THE OMAHA DAILY BEE.

FOURTEENTH YEAR. OMAHA, NEB., THURSDAY MORNING, AUGUST 28, 1884. 60

FAR FETCHED FACTS.

News of the Day in Lands Beyond the Sea.

Progress of the Attack at Foo Chow

Wolseley Goes to Egypt to Plan the Relief of Khartoum.

A Request For Canadians to Assist Him.

A Rumered Alliance Between France and Germany.

Other Notes From the Other Side of the World.

The War In China.

LONDON, August 27—Dispatches of to-day from Shanghai, to Reuter's agency says: The French loss in the bombardment of Foo Chow was seven killed and 14 wounded. The Chinese man of war, Yang Wan was exploded by a torpedo after it fired a broadside at the French torpedo boat, The boiler of the latter was exploded by hand grenades thrown from the Yang Wan after which the boat sank by the Volta to prevent being captured by the Chinese. The French expected to occupy the heights commanding the Pagoda anchorage. It is reported that seventy-five thousand Chinese troops are in the vicinity of Foo Chow. According to reports received at Sontag, 8,000 Chinese troops invaded Tonquin, and had an engagement with the French. In this battle it is asserted the French were annihilated, while several thousand Chinese were killed.

LONDON, August 27.—The Times' Foo Chow dispatch, dated yesterday, says: There has been heavy bombardment of the Mingan forts by the French fleet since daybreak this morning. The forts are believed to have been silenced. No attack has been made on the Kin Pai forts.

HONG KONG, August 26.—The French outward mail boat stopped here to-day and transferred her mails to a neutral steamer.

An immediate attack is probable on Woo Sung, in order to clear the entrance to the port of Shanghai.

PARIS, August 27.—It is semi-officially announced that Admiral Courbet leaves the Min river and will occupy Formosa, which will remain in the hands of the French until China pays the indemnity demanded by France.

THE FEELING IN TRADE CIRCLES.

LONDON, August 27.—Circles interested in commercial relations with China are debating the advisibility as presenting a memorial to Earl Granville, secretary of foreign affairs. This would urge the foreign department to co-operate with America and Germany in representing to France the serious injury which will be inflicted on trade by interfering with Chinese treaty ports.

THE FRENCH SIDE OF IT.

PARIS, Aug. 27.—An official report from the bombardment of Foo-Chow Saturday, was received from Admiral Courbet as follows:

Foo-Chow, Sunday Morning, Aug. 24.—A good beginning has been made. We opened fire yesterday and in four hours 9 Chinese men-of-war and 12 junks sank, and the Krupp battery commanding the arsenal was silenced. Our loss is 6 killed, 27 wounded. The fleet suffered no serious damage except that the boiler of a torpedo boat burst. The Chinese losses are heavy. During the night the fleet was beset by burning wrecks and logs. The torpedo cutters will clear all this away to-day and afterwards we bomrard the arsenal. We hail not leave here before the 29th or 30th.

One of our torpedo boats sank a large Chinese cruiser. The vessels which took part in the action were the Volta (which noisted my flag) the Dugaay, Trouin, Triumphante, Villars Destaing, Aspict, Lyn and Vispore, with two torpedo boats. Private telegrams received in London report the Chinese forts on the Min river are holding out well against the French bombardment. The French gunboats are still unable to pass down the river. Chinese authorities are confident of the stength of the forts.

RBET CONGRATULATED.

PARIS, August 27.—The minister of the marine telegraphs to Admiral Courbet the satisfaction of the government at the brilliant beginning of the campaign in China and wishing him success.

GEN. WOLSELEY GOES TO EGYPT.

LONDON, August 27.—All newspapers approve the dispatch of Gen. Wolseley to Egypt to assume chief command of the troops there. The official announcement of his appointment says: "Preparations which have been in progress some weeks for the expedition up the Nile, resemble in a great degree those adopted in 1870 for the Red River expedition, which gave Wolseley an experience which no other officer possesses. There is some reason to hope that Maj. Kitchner's mission to Dongola will shortly afford means of opening communication with Gordon again, but the government are of the opinion, having regard for the approach of the cool season, that no time should be lost.

CAIRO, August 27—Major Kitchner telegraphs from Dongola that a spy brought in a report that Gordon gained a great victory over the rebels August 11. Two rebel leaders were killed in th engagement.

A RIVER-MAN FOR EGYPT.

OTTAWA, August 27.—The gover nor-genera has been ordered by the home government to secure the services of 600 Canadian voyagers to go up the Nile to the relief of General Gordon at Khartoum. The class of men required are those whose constant occupation has been running timber on the Canadian rivers. They are needed to take flat-bottom boats up the Nile and in making portages around the rapids, and will have to sail from Quebec the 15th of September. It is intended to take 390 men from the Ottawa district.

The governor-general has written to the militia department asking for the names of some militia officers whose services can be obtained to take charge of the contingent Canadian voyagers that will be sent to the relief of Gordon.

HOW THEY SERVE THEM IN FRANCE.

PARIS, August 27.—The trial of the directors of the banque Lyons et Loire, which failed two or three years ago, was concluded to-day. M. Savony the ex-deputy, and at one time under secretary of state was sentenced to five years in prison, fined 20,000 francs and to suffer suspension of his civil and political rights for ten years. M. Zilenski, manager, was sentenced to five months in prison and fined 8,000 francs. The rest were only fined amounts ranging from 1,000 to 10,000 francs. M. Savony, chief offender, has fled the country.

PREPARING FOR ANOTHER GREELY HORROR.

ST. PETERSBURG, August 27.—The ministry marine has issued to several new societies a plan for a Russian polar expedition. The idea is to have several large parties start for Jeanette Island, and proceed entirely on foot across the ice, leaving large depots of provisions in the rear. It is thought that there are many islands north of Jeanette that can be utilized.

AN AUSTRIAN FAILURE.

VIENNA, August 27.—The sugar trade in this city is ceasing through a crisis. The failure of the great firm of R. Weinrich caused a panic on the Bourse yesterday. The failure was due to a rush in speculation. A year's respite was given the firm, and it is hoped that it will right itself. Those interested in the firm are doing their utmost to support it.

FAMINE IN INDIA.

LONDON, August 27.—Advices from Calcutta state that famine is inevitable, owing to drought. The authorities are taking no steps to provide relief.

OFF FOR EGYPT.

LONDON, August 27.—General Wolseley will start for Egypt Sunday, and proceed to Cairo to assume immediate command of the forces in Egypt and direct operations for the relief of Khartoum.

A SANITARY SCHEME AND A GOOD ONE.

BERLIN, August 27.—Germany has submitted a proposal to the powers that there should be at Suez a strict quarantine of three weeks for ships from cholera ports which pass through the canal.

AN ALLIANCE, OFFENSIVE AND DEFENSIVE.

PARIS, August 27,—A dispatch from Berlin to Matin asserts that the France-German alliance is arranged, France to obtain certain territory on condition of not opposing Germany's claim to two ports on the North sea. Both countries are to assist each other in acquiring colonies.

FREE SPEECH IN TURKEY.

CONSTANTINOPLE, August 27.—An under secretary of foreign affairs is under arrest for using seditious language.

THE EFFECT OF THE WAR ON INDIA.

LONDON, August 27.—A Calcutta dispatch says the war between China and France thus far had little if any effect on Indian trade or the money market. It is believed the effect will be only light unless prolonged.

THE PRINCESS STILL ILL.

BERLIN, August 27.—The fever from which the Princess Victoria, wife of Prince William of Prussia, is suffering from continues with unabated severity. The princess passed a restless night.

GERMANY ACQUIRING AFRICAN TERRITORY.

LONDON, August 27.—Advices from Madeira state that Derko Nachtigal, special German commissioner for the west coast of Africa, had annexed the coast line south of Cameroons river as far as Balloona. He also hoisted the German flag at Thelimba and at Little and Great Botansea.

GLADSTONE ON HIS TRAVELS.

LONDON, August 27.—Gladstone started for Edinburg today. He was greeted by large crowds at the railway stations. At Warrington Gladstone addressed the people. He said the government would do its duty, but in a considerable national issue the crisis of the issue depended upon the action of the country. At Edinburg preparations are made for a grand welcome of the prime minister.

ALL ARRANGED.

BERLIN, August 27.—A meeting of the three emperors, each attended by his principal ministers, has been definitely arranged.

ALEXANDER GOING TO WARSAW.

WARSAW, August 27.—The police of this city have posted placards in public places, announcing that the czar will arrive at the end of the month, and giving the people permission to decorate and illuminate the houses on the occasion.

WHY WOLSELEY GOES.

CAIRO, August 27.—General Wolseley's appointment is due to the statement that General Stephenson's present plan of the campaign via the Nile is impracticable.

MORE TALK OF GERMAN INTERFERENCE.

BERLIN, August 27.—D. E. Couriel will return tomorrow from his conference with Bismarck at Varzin. His visit followed the invitation given at his own request and the greatest significance is attached thereto as affecting the Franco-Chinese difficulties.

LE PARIS ON THE SITUATION.

PARIS, Aug. 27.—Le Paris' Berlin correspondent attributes the attitude of Germany toward England and France to Germany's designs upon Holland. Le Paris has reasons to believe that China will not declare war against France. Measures will be taken, the paper says, to provision the French fleet in event of English ports being closed, and the French will work the mines at Kelung until China pays the indemnity demanded.

CLERICAL VS. LIBERAL.

BRUSSELS, August 27.—The Burgomaster has issued an orper forbidding clerical meetings the same day as liberal meetings.

Exercising the Navy.

NEWPORT, Aug. 27.—The president came ashore this morning with Secretary Phillips and Messrs. Miller and Tiffany and made several calls. At ten o'clock the north Atlantic squadron got under way and proceeded up the bay where the torpedo experiment and manouvers took place; the president going on the Dispatch and Secretary Chandler on the Albatross. The exercises will last several hours. To-morrow there will be exercises at the torpedo station.

A Nest of Anarchists Raided.

BERNE, August 27.—The police yesterday raided the houses of certain well known anarchists in this city, and made several arrests. They secured a stock of highly inflamatory placards ready for posting. The Swiss governmentel denounces the measures of increased stringency enforced against the anarchists.

Due Bills Won't Do.

NEW YORK, August 27.—Judge Wallace today in the United States circuit court, decided the case of Marlow vs. The Texas & Pacific railroad, that the company must pay its interest in cash upon income and land grant bonds for 1882 and 1883. The case involves $800,000.

Hanged For Rape.

LENOKE, Ark., Aug. 27.—Today Joe Bayard, colored, aged 18, was hung in the presence of three thousand people for raping a white girl named Rhea, aged 11, in January last.

HOOF AND HARVEST.

State of the Grain and Live Stock Market at Chicago.

The Market Experiences and Infusion of Life.

The Grain List Rises an Closes Strong.

A Similar Movement in the Live Stock Market.

A Day of Good Sales and Good Prices.

Pork, However, Obstinately Remains at Old Figures.

Chicago Markets.

Special Dispatch to THE BEE.

CHICAGO, August 27.—A great deal of life was infused into the wheat market to-day, and other cereals also were more than usually active in sympathy.

WHEAT

Speculative trading in wheat was on a rather extended scale, and there was a marked increase in the amount of outside business. The feeling was stronger and prices higher, influenced largely by a reported decrease in the visible supply, the New York statement showing even a larger reduction of stock than did the Chicago statement. The Chinese war news also seemed to have some effect upon the course of the market. Early trading was at an advance of ⅜ to ¾c, then eased off ½ to ⅝c, then rallied, and closed on the regular board ¼ to 1c over yesterday. On the afternoon board the feeling was again stronger, and trading progressed amid considerable excitement. Va ues rose ½ to ⅝c, the market closing at 80⅜c for September, 82¼ for October, 83⅜c for November, and 85c for December.

CORN.

was in fair demand and ruled stronger. The market opened ⅛@¼c higher, then declined ⅜@1c under free offerings, but rose again and closed ⅛@⅜c above yesterday on the regular beard. On the afternoon board prices advanced ⅛@⅜c, closing at 53½ for August, 52⅝ for September, 50⅞ for October, and 46⅛ for November.

OATS

ruled strong and higher, closing at 25⅜ for August, 25½ for September, and 26⅜ for October.

PORK

was unchanged for the year, which closed at 12 75.

LARD

was stronger, closing at 7 50 for August and September, 7 62½ for October.

CATTLE

There was an active demand for all sorts. Prices ruled a shade higher all around; first-class shipping and export cattle 6 50 to 7 00, second class 5 50to 6 25, grassers 3 75 to 4 00, cows and bulls 2 25 to 3 20, stockers 3 20 to 3 80, feeders 3 75 to 4 25, Texans 3 40 to 3 90, Montana and Nebraska Texans 3 75 to 4 80, good to choice shipping, 1,200 to 1,350 pounds, 6 00 to 6 60; common to medium, 1,000 to 1,200 pounds, 4 25 to 5 75; inferior to fair cows; 2 20 to 3 00; medium to good, 3 00 to 3 90; range cattle, firmer at 2 08; Wyoming, 1,108 pounds, 4 85; grass Texans, 700 to 950 pounds, 3 10 to 4 40; Americans, 4 00 to 5 25.

HOGS.

There was a sharp demand for the best. Heavy to strong, 10c higher, best making 4 40@6 50; Philadelphias, 6 65; medium, 6 00@6 20; common grassers, 5 50@5 75; light sorts were not wanted and slow, making 6 00@6 35 for the best, 5 00@5 50 for grassers. Market closed steady, with fewer in the pens unsold than for any day this week; light, 150 to 210 lbs, 5 75@6 50.

AN ALLEGED POSTAL FRAUD.

Whose Head is in Danger?

WASHINGTON, August 27.—Under the contract for furnishing postoffice envelopes recently annulled by the postmaster-general, and previous contracts, envelopes supplied were required to be of certain exact dimensions. It appears upon investigation that the sizes required were different from those kept in stock by the envelope manufacturers in general. The effect of the requirement was to prevent the great bulk of manufacturers from biding upon the proposals, as extensive and costly changes in their machinery would be required for the manufacture of sizes which would not be warranted by the profits from the contract for a single year. The result at the last letting was to limit the number of bidders to six firms. To obviate this difficulty the proposals just issued for the supply of these envelopes provide that sizes may be slightly larger than the dimensions given but no smaller, thus allowing all manufacturers to compete for the contract. The Critic says: "It is seriously intimated that collusion existed in the postoffice department with the contractors, and that Postmaster-General Gresham is at Newport to consult with the president before taking final action in the premises, and it is not improbable that the head of a prominent postoffice official will roll in the basket."

WASHINGTON NOTES.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 27.—The Swain court martial is postponed until November 15th, as the chief counsel for the accused is unable to appear before that time.

The comptroller telegraphed to the bank examiner to take charge and repost upon the condition of the Xenia bank.

Highway Commissioners of Illinois.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Aug 27.—At the meeting of the highway commissioners, state convention, which assembled in Springfield on the 22d of last April, it was ordered that the convention would meet again at the aforesaid place, at such time as may be fixed upon in a call of the permanent executive committee, and said committee were authorized to call a meeting of the convention accordingly. In pursuance of such authority, said committee have called said convention to meet at Springfield on Wednesday, Sept. 24th, at 10 a. m. The members of said convention will consist of one delegate from each board commissioners of highways in towns in counties under township organization, to be selected by the commissioners, and one from each board of county commissioners in counties not under township organization, to be appointed by said board. The several committees of the convention are requested to meet at the State house in Springfield on the day before the convention. Arrangements will be made with the several railroads leading to Springfield to carry delegates to and from the convention at half fare. By order of the committee. (Signed)

H. A. STEVENS, secretary.

SUMMER SPORTS.

The Turf.

SARATOGA RACES.

Track heavy—Three-quarters mile for two year olds—Troubadour won, Pegusus 2d, Tallyman 3d; time 1:18¾.

Mile, all ages—dead heat—Between Sovereign, Pat and Beecherbrook, Bessie 3d; time, 1:47. Purse divided.

Three-quarter mile—three year old—non-winners—Analosta won, Laraminta 2d, Inspector 3d; time, 1:18¼.

Mile and an eighth—George L. won, Niobe and Blanton ran dead heat for second place; time 1:55.

BRIGHTON BEACH RACES.

BRIGHTON BEACH, August 27.—Track fast—three-quarters mile—all ages—Ben Thompson won, Col. Morris 2d, Harriet 3d; time 1:18¾.

Mile and a quarter—selling allowances—Logan won, Jim Carlisle 2d, Tony Foster 3d; time 2:31¼.

Iron Pier handicap—mile—all ages—Little Fred won, Marsh Redon 2c, Lady Loud 3d; time 1:44¼.

Mile and furlong—all ages—Miss Brewster won, Barney 2d, Wave o' Light 3d; time 1:58.

Seven furlongs—maidens—all ages—Adonis won, Jannetta Pride 2d, Yorktown 3d; time 1:32¼.

Hurdle race—mile and a half—six hurdles—Nimblefoot won, Companion 2d, Charley Bader 3d; time 2:53½.

HARTFORD RACES.

HARTFORD, Conn., August 27.—The fourth day's races at Charter Oak park opened today.

First race—2:22 class—King Wilkes won, Judge Davis 2nd, Butterfly 3d, Walnut, Earl, Cornelius and Bessie were drawn, Index distanced; time, 2:21¼, 2:23¼, 2:25, 2:22¼, 2:22½, 2:24¾.

Class 2:28—purse $1,000—divided—Rolf won, Little Dake 2d, Belle Shackett 3d, Hambletonian Last, fourth, Polly B and Windsor M distanced; time, 2:26½, 2:25, 2:25¼.

While the pacers were exercising on the track for the 2:17 class a serious accident occurred. James Golden was driving Princess down the track, and "Knapsack" McCarthy was driving George G. up the track. Both were going at a rapid pace on the home stretch when they tried to pass each other. Both drivers pulled in the same direction and the result was the horses came in collision. Both horses went into the air, and fell flat on the ground. George G. got on his feet and walked a yard or two and fell dead. Princess was fatally injured. George G. was buried within the grounds, in view of the people, and the band playing a dirge. George G. was owned by Frank Russell, of Boston, and had a 2:17 record. Princess was the property of Hans Penn, of Pittsburg, and had a record of 2:19¼. Each was valued at about $5,000. McCarthy, driver of Princess, was thrown from his sulky and sprained his ankle. The disaster left but two pacers to compete, and after Bessie had taken the 1st heat and Lorne the 2d and 3d, the race had to be postponed till tomorrow on account of darkness. The time of heats paced was 2:30¼, 2:26¼, 2:26¼.

JAY EYE SEE NOT FOR SALE.

RACINE, Wis., August 27.—Mr. Case authorizes the following statement with reference to various rumors that have been afloat as to Bonner or any one else buying Jay Eye See: "No one has an option from me to buy or authority to sell Jay Eye See. He is not for sale."

MAUD S. AT HARTFORD.

HARTFORD, August 27.—Maud S. reached Charter Oak at noon in charge of Bair. She will be trained for an effort to lower her 2:09¾ record before being retired from the turf.

The Oar.

HARTFORD, Aug. 27.—The single scull race, two miles with turn, and for a hundred dollars a side, between J. D. Quilly of Springfield and W. J. Shea of this city, was won by Shea by three lengths; time, not taken.

Pastry without Butter.

The American pie has been subject to more unjust abuse from foreign writers than any other of our distinctive products, if we except the recent tirade against the American hog. And yet we cannot say that it has been altogether undeserved, because of the villainous compound, thick, hard and heavy, that is too often made to do duty as a "crust," and which by courtesy is called "pastry." Light, tender, flaky and digestible pie-crust and all kinds of pastry can be made most readily by the use of Royal Baking Powder without any butter, or with half the usual portion, if preferred, or with a small quantity of lard or other shortening as desired. Pie-crust thus made is more wholesome and digestible, besides more economical and easier prepared. In addition to saving all the butter if desired, one-third the flour is also dispensed with, as the crust is rolled that much thinner, the leavening qualities of the Royal Baking Powder swelling it to the requisite thickness. If drippings or lard be used the Royal Baking Powder removes any unpleasant taste, rendering the crust as short, sweet and pleasant as if made from the finest butter. Those who know the appetizing qualities of the genuine home-made American pie will rejoice that by the aid of Royal Baking Powder in the pastry it can be made quite as disgestible as is delicious.

Dishonorably Discharged.

CINCINNATI, O., August 26.—Four members of the Lytle Grays, local military company, were dishonorably discharged today for cowardice during the court house riot last March. The cases were tried before court martial. Governor Hoadley approved the finding.

Blaine Has Recovered.

BAR HARBOR, Me., August 27.—Blaine down stairs to-day in his usual health.

DEATH-DEALING DISEASE.

Alleged Discovery of a Cholera Case in Toronto.

The Authorities Endeavoring to Discover the Sick Man.

Inhabitants of an Italian City Fleeing to Rome.

On Account of a Rumored Quarantine.

Decrease in the Death Rate at Toulon and Marselles.

The Disease has Evidently Run its Race in Those Cities.

Cholera at Toronto.

Special Dispatch to THE BEE.

TORONTO, August 27.—A local paper published an account of the arrival of a cholera stricken immigrant in this city at an early hour this morning. The individual was deathly sick, and had symptoms of cholera. He stated that he arrived in Canada by a European vessel, and came to Toronto by train. The hotels refused to admit him, and when last seen he was looking for a doctor. There is great excitement over the report, and the public health authorities are making a diligent search for him. The laxity of quarantine regulations in the St. Lawrence river make it quite evident that infected immigrants could easily pass through from steamships into Lake Ontario.

THE CHOLERA ELSEWHERE.

ROME, August 27.—A false report got abroad in the Cirita Vecchia yesterday that the government was about to establish quarantine against that city. This created excitement among tourists and visitors of all classes. Eighteen hundred persons of all sorts, including even the hotel waiters, beseiged the railway stationss and took freight trains by storm. Five hours were spent in passing over the thirty-eight miles to Rome.

TOULON, August 27.—Two deaths from cholera here last night. The condition of the city is improving.

MARSEILLES, August 27.—No deaths from cholera here last night. The health offices will close September 1st.

TURIN, Aug. 27.—King Humbert and Prime Minister Depretis arrived yesterday at Busco, a city of 10,000 people in the province of Cueno Piedmont. They visited the cholera patients at the hospitals and left $2,000 for their relief. The Italian peasants in the cholera districts repel the doctors and prefer to trust in charms and superstitious observance. The peasants are profound believers in the powerful efficiency of procession. There was a furious tumult yesterday at Luco because the prefect prohibited a procession. It was necessary to call out the military to quiet the disturbance. Several rioters were wounded.

MARSEILLES, Aug. 27.—The public subscribed 500,000 francs for the cholera sufferers.

TOULON, August 27.—No deaths here from cholera since morning. Two deaths from cholera at Lourves today and one at La Seyne. The record of cholera in Toulon for the 24 hours ended tonight is, admitted 4, discharged 7, deaths 2, under treatment 32.

MARSEILLES, August 27.—Four deaths here today from cholera.

ROME, August 27.—Cholora record in Italy for the past twenty-four hours: Deaths 38; new cases 78. At La Spegia for the past thirty-six hours there were seventeen deaths.

PLEURO-PNEUMONIA.

Result of the Investigation into its Origin in Illinois.

CHICAGO, August 27.—The Breeders Gazette will tomorrow publish the results of the investigation as to the distribution of the cattle sold by the man named Epler last winter, from which is supposed the recent cases of pleuro-pneumonia originated. Purchases were made at that sale by M. C. Clark, of Geneva, Ills., D. A. and S. H. Tripp, of Peoria, Porter Yates, of Springfield, Frank Gaston, of Normal, Bevis, of Virginia, Ill, and Rawlings, of Jacksonville. From these, infection was carried to the herd of Keefer at Sterling, Ill., John Boyd at Elmhurst, and O. J. Bailey, at Peoria. In all these herds there was sickness and thirty-two animals died or have been killed because affected with pleuro-pneumonia. Of those which died before the infection was made public, the disease was variously stated as a severe cold, pneumonia, pleuro-pneumonia, lockjaw, and hepatization of the lungs.

A considerable number of other animals, either of the original herd or of those infected by them, have been sick with the symptoms of lung trouble, but recovered. Dr. Paaren, state veterinarian, left for Elmhurst to-day for the purpose of killing eleven head of cattle on the farm of John Boyd, believed to be affected.

The Breeders' Gazette expresses a hope that the vigorous measures instituted will have the effect of stamping out the disease before it becomes widespread, but warns cattle owners of the necessity of vigilance and the prompt quarantine of suspected animals for some time to come, because of the insidious nature and slow development of this disease.

WASHINGTON, August 27.—Dr. Salmon, chief of the bureau of animal industry, has submitted a report to the commissioner of agriculture relative to the investigation of pleuro-pneumonia among the cattle of Illinois. He has found eight cases in the vicinity of Chicago, two near Sterling, four near Peoria, one near Springfield, two near Virginia and one near Jacksonville. A number of reported cases have not yet been traced.

Dr. Salmon further says: "It is impossible to get experienced men to assist me without moving them out from my work in New York, and this I do not want to do unless absolutely necessary. Men who have had no experience with pleuro-pneumonia would be useless. Illinois has good laws and the state veterinarian and the governor will issue a proclamation on the subject, and direct the isolation of infected herds and the slaughter of diesased animals.

I shall soon direct my attention to other states Iowa, Missouri and Kentucky have received animals from the infected herds. I telegraphed the governor of Kentucky a few days ago with regard to the animals that went there. We have not been able to decide which of the animals brought it to the Virginia sale, but one that came from Dye, of Ohio, was sick from inflammation of the lungs. I supposed the trouble at the time to have been the result of exposure. This most likely the origin of the disease, and if the suspicion proves correct, it makes the matter still worse. Darius Dye is the most extensive speculator in Jersey cows in the country, and has sent cattle into nearly every herd in the west. If his herd is inflicted the disease must have been spread to nearly every state in the union. I shall investigate this matter as soon as possible, and if the infection is traced to Ohio will move all my men that will come. I should consider this a last resort. In the meantime I shall indulge with the hope that this will not prove true. I will say positively that this disease is not the result of scrofula or exposure to inclement weather or like causes. It is contagious pleuro-pneumonia, and I am just as certain of it as I am that such a disease exists."

Acting Commissioner Carman has refused the request of the Alabama cattle firm to import a number of Jersey cattle for exhibition at the New Orleans exposition.

FINANCIAL.

Bank Suspensions and Other Commercial Troubles.

NEW YORK, Aug. 27.—Sheriff Davidson has taken possession of the Bankers' & Merchants' Telegraph office on a judgment for Mr. Roebling for $76,000.

NEW YORK, Aug. 27.—The report was circlated today that the sheriff had taken possession of the Bankers' & Merchants' Telegraph company on a judgment for $76,000. The superintendent of the company says the report is untrue so far as he knows. President Bates, of the United Telegraph lines, said he had no knowledge of affairs, but even if true it would in no way effect the working of the United lines.

NEW YORK, August 27.—The sheriff today took possession of the sale and office furniture of the Bankers' and Merchants' Telegraph Company on a judgment for $75,545 in favor of John A. Roebling & Sons, for wire furnished. The officers of the telegraph company say the above story is not true. The Evening Post says: "Matters are now in abeyance, and the sale of the property will be delayed, as it is expected that a settlement will take place. The value of the property levied upon under the execution is said to be insufficient to sasisfy the judgment.

CINCINNATI, Aug. 27.—The Times-Star Xenia, (O.) special says that the Second national bank closed its doors this morning. No particulars.

LATER.—There was a run on the bank yesterday, but the payments were made so promptly that confidence was restored, and many renewed their deposits. The cashier, Ankeney, has gone west. The bank to-day is in the hands of an officer detailed by the comptroller of currency. No statement of its condition is made yet.

Cashier Ankeney had been engaged in grain transactions with R. M. Smart, to whom the bank, through Ankeney, recently made large advances. Smart gave a mortgage to secure this money, but the directors were notified and demanded Ankeney's resignation. He went west next day, and this caused the run of yesterday. The stockholders are regarded as being able to meet all liabilities though the amount is not yet made public.

NEW YORK, August 27.—The correspondent of the suspended Second National bank of Xenia, Ohio, says the suspension will have no effect in financial circles here. Its accounts here are small.

Special Dispatch to the Globe-Democrat.

ST. JOSEPH, MO., August 23.—The wholesale drug house of W. R. Penick & Co. was today turned over to the preferred creditors of the firm, representing altogether about $130,000 of the indebtedness. The firm is composed of Col. W. R. Penick and his son-in-law, L. Harrison, of Omaha. Their entire liabilities are about $30,000; assets not yet known. The failure is said to be owing to the pressure brought to bear upon the firm by Dr. Dulin, of this city. The house has been embarrassed several years, but struggled manfully against severe odds.

NEW YORK, August 27.—Schedules in the insolvent assignment of the firm of Rowe & Denman, building materials, show the total actual liabilities to be $142,000, actual assets $34,000.

LANCASTER, Pa., August 27.—Assignments in bankruptcy were filed on account of Abraham Bitner and the Lancaster watch factory. Bitner has been manager and principal stockholder of the watch factory, and a large real estate owner. The estate is heavily encumbered. Liabilities of the watch factory consists of a mortgaged indebteness of $50,000 and other debts aggregating $27,000. The manager claims to have stock on hand which cost the company $60,000, in addition to real estate. The watch factory has had a precarious and unprofitable existence for eleven years. Over $400,000 has been invested in the concern since its inception.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., August 27.—The community was startled this afternoon by the announcement of the defalcation of Samuel Roberts, late paymaster of Charles Parrish & Co., coal operators. The amount is between $50,000 and $75,000. Roberts has been the confidential clerk of Charles Parrish for twenty years. He is widely known throughout the state. He transferred his property, which includes stock in the Red Ash Coal company, to Parrish, and the latter authorizes the Associated Press to state that a settlement has been effected. Roberts had sunk the money in household extravagances and religious objects. He was superintendent of a Sunday-school. He recently resigned all offices for the purpose of going to Europe. He is prostrated owing to the exposure.

Arrest of a Murderer.

ST. LOUIS, August 27.—Thos. J. Chapman, the alleged murderer of the wealthy bachelor farmer, Nicholas Hubert, near Charleston, Ill., was arrested at Poplar Bluff, Mo., yesterday. He is now en route for Charleston in custody of deputy sheriff Johnson. Chapman formerly lived at Poplar Bluff. He started for that place, where his wife now is, immediately after the killing of Hubert. He does not acknowledge or deny the murder.

A Bankrupt Country.

CAIRO, Aug. 27.—Rumors are current that Egypt has notified England that she is bankrupt since yesterday and unable to meet current expenses.

Off to Canada.

PORTSMOUTH, August 27.—Lieutenant Greely left for Montreal to-day to attend the meeting of the British association.

PAYNES PLEA.

The Oklahama Boomer Tell His Woes to a Reporter.

As Claims to be a Much Injured Man.

The Cow Boys Wanted to Assassinate Him.

The Trials of a Squa[illegible] in Indian Territ[illegible]

How the Military Autho[illegible]s Refused to Recognize Civil [illegible]ere;

FORT SMITH, Ark., August [illegible] An associated press reporter today visited [illegible]tain D. R. Payne and his Oklahama followers where they are held prisoners at the camp of Lieutenant Jackson and a detachment of the ninth cavalry in the Cherokee nation, opposite Fort Smith. Payne said:

"I first went to Oklahama five years ago, when informed by able lawyers that these lands were opened to white settlement, and located a colony. Since then I have been moved seven or eight times by the militia. I spent last winter at Washington city and learned the Cherokee outlet was open to settlement, and the title was not in the Cherokees but in the United States. I

ORGANIZED A COLONY.

of five hundred and settled Rock Falls four miles south of Hunnewell, Kansas. General Hatch on August 6 ordered us out. I told him not to bring his soldiers as we were willing to go into court to have the question settled, and asked him to lay the matter before the secretary of war. He refused.

The next morning six companies of the Ninth cavalry arrived, accompanied by Indian Agent Tufts, and his clerk, a Cherokee Indian; arrested J. B. Cooper, editor of the Oklahoma Chief, in charge of the colonists, and others. Most of the men were absent at the time. The cattle men and

COW BOYS WERE AGAINST US,

and threatened to assassinate us. The cowboys tore down our flag to use for a saddle blanket, but Captain Moore secured it, and a little girl came to us with the flag wrapped around her, and a pistol in her hand. We were taken to General Hatch's camp and Rock Falls was burned. We were allowed to get our clothing and furniture but Mr. Cooper lost some valuable papers and his clothing. While at General Hatch's camp I

AGREED TO GO TO FORT SMITH

or any place designated for trial if released, and offered to put up fifty thousand dollars security for keeping my word. But Gen. Smith said his orders were to take me to Fort Smith, and he intended doing so. Deputy-Marshal Williams served the writs on us, and wanted to take us to Wichita courts for trial. Lieutenant Gardner, who was in command, refused to turn us over or recognize the civil authority. About sixty soldiers guarded us as far as the Cimarron river. The officers seemed to fear the cowboys would attempt to assassinate us. Half the soldiers returned and the rest are with us. We want to get our matter before the courts of the country, for we believe we have the right to locate homesteads on these lands, and intend to keep on trying until the matter is properly adjudicated."

Scientific Britons.

MONTREAL, August 27.—The fifty-fourth annual meeting of the British Association for the Advancement of Science opens here today. The weather is fine and cool. It will be one of the largest and most representative meetings ever held. At 1 o'clock the general committee met to arrange the business for the association.

Garfield's Old Regiment.

SANDUSKY, O., August 27.—The forty-second Ohio, Garfield's Regiment, held a reunion at Lakeside yesterday and today, and voted to meet there next year on the last Wednesday of August. Since the death of Garfield, no president has been elected, the vice-president presiding. About 200 members survive. Capt. Hubbel of Cleveland is presiding vice-president and C. E. Henry, secretary. No special action was taken this year. Letters were received from Senator Sherman, General Morgan, Mrs. Garfield, ex-Governor Foster, Major McKinley, Amos Townsend and others.

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