THE OMAHA BEE.

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THE BEE PUBLISHING CO., PROPS'
E. ROSEWATER, Editor.

A. H. Fitch, Manager Daily Circulation, O. O. Box, 488 Omaha, Neb.

ANTI-MONOPOLISTS, ATTENTION!

First District.

Hon. Charles H. Brown was appointed to address meetings in the First congressional district, at the places named below as follows:

Valparaiso, Friday, September 26th, 7 p. m.
Wahoo, Saturday, September 27th, 1 p. m.
Plattsmouth, Monday, September 29th 7 p. m.
Ashland, Wednesday, October 1st, 7 p. m.
Waverly, Thursday, October 2nd, 2 p. m.
Palmyra, Friday, October 3d, 2 p. m,
Weeping Water, Monday, October 6th, 2 p. m.
Auburn, Tuesday, October 7th, 7 p. m.
Falls City, Thursday, October 9th, 7 p. m.
Brownville, Saturday, October 11th, 2 p.m.
Tecumseh, Monday, October 13th, 7. p. m.
Humboldt, Wednesday, October 15th.
Pawnee City, Friday, October 17th, 7 p. m.
Beatrice, Monday, October 20th. 7 p. m.
Lincoln, Thursday, October 23rd, 7 p m.
Nebraska City, Saturday, October 25th, 7 p. m.

Dates for Omaha and other places in the district will be duly announced.

The Campaign in the Second District.

Captain J. H. Stickel's appointments:

September 27—Aurora, Hamilton county, 2 o'clock, p. m.
September 29—York, York county, 2 o'clock, p. m.
September 30—Seward, Seward county, 2 o'clock, p. m.
September 30—Ulyssees, Butler county, 7:30 o'clock, p. m.
October 1—David City, Butler county, 2 o'clock, p. m.
October 1—Rising, Butler county, 7:30 o'clock, p. m.
October 2—Osceola, Polk county, 2 o'clock, p. m.
October 2—Stromsburg, Polk county, 7:30 o'clock, p. m.
October 3—Friend, Saline county, 2 o'clock, p. m.

DAVID CITY, Neb., September 22, 1884.

To the electors in the Second congressional district: Who are desirous of assisting in the election of Capt. J. H. Stickle, the Anhi-monopoly candidate for congress. You are most respectfully requested to correspond with me to the end, that we may arrange the work systematically and make every effort effective and harmonious. In union and organization is strength. I invite your united assistance.

Very Respectfully,
S. S. REYNOLDS.
Ch'm' Anti-Monopoly Cong. Cent. Com.

C. S. Montgomery, Esq., anti-monopoly candidate for attorney general, will speak pursuant to appointment, at the following times and places:

Nebraska City, Friday, September 26th 7:30 p. m.
Crete, Monday, September 29th, 7 p. m.
Sutton, Tuesday, September 30th, 7 p. m.
Hastings, Wednesday, October 1st, 7 p. m.
Kearney, Thursday, October 2d, 7:30 p. m.
North Platte, Friday, October 3d, 7 p m.
Fremont, Saturday, October 4th, 7:30 p. m.
And at other places to be announced in due time.

Central Committee Meeting.

A meeting of the Anti-monopoly State Central committee will be held at the Commercial hotel, in Lincoln, at 7:30 p. m., on Monday, October 6. A full attendance is earnestly desired. H. M. WELLS.
Ch'm State Cen. Com.
Crete, Neb., Sept. 21, 1884.

GROVER CLEVELAND'S address is still at the old stand at Albany.

WOULD there have been any consistency in antimonopolists fusing wiht Republicans on Jim Laird?

ALL good democrats should send their extra one-cent postage stamps to the democratic national committee.

LEAVENWORTH has been selected as the place for the new soldiers' home. That town needs something to braice it up.

IT is very singular that every paper that advocates the railroad commissioner amendment sneezes whenever the Union Pacific organ in Omaha takes snuff.

MR. DAWES asks to be excused because he voted no on the Keith county school land frauds, but where does Secretary Roggen stand? He voted yes all the time.

THERE has been a good deal of taffy wasted on Beatrice by Congressman Weaver, but the visit of the board of managers of the soldiers' home was a mere matter of form. Leavenworth had been virtually selected in advance.

JIM LAIRD is shocked at the inconsistency of antimonopolists in combining with democrats. Will Mr. Laird tell us how antimonopolists could consistently have fused with republicans after their primaries and conventions were packed by the railroad bosses and candidates were dictated by John M. Thurston and Captain Phillips?

EX-GOVERNOR FURNAS is now in New Orleans making arrangements for Nebraska's exhibit at the world's exposition. He will return to Nebraska in a few days and will then collect all the articles that are to be exhibited. It is hoped that our people all over the state will respond liberally and promptly with contributions. This will be a splendid advertisement of Nebraska, and the opportunity ought not to be neglected. The exhibits must all be in place by November 15th; so it will be seen that there is not very much time to spare.

WOODWORTH'S CARD.

We publish Councilman Woodworth's card in this issue, without being asked to do so, in order that he may have no ground for charging us with partiality. Mr. Woodworth's card is on its face a confession of judgment. Barring a few trivial points that have no bearing upon the question of his interest in contracts with the city, Mr. Woodworth has shown by his own admissions that he is unfit to remain a member of the city council, even if he had not already committed misdemeanors for which he is liable to impeachment and removal from office with such penalties at may be imposed by the courts.

The law expressly prohibits city officers and members of the council from being directly or indirectly interested in any contract with the city. Mr. Woodworth denies that he is so interested, but he admits that he is acting as agent for the Union Pacific railroad in supplying Colorado sandstone for which agency he draws a salary, and he also admits that he is the owner of sand-banks near the Platte river, and has been and is still selling sand to the paving contractors. In other words Mr. Woodworth admits his illegal relations to the stone contractors, who for a stipulated salary. use him as their agent on the one hand, while as councilman he is the agent of the city of Omaha, and as such is voting to award contracts for Colorado sandstone to his employers. Could Mr. Woodworth truthfully say that he is a disinterested party in awarding these contracts as the law requires? If he can act as agent for the stone without laying himself liable to the penalties of the law, why cannot the chief engineer of the fire department act as agent of the hose manufacturers and builders of hose carts, fire engines, and fire escapes? Why cannot other councilmen act as agents for grading contractors, for bridge builders, and for sewer-pipe manufacturers, whom they could serve in a double capacity, to the manifest detriment of the tax-payers? But Mr. Woodworth shows his insolent stupidity when he boastfully admits that he is selling sand to contractors and at the same time denies that he is interested in the contracts. Nobody knows better than he how this sand traffic has been carried on and how the contractors have been blackmailed and the taxpayers robbed. We propose to establish in the courts, if we get an opportunity, that Mr. Woodworth has pocketed a bonus of not less than ten cents for every yard of sand used in paving our streets this year. We have no means of computing the vast quantity of sand, but we venture the assertion that it runs into the thousands upon thousands of yards. Mr. Woodworth never could have coerced contractors to buy his material at a higher price than that for which they could purchase as good or better material, if he was not member of the city council and as such his vote and influence could be used for or against them. When we have made a full exposure of Woodworth's operation as a sand-bank speculator the tax-payers and citizens will be astounded at the reckless audacity which he has displayed in his greed for money. Woodworth's pretense that our charges are inspired by malice because he voted against the BEE on the city printing is mere chaff. Even if true it would afford no possible excuse for his flagrant violations of the law. Five other councilmen have voted with Woodworth on the printing matter, but the BEE has said nothing about them one way or the other. The simple fact is that Woodworth has no right to remain in the council while he is acting as stone agent for the Union Pacific, and selling sand to paving contractors. Had he resigned last spring when he went into this business nobody would have objected to his drawing as much salary as the company was willing to pay and pocketing as much money as the contractors were willing to give him.

SENATOR THURSTON.

Special to the Omaha Republican.

LINCOLN, Neb., September 25.—This was the biggest day for the Lancaster county republicans by all odds. The scene of activity was in a grove near Bennett, where extensive arrangements had been made for a grand republican rally, basket picnic and a roast ox barbecue. Special trains were run from this city and other points. and fully 2,000 persons were in attendance, among them the "Plumed Knights," of this city, forty strong, who helped to entertain the crowd by a prairie and fireworks display at night. This is a handsomely uniformed club and was organized with a view to making it the banner marching club of the state. Speeches were made by Senator Thurston, Gov. Dawes, Col. Budd, of Iowa, and other political luminaries of lesser magnitude.

FIRST WITCH. All hail, Macbeth! hail to thee, thane of Glamis!

SECOND WITCH. All hail, Macbeth, hail to thee, thane of Cawdor!

THIRD WITCH. All hail, Macbeth, thou shalt be king hereafter!

SCENE 3, ACT, 1, MACBETH.

Senator Thurston! Was this a mere slip of the pen, or have coming events cast their shadows before?

Senator Thurston! How glorious that would sound? But, most worthy thane, is not that title just a little too previous? Whose senatorial brogans is John M. fitting his political hoofs for? Does he intend to locate south of the Platte to compete with Van Wyck two years hence, or does he propose to shelve Mr. Manderson? Perhaps, however, he is not aiming quite so high. Possibly his ambition is to represent Douglas and Sarpy counties in the state senate next winter. In the language of the witches, "All, hail, John M. thou shalt be senator hereafter," but we cannot conceive that it will be until after Jay Gould has been crowned emperor of the United States of America.

THE Philadelphia *North American*, the first daily newspaper in America, celebrated its one hundredth anniversary the other day by issuing an historical supplement, containing among other things, a fac-simile of its first issue. At the same time it announced its intention of hereafter appearing as a four page instead of an eight page sheet, with the price reduced from three cents to one cent. The *North American* had its origin in a small weekly called the Pennsylvania *Packet and General Advertiser* in 1771. This soon became a tri-weekly, and finally a daily under the name of the Pennsylvania *Packet and American Daily Advertiser*, then the *North American*, when it consolidated with a paper of that name in 1839, then the *North American and United States Gazette* from another consolidation in 1848, and finally simply the *North American* again.

IT is stated upon credible authority that, while General Butler was visiting in Nebraska recently, he "fell among shysters and fishy politicians." General Butler cannot be too strongly warned that he should not, in traveling about habitually with fifteen hundred thousand votes on his person, go much into the company of men of the class described. They will rob him, if he does not look out, of every vote he has.—*Boston Advertiser.*

Whom does our baked bean contemporary refer to? Surely not to Colonel Smythe, who introduced the general at the state fair, or Colonel Pace, who pointed out to him the site upon which the dome of Nebraska's new state capitol will loom to the skies in the near bye and bye?

THE Colorado campaign will be very profitable to the fellows that ride on the fence. The contestants for the United States senate are nearly all millionaires, and the republican candidate for governor is the wealthiest ranchman in the state.. Hon. G. G. Symes, the republican nominee for congress, is a citizen of Denver, and one of the best fixed men in the party. The judge is worth about $500,000, the greater portion of which he accumulated by fighting the miners of Leadville, and in his attempt to oust the honest settlers of the carbonate camp from their little homes. The judge can afford $100,000 for the position.

TOM HENDRICKS keeps shouting that the time has arrived for a change. The democratic national committee has also appealed to the country for change. It is willing to take anything from a ten-cent piece down to a one-cent postage stamp. "No contribution will be accounted too small," says the committee in its appeal for campaign funds.

OMAHA contractors think they have been sand-bagged about long enough.

OTHER LANDS THAN OURS.

Europe is more than ever mystified about conclusions arrived at by the three emperors. All that is known up to the present is that Austria, Russia and Germany have agreed to act in concert not only against anarchists but upon every other question where their interests do not clash. The European policy of the three emperors will continue to be peaceful as long as the present order of things can be maintained. Acting in concert the three emperors represent a power that can only be overthrown by revolution. The new alliance only binds them to maintain the order of things.

Either nation may make war against another power, but the other two members of the alliance will only be required to interfere if such nation should be getting the worst of it. For example, Germany might make war against France, but Russia and Austria would be bound to assist their ally only when France was taking possession of German territory. The alliance is doubtless directed quite as much against domestic as against foreign enemies. The Russian Nihilist, if he continues to conspire, will conspire against each of the three Emperors as well as against the Russian emperor. There is a certain menace to the rest of Europe in the fact that the three emperors take a different view from either France or England as to the obligations of one government to surrender political offenders against another government. With the understanding that the three great military nations of Europe act in concert on such questions, a demand from one upon any other nation for the surrender of a political offender would be equivalent to a demand from all.

General Gordon's victory over the Mahdi's forces besieging Khartouw has not only made him the hero of the hour in England, but wrought a complete change in the aspect of Egyptian affairs. Wolseley's preparations for the ascent of the river continue, and are the subject of sharp debate in England. He proposes to take the bulk of the army up the stream in long rowboats carrying twenty men with stores put away in flat cases on the bottom, fitted with awnings, and only drawing fifteen inches of water. They are to be handled or poled over the cataracts, or if possible, towed by steamers, one or two stern-wheelers having been sent out from England for that purpose. The opinion of the older explorers, like Sir Samuel Baker, is generally against the scheme on the ground that the Nile will be too low for it; but they were all or nearly all previously committed to another route—generally the Suakim-Berber route. The advantage which all concede to the Wolsley plan is that it supplies what is the great desideratum of all military operations in Upper Egypt, and that is, water for man and beast. It is the want of this, and this only, and not the climate, which makes marches across the desert for large bodies of men impossible. By sticking to the river, even if progress be slow, this is done away with. But the probabilities are now that Gordon will meet the expedition half way down, drums beating and colors flying, unless, indeed, he sticks to his original plan of staying in Khartoum to set up another government such as he approves of.

At the coming session of parliament the Parnellites will join the Tories in opposition to the franchise bill. It is well enough known that the motive is not hostility to the measure, but a determination to force the government to give attention once more to the wrongs of Ireland. The immediate object is to get rid of Earl Spencer, the present lord lieutenant, and Mr. Trevelyan, the under secretary, and the inciting cause is the recent revelation of an outrageous miscarriage of justice in the Maamtrasna murder case. Nothing has occurred in Ireland in recent years so calculated to renew the exasperation of feeling against the castle authorities and the spirit of British rule in that unhappy isle. There seems to be little room for doubt that the execution of Miles Joyce was a judicial murder perpetrated for the purpose of terrorizing the Maamtrasna section into submission to law. While the murder of the Joyce family was the result of a feud, there had been agrarian outrages in the vicinity, and the occasion was seized to give an exhibition of the stern enforcement of the law which would strike terror into the peasantry. Mr. Gladstone, in his recent Midlothian speech, claimed that the administration of the Land act had the effect of "inducing the people for the first time to place confidence in the courts of justice," but an instance like that in Maamtrasna will undo the work in this direction of all the land acts that the government can frame or parliament enact. The strongest kind of representations were made at the time to induce Lord Spencer to interpose between Miles Joyce and the execution of the sentence against him, and since the confession of Casey he has been asked to investigate the facts. He refused to interpose and he has refused to make further inquiry on the ground that it is necessary. He has been compelled to make an explanation, the gist of which is that Joyce was not convicted as a result of Casey and Philbin's testimony, but though this is accepted as conclusive by the Tory press it has no effect in satisfying or quieting the feelings of the Irish people or their leaders. They believe, and apparently with good reason, that a judicial outrage was committed at Galway, and they are determined that Lord Spencer must go. This it is that leads the Parnellites in the face of the Franchise bill.

The report that the Prince of Wales intends to depart from the constitutional restraint of his position, and to vote for the franchise bill at the autumn meeting of parliament, are altogether likely to have their foundation in in fact; this not so much because of the habitual tendency of heirs-apparent to espouse the liberal cause as from sincere and sound convictions. The accession of Albert Edward to the throne cannot be long delayed in the present state of his mother's physical and mental health, and so far as human foresight can read the future, England will probably see one Conservative administration followed by the radical flood-tide. For the future king of England to antagonize deliberately the element which must be omnipotent in politics during his reign would be to jeopard his throne and his dynasty. Of his wisdom in declining to identify the crown with the hopeless cause of the lords there can be no doubt. The peers are doomed, and lost their last opportunity of falling with dignity when they consented to the passage of the reform measures of half a century ago, and made the upper chamber merely a bureau to register the edicts of the house of commons.

We have French authority for saying that it is in a "state of reprisal," not a war, which exists in China, though the difference is curiously difficult to make out when studying the events as they occur. Accepting the definition, however, we observe that the latest manifestation of the state of reprisal is one which very seriously threatens the trade of neutrals. The Chinese are blockading the river of Shanghai. They, like the French, make fine distinctions, and declare the blockade is only against the French, but the merchants of other nations feel its influence upon their trade, and are reported to be much alarmed at the consequences. The blocking of the bar at the mouth of the Woosung river has been ordered by the Chinese authorities, although a passage for the ships of neutrals is to be left. A veritable panic prevails in Shanghai, and merchants of the neutral powers have asked the naval commanders of these powers to take some action. The British Consul has advised the Chinese authorities to obtion skilled foreign assistance and keep traffic open. The Russia Consuls have been ordered to protect French interests wherever French Consuls leave. The Russian fleet in Chinese waters comprises one ironclad, three cruisers, two corvettes and six gunboats. Three other ironclads are expected to arrive. This strength, in view of the smallness of Russian interests in China, is considered significant. The Chinese are beginning to refuse to discriminate between the French and other foreign residents, and the dislike grows daily. In the event of an outbreak the native christians will be the first to suffer, and after them the foreigners.

The fear that Belgium is on the verge of a civil war is but natural in view of the violent displays of factional bitterness which of late have been so common. The excitement which is being displayed by a usually quiet people is certainly remarkable, and the new ministry and King Leopold might well have hesitated before attempting to cram an obnoxious measure down the throats of the people. The king's warrant for signing the new educational bill of course is that being a constitutional sovereign it was his plain duty not to thwart the will of the people. But it is doubtful if the bill itself does not do this, for under the heavy property qualification about 12 out of every 13 of the adult males of Belgium are deprived of the right of suffrage. This state of things plainly shows the way out of the trouble; despite the unhappy factional spirit now manifest there is not likely to be any serious appeal to arms. Though the people so largely and loudly protest against the reactionary legislation of the clericals, it should be born in mind that of the population of nearly 5,600,000 all but 20,000 or less profess the Roman Catholic religion; they may protest noisily against a legal measure, but outside of the cities, where radicalism is rampant, there is little danger of a resistance which would inevitably take on the complexion of a war against the church. The remedy is the extension of the franchise, and it would not be surprising if this should be a result of the present strife. Meanwhile the liberals can afford to act calmly. They have already weakened the new government to such a degree that a dissolution of parliament and another election may not be far off.

At the opening of the Mexican Congress President Gonzales in his message expressed his belief in the immediate consumation of the reciprocity treaty with the United States. The message is almost exclusively devoted to commercial matters. Gonzales felicitates the action upon the preliminary steps taken for the restoration of diplomatic relations with England, speaks of a commission about to start for China and Japan in the interests of Mexican commerce and refers to a new tariff bill which is to be submitted to Congress. President Gonzales, who is about retiring from his high position in favor of the newly elected General Diaz, leaves the country in a peaceful condition for Mexico. His policy will be continued in the next administration, as the three or four men now holding Mexican politics in their pockets are able to divide the honors among themselves with little opposition. Election day is now of little importance beyond a festal ratification of the government candidates. An American in the city of Mexico last spring had some difficulty even in finding the polling place in his district, and when he did find it it was as empty as as the library room of a fashionable club.

That French intrigues in Morocco are at present under restraint is probably due solely to the fact that the compaigns in China and Madagascar are more than enough to keep M. Ferry's government busy. As soon as these complications allow, a resumption of diplomatic hostilities may be expected. Nor should they be viewed with alarm, for, as we have said more than once, the opening of Morocco to European trade would be a boon not only to the misruled Moors, and to the nation which secured so valuable a dependency, but also to commerce at large.

The truth is that the issue at stake in the government of Morocco, or what it is the fashion of the time to call suzerainty over it, are of great general importance. Full reports exhist—made long ago by French merchants—as to the extraordinary supply of cereals which the ports of Morocco might furnish to the markets of the world. It is the control of this food which is, as we must suppose, the real object of the French diplomacy in Morocco to-day.

The recriminations in which the French and English press are mutually indulging, and the coolness which has grown up between the two countries separated by the Strait of Dover, cannot fail to be highly pleasing to the three emperors who rule the many millions of Central and Eastern Europe. If France and England should openly quarrel there is nothing to prevent Russia and Austria from laying their hands on all that remains of Turkey. More than this, since Italy is a devoted adherent of Bismarck, and Spain is a nonentity, open rupture between France and England may pave the way to a new irruption of imperialism in Western Europe, may put an end to the French republic, and confine England to her narrow sea-girt isle.

Cholera in Spain.

MADRID, September 26.—During the past twenty-four hours there has been a total of eight fresh cases of cholera and seven deaths in the provinces of Barcelona and Alicante.

REMEDIES Cuticura THE GREAT SKIN CURES

Miracles of Healing Unparalleled in Medical History.

"I have been afflicted for twenty years with an obstinate skin disease, called by some M. Da Facriasis, and others, leprosy, commencing on my scalp, and in spite of all I could do, with the help of the most skillful doctors, it slowly but surely extended; until a year ago this winter it covered my entire person in form of dry scales. For the last three years I have been unable to do any labor, and suffering intensely all the time. Every morning there could be nearly a dustpanful of scales taken from the sheet on my bed, some of them half as large as the envelope containing this letter. In the latter part of winter, my skin commenced cracking open, I tried everything almost, that could be thought of without any relief. The 12th of June I started West, in hopes I could reach the Hot Springs. I reached Detroit and was so low I thought I should have to go to the hospital but finally got as far as Lansing, Mich., where had a sister living. One Dr.—— treated me about two weeks, but did me no good. At thought I had but a short time to live. I earnestly prayed to die. Cracked through the skin all over my back, across my ribs, arms, hands, limbs, feet badly swollen, toenails came off, fingernails dead and hard as bone, hair dead, dry, and lifeless as old straw. O, my God! how did suffer.

My sister had a small part of a box of Cuticura in the house. She wouldn't give up; said, 'we will try Cuticura. Some was applied on one hand and arm. Eureka! there was relief: stopped the terrible burning sensation from the worst go. They immediately got the Cuticura Resolvent Cuticura and Cuticura Soap. I commenced by taking one tablespoonful of Resolvent, three times a day, after meals; had a bath once a day, water about blood heat, used Cuticura Soap freely; applied Cuticura morning and evening. Result, returned to my home in just six weeks on time I left, and my skin is as smooth as this sheet paper. HIRAM E. CARPENTER.

'Henderson, Jefferson County, N. Y.

'Sworn to before me this nineteenth day of January, 1880. "A. M. LEFFINGWELL, Justice of the Peace."

Cuticura Resolvent, the new blood purifier, internally, and Cuticura, and Cuticura Soap, the great skin cures, externally, clear the Complexion, cleanse the Skin and Scalp, and purify the Blood of every species of Itching, Scaly, Pimply, Scrofulous, Mercurial, and Cancerous Humors, and Skin Tortures when physicians, hospitals, and all other means fail. Sold everywhere.

Potter Drug and Chemical Co., Boston.

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Royal Havana Lottery!
(A GOVERNMENT INSTITUTION.)
Drawn at Havana, Cuba, Every 12 to 14 Days.

TICKETS, $2.00, - - - HALVES, $1.00
Subject to no manipulation, not controlled by the parties in interest. It is the fairest thing in the nature of chance in existence.
For information and particulars apply to SHISEY, CO., Gen. Agents, 1212 Broadway, N. Y. city.
E. KAUB & CO., 417 Walnut street, St. Louis, Mo or Frank Lobrano, L. D., 20 Wyandotte, Kan.
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SPECIAL NOTICES

Specials will Positively not be inserted unless paid in advance.

TO LOAN—Money.

MONEY TO LOAN—On Real Estate by Ballou Bros. 317 south 13th street. 221-26

MONEY loaned on chattels. Railroad Tickets bought and sold. A. Foreman, 213 S. 15th 746-tf

MONEY TO LOAN In sums of $300, and upward M. O. F. Davis and Co., Real Estate and Loan Agents 1516 Farnam St. 252-4

OMAHA FINANCIAL EXCHANGE—Large or small loans made on approved security. 1317 Douglas street. 812-1m

HELP WANTED.

WANTED—Several more millwrights at old Hemingway mill, corner 7th and Jones streets. J. E. McCray & Co. 292-26p

WANTED—A good man to block stoves and do general work, also strong boy. Omaha Stove Repair Works, 111 south 14th St. 256-27

WANTED—A girl S. W. cor. 11th and St. Mary's avenue. 287-27

WANTED—A dining room girl at 1308 Capitol ave. 248-17p

WANTED—Girl for general housework in small family, 1418 north 18th street 258-27p

WANTED—Good girl at 1718 Cass St. 248-1

WANTED—First-class woman cook and dining room girl at Atlantic Hotel. 255-27p

WANTED—A German girl for general housework, 817 S. 18th street, 4th lot south of Leavenworth. 269-tf

WANTED—A chambermaid at 912 Douglas St. 266-tf

WANTED—Girl for general house work small family, 2115 California St. 271-27p

WANTED—Experienced girl for general housework, 3rd house on 17th street, northeast corner from Leavenworth. L. Heller. 277-28p

WANTED—A good girl, either German or Scandinavian, at 198 corner Capitol Ave. 276-1p

WANTED—A salesman at M. F. Martin's installment House, 316 S. 15th street. 229-tf

WANTED—Laundry girls wanted at Slaven's Hotel, S. 10th street. 228-26p

WANTED—A nurse girl not under 15 years of age. Inquire at 2d door north of Cor. Sherman St. and Georgia avenue, Redick's addition. 238-26p

WANTED—Girl for general house work. Inquire at 626 south 20th st. near St. Mary's ave. 236-26p

WANTED—Stone Cutters, Attention—Three thousand men wanted to work on free stone in New York city. Good pay. Eight hours. Work sure. Come at once. Apply at any yard in the city. By order of the Master Stone Cutters' Association. 167-27

WANTED—A good coat-maker. Steady work at good prices. Will pay fare. Address immediately, J. W. Reanick, Beatrice, Neb. 162 27p

WANTED—A good laundry girl at the Emmet House, 11th street, between Farnam and Harney. 187-27p

WANTED—A responsible man as treasurer for a dramatic company. Apply A. J. Trelear, city. 213-29p

WANTED—Girl for general house work at 439 Convent St. Mrs. C. E. Mayne. 816-tf

WANTED—LADIES OR GENTLEMEN—In city or country, to take nice, light and pleasant work at their own homes; $1 to $5 per day easily and quietly made; work sent by mail; no canvassing; no stamp for reply. Please address Reliable Manf'g Co., Philadelphia, Pa. 303-1m

WANTED— Agents to handle the Bell Patent Weather Strips. Address or call on Geo. W. Bell, 1120 Harney street, Omaha, Neb. 530-1mp

SITUATIONS WANTED.

WANTED—By a widow, situation as house keeper. Address A.W. Bee office, Council Bluffs. 823-2t

WANTED—Situation as book-keeper, experience 5 years, 4 years in the banking business in the east. Address "Ruskin" Minneapolis, Minn. 288-3p

WANTED—A situation as housekeeper or position in store. Good references given. 217 N. 16th street. 279-27p

WANTED—Situation as housekeeper, or to do general housework. Address Mrs. "M. B." Bee office. 267-27p

WANTED—A situation by a machinist in the repairing of sewing machines. Has had twelve years experience. References given. App'y at Farmer's house. 265-27p

WANTED—Any kind of office work or would be book keeper or assistant book keeper. Address "W. M." Bee office. 27628p

WANTED—A position to do house-work by a young Danish woman with a child 10 months old. Address Peter Christainson, 1820 Saunders St. 212-26p

WANTED—A position as clerk in Hardware or Wholesale house, have had ten years experience as proprietor. References given. Address "C. A." this office. 598-tf

A young married man wants situation as book-keeper, in wholesale establishment in Omaha. Address "C." care Bee. 836-tf

MISCELLANEOUS WANTS.

WANTED—Board in private family. References given. Address "F. S." Bee office. 279-27p

WANTED—A good horse for delivery wagon. Apply after 6 o'clock p. m., 1411 Douglas street. 29.-27

WANTED—I want purchase a printing office located in some young and growing town in South ern Nebraska, or Northern Kansas. Can pay a small payment down, balance in payments of $50. monthly. Address "Lang," care Omaha Bee. 254-2p

WANTED—Dressmaking at Mrs. A Rice's 117 N. 15th St. 4 shirt trimmers, 4 waist makers, 2 sleeve makers, 2 machine hands for White machines, 2 tailoresses for work on tailor ma de dresses. None but first-class help need apply. 253-1p

WANTED—Gately's universal educator, 50,000 sold since January first. Agents wanted in Dakota, Iowa, and Nebraska. For term call on or address "W. D. P. Lowry, room 5, 119 north 15th St. Omaha, Neb. 171-27p

WANTED—$2,000 on first-class city security, for 5 years, at 9 per cent. Address Box 620 Post-office 703-tf

FOR RENT—Houses and Lots.

FOR RENT—Nicely furnished suite of 2 rooms, 316 N. 13th St. 675-11p

FOR RENT-A nicely furnished double south front room, will board two if desired 1614 California St. 282-27p

FOR RENT—Neatly furnished rooms at 1204 Howard street. 216 7p

FOR RENT—Large furnished front room on second floor suitable for one or two gentlemen 1811 Cass St. 251-27p

FOR RENT—A new store and five rooms overhead, Northeast corner of 17th and Nicholas streets, near oil works. 292-4p

TO RENT—For sixteen dollars, house of five rooms on Johnson St. Inquire at 2119 Harney St. 243-26p

FOR RENT—Two furnished rooms, bed room and sitting room, 224, corner Davenport and 13th St. 244-27p

FOR RENT—Two rooms handy for office in the new brick block, corner 13th and Capitol ave. 245-27p

FOR RENT—A four room house $9. per month Inquire at 22d and Poppleton ave. 246 26p

FOR RENT—To dentist of attorney, half of double office, located within one block of Paxton Hotel. Address "Rex," Bee office. 259-32p

FOR RENT—A furnished front room at 308 South 20th St 300-1p

FOR RENT—Nicely furnished front room for gentleman 413 South 13th St., opposite Herald office. 268-27p

FOR RENT—Furnished south front room, 1904 Farnam street. 263-29p

FOR RENT—Large house in good location for boarding house. Ballou Bros. 317 S. 15th St. 262-27

FOR RENT—A house with eight rooms. Warren Switzler, 213 south 14th St. 280-tf

FOR RENT—Furnished cottage of five rooms to young married couple without children, $25 per month. Inquire 831 South 24th St. 275-tf

FOR RENT—Handsomely furnished rooms 2 single and one suite of two. Brunner's block, S. W. cor. 10th and Dodge. 217-27p

FOR RENT—In the northern part of the city, a furnished bed room and parlor with board provided. Commercial traveler and wife preferred. For particulars inquire N. E. corner 16th and Davenport streets, between 2:30 and 4 p. m. 199-26p

FOR RENT—Furnished rooms at 811 North 17th St. 225 26p

FOR RENT—Pleasant rooms furnished or unfurnished, new house, bath room, hot and cold water. Terms reasonable. References exchanged, 809 N. 17th St., near Burt. 224-26p

FOR RENT—An elegant brick basement S. W. corner 16th and Dodge Sts., one block from post office; $25. per month. Morse & Brunner, 1404 Farnam St. 234-29

FOR RENT—Furnished room 1816 Dodge St. 236-30p

FOR RENT—House with 8 rooms. Inquire on premises, 1225 south 14th street. 240-26

FOR RENT—Pleasant rooms, furnished or unfurnished, en suite or single, 1314 Davenport street 194-29p

FOR RENT—Nicely furnished front room 2209 Dodge street. 238-29p

FOR RENT—A furnished room 1609 Farnam st. 207-tf

FOR RENT—Furnished rooms, modern improvements, Bolick block, cor. 15th and Capitol ave. References exchanged. 209-27

FOR RENT—Furnished front room suitable for man and wife or two gentlemen, 2012 Harney St. 292-27p

FOR RENT—Three houses of six rooms each. Three Stories on Cuming street. Three elegant flats. References required J. HN L. McCAGUE, Opposite Postoffice. 160-27

FOR RENT—Two very desirable furnished rooms near street car line, eight minutes walk from P. O., and convenient to two or three gentlemen, can be had by applying to S. E. cor. 20th and Chicago streets, or P. P. C. Co's office. 161-27p

FOR RENT—A nicely furnished room suitable for two gentlemen, 718 south 10th St. 159-26p

FOR RENT—Furnished or unfurnished with or without board, two rooms in a fine neighborhood convenient to street car, 2617 Charles St. 153-1

FOR RENT—Two newly furnished suite of rooms for gentlemen, at S. W. corner 20th and Burt, on 20th. 145-27p

FOR RENT—Nicely furnished room 105 north 18th 785-26p

FOR RENT—Cottage of three rooms, 23d and Clark street. T. J. Mitamorris, Bee office. 131-tf

FOR RENT—Furnished room 1318 Jackson. 898-26p

FOR RENT—Furnished room 16th St. Inquire 205 north 990-tf

FOR RENT—Large second story room suitable for manufacturing. Apply 1113 Harney St. 953-29

FOR RENT—Furnished rooms 190. Farnam St. 776-tf

FOR RENT—A two story frame building suitable for business. Large cellar, upstairs suitable for residence. Inquire on premises, corner 20th and Pierce St. 988-tf

FOR RENT—Nicely furnished front room 1618 Dodge street. 119-tf

FOR RENT—Six room cottage, fine location by S. T. Petersen, S. E. cor. 15th and Douglas. 517-tf

FOR RENT—Rooms in Crounse's Block. G. M. Hitchcock. 513 tf

FOR RENT—One grand square piano. Inquire of Edholm and Erickson. 440-tf

FOR RENT—One good six room house $25. per mo. G.M. Hitchcock. 285-tf

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Drug stock in Southern Nebraska, in good town with good trade. Will invoice about 1500 dollars. For particulars address "L. L." care of the Bee. 281-8p

FOR SALE—Cheap a second hand high top buggy. Inquire at Simpson's Carriage Factory, Dodge, between 14th and 15th. 280-tf

FOR SALE—A good saddle pony young and very gentle. Apply at 915 Douglas St. 250-27p

FOR FINE tube roses and dutch bulbs, go to J. W. & E. E. Arnold, No. 1210 north 18th St. 256-27p

FOR SALE—520 acres land on Middle Beaver, in Smith county Kansas, 250 acre under fence, plenty of living water for stock. Good frame house 16x20, with kitchen 12x20. 200 acres in cultivation, price $4,000. Terms $ cash, balance on time to suit purchasers. Will also sell 60 head cattle if purchaser desires. Address Thomas Mitchell, Smith Centre, Kansas, or Fulton & Grove, Riverton, Neb. 257-1m

FOR SALE—A stock of general merchandise, and store for rent in a thriving Nebraska town. For Particulars, address "Q. R." Bee office, Omaha. 247 tf

FOR SALE—Neligh House, brick, three stories, only hotel in town, 40 rooms, to leave for 3 or 5 years. The proprietor of the Neligh House wishes to sell the furniture and fixtures of this hotel on easy time and terms and lease the hotel for time stated above. Also would sell hotel outright, if agreeable. For particulars inquire of John J. King, Agent. West Point, Nebraska. 249-15

FOR SALE—A fresh milk cow. Apply to W. Boyer, 1020 Farnam St. 264-tf

FOR SALE—Second hand leather seat top phaeton, also four spring delivery wagon, cheap. W. J. Welshans & Co., City Mills. 274-tf

FOR SALE—150,000 brick on cars at Bellevue. H. T. Clarke. 218-tf

FOR SALE—Boarding house, with furniture and everything complete for business, located at 1212 Capitol avenue For further information address "B. B." Bee office. 223-26p

FOR SALE—Furniture and fixtures of a boarding house doing a good business Best location in town. Apply N. W. cor. 17th and Capitol avenue. 239-29p

FOR SALE—Fresh milch cows at my yards in North Omaha, near Ittner's brickyard. J. W. Penny. 196 29p

FOR SALE—The Chestnut gelding Clive, five years old, sired by Dorsey's Saturn. (record 2:23). At four years old Clive, trotted a full mile in 2:36 at the Nebraska State Fair, and can now show much faster gait. Is well broken, kind and gentle. May be seen at Council Bluffs' Driving park. Inquire at the Park of P. McEvoy. A. J. Poppleton. 188-2p

FOR SALE—Stock, fixtures, horse and wagon, of first-class grocery store, a bargain. Apply "A. B. C." Bee office. 256-tf

FOR SALE—A good, substantial horse power. Since putting in steam have no further use for it. Mrs. J. Bauman, at Columbia Brewery. 155-26p

FOR SALE—My team, two horses, wagon and harness. Fred Moehle, S. E. cor. 11th and Farnam streets. 159 tf

FOR SALE—Loose hay delivered in large or small quantities. A new time side bar top buggy and a wholesale notion or peddlers wagon. C. J.