SILOAM MINERAL SPRINGS.

We guarantee the cure of the following named diseases, or no pay: Rheumatism, Scrofula, Ulcers, Catarrh, all Blood and skin diseases, Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Kidney and Bladder Diseases, Gout, Neuralgia and Asthma. These Springs are the favorite resort of the tired and debilitated, and are the FEEBLE LADIES BEST FRIEND.

Good hotel, livery and bathing accomodation both winter and summer. Locality highly picturesque and healthy. Accessible by Wabash railway, a Evons, or C., B. & Q., at Albany. Correspondence solicited, REV. M. M. THOMPSON, Manager.

Albany, Siloam Springs, Gentry Co., Mo.

ANALYSIS.

Specific Gravity	1.002
Reaction	Neutra
Carbonic Acid Gas	26 in. per gallon
Carbonate Calcium	35,921 Grain
Carbonate Iron	7,041 "
Sulphate Magnesia	3,286 "
Sulphate Calcium	1,146 "
Chloride Sodium	7,260 "
Silica	1,566 "
Alumina	0,016 "
Organic and Volatile matter and loss	1,469 "
Solids per gallon	67,174 "

ALBRIGHT & MASSIE, Chemists

N. SCHURZ.

Justice of the Peace.

OFFICE OVER AMERICAN EXPRESS.

COUNCIL BLUFFS, - IOWA.

Grain & Provisions,

BOOGE'S SIOUX CITY HAMS.

J. Y. FULLER,

Commission Merchant

No. 39 Pearl Street - Council Bluffs, Iowa.

W. R. VAUGHAN.

Justice of the Peace.

Omaha and Council Bluffs.

Real estate collection agency, Odd Fellows Block over Savings Bank.

THOS. OFFICER, H. M. PUSEY.

OFFICER & PUSEY

BANKERS.

Council Bluffs - Ia.

Established - - 1856

Dealers in Foreign and Domestic Exchange and Home Securitt

A CARD.

As there are many

So-Called Veterinary Surgeons

In this city, who are practicing their quackery on our people, I deem it but justice to say that I defy any of them to produce a diploma, or credentials, indicating that they are graduates of any veterinary institute, and I do hereby caution the public against such quacks, as

I am the Only Known Graduate

IN WESTERN IOWA.

Office & Pharmacy, 125 B'dway,

AT BLUE BARN.

T. J. CADY, M. D., V. S.

CASH TALKS!

At the well-known Establishment

OF

J. P. FILBERT,

209 Upper Broadway, the

PIONEER CASH GROCERY

Of Council Bluffs. Notice our reduced Price List. We give

15 pounds Extra C Sugar for	$1 00
11 pounds Granulated Sugar	1 00
25 pounds Choice Oatmeal	1 00
25 pounds Navy Beans	1 00
20 pounds Best Bulk Starch	1 00
13 pounds Carolina Rice	1 00
12 pounds Choice Prunes	1 00
25 bars Buffalo Soap	1 00
Extra Lake Trout, per pound	09
Lorrihard's Plug per lb	40
1 dozen Mackerel	15
Colorado Flour, Winter, per cwt	2 90
10 pounds Ginger Snaps	1 00
40 pounds hamloy	1 00
5 gallon keg Syrup	1 70
White Fish, per kit	80
Mackerel, per kit	85
Dates, per pound	10
10 3 pound cans Standard Tomatoes	1 00
All kinds California Fruits	
pound Lusk's Standard 4 for	1 00

T. T. T.

All grades, according to quality, 15c to 80c per pound.

We also carry a full line of Men's, Ladies' and Children's fine Shoes and Men's Fine Boots at very low prices. Also a full line of Tinware and general merchandise. Call on us and be convinced that you can save money by dealing with us. Goods delivered free in any part of the city.

In a word, we are bound to sell and challenge all audacious competition in this county.

J. P. FILBERT
209 Upper Broadway

Railway Time Table.

COUNCIL BLUFFS.

The following are the times of the arrival and departure of trains by central standard time, at the local depots. Trains leave transfer depot ten minutes earlier and arrive ten minutes later.

LEAVE.		ARRIVE.
CHICAGO, BURLINGTON AND QUINCY.		
5:35 p m	Chicago Express	9:00 a m
9:40 a m	Fast Mail.	7:00 p m
6:45 a m	*Mail and Express,	7:20 p m
12:30 p m	Accommodation.	2:30 p m
*At local depot only.		
KANSAS CITY, ST. JOS AND COUNCIL BLUFFS.		
10:05 a m	Mail and Express,	7:05 p m
8:05 p m	Pacific Express,	5:50 p m
CHICAGO, MILWAUKEE AND ST. PAUL.		
5:25 p m	Express,	9:05 a m
9:15 a m	Express,	6:55 p m
CHICAGO, ROCK ISLAND AND PACIFIC.		
5:30 p m	Atlantic Express,	9:05 a m
9:25 a m	Day Express,	6:54 p m
7:20 p m	*Des Moines Accommodation,	6:05 p m
*At local depot only.		
*WABASH, ST. LOUIS AND PACIFIC.		
9:55 a m	Mail,	4:45 p m
4:50 p m	Cannon Ball	11:15 a m
*At Transfer ent		
CHICAGO AND NORTHWESTERN.		
5:30 p m	Express,	6:50 p m
9:25 a m	Pacific Express,	9:05 a m
SIOUX CITY AND PACIFIC.		
7:40 p m	St. Paul Express,	8:50 a m
7:20 a m	Day Express	6:50 p m
*UNION PACIFIC.		
8:00 p m	Western Express,	8:35 a m
11:00 a m	Pacific Express,	4:40 p m
7:40 a m	Local Express,	6:54 a m
12:10 a m	Lincoln Express,	— — —
*At Transfer only.		

DUMMY TRAINS TO OMAHA.

Leave—7:20-8:30-9:30-10:30-11:40 a. m. 1:30-2:3 3:30-4:30-5:30-6:30-11:05 p. m Sunday—9:30-11:40 a m. 1:30-3:30-5:30-6:30-11:05 p. m. Arrive 10 minute before leaving time

Nebraska Cornice

—AND—

Ornamental Works

MANUFACTURERS OF

GALVANIZED IRON CORNICES

Dormer Windows,

FINIALS, WINDOW CAPS,

TIN, IRON AND SLATE ROOFING,

PATENT METALIC SKYLIGHT,

Iron Fencing!

Crestings, Balustrades, Verandas, Office and Bank Railings, Window and Cellar Guards, Etc.

90 O. ANDRUS STREET, LINCOLN NEB.

COUNCIL BLUFFS.

ADDITIONAL LOCAL NEWS.

Preparing for the Fourth.

The Catholic citizens are preparing for a grand celebration on the Fourth. A procession is to be formed in front of St. Joseph's academy at 9:30 o'clock, the line to be made up of the Ancient Order of Hiberians, St. Patrick's benevolent society, Catholic Knights of America, president of the day and speakers in carriages, and members of the congregation and visitors. The line of march will be east on Third avenue to Main street, north to Broadway, vp Broadway to Glen avenue and then to the picnic grounds, where M. G. Griffin will read the Declaration of Independence, and addresses will be made. Hon. J. B. Ryan, of Lincoln, Hon John Rush, of Omaha and Marcus Kavanagh, of Des Moines, have been invited to give addresses. Rev. Father McMenomy will serve as president of the dad, Mr. Maloney as marshal and Frank Trox and E. Wickham as aids.

It is expected that a large number of visitors from Omaha will participate, and a band of that place will be in attendance. A general good time is assured all, and in the evening there will be a quadrille party in the skating rink. The Catholics are making great exertions to make the day an enjoyable one, and will doubtless succeed, as they always do when they set their heads, hearts, and hands to work.

Both Sides.

The Guanella guardians of the city jail were quite stirred up yesterday by the charge made in THE BEE by F. M. Bonier, who says that on Sunday, just as he was leaving the jail, where he had called on business, some one threw a stream of water upon him. The Guanellas do not deny that this is the fact, but say that it was the prisoners who turned on the stream, and not the officials. The prisoners, the Guanellas say, claimed to have been abused by Bomer, who stood at the outside window talking to them. This rather relieves the Guanella guardians, except so far as they may be criticised for letting the prisoners have a hose and nozzle, attached to a hydrant where they can play a stream through the window, on any body they may select for a victim. The promise is made though that this will be changed, so that prisoners will not have a free-for-all chance to play fire department.

Real Estate Transfers.

The following transfers were filed for record in the office of the county clerk, Monday, and reported for THE BEE by P. J. McMahon:

Marion Palmer to S. S. Rust, lot 5 and 6, block 2, Arnold's add. to Oakland. $125.

Louisa Bock to James Nicholl, pt lot 209, original plot. $280.

J. M. Palmer to James Wickham, lot 1, block 40, Everett's add. $425.

N. P. Dodge, trustee, to George L. Wyckoff, lot 11, block 3, Park add. $750.

J. M. Palmer to Martin Sebolt, pt se¼ nw¼, 31-75-43. $350.

Total sales, $1,930.

Notice to Workingmen.

The regular monthly meeting of the Council Bluffs Labor Protective association will be held Tuesday, July 1st, at 8 o'clock p. m., in St. Patrick's hall. All workingmen, who have not identified themselves in labor organization are cordially invited to be present.

How the Great Statue was Made.

Charles Barnard has contributed to the July St. Nicholas a very graphic and popular account of Bartholdi's great Statue of Liberty, from which we make the following extract: "In the first place, there had to be a sketch or model. This was a figure of the statue in clay, to give an idea of how it would look. The public approved of this model, and then the first real study of the work was made,—a plaster statue, just one-sixteenth the size of the intended statue.

"The next step was to make another model just four times as large, or one-fourth the size of the real statue. This quarter-size model being finished, then came the task of making the full-size model in plaster. But this had to be made in sections. For instance, the first section would include the base on which the figure stood, the feet, and the hem of the garment. The next section would include a circle quite round the long flowing dress, just above the hem. The third section would stand above this and show more of the folds of the dress, and reach part way up to the knee. In like manner, the whole figure would be divided into sections.

"The quarter size model was first divided in this way, and then to lay out the full size plan it was only necessary to make a plan of each section four times as large as the section actually was in the model. Every part of the model was had marks or dots for guides and by measuring from dot to dot, increasing the measurment four times and then transferring it to the larger model an exact copy just four times as large was made. For each of these large sections, however there had been a support of some kind before the plaster could be laid on. Having marked on the floor an outline plan of the enlarged section, a wooden frame work was built up inside the plan. Then upon this frame work plaster was roughly spread. It soon resembled, in a rude way, the corresponding section in the quarter-sized model, but was four times as large. Then the workman copied in this pile of plaster every feature of the model section, measuring and measuring again and again, from dot to dot, correcting by means of plumb-lines and patiently trying and retrying till an exact copy—only in proportions four times as large—was attained.

"The great irrogularity of the drapery made it necessary to put three hundred marks on each section, besides twelve hundred smaller guide-marks, in order to insure an exact correspondence in proportion between the enlarged sections of the full-sized model and the sections of the quarter-size model. Each of these marks, moreover, had to be measured three times on both models, and after that came all the re-measurements, to prove that not a single mistake had been made.

"When these sections in plaster had been completed, then came the work of making wooden molds that should be exact copies both in size and modeling of the plaster. These were all carefully made by hand. It was long, tedious and difficult. Each peace was a mold of part of the statue, exactly fitting every projection, depression, and curve of that portion of the figure or drapery. Into these wooden molds sheets of metal were laid, and pressed or beaten down till they fitted the irregular surfaces of the molds. All the repousse, or hammered work, was done from the back, or inside, of the sheet. If the mold is an exact copy of a part of the statue, it is easy to see that the sheet of metal, when made to fit it, will, when taken out and turned over, be a copy of that part of the statue.

"These sheets were of copper, and each was from one to three yards square. Each formed a part of the bronze statue, and of course no two were alike.

"In this complicated manner, by making first a sketch, then a quarter-size model, then a full-size model in sections, then hundreds of wooden copies, and lastly by beating into shape three hundred sheets of copper, the enormous statue was finished. These three hundred bent and hammered plates, weighing in all eighty-eight tons, from the outside of the statue. They are very thin, and while they fit each other perfectly, it is vtite plain that if they were put together in their proper order they would never stand alone. These hammered sheets make the outside of the statue; but there must be also a skeleton, a bony structure inside, to hold it together. This is of iron beams, firmly riveted together, and making a support to which the copper shell can be fastened."

Causes Astonishment.

"Completely prostrated for days with indigestion and bilious fever. The effects of two bottles of *Burdock Blood Bitters* astonished me; visible improvement right off." Mr. Noah Bates, Elmira, N. Y.

"L'Homme a la Tete de Cire."

Lancet.

General Ambert has published in the Souvenirs Militaires an article under the above heading, a short account of which I send you, in the hope that it will be found interesting. There is to be seen at Landrecies, in the department of the North, an invalid artillery soldier, who was wounded in the late Franco German war, when he was horrible mutilated by the bursting of a Prussian shell. The man's face was literary blown off, including both eyes, there being left behind some scanty remnants of the osscous and muscular systems. The skull, which is well covered with hair, was left intact, so that the man had a most hideous and ghastly appearance. This disfigurment had been completely concealed by a mask, which was made for him under the direction of the principal medical officer of Val de Grace, in Paris, whither he had been transferred from the field ambulance. The mask was constructed by a surgeon-dentist named Delalaim. It includes a false palet and a complete set of false teeth; and it is so perfect that the functions of respiration and mastication which were necessarialy imperfectly performed are almost completely restored to their normal condition and the voice which was rather husky, has resumed its natural tone. The man speaks distinctly, the sense of smell, which had entirely disappeared, has returned, and he can even play the flute. He wears two false eyes, simply to fill up the cavities of the orbits, for the parts representing the eyelids in the mask are closed. In fact, the mask is so well adapted to what remains of the real face as to be considered one of the finest specimens of the prothetic art that could be devised. The man himself whose name is Moreau, and who is in perfect health, is looked upon as a living curiosity, and travellers go a good deal out of their way to see him. His face, or rather his mask, is of course without any expression, but his special senses, particularly that of the touch, are extremely developed, and he goes by the sobriquet of "L'homme a la tete de cive." He wears the military Cross of Honor, and delights to talk about what he had gone through during the war. To add to his meagre pension he sells a small pamphlet containing a full description of his wounds, and of the apparatus that has been so skillfully devised as to render him at least presentable to his fellow-creatures.

Playing With a Greenhorn.

Detroit Free Press.

At the Michigan Central depot the other day three or four citizens who happened to be waiting for about the same train to come in got to talking about confidence men and their victims, and one of them pointed out a particularly verdant specimen of young-man-from-the-country, and said:

"That fellow would be a ripe subject for the fraternity. The chances are that he could be bamboozled as easy as rolling off a log."

"I dunno," replied another. "Suppose you work on him a little experiment. Here is a check which I will fill out, and I'll come in at the right time as your pal."

The idea was entered into, and in a few minutes No. 1 put himself in the way of the greenhorn and made some inquiries about the trains and ascertained that the stranger was going to Michigan City.

"So! Why. I'm going right there myself. I own a big sawmill there."

"Yew dew, eh?"

"Yes, and I'm here looking for a foreman. I have a boss place for a man at $60 a month."

"That's me to a huckleberry. I've worked in sawmills all my life."

"You can have the place, and I'm glad to get hold of such a man. Consider yourself engaged for a year at $60 per month."

"Snakes and tom cats, but ain't that luck!" chuckled greeny. "Stranger, you must be an awful good man."

"Well, I run a Sunday school and try to live an upright life. Maybe you want a months salary in advance?"

"Woogh! yew don't say so! No, I guess I can git along, being as I have $45 in my wallet."

At this moment the pal came up with the usual bill, which must be paid at once or the new saws for the mill would not be shipped. No. 1 had only $3 or $4 in bills, but offered a check for $200. Following out the usual programme, greenhorn, was asked to hand over his $45 and take the the check as security. The words were hardly off the man's lips when greeny spit on both hands at once, shot out with right and left in chorus, and there was a thump! thump! which knocked two men flatter than pancakes.

"Softly, gentlemen, softly, commanded greeny as half a dozen men rushed up. "I look like a last year's pumpkin saved over in the basement of a canning factory, but after traveling with Forepaugh for the last eleven years I ought to know buckwheat from spring goslings. Pick 'em up and sponge of the blood and turn 'em loose. They'll feel tired all the rest of the day.

Skin Cancer.

Mr. W. H. Gilbert, of Albany, Ga., under date of May 8, 1884, says: Mr. Brooks near here has an eating cancer on his face which had nearly killed him—every one thought he would be dead in a short time as nothing seemed to stop the ravages of the cancer. He commenced taking Swift's Specific two months ago, and it has had a wonderful effect on him. He was yesterday so far recovered as to be out at his work, and seems in a fair way to getwell reliyent,

Treatise on blood and skin diseases mailed free.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC Co., Drawer 3, Atlanta, Ga., 159 W. 23d St., N. Y. and 1205 Chestnut St., Phila.

THE IRISH-AMERICANS

Coming Into the Blaine Camp.

BALTIMORE, Md., June 16.—(Special.)—Ever since the nomination of Blaine and Logan by the republican national convention reports have been current here that there would be heavy defection of Irish-American voters from the democratic party in this city, and that the democratic bosses were doing all they could to keep the Irish quiet and prevent their open avowal of an intent to support Blaine. The Baltimore American, in order to get at the real truth of the matter, has obtained interviews with the leading officers of various socities here, and also other prominent Irish-American citizens. By these interviews it is clearly shown that, so far as Baltimore is concerned (and the Irish vote here is what gives the democratic majority), many Irishmen will vote for Blaine and Logan. P. S. Campball, president of the Knights of St. Vincent, said: "Unless the democrats nominate such men as Bayard or McDonald the republican ticket will win. Many of our young men are in favor of Blaine. One said to me the other day he was going to vote for Blaine. It would be the first time he had voted the republican ticket, but he thought he was justified in doing so when the democrats persisted in sending men like Hewitt, of New York to congress to betray Irish affairs to the British minister. Blaine will take care of our interests.

James Doyle, ex-president of the Robert Emmet association, said: "I am a Blaine and Logan man no matter what the democratic ticket is. I will vote for Blaine because he represents the true sentiments of the whole American people."

R. P. Garman, president of the Knights of St. Peter, said: "James G. Blaine is my choice against the whole field, because of his bold aggressiva attitude while secretary of state. The American foreign policy adhered to for years past and carried out by both diplomatic and consular agencies, has been a standing insult to 50,000,000 of Americans. Under a Blaine administration all this would be changed. As an American adopted citizen I owe no slavish allegiance to any party, more particularly to that one controlled by the Belmonts, Hewitts, and other pro-English hypocrites. I am satisfied that if Blaine is elected his administration will be in marked contradistinction to the English dudeism of the present one, and feel that the rights of American citizens will be protected at home and abroad.

P. C. O'Connor, secretary of the Knights of St. Patrick, declared he would vote for Blaine unless the democrats nominated Butler.

Bernard Doyle: "Blaine is my choice because he is a thorough American."

John L. Mathews, democratic ex-member of the Maryland legislature and the Baltimore city council, said: "There is a strong sentiment among the Irish people favorable to the election of Mr. Blaine. He is bold and aggressive, and there is an abiding faith among our people that under his administration the rights of foreign-born citizens would be protected."

The above are the views of Irish democrats of Baltimore, each one of whom wields considerable influence in the democratic politics here.

Horsford's Acid Phosphate,

A valuable Remedy for Gravel.

Dr. T. H. NEWLAND, Jr., St. Louis, Mo., says: "I have used it in diseases of the urinary organs, such as gravel, and particularly spermatorrhœa, with very good result, and think it very valuable remedy in those diseases."

TEMPERANCE TRANSFERS.

The Iowa Railroads Will Refuse to Transport Intoxicating Liquors to and From Points in Iowa.

The general freight agents of the various railroads in Iowa have issued a special joint notice calling the attention of agents and connecting lines to the following section of an act relating to intoxicating liquors passed by the Iowa legislature at its recent session, and which takes effect July 4, 1884:

SEC. 1,553. If any express company, railway company, or agent, or person in the employ of any express company or railroad company, or if any common carrier, or any person in the employ of any common carrier, or if any other person shall knowingly bring within the state for any other person or persons or corporations, or shall transport between points within this state for any other persons or corporations, any intoxicating liquors without first being furnished with a certificate from and under the seal of the county auditor of the county to which said liquor is to be transported or is consigned for transportation certifying that such consignee or person for or to whom said liquor is to be transported is authorized to sell such intoxicating liquors in such county, such company, corporation, or persons so offending, anp each of them, and any agent of such corporation or company so offending shall, upon conviction thereof, be fined in any sum not exceeing $100 for each offense, and shall stand committed to the county jail until such fine and costs of prosecution are paid, and one-half of the fine shall go to the informer and the other half shall go to the school fund of the county.

And provided further, That the offense herein defined shall be held complete, and shall be held to have been committed in any county of the state through or to which said intoxicating liquors are transported, or in which the same are loaded for transportation.

Provided further, That it shall be the duty of the several county auditors of this state to issue the certificates herein contemplated to any person having such permit, and the certificate so issued shall be truly dated where issued, and shall specify the date at which the authority or permit expires, as shown by the county records.

It is the purpose of the various Iowa railroads to observe the law. Its agents will not receive any intoxicating liquors, (including alcohol, ale, wine, beer, spirituous, vinous, and malt liquors,) for transportation from any point, either within or without the state, to any point within its limits when such transportation cannot be completed before July 4, 1884, unless there is delivered to such agent, at the time such liquors are received, a certificate signed by the auditor of the county in which the point of destination is located showing that the consignee has authority, by the grant of the board of supervisors, to sell intoxicating liquors in such county. The law does not prohibit transportation of such liquors through the state or from points within to points without the state.

The Vassar Bachelors,

New York Commercial Advertiser.

A large class of "sweet girl graduates" were converted into "bachelors of arts" at Vassar college yesterday, and the sight of a long row of bachelors in flowing skirts and gay ribbons, with hair "done up" and banged and bandolined, must have been interesting to spectators. The idea of making a bachelor of arts out of a pretty girl is irresistibly ludicrous, however seriously the college authorities may set about the work of making the transformation. Think of a bachelor of arts in earrings and frizzes! A bachelor in No. 2 shoe with a three inch heel in the middle of the foot! A bachelor with a bustle! But whatever the degree may be called, we hope the girls have fairly won it and may enjoy it. We hope, too, that each one of them may hereafter deprive some really good fellow of his right to be called a bachelor. The essays read on the occasion presented many points of interest. One young woman discussed the question "What shall we do with the Irish in America?" which seems to us to be a very proper and pertinent one for feminine consideration, but we venture to predict that when the young graduate shall have conquered a bachelor as well as a bachelorship she will be less ready with a solution of that question than she is now. The first Bridget with whom she will have personal relations will open up new aspects of the question to her mind.

She said in her essay that "the Celt lacks the capacity of slow, steady toil, but has strength, courage and vivacity." Yes, there is truth in that, but it is not all the truth, as the young woman will learn after awhile. She will find out that the feminine Celt has capacities of which her essay takes no cognizance. She can train a cat to act the part of scapegoat to perfection. She can convert a peaceful household into a scene of turmoil and strife with a neatness and precision truly remarkable. She can invent more good reasons for bad conduct than the most expert lawyer. She can make a worse breakfast out of good materials than any other creature living. She can defeat the plans and overthrow the purposes of her bachelor of arts mistress with an ease and certainty truly astonishing. She can arrange to have her "cousin" play the title role in a funeral when she wants a "day out" with a frequency which suggests positive genius for such affairs. In brief, the youthful and confident essayists will learn, when she becomes a matron, that the ethnological course at Vassar has not revealed all that there is to know about the character and capacity of the female Celt. In reading the list of graduates' names we discover evidences of a prevalent good sense among the girls which is very gratifying indeed. The list is a long one, and yet there are only two or three diminutives in "ie" in it. We find a pleasing array of Harriets, Marys, Elizabeths, Louises, Carolines, Marthas, Lydias, etc., with a very small sprinkling indeed of Kitties, Maggies and other pet names, fit only for use in the privacy of the family circle. It it is the Vassar influence that has brought this about the college has done good work, whatever else it may or may not have taught.

The Kind We Like.

The medicine we most like is that which does its work quick and well. *Burdock Blood Bitters* are the quickest kind of a cure for dyspepsia and liver and kidney affections.

Four Names for One Small Baby.

New York World.

Frederica Hassenstein Italia Bertot was the name given to a baby born on board the steamer Italia at sea on June 5 last. The two first names were in honor of the captain and the third after the vessel, while the parents of the child modestly claimed the last.

Wei de Meyer.

It it now undisputed that **Wie Die Meyer's Catarrh Cure** is the only treatment that will absolutely cure Catarrh—fresh or Chronic. "Very efficacious. Saml Gould. Weeping Water, Neb." One box cured me, Mrs. Mary Kenyon, Bismarck, Dakota." "It restored me to the pulpit, Rev. George E. Reis, Cobleville, N. Y." "One box radically cured me, Rev. C. H. Tahlor, 140 Noble street, Brooklyn." "A perfect cure after 30 years suffering, J. D. McDonald, 710 Broadway, N. Y., &c., &c. Thousands of testimonials are received from all parts of the world. Delivered, $1.00. Dr. Wei De Meyer's Illustrated Treatise," with statements of the cured, mailed free. D. B. Dewey & Co., 112 Fulton Street, N. Y

tue-t.hurs & sat-m&3em

THE GREAT BURLINGTON ROUTE

CHICAGO, BURLINGTON & QUINCY R.R.

GOING WEST.

PRINCIPAL LINE

FROM

CHICAGO, PEORIA & ST. LOUIS,

BY WAY OF

OMAHA AND LINCOLN TO DENVER,

OR VIA

KANSAS CITY AND ATCHISON to DENVER

Connecting in Union Depots at Kansas City, Omaha and Denver with through trains for

SAN FRANCISCO

And all points in the Great West.

GOING EAST.

Connecting in Grand Union Depot at Chicago with through trains for

NEW YORK, BOSTON,

And all Eastern Cities.

At Peoria with through trains for Indianapolis, Cincinnati, Columbus, and all points in the South-East. At St. Louis with through trains for all points South.

Elegant Day Coaches, Parlor Cars, with Reclining Chairs (seats free), Smoking Cars with Revolving Chairs, Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars and the famous C. B. & Q. Dining Cars run daily to and from Chicago and Kansas City, Chicago and Council Bluffs, Chicago and Des Moines, Chicago, St. Joseph, Atchison and Topeka without change. Only through line running their own trains between Chicago, Lincoln and Denver, and Chicago, Kansas City and Denver. Through cars between Indianapolis and Council Bluffs, via Peoria.

GOING NORTH AND SOUTH.

Solid Trains of Elegant Day Coaches and Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars are run daily to and from St. Louis; via Hannibal; Quincy, Keokuk, Burlington, Cedar Rapids and Albert Lea to St. Paul and Minneapolis; Parlor Cars with Reclining Chairs to and from St. Louis and Peoria. Only one change of cars between St. Louis and Des Moines, Iowa, Lincoln, Nebraska, and Denver, Colorado.

It is also the only Through Line between

ST. LOUIS, MINNEAPOLIS and ST. PAUL.

It is known as the great THROUGH CAR LINE of America, and is universally admitted to be the

Finest Equipped Railroad in the World for all classes of Travel.

Through Tickets via this line for sale at all R. R. coupon ticket offices in the United States and Canada.

T. J. POTTER, Vice-Pres. & Gen. Manager. PERCEVAL LOWELL, Gen. Pass. Agt. Chicago.

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A CURE ALL, but as a tonic and health renewer, and for Blood and Skin Diseases, and troubles dependent on impure or impoverished blood, Swift's Specific is without a rival.

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