spezians into the disease may be ascribed the frightful mortality that has prevailed there. It is said that King Humbert's bravery in visiting the hospitals has greatly strengthened him with the people and caused large defections from the rank of the republican secutus in Italy.

Royal Appropriation.

Special telegram to the BEE.

LONDON, September 28.—It is now settled that parliament is to be asked at the next session to vote an allowance to the eldest son of the Prince of Wales of $5,000 per year. The argument is that as the prince will be of age next January, he should be enabled to maintain his rank as the future Prince of Wales. The radicals propose to [illegible] a vigorous opposition to the proposal [illegible] and this may [illegible] chise bill.

Hungarian Embezzlers.

Special Telegram to THE BEE.

LONDON, September 28.—An epidemic of embezzlement with sensational sequels has been discovered in Hungary. The institutions plundered have in all cases, orphan asylums, supported wholly, or in part, by the state. Several officials implicated have been arrested One has since committed suicide. Three others died suddenly and mysteriously, and the rest are bankrupt.

Cholera in Italy.

ROME, September 28.—A Fresh case of cholera was reported to-day, the patient being a soldier. In the Kingdom of Italy for the last six hours there have been reported, 498 new cases and 222 deaths including 116 cases and 74 deaths at Naples and 39 cases and 25 deaths at Genoa. Since the outbreak of the disease in Italy, 13,220 persons have been attacked and 9,489 died.

The Cable Pool.

Special telegram to THE BEE.

LONDON, September 28.—Preparations for expected rates between the rival Atlantic cable companies are nearly completed, and if the profusion of gilt letters and gorgeous decorations of their offices mean anything the Mackey-Bennett people certainly intend to inaugurate a Big boom in cable circles.

English Anarchy.

LONDON, Sep. 28.—An attempt was made to-day to blow up the council house at Salsbury. A number of windows were smashed by the explosion. Otherwise no damage. No arrests.

Reduced Canal Rates.

LONDON, September 28.—The Suez Canal company has decreed a reduction in tariff, of fifty centimes. It goes into effect January 1st.

Cleveland's Carnival of Arson.

CLEVELAND, O., Sept. 27.—At 1 o'lock this afternoon the twelfth incendiary fire in Cleveland within forty-eight hours was started in the lumber yards of the Cleveland saw mill and lumber company, in the heart of the great lumber district on "the flats." A strong wind carried the flames eastward through the yard, destroying a million feet of lumber and about fifty feet of trestle of the Connotton Valley railway, cutting off trains from access to the depot. The fire was here checked with a loss of $20,000. About four o'clock a small boy, standing near the passenger station of the Connotton Valley railway, observed a man creep stealthily up to a baggage car and passenger coach standing on a side track. Shortly afterwards he noticed flames issuing from the rear coach, and then gave the alarm. A locomotive backed up and drew the cars to the open space, where they were completely gutted, with a loss of only $2,000, the cars being narrow-gauge. The entire department was at the lumber fire and had the flames from the burning cars reached the depot a large district, densely filled with wooden buildings, must have been swept bare. Towards 5 o'clock a fire was discovered in Green block, St. Clair street, but extinguished without damage. The kindlings used were two packing boxes saturated with coal oil. No arrests so far. Purdy & McNeil, one of the largest lumber firms in the city, to-day received an anonymous letter from Chicago, warning them that their stock would be in ashes before Monday. Thomas Manning, of the machine works, received a similar warning, and both firms have taken precautions accordingly. The excitement is general and there is hardly a resident of Cleveland but what feels apprehensive for the safety of his property.

Smuggling Chinamen into America.

Special telegram to THE BEE.

OTTAWA, Ont., September 28.—Advices from British Columbia state that unless some immediate steps are taken to prevent the smuggling of Chinamen into the United States from that province, before spring nearly the whole Chinese population of British Columbia will be transferred over to Oregon and Washington Territory. Fourteen fishing smacks have been discovered engaged in the trade and realizing handsome profits. As high as $50 per head for women and $30 for Chinese men are paid to captains for running them across the boundary line. It is stated that the United States custom officers are very negligent in the performance of their duty, as the smuggling, which at first was carried on quietly, is now openly going on under their eyes. It it is stated that within the past eight weeks, over 1,000 Chinamen have crossed the border.

Maud S. in Training.

Special Telegram to THE BEE.

HARTFORD, September 28.—Maud S. has again failed to beat her record. She was brought out at Charter Oak Park yesterday in the presence of Bonner and a few personal friends. The track was a trifle heavy and the mare, it is claimed, was not in fine condition. Last week she had a warming heat in 2:21, and after being weighted more heavily to steady her was given three heats in 2:11¾, 2:12¾ and 2:12¼. It is reported that the result of a subsequent conference between Bonner and Bair was that the mare should remain at the Park for a while longer for ordinary exercise, and that unless she exhibits marked improvement soon she should be shipped to New York for the owner's use for pleasure driving.

The Cattle Plague in Kentucky.

CINCINNATI, September 28.—The cattle breeders of Kentucky having sent a committee to ask Governor Knot to call an extra session of the legislature to take action looking to stamping out the cattle disease now apparent in the herd of Trisble and Lake, yesterday received the committee's report to the effect that the governor declined to call the legislature. Trisble and Lake agreed to destroy their herd upon receiving payment, and they have been appraised at $25,000. The breeders voted to try to raise $15,000 to offer for the destruction of the herd, and if refused to take such legal measures as could be employed to stamp out the disease.

Disgraceful Democrats.

Special Telegram to THE BEE.

O'NEILL, Neb., September 28.—An immense and enthusiastic Blaine and Logan meeting was held here last night, addressed by Hon. John Rush, of Omaha. A few democrats disgraced themselves by attempting to break up the meeting. They were egged on by McDonough, of the Tribune. The disgraceful action of these fellows is denounced by the better class of democrats as well as republicans. The Blaine and Logan feeling is growing here among thinking people. Mr. Rush did us much good by his fair and logical remarks.

Arson at Allentown.

ALLENTOWN, Pa., September 28.—Vigorous endeavors to carry out threats made by firebugs in an anonymous letter yesterday to lay the city in ashes were made to-day with the following result: Total destruction of a stable in the first ward; a dwelling house slightly damaged in sixth ward, and an unsuccessful attempt to fire a large stable in the fourth ward. Three suspicious characters were arrested. There was considerable excitement and threats of lynching.

Fatal Sentimentality

DALLAS, Sexas, Sept, 27.—In the woods this morning just beyond the corporation limits the dead bodies of a man and woman were discerned this afternoon side by side, and still warm. She was about [illegible] years old, wore a diamond brooch and dressed in exquisite taste. He was a few years her senior. Between them lay a revolver with two chambers empty. Near by was a note in a clear, bold hand as follows: "As we cannot be united in life, we will be in death. George Faustrick and Annie Maulor." There is no further clue to their identity.

The Garrett Obsequies.

BALTIMORE, September 28.—The funeral of John Garrett took place from Montebello, the country residence of the deceased. The services, agreeably to the expressed desire of Mr. Garrett during his illness, were of the simplest character, and were conducted by Rev. Dr. Leyburn, pastor of the Associate Reformed church, of the board of trustees of which, Mr. Garrett for many years had been president.

Egyptian Finances.

CAIRO, September 28.—The Italian diplomatic agent has submitted to the Egyptian prime minister a protest against the suspension of the sinking fund. His protest is couched in milder terms than those employed in an identical note presented by the representatives of Germany, Austria, France and Russia.

Blaine's Sunday.

CLEVELAND, September 28.—There was a heavy rain storm in Cleveland lasting till late Sunday afternoon, which prevented Mr. Blaine from visiting Garfield's tomb. Blaine spent the day quietly at Mrs. Garfield's, where Senator Sherman called upon him. He leaves Monday at 9 a. m. by the Lake Shore road on his further journey through Ohio.

Aquatics at St. Louis.

ST. LOUIS, September 28.—The race between Gaudaur, of St. Louis, and Hosmer, of Boston, these miles with a turn, for $500 a side, took place at Creve Coeur lake, twenty miles from this place, this afternoon. It was won easily by Gaudaur. Over three thousand people witnessed the race. The water was quite lumpy and prevented fast time.

Cracksmen in the Toils.

ST. LOUIS, September 28.—James Homer, Frank Homet and James Murray who have been blowing open and robbing safes along the lines of the Wabash railroad were arrested yesterday by officers of the secret service of the road. A complete set of burglars tools was found in their possession. They are the party who blew the safe at the station house at Denver, Ind., on the 25th inst.

Grand Labor Convention.

CHICAGO, September 28.—The Federation of trade and labor unions of the United States and Canada will hold session here October 7 and 10. Accomodations have been secured for the delegates. A mass meeting will be held on the 10th, at which addresses will be delivered by some of the visiting delegates.

The Jericho Road.

Special Telegram to THE BEE.

PLATTSMOUTH, September 28.—Officer Sage jailed a man night before last who was terribly cut and bruised about the head. The prisoner, who is a stranger, is in a pitiable condition and still confined in jail, untried.

$20.00 reward and no questions if the suit of clothes stolen from my store Saturday, September 27th, is returned.

JNO. W. BELL, Druggist.

820 Tenth Street. s29-m&e6t

Orders to Gordon.

LONDON, September 27.—It is understood General Lord Wolsley has positive orders from the war officers for General Gordon directing him to hasten the evacuation of Khartoum.

Minister Morton Coming Home.

PARIS, September 27.—Levi P. Morton, American Minister to France, started for a visit to the United States.

ALASKA'S ALLUREMENTS.

The Inducements the Far Off Territory Holds Out to Business Enterprise—Salmon Canning and Salting.

A correspondent of the Boston Herald, writing from Sitka, Alaska territory, says that salmon canning and salting are, and have been the principal industries, although last year there was more money lost than made by the nine cannaries in Southeastern Alaska. For a successful cannery, that of Mr. Kenney, at Fox Point, and also one at Chilcat, can be shown, while those of the Northwest Trading company have proved an expensive undertaking. The Fox Point cannery was built at a small cost early last year, in time to take in the first run, and 10,000 cases were put up and landed in Portland and San Francisco at $1 per case of four dozen cans, less than the market price for Columbia river fish, of which latter there were offered last summer 50,000 cases at $4.05 per case without a taker. Of the other canneries there are none making any money, although the time must come when the inexhaustible salmon supply of Alaska will come into demand. The salt salmon are fairly profitable, and a small factory at Sitka is doing quite a good business, the products bringing from $10 to $13 per barrel. The great drawback to drying fish is the continued wet weather, compelling artificial means to be employed by the large factories.

LINED WITH TIMBER.

The white marble ledges of which mention is made in several works on the country are found in Glacier bay. As far as quality goes, the marble is excellent, but an almost insurmountable difficulty to working it lies in the numerous microscopic veins which run through it in all directions. There is one product of Alaska which, sooner or later, will come into use, and prove a source of great profit. From Chilcat on the north to the southern extreme the islands and shore of the mainland are lined with timber, growing far up on the mountain side. The spruce in abundance, ranks first; it resembles somewhat the Oregon pine, but is much tougher, and almost as hard to work as oak, measuring two feet six inches at the butt, and raising in a gradual taper to a height not over 190 feet. The Alaskans very much dislike to work this wood on account of its exceeding hardness, but there is no doubt that in the future, when lumber is more eagerly sought, the Sitka pine, as the natives call it, will find many uses. The wood most sought after is the yellow cedar or cypress, of which the supply is extremely limited, but here and there in the vast pine forests a cypress is found. It is a pale yellow color, close-grained, tough, durable and has a pleasant odor, somewhat like sandal wood. So highly prized is it that, out of 1,000,000 square feet which have been exported from the territory, a considerable part has been sent to China, whence it comes back carved and under the name of camphor wood, Boxes made of yellow cedar are used to pack furs in. The red cedar grows to some extent, but very little has as yet been found.

A GIGANTIC MONOPOLY.

The principal furs exported are seal, sea and land otter, martin, fox, both red and silver gray, and bear skins. The seal fisheries are in the northwestern part of the territory and are entirely controlled by the Alaska Commercial Company, which leased the islands of St. Paul and St. George for the period of twenty years from 1870, and from this company is derived the revenue which alone has made Alaska a paying investment to the United States. The contract stipulates that not more than 100,000 seals a year shall be killed, for which the company pays an annual fee of $55,000, together with a revenue of $2 for each and every skin shipped from the islands by the company, and fifty-five cents a gallon for every gallon of seal oil, also that the company shall annually furnish free to the inhabitants of the two islands, 25,000 dried salmon, sixty cords of fire wood, a sufficient quantity of salt, and maintain such public schools as are needed on the islands. All others are prohibited from killing in Alaska any otter, mink, martin, sable or fur seal.

HOW THE LAWS ARE EVADED.

For the purpose of seeing that the laws limiting the number of seals killed are complied with, treasury agents are stationed on the islands; but there are more ways than one to evade the laws, especially in a far away territory controlled exclusively by a great monopoly. Every summer trading schooners, as they are styled, go out from Unalaska with the avowed purpose of meeting the whaling fleet and bringing in the sperm oil. In four weeks they return with large barrels, which are entered at the Unalaska Custom house as "sperm oil," and are immediately shipped to San Francisco. Now, the curious part of the business is that not under any possible circumstances could the so-called trading schooners get to the whaling grounds and return in less than ten weeks. The captain of the man-of-war stationed at Sitka, speaking of the matter, says: "I would just like to overhaul one or two of those vessels and find out whether the oil contained in those barrels runs out or spreads out flat and has hair on one side." It is said that similar "trading expeditions" leave the coast of Jadan quite frequently.

THE FUR TRADE WITH THE INDIANS.

Many furs are obtained from the Indians, to whom the laws relating to the killing of fur bearing animals do not apply, and with them the traders do quite a business. Of course furs obtained by this means do not have to be barreled and entered under the head of sperm oil. The Indians have become very sharp in dealing with the traders. The only margin for profit lies in the large amount made on the necessaries of life, which the trader buys at wholesale and exchanges for pelts. Of all things which the Indian is most particular about buying is his gun. The trader, when negotiating for the sale of one, asks the savage if he wants it, and the reply is given by taking one shot. If the gun hits the mark that decides it, and the Indian wants it; if not, he will not take it under any consideration. If he does want it, then the trader holds it with the butt on the ground, and the savage commences piling up his skins until the pile reaches the muzzle, when the trader takes the skins and the Indian the gun. The Suiashes around the village know too much for this kind of trading, but along the northerly coast the traders make a good thing of the business every year, sometimes getting in trade over one hundred dollars for a flint-lock originally costing at the most ten dollars.

FENIAN AFFAIRS.

Egan of the Irish--American National League on Parnell.

He Maintains the Loyalty of the County [illegible],

And Asserts its [illegible]al Support of P[illegible].

A Denial of the [illegible]ago Tribune Cable.

Secretary Walsh on the Alleged Sutton Branch.

He Utterly Disclaims the Existence of Such a Limb to the National League.

Egan's Defense of Parnell.

LINCOLN, Neb., September 27.—With reference to the rumor of a revolt against Parnell in Mayo, Ireland, which appeared in the Chicago Tribune's cable letter of the 25th, Patrick Egan, president of the Irish national league of America, stated to a State Journal reporter yesterday: "There is not a grain of truth in the report." The correspondent of The Tribune, he said, was simply imposing upon that paper. He was surprised to think Mr. Medill, for whom he entertains high respect, should be deceived by such obvious misstatements. The correspondent stated in a letter that Parnel desired the present representatives in parliament to form the county of Mayo, John O'Conner Power and Rev. Isaac Nelson, to again contest the seats at the next general election, but the disaffected leaguers objected to Parnell' dictation and proposed Capt. Boycott and John William Nally for parliament. "The truth of the matter is" said Mr. Egan, who is thoroughly conversant with the standing of every prominent nationalist and politician in Mayo, "that O'Connor Powers is a despicable traitor to the national cause, to which he owes any prominence he has attained, that Nelson was requested by his constituents who are among the strongest supporters of Parnell, to resign his seat for the reason that he failed to discharge his duty to the party and that neither of the pair are approved to Mr. Parnell, but, on the contrary, their withdrawl from Irish politics is desired, and their defeat at the next election is a certainty. To talk of the popularity of Boycott who supplied in his name an addition to the dictionary of ominous import to the enemies of the people, is absurd. Any candidate approved of by Parnell will be just as certain of election in Mayo at the next vacancy as in any constituency in Ireland. I know, as a matter of fact, that there is not a particle of ground for the statement that there is any revolt in any part of Ireland against the leadership of Parnell."

Walsh's Denial.

Special Telegram to the BEE.

LINCOLN Neb., September 27.—Roger Walsh, secretary National Land League publishes in tonights Democarat the following refrence to the withdrawal of what purports to be the Sutton branch from the national league. There is is absolutely no such branch of the league If any attempt was ever made to organise one they have never reported to headquarters, never remitted any dues and have constquently never been chartered as a branch, and therefore cannot with draw from a position which they never occupied. I have seen the communication addressed by these people to Mr. Evan and it bears on the face of it all the appearance of being a forgery, many of the most ordinary Irish names being ludicrous miss pelled, as, for instance, "Fitzgerald" spelled "Fitederld."

Fatal Sentimentality.

DALAS, Texas, September 28.—The lovers tragedy of yesterday, wherein George Houlsteich slew Miss Fanny Nannis and then committed suicide, has been the all absorbing topic of conversation, and during the day the bodies were visited by curious hundreds. Further investigation of the identity of the victims of love denied by the unrelenting parents, show that they hailed from Fort Worth, and that their visit to Dalas was to consumate their murderous end. Miss Nannis' body was claimed by her brother this evening and taken to Fort Worth, while Houlsteich was burried here. Later developments reveal the fact that young Houlsteich is a young officer in the German army visiting America on a year's leave of absence. Houlsteich and Miss Nannis had been stopping at obscure places for several weeks. His parents, who are Germans, refused their sanction to the marriage. His leave of absence was about expiring and they concluded to die rather than be separated.

A Causeless Homicide.

Special dispatch to THE BEE.

MADISON Neb., September 28.—George C. Stepenson was shot about 10 o'clock last night by Mrs. Mary E. Warren. Stephenson's deposition was taken to-day as he is not expected to live. His testimony was to the effect that he was setting on a wash tub, speaking in a friendly manner to the woman, who without warning, drew a revolver and shot him, the ball entering his right breast near the collar bone and penetrating the right lung. S. J. Bredenstene was the physician in attendence, but up to the present hour is unable to find the ball.