THE OMAHA DAILY BEE.

FOURTEENTH YEAR. OMAHA, NEB., WEDNESDAY MORNING, AUGUST 27, 1884. 59

FIXING FOR FUSION.

The Democrats and Greenbackers of Illinois Council Together.

They Will Endeavor to Run a Fusion Electoral Ticket.

If They Can Settle the Disputed Claims of Each.

Candidates for Congress Selected in Various States.

Anti-Monopoly Ticket Nominated in Buffalo County.

Texas Greenbackers Organizing for a Campaign for Butler.

Fusion in Illinois.

Special Dispatch to THE BEE.

CHICAGO, August 26.—Chairman Oberly, of the democratic executive committee, was busy today conferring with the democratic and Butler leaders, concerning the talked of fusion in this state between greenbackers and democrats. It is authoritatively stated that the Butler managers offered to support the democratic state ticket if they could do so safely, on condition that the democrats would give them a fair representation on the electoral ticket. What constitutes a fair representation appears to have been the subject in controversy, at Oberly's meeting with the leaders. The greenback convention will be held at Bloomington tomorrow. The obstacles in the way of fusion are many. On the part of the democrats it is thought that the coalition might be construed as a confession of weakness, while on the part of the greenbackers the leaders were not sure of their ability to deliver the latter. However, they expressed the necessity of some co-operation, it being feared that unless they were given aid McKeighan would succeed in dismembering the greenback organization in the state and turning the body of it over to the republicans.

Anti-Monopoly Convention.

Special dispatch to The Bee.

KEARNEY, Neb., Aug. 25.—The anti-mopoly convention was held to-day and nominated James Jenkins, of Kearney, and J. P. Curry, of Gardner Precinct, for representatives. The probabilities are that these nominees will be endorsed by the democratic convention.

Missouri Greenbackers.

ST. LOUIS, August 26.—The greenbackers of the Tenth district in this state, in convention at Bismarck to-day, decided it inexpedient to nominate a candidate for congress, but passed a resolution requieting Geo. M. Jackson, of St. Louis, to run as independent, and pledging him their support.

Michigan Fusion.

KALAMAZOO, Mich., August 26.—George L. Yaple, congressman from this district, was renominated to-day by the dem cratic district convention here, and the greenback convention at Three Rivers. He received the unanimous vote of both on the first ballot.

The Seventh Iowa.

DES MOINES, August 17.—At the democratic-greenback fusion convention of the Seventh congressional district, held at Indianola today, Judge W. H. Henry, a democrat of Des Moines, was nominated for the long term and William R. Rider, of Winterset, for the short term of congress.

The First Iowa.

FAIRFIELD, Iowa, August 26.—B. J. Hall, of Burlington, was nominated by acclamation by the democratic congressional convention in the first district.

Missouri Democrats.

ST. LOUIS, August 26.—The democrats of the Tenth district of this state to-day nominated Martin L. Clardy for re-election to congress by acclamation.

McKeighan's Convention.

BLOOMINGTON, Ill., August 26.—The state convention of the anti-monopoly greenback labor party was called by McKeighan will assemble here this morning. It is believed that all differences will be harmonized. Oberly chairman of the democratic state central committee is here in consultation with delegates, seeking to effect a fusion.

California.

STOCKTON, Cala., August 26.—The democrats of the second district this afternoon nominated Charles A. Sumner for congressman, vice James H. Budd declined on account of ill health.

New Mexico.

SANTA FE, August 26.—The republican convention today nominated Judge L. Bradford Price as congressional delegate. Representatives of four counties bolted the convention, and will nominaed Col. Wm. L. Symerson.

Judicial Convention.

DUBUQUE, Ia., August 26.—Judge W. H. Ute of this city, was renominated for circuit judge by the republicans of the Ninth judicial district at Independence today. The nomination was made on the second ballot.

Missouri Republicans.

ST. JOSEPH, MO. August 26.—The republicans of this fourth congressional district met here today and after several hours session they failed to make nominations, but endorsed Judge H. S. Kelly, who is expected to also receive the endorsement of the greenbackers, since Hon. Nick Forde has concluded to make the race for governor.

Texas Butterites.

GALVESTON, August 26.—A News special says the state greenback convention convened today. About twenty delegates were present. It was decided to put a full Butler-West ticket in the field. Electors at large, J. D. Rankin and C. H. Jenkins. The platform opposes the lease of public or school lands in larger tracts than 640 acres; favors the policy of selling school lands in small tracts on long time; advocates the regulation of railroad freights. Nominations of state officers were made. It is generally understood that the greenbackers will support George Washington Jones, independent candidate for governor.

RAILROAD MATTERS.

The Northern Pacific Taking Trade from the Central Pacific.

NEW YORK, August 26.—The general manager of the Central Pacific is quoted as saying that he does not see how the Central Pacific can resume paying dividends for a considerable time. The Northern Pacific has taken the business that made a dividend possible before. The Central Pacific will have to wait until this loss is made good by the growth of other business. It is reported that the trip of Cyrus W. Field and others over the Northern Pacific road has something to do with the syndicate option on Villard stock. It is reported that about 1000 shares of Northern Pacific preferred has been called under the option.

The stock market has again lapsed into dullness. The first prices of the morning were generally lower than last evening, but this was followed by a moderate rally, and then another decline. Without any special feature, this has been the course throughout the day. It is evident that limited operators who hang around the outer edge and pick up a crumb now and then are anxiously waiting to discover some evidence of the leading manipulators of either the bulls or the bears. It matters not which they show themselves to be, they will have a meager following when the position becomes known.

Foreign exchange advanced ½c and the reason generally assigned is that there are very few commercial bills, and Englishmen are still selling Erie and also Vanderbilts to a certain extent.

SUMMER SPORTS.

The Turf.

SARATOGA RACES.

SARATOGA, August 26.—Five furlongs—two-year-olds—non-winners—Harrigan won, Hart 2d, Rapid 3d; time, 1:06.

Relief stakes—three-year-olds—mile and five furlongs—Modesty won, Powhattan 2d, Tola 3d; time 2:59.

Mile and a half—all ages—Freda won, Euclid 2d, Nettle 3; time, 2:43½.

Mile—non-winners—Rosierre won, Admiral 2d, Empress 3d; time, 1:48.

IOWA STATE FAIR RACES.

DES MOINES, August 26.—The Iowa state fair directors have extended the time for receiving entries in the free-for-all trot, free-for-all pace, 2:24, 2:28, 2:33 and 2:44 races, till Saturday evening, August 30th, as the time of closing was not fully understood.

MONMOUTH PARK RACES.

MONMOUTH PARK, August 26.—Mile—all ages—Duplex won, Herbert 2d, Hopeful 3d; time, 1:45.

Mile and furlong—3 year olds—Louisette won Economy 2d, Richmond 3d; time, 1:58½.

Three-quarters mile—2 year olds—Souci won, Belinda's filley 2d, Elgin 3d; time, 1:17.

Mile and three-quarters—all ages—Gamble won, Bob Cook 2d, Heel and Toe 3d; time, 5:11.

Mile and quarter, Kinglike won, Monitor second, Farewell third. Time, 2:11¼.

Handicap sweepstakes for gentlemen riders, Mile—Pope Leo won, Bondholder second, Haledon third. Time, 1:47

Three-quarter mile—selling allowances, Lizzie Mac won, Iola second, Joe Mitchell third. Time, 1:16½. The track was heavy.

Handicap steeple chase, full course—Echo won, Voltaire second, Pawnee third. Time, 5:27.

JAY EYE SEE.

NEW YORK, August 26—The World of Wednesday says the great Jay Eye See trotting race against time, which was to have taken place over Prospect Park course yesterday has been postponed until tomorrow, and the race will then be of greater interest. If the little gelding beats the record of Maud S, of 2:09¾, he will belong to Mr. Bonner; if not, Mr. Case will continue to own him. Bonner was in conference with Hamilton Busley, of the Turf Field and Farm relative to the price offered for the rival of Maud S., and it was definitely settled that no purchase should take place within three weeks.

"Now that Bonner has Maud S.," said Busby, "he does not especially care for Jay-Eye-See. After the great record made at Providence, I was empowered to offer a certain sum for the gelding, and at Chicago Mr. Case drew up a contract under which he would sell his phenomenal trotter. If Jay-Eye-See does 2:09¾ tomorrow Bonner will get the refusal of her for a month. Then Maud S. will be put in training, and in three weeks she will try to lower the record. If she fails, Jay-Eye-See will belong to Bonner, who stands ready to meet Case's terms, which are not unreasonable. But as long as Maud S. stands at the head of the list, Bonner is satisfied, and will not care to add to his stable."

Base Ball

At Baltimore—Baltimore 1, Metropolitans 6.

At Cincinnati—Cincinnati 5, Indianapolis 4.

At Kansas City—Unions, Kansas City, 1, Cincinnati 3.

At Louisville—Louisville 3, Columbus 4.

At New York—New York 4, Cleveland 9.

At Richmond—Alleghenys 4, Virginias 4. Game called at the end of the sixth inning on account of rain.

At Philadelphia—Brooklyn 6, Athletics 8.

At St. Paul—St. Paul 3, Milwaukee 0.

Elmer Foster, who pitched for the St. Paul club, broke his arm in pitching the first ball. Friends on the grounds immediately made up a handsome purse for him.

At St. Louis—Toledo 6, St. Louis 11.

At Minneapolis—Minneapolis 8, Winona 0.

Great Dry Goods Sale.

NEW YORK, August 26.—There was a very large attendance today at the beginning of the assignee sale of Halsted, Haines & Co. It included representatives of the dry goods trade from all parts of the country. Sales today were foreign and domestic dress goods. Prices averaged 90 per cent of market prices. In some instances they were above the current price. Velvets varied from 55 cents to $4.62, brocade satins from 60 to 92 cents, check silks 40 to 45 cents and colored faille silks 78 cents. Dress goods sold remarkably well.

Chester Casts Anchor.

PROVIDENCE, August 26.—The Despatch arrived at Newport with President Arthur at noon, and received a salute.

Henry's Body.

NEW YORK, August 26.—The body of Private Henry is exhumed and will be examined to-morrow.

NEWS OF ALL NATIONS.

The Arrival of a Cholera Ship in Mexico Creates a Scare.

It is Thought that the Vessel Came from China.

Latest News from the Seat of War.

The French Lay All the Blame on General Millot.

Alarming Outbreak of Yellow Fever in Porto Rico.

The Corn Crop of Chihuahua Pronounced a Total Failure.

Cholera Arrives in Mexico.

GUAYMAS, Mexico, August 26.—The captain of the port of Guaymas has received official notice from the minister of war, that a vessel has arrived at Salinas Cruz with Asiatic cholera on board. He instructs the captain of the port to allow no one to land from the vessels arriving from Salinas Cruz, or from other ports lower on the coast. The official notice bears the date City of Mexico, August 18. Similar notices have been received at Mazatlan, San Blas, Altata, Manzanilla and other Pacific coast ports. Salinas Cruz is the chief port for the state of Tehuntepec, and lies 300 miles south of Guaymas on the Pacific. It is considered unaccountable there that any person could arrive there from the infected districts of Europe. It is generally believed here that the vessel in question is from China, and brings the original cholera germs. The news causes great uneasiness on the coast cities, it being the first information of the arrival of Asiatic cholera on this continent.

THE CHOLERA IN EUROPE.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 26.—The state department received from Mason, United States consul at Marseilles, a report upon the situation at that place and Toulon. Since the abatement of the cholera epidemic he says the finances of Toulon and Marseilles have been strained to the utmost in cleansing the streets and tenements and caring for the sick and burying the dead. The presence of impending financial ruin weighs heavily on the business community and even the ordinary resources of charity are seriously curtailed. The tide of returning fugitives has just set in. No description can picture the wretchedness and destitution which already exists.

ROME, August 26.—The daily bulletin of the progress of cholera in Italy is: Forty-four deaths, seventy new cases.

TOULON, August 26.—One death from cholera in this city today. The hospital report is: New cases admitted, 4; discharged, 12; deaths, 2; under treatment, 37.

MARSEILLES, August 26.—There were twelve deaths from cholera here today.

YELLOW FEVER IN PORTO RICO.

WASHINGTON, D. C, August 26.—The Marine hospital bureau is informed that yellow fever is prevailing with great fatility on the Island of Port Rico. The disease was not confined to recent immigrants from Spain, but also attacks the Creole population. Governor-General Marquis De La Vega Inclan died of yellow fever after five days illness, and several Spanish citizens are down with the disease.

THE FRANCO-CHINESE WAR.

PARIS, August 26.—It is believed after Admiral Courbet has destroyed the forts on the Min river, between the arsenal and river mouth, he will join Admiral Lespes, before Keelung, and arrange with him for the occupation of that place. There is talk of an expedition from Tonquin into Unnaval at the end of the wet season, unless China accepts France's terms.

Paris papers indignantly deny the charges by the London Times, that cruelty was exercised by Admiral Courbet at Foo Chow, and indulge in violent abuse of England. The Voltaire and Temps says: "France has no need to exculpate itself to a country which set fire to Alexandria. Admiral Courbet destroyed the Chinese gunboats because he could not weaken the crews by occupying them." The Solial and Republique Francaise approve Admiral Courbet's energetic course. "All he did," they say, "was to obey orders in the hopes of effecting a prompt settlement of the existing difficulty." Cassagnac's paper advocates an alliance between France and Germany.

BERLIN, August 26.—Baron de Camesl French embassador, returned from a visit to Paris in response to a summons from the government, and started for Varzin to confer with Bismarck. It is believed this conference relates to the Franco-Chinese difficulty.

SHANGHAI, August 26.—Advices from Foo Chow to the 24th, received at 6:15 this evening, confirm the reports of the destruction of the whole Chinese fleet. The French fleet lost five men, including an American pilot, killed on board the heavy armored French ship Volta. The French fleet was not damaged.

PARIS, August 26.—Le Paris states that it is expected that China will to-morrow make a formal declaration of war against France.

GENERAL MILLOT THE SCAPE-GOAT FOR FRANCE.

PARIS, August 26.—The Figaro says that General Millot will be recalled from Tonquin, because he is considered responsible for all the difficulties since the Tien Tsin treaty was made.

A GERMAN POLITICAL MISSIONARY.

BERLIN, August 26.—Prof. Brugsch, Egyptologist, has been appointed to the diplomatic service and proceeds to Africa in September on some political mission, the nature of which is unknown.

ON TO AFRICA.

GIBRALTAR, August 26.—The United States steamer Kearsarge received direct orders from Washington to make a cruise along the north and west coast of Africa.

A SLIGHT SHAKE.

LONDON, August 26.—There was an earthquake of thirty seconds today on the Island of Jersey.

BELGIAN EDUCATION.

BRUSSELS, August 26.—In the chamber of deputies today the first clause of the education bill was adopted by a vote of 78 to 50.

CHIHUAHUA'S CORN CROP A FAILURE.

WASHINGTON, D. C., August 26—Romero, Mexican Minister, received a communication announcing the failure of the corn crop in Chihuahua, and asking him to notify exporters of corn in this country, who may wish to export it for seed to Chihuahua, to address the government of that state, giving the prices, quality and quantity.

CANADA HORSES FOR ENGLISH TROOPS.

QUEBEC, August 26.—The authorities have received letters from cavalry officers in England inquiring the prospect of buying suitable remounts for the English cavalry in Canada, and what horses would cost delivered at Quebec.

WOLSELEY GOES TO EGYPT.

LONDON, August 26.—General Wolseley will proceed to Egypt at once to assume chief military command of the forces there.

FRENCH CONSUL ORDERED TO REMAIN.

CAIRO, August 26.—The French consul at Khartoum is ordered to remain there, even in event that General Gordon consents to return with the relief expedition.

MISSIONARIES IN DANGER.

PARIS, August 26.—Great fear is expressed for the safety of the Catholic missionaries in China.

FOO-CHOO.

Description of a Remarkable Chinese City, Which Was Bombarded By The French.

Foo-Choo, the point in China where the first attack of the French forces was made on Saturday, August 23d, is the capital city of the province of Noh-Kien, and one of the few ports in China open to foreign trade. The Chinese name of the city is Hok-Cin, which signifies "happy region." Foo-Choo is situated in latitude 26 degrees and 5 minutes north, and longitude 119 degrees and 20 minutes east, about 423 miles northeast of Canton, and 375 miles southwest of Shanghai. It stands on a plain, about two and a half miles from the north bank of the river Min, and twenty-five miles from its mouth. An amphitheatre of hills surround the city about four miles distant, and it is protected by one of the peculiar walls of China, which is seven miles in circumference, from 20 to 25 feet high, and from 12 to 20 feet in thickness at different points. Seven gates afford entrance to the city proper through this high wall, and over each of the gates is a high tower which is jealously guarded by watchmen. The whole district between the city and River Min, the island of Nantal, and the southern bank of the river are occupied by extensive suburbs, and the river itself is occupied by a large floating population, which lives in the boats which crowd its waters. Communication from bank to bank of the river is afforded by a stone bridge, which is about a quarter of a mile long and is supported by 40 piers, placed at unequal distances. Across these piers are laid immense stones, 3 feet square and about 45 feet long, and over these a granite platform extends. This bridge is known to the natives as the bridge of 10,000 ages, and is said to be 800 years old. It is lined along the sides with shops, and is constantly filled with the people of Foo Chow.

The city proper of Foo Choo is regularly built, but the streets, though paved with granite, and in many instances planted with trees, are filthy, narrow, and infested with beggars. The population of the city has been variously estimated by travelers in China at from 600,000 to 4,000,000 souls; The most remarkable establishment of the city is the arsenal, situated about three miles down the River Min, at Pagoda island, where the seagoing vessels usually anchor. It was founded in 1867, and has been conducted, under the direction of French engineers, according to European methods. In 1870 it employed about 1,000 workmen, besides 50 European superintendents. Foo Choo is known in China as a city of the first class, and is the seat of a viceroy or governor-general, whose jurisdiction extends over Fokien and Chekiang, the provinces adjoining Foklen to the north. The city is also a great literary center, and numerous gentry who have retired from office in other parts of the empire and men of high literary attainments reside there. It has several cotton, paper and hardware manufactories, several hundred factories for making porcelain, and factories of blue cloth, screens and combs. Near by are productive lead mines, and a great tea-growing district lies within 70 miles of the city. The commerce of Foo-Choo is principally with Japan and the maratime provinces of China. The chief exports are black teas, timber, bamboo, fruits, orange peel, tobacco, potash, spices, grain, copper and lead. The imports are opium, which sometimes amounts to 35,000,000 in value for a year; salt, sugar and European manufactures.

A Fallen Preacher.

Special Dispatch to THE BEE.

CRETE, Neb., August 26.—Rev. S. Henderson, presiding elder of this district, who fell through the railroad bridge near here yesterday, is reported improving to-day. His injuries are of a most serious character, but it is hoped he will be able, with the aid of a strong constitution, to survive them.

Beware of Scrofula

Scrofula is more widely more general than any other disease. It is insidious in character, and manifests itself in running sores, pustular eruptions, boils, swellings, enlarged joints, abscesses, sore eyes, etc. Hood's Sarsaparilla expels all trace of scrofula from the blood, leaving it pure, enriched, and healthy.

"I was severely afflicted with scrofula, and for over a year had two running sores on my neck. Took five bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla, and consider myself cured." C. E. LOVEJOY, Lowell, Mass.

C. A. Arnold, Arnold, Me., had scrofulous sores for seven years, spring and fall. Hood's Sarsaparilla cured him.

Salt Rheum

William Spies, Elyria, O., suffered greatly from erysipelas and salt rheum, caused by handling tobacco. At times his hands would crack open and bleed. He tried various preparations without aid; finally took Hood's Sarsaparilla, and now says: "I am entirely well."

"My son had salt rheum on his hands and on the calves of his legs. He took Hood's Sarsaparilla and is entirely cured." J. B. STANTON, Mt. Vernon, Ohio.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Sold by all druggists. $1; six for $5. Made only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar.

THE WICKED WORLD.

The Record of Crimes and Accidents Yesterday.

Suicide of a Life Prisoner at the State Penitentiary.

Riotous Demonstrations of Striking Miners in Ohio.

A Warrant Out for Warner, the Champion Thief.

Capture of the Farmer Who Terrorized His Neighbors.

And a Choice Assortment of Criminal Notes in General.

Suicide at the Penitentiary.

Special Dispatch to THE BEE.

LINCOLN, August 26.—This morning a life prisoner in the penitentiary named Clinton Dill committed suicide. He was sent from Red Willow county in 1881 for killing a cowboy named Sam Lucas. He procured a pocket knife this morning and stepping into the gate house, where he was acting as gate keeper, he made several cuts at his throat. The guard arriving on the scene, Dill made a terrific lunge at his windpipe and severed the jugular. In his dying struggle he threw the knife at the guard and then fell back a corpse. Dill was 43 years of age, and leaves a wife and three children in this city, the eldest 10 years.

MINING TROUBLES IN OHIO.

BUCHTEL, August 26.—The miners are coming from the surrounding country, and the most bitter feeling is evident between the strikers and the guards on duty. When the new men were put into the mine today, the strikers obstructed the road, but were finally driven back by the Pinkerton men. One aged striker was knocked down by the guard and broke one arm. The guard was arrested and bound over in the sum of $500.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, Aug. 26.—Reports from Buchtel and other mining towns to-day are that all is quiet with no indications of trouble as yet.

PITTSBURG, Pa., Aug. 26.—A Coal Centre special says thirty-four more camping coal miners were arrested this morning by special officers McClure and McBurney for trespassing on railroad property. They were lodged in the Odd Fellows' hall and will be taken to Washington jail in wagons this afternoon. The wives of fifteen or twenty prisoners came to the hall with babies in their arms this morning and begged to be sent to jail with their husbands, as there is nothing to live on, but a little corn meal. Their request was not granted. Citizens are indignant at the whole sale arrests which are made without warrants, and, it is probable a public meeting denouncing the action of the officers will be called. Four hundred new recruits are expected to arrive in camp. A report from Stalb's mines in the third pool indicate a serious break in the strike. One hundred and fifty men are said to have gone to work this morning, and others are weakening, and are expected to go before the close of the week.

THE FARMER WHO RAN A MUCK.

CAIRO, Ill., August 26.—David Avery, accused of burning wheat and killing a man named Gage, was caught near Shawneetown yesterday. He has been brought here for safe keeping.

A WARRANT FOR WARNER.

ALBION, N. Y., August 26.—W. R. Caulkins, the Boston partner of W. R. Burrows in the medicine business, is here for the purpose of securing a warrant for the arrest of Albert S. Warner, the missing president of the First National bank. The district attorney says that papers have been placed in his hands by Judge Barrows, of Buffalo, on which he will at once begin criminal proceedings against Warner.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., August 26.—It is stated on good authority that Warner, president of the First National bank of Albion, issued notes of the Burrows estate to an amount to exceed the value of the real estate. It is thought that depositors will realize nothing. The county funds (amount not divulged) were on deposit. A warrant has been issued for the arrest of Warner, who is thought to be in Canada.

BANK ROBBERY.

ST. PAUL, Minn., August 26.—Some time between Saturday night and Monday morning the People's bank was robbed of $10,000. The robbery is supposed to have been committed by some one in possession of the combination of the vaults, and suspicion rests on one of the clerks who has left town.

ANOTHER VILLAIN CAPTURED.

SIOUX CITY, August 26.—The man Dills was brought back from St. Louis, where he had taken the 13 year old daughter of a neighbor. He was lodged in jail here under bail of a thousand dollars. Dills lived in Fork township, this county, but violence was feared, hence he was lodged in jail. It is not decided whether he will be indicted there for seduction, taken to Nebraska where he was guilty of bigamy and perjury by marrying his child victim, or returned to St. Louis, where the child died and be tried for murder.

PAYNE UNDER ARREST.

FORT SMITH, Ark., August 26.—Captain Payne, the Oklahoma boomer, and seven of his associates were arrested at Rock Falls, Indian Territory, by General Hatch some days ago, and arrived here in charge of Lieutenant Jackson and a detachment of the Ninth U. S. cavalry. They were not delivered to the authorities at Fort Smith, as was the original intention, but by directions from Caldwell, Kansas, Lieutenant Jackson will take them to Fort Scott, Kansas, where they will be placed in charge of United States officers.

Priests in Council.

DUBUQUE, Iowa, August 26.—Ninety-six priests of the diocese of Dubuque, comprising Northern Iowa, are now holding their annual retreat here at St. Joseph's college. It is being conducted by Rt. Rev. Bishop Hennessy and Rev. Father Hill, of the Society of Jesus, St. Louis.

Clara Louise's Bonds.

NEW YORK, August 26.—Clara Louise Kellogg, the singer, obtained judgment by default against George R. Blanchard, vice-president of the Erie road for $7,000 damages with interest from May 1883, for which price she said he paid twenty bonds of $ 00 each of the London mining company, at the earnest solicitation of Blanchard, who was president of the company. Blanchard on July 28th moved to have default opened and be allowed to defend, as he said he had a good defense; namely, that the guaranty he had given Miss Kellogg should not loose anything by her investment did not render him liable until she had sued the company. Judge Van Brunt today decided to open the default and allow Mr. Blanchard to defend.

THE SUNKEN TALLAPOOSA.

Statements Regarding the Responsibility for Her Wreck.

BOSTON, August 26.—Divers will probably examine the Tallapoosa tomorrow to learn the extent of the damage, and ascertain if any bodies are on board.

The affidavit of the lookout man of the schooner James S. Lowell, which sunk the Tallapoosa, says that he saw the steamer ahead, a little on the lee port bow. He saw that the schooner's lights were burning right. "As the steamer approached, I saw that she was swinging across our bow, as I saw three of the lights, green, red and masthead, and finally green and masthead lights, and then in a few moments the vessels struck."

Second Mate Fitzgerald also testifies that the steamer changed her course, causing the collision. Samuel Edgett, who was at the wheel, says the schooner's course was not altered, and just before the collision he saw the green light, and then the red light. After the collision both lights were burning brightly.

Dry Goods.

NEW YORK, August 26.—As usual to Tuesday the general demand was light, still a good quota of orders gives fair total sales, but unevenly distributed. Jobbers are doing fairly well, as many of their customers are attracted by the auction sales of Halstead, Haines & Co.'s bankrupt stock, which is being sold at good prices. Exports of domestic cotton goods the past week were large, amounting to 7,055 packages, a larger quantity than for the same period any previous year.

McGahan's Remains.

NEW YORK, August 26.—Among those who visited McGahan's remains were Murat Halstead, Major Lucas, state Senator O'Neill, Representative H. C. Grower of Ohio, John Ingus, representing Lexington, O., where the final interment will take place, and P. A. McGahan, brother of the dead. Two wreaths of flowers were placed on the casket. One bore a long satin ribbon on which was inscribed, "From the New York Press Club." The silver plate on the casket was inscribed, "J. A. MacGahan, died June 9th, 1878. Aged 34 years."

The Reorganized Louisville & Nashville.

NEW YORK, August 26.—The directors of the Louisville & Nashville Railroad company to-day agreed upon a plan for the reorganization of the company. The details will not be made public until September 15. The plan will then be published officially and simultaneously in New York, London and Amsterdam.

Destructive Fire.

SCRANTON, Pa., August 26.—This morning a fire burned the planing mill of Joseph Hansley at Hyde Park. The office and a large quantity of lumber were destroyed. At two a. m. the fire was spreading rapidly in the direction of Main street. Several houses are in flames, and as water is scarce, a large amount of property may be destroyed.

Henry's Body Will Rest in Peace.

NEW YORK, August 26.—As the supervisors of Green county refused to defray the expenses of exhuming the body of Private Henry, (forty dollars), the remains of the unfortunate Arctic voyager will not be disturbed.

Virginian Finances.

RICHMOND, Va., August 26.—In the general assembly today the joint committee of conference on the disgreement upon the amendment to the Riddleberger debt law reported defining the true interest.

Chickasaw Election.

FORT SMITH, Ark., August 26.—Returns from the Chickasaw Indian nation show the election of Jonas Wolf for governor by a small majority. The Wolf party have ten majority in congress.

Folger Better.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., August 26.—Advices direct from Secretary Folger's home to-night are to the effect that there has been some improvement in Folger's condition.

$1000. Given

If alum or any injurious substances can be found in Andrews' Pearl Baking Powder. Is positively PURE. Being endorsed, and testimonials received from such chemists as S. Dana Hayes, Boston; M. Delfontaine, of Chicago, and Gustavus Bode, Milwaukee. Never sold in bulk.

C. E. ANDREWS & CO.

CHICAGO MILWAUKEE

CHICAGO MARKETS.

Another Quiet Day on 'Change, with Stronger Prices.

Wheat Manifests a Generally Upward Tendency.

Corn Likewise Higher, and Closes Steady and Firm.

The Provision Market Dull and Prices Higher.

In Fact the Entire List Tal[illegible] an Upward Turn, and Closes F[illegible]

Special Dispatch to THE BEE.

CHICAGO, August 26.—The leading [illegible]s on 'change today were very quiet, but [illegible]r stronger, and a little more improved the influence of local buying, and a considerable decrease in the visible supply statement.

FLOUR.

Flour remains quiet and heavy, with very moderate sales.

WHEAT

opened well up to yesterday's quotations, and during the early hours ranged very dull and inactive, but fluctuating irregularly upward. More or less strength was contributed by the visible supply statement, which showed a decrease of nearly 20,000 bushels against a generally expected increase of considerably over 1,000,000 bushels. This stimulated the buying by local houses, which bought out an advance of ⅜ to ⅝ cents on the morning session, the outside range being sustained, and the market closing steady at 1 o'clock. The supply statement created considerable comment, but the figures generally were accepted. No. 2 spring, sold at 77⅛ to 77⅝ cents for cash.

Corn opened rather easier than wheat, being quotably ¼ cents lower, but early figures were the lowest of the morning session. The best friends corn had were Bliss, Comstock, Cantner, Matthews, Brown, Driver, Adams and Baker. All took considerable and made the general feeling firm, and brought about an advance of 1 to 1¼ cents, which was nearly all sustained, the morning session closing steady and firm. No 2 sold at 52¼c cash.

OATS

ruled weak and heavy for cash, but held up firm for futures, especially for May, which recorded a normal advance of ½c. Cash was in light request, there being a large supply, and only sold up ⅛c. The general market was governed by the other grains and ruled dull and inactive.

RYE

was in large supply and easier at ½c decline for near deliverings—but holding up fairly well for long futures. No 2 cash was quotably 56c, and seller September 54½c.

PROVISIONS

attracted but scant attention, though ruling firm and recording an advance of 15c in lard to 10c in ribs, due largely to the strength in corn. The market at 1 o'clock closed steady and firm, though the outside figures were not sustained.

AFTERNOON BOARD.

Wheat was firm and higher, with more buying, closing at 79@79¼c, September; 79c, for October, 82¼c for November. Corn was stronger and higher, closing at 54¼@53c for August, 52½c for September, 50½c for October, 46½c for November and 42½c year. Oats were a shade better, 24½c for August, 25½c for September, 26½c, October, 24½c, year. 29½c, May. Pork was steady at 27 50 for August, 29 00 for September, 19 00 for October, 12 50 for year. Lard was a shade better at 7 50 for August; 7 50, September; 7 60, October; 7 47½, November. Short ribs were stronger and more firmly held, ceasing at 10 45 for August, 10 45 for September, 9 82½ for October.

CATTLE.

There were about 165 cars of range stock with the receipts, among which were 75 cars of through Texans, the balance northwestern. The market was generally rather quiet. There was but light inquiry for good natives and but few on sale. The great bulk of fresh receipts were rangers, among them a number of droves good enough for shipment or the dressed beef trade. The supply of canning stock was light and the demand rather limited. There were but few stockers or feeders among the offerings, but several car-loads of fair dairy calves from the east sold at strong prices. Native butchers' stock was scarce and the demand light, as butchers could get all they wanted out of the big supply of rangers. Best natives were 6 75@7 00; second-class, 5 50@6 25; common, 5 10@5 25; grassers, 3 80@4 80; cows and bulls, 2 50@3 00; stockers, 2 50@2 50; feeders, 3 50@4 25; Texans, 3 25@4 50; Montanas, Wyomings and Oregons, 4 50@5 00; dairy calves, 10 50 to 16 00 per head; good to choice shipping, 2,200 to 1,350 pounds, 6@6 50; common to medium, 1000 and 1200 lbs, $4.25@4.75, Montana, 1200 lbs, $4.37½; Wyoming, 1070 lbs, $4.25; Oregon, 1174 lbs, $4.10; grass, Texans, 700 and 900 lbs, $3.35@3.75.

HOGS.

The market opened slow with few sales and a shade lower than at the close last night, but later there was better demand with a slight advance on the best heavy, yet the general market underwent little or no change and closed steady with about all sold. Light sorts remain dull, grassers selling at about whatever salesmen can get. Best light sold at a range of $5.30@6 30, heavy $5.65@6.52½, while grassers may be quoted at $5 to $5.50, light, 150 and 200 lbs, $5.65@6.35.

Sons of Soldiers in Council.

PHILADELPHIA, August 26.—The convention of the Second Grand Division of Sons of Veterans, was held in this city this morning. Eight states were represented, New York, New Jersey, Delaware, Pennsylvania, West Virginia, Maryland, Virginia, Ohio and the District of Columbia. The preliminary meeting was private. There are many members here sent in an official capacity from other states than those mentioned. The total number present is about 100, drawn from all ranks and professions.

Switzerland and Rome.

ROME, August 26.—Negotiations between Switzerland and the Vatican are making favorable progress. Papal delegates at Berne were instructed to make reasonable concessions.

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