# THE OMAHA DAILY BEE.

THIRTEENTH YEAR. OMAHA, NEB., TUESDAY MORNING, JUNE 17, 1884. NO. 313


## NATIONAL AND POLITICAL.

The Progress of Land Grabbing Coming to a Terminus.

Congressional Legislation Putting a Stop to the Business.

Many Railroad Grants Forfeited for Non-Earning.

Democracy Turning Very Bitterly Against Mr. Tilden.

They Claim He Should Have Declined a Few Months Sooner.

**Proceedings of Congress—Financia Troubles, Etc.**

### FINANCIAL TROUBLES.

IN MILWAUKEE.

Special Dispatch to THE BEE.

MILWAUKEE, June 16.—Rumors of the failures of several larga houses have been freely circulated to-day, but members of the firms implicated most emphatically deny these reports. It is very likely, notwithstanding these denials, that one or two old houses will go to the wall within the next day or so. It is also reported that one of the city banks will close its doors to-morrow. The vice president when asked about the matter simply said: "We cannot say anything about the matter until to-morrow. We may close or we may not." From other sources it has been ascertained that the president of the bank is raising funds to pay off dollar for dollar on demand, and if he succeeds will quietly suspend, when the affairs of the institution will be wound up.

### GRABBED LANDS.

THE FORFEITING PROCESS.

Special Dispatch to THE BEE.

WASHINGTON, June 16.—The members of the public lands committee wear a very satisfied look. They set to work at the beginning of the session to forfeit all the land grants in the country, and they have pretty nearly succeeded in doing so. Indeed, it was understood that the committee was created for this special purpose. Cobb, of Indiana, was very active in the last congress in his war upon land grant railroads, and insisting that unearned grants be forfeited. Paysok, of Illinois, devoted his time during the recess between the last congress and this to investigating the subject. The work of the committee has been well done. It has promptly brought in bills forfeiting everything unearned.

MILLIONS OF ACRES,

which were claimed by railroads as having been earned, have been included in the forfeiture bills. Of these but two or three have been passed by the house. The week of the republican convention was devoted to this subject, and quite successfully. "We have forfeited," said Cobb, talking to your correspondent on this question, "more than 75,000,000 acres already in the house, and I think we shall get the remainder of the work off our hands within the next two or three weeks".

"WHAT OTHER FORFEITURE

bills are now remaining for action, Mr. Cobb?"

"The Northern Pacific and the 'Backbone' land grants are the most important now remaining."

"And do you expect to be able to pass those?"

"I think we shall, though I look for a pretty hard fight on both of them."

### TALKING OF TILDEN.

DEMOCRACY KICKING ITS DEAD LION.

Special Dispatch to THE BEE.

WASHINGTON, June 16.—There have been many pretty compliments said about Tilden during the past few months. The chief of which was that the party could only hope for success through his leadership. Just now, however, there are being said some uncomplimentary things. The leaders are complaining that he allowed the party to drift along within almost a fortnight of the convention before giving it even an intimation that he would not be a candidate. The result is that they are now all at sea.

THE ANTI TAMMANY BOOM.

The Cleveland boom is assuming magnificent proportions. There is more talk of Cleveland than any other man. It is urged that he would be more likely to carry New York than any other democrat; that the people there are showing their affection and enthusiasm for him by their instructions to delegates and that he is the direct legatee of Tilden.

### SIOUX CITY AND THE U. P.

THE BILL FOR A NEW ROAD.

WASHINGTON, June 16.—A good deal of interest is felt among Iowa, Minnesota, Wisconsin and Nebraska people here regarding to-morrows action on the bill authorizing the construction of a road from Sioux City, Iowa, to connect with the Union Pacific road west of the 100th meridian, which bill was pending when the house a journed Saturday. It is understood that the opponents of the bill will fight it with various special orders now pending and may defeat it. Should the bill become a law it is understood that a company stands ready to at once begin the construction of the road, which will place Sioux City, St. Paul and Minneapolis 200 miles nearer the Pacific coast than now.

### BLAINE AND LOGAN.

HIS PASSAGE THROUGH MAINE.

PORTLAND, Me., June 16.—Logan passed through the city at noon.

AUGUSTA, Me., June 16.—Logan will probably address the soldiers to-morrow (Memorial Day) at the soldier's home.

LOGAN AT AUGUSTA.

AUGUSTA, June 16.—John A. Logan and Senator Hale arrived here at 3:15 p. m. by fast express. They were cheered at all stations along the line. They remain with Blaine to-night, to morrow they go to Ellsworth, returning to Washington Wednesday. Blaine will be invited to accompany the party to Ellsworth. On alighting from the train here the distinguished party were received with rounds of cheeres. They were met by Walker Blaine and driven to Blaine's residence.

Mr. Blaine was in readiness at his home to give his associates on the ticket a hearty welcome. General Logan comes here at his suggestion, so that they may confer together on the work of the campaign, and principally on the letters of the acceptance, before the committee, which is to convey the official information of their nomination, arrives here. This committee is expected Friday next. Mr. Blaine's is all written, but phraseology may be altered in one or two places before it is given out. It is understood it will be of considerable length.

GENERAL LOGAN'S LETTER

it is thought will be brief. At 8 o'clock this evening a procession formed in which there were over 100 veteran soldiers and marched to Blaine's residence. The streets were thronged with people. General Connor, in a few eloquent remarks, introduced General Logan. The latter stepping forward to the porch of Blaine's mansion spoke as follows:

Ladies, gentlemen and comrades, I most fully appreciate this kind compliment to-night. I am truly glad to meet so many citizens of Augusta. I must confess that I feel embarrassed in attempting to say anything after listening to what has been said by General Connor. It is true that the soldiers of Maine in the same contest stood side by side with those from all other parts of the country, and did their duty for the preservation of this great nation. It was proved by their energy, their patriotism and prowess. Behind them stood the loyal citizens of this grand republic giving them their support and prayers, with their hearts full of hope for their success. And as liberty first found birth on the Atlantic slope, well may it have found true hearts for the preservation, not only of this country but of that liberty which God intended for all men. Let that which followed as a result of its preservation not now be lost. This can only be done by keeping the control of the institutions of this country in the hands of those who sought to maintain them. This people believes in fundamental principles of republican government. The same rule also applies to their selection of agents for the administration of governments. The voice of the great majority of republicans of this mighty nation, has chosen as standard bearers of that great party in the coming contest for the presidency of the United States, your fellow citizen James G. Blaine (applause) and you need have no fear of the result of the contest. It will be

A GLORIOUS VICTORY,

fall and complete. Illinois in 1860 gave this country its first republican president, Maine was then associated with Illinois. In 1884 Maine will give, as the gallant president of his republic, a man who has been elected by his people. Citizens of Maine: I feel honored and complimented by being associated on the tiket with the man worthy of the confidence of the people, and in every way capable of filling the high honor to himself and to the country. [Tremendous applause and cheers for Logan.]

SENATOR HALE

was called for and responded briefly. At the close of his remarks loud calls were made for Mr. Blaine, who appeared at the door and gave a cordial invitation to all those present, or as many as could do so, to enter the house and take General Logan by the hand. The reception lasted until a late hour.

### FORTY-EIGHTH CONGRESS.

SENATE

WASHINGTON, June 16.—The following resolution offered by Mr. Van Wyck was laid over till to-morrow:

Resolved, That the committee on judiciary be directed to enquire whether the Union or Central Pacific Railroad companies have become responsible for or guranteed the interest on any bonds other than these specifically authorized by congress or outstanding at the date of the passage of the act making appropriations for the legislative, executive and judicial expenses of the government for the year ending June 30, 1874, and if so, to what extent and under what actual or alleged authority; also whether any new stock has been issued by either of said companies in violation of said act.

Mr. Plumb, from the committee on appropriations, reported the army appropriation bill as agreed upon by the committee. It appropriates $259,000 more than the house bill.

A sensation was created in the senate to-day by Ingalls, who intimated that Senator Brown had inserted in the official report of the debate words not spoken by Ingalls, thus committing a forgery upon the records of the senate.

The chair called Ingalls to order, and after considerable excited talk the matter went over till to-morrow.

Butler called up his resolution providing for the examination of New York banks by a committee of the senate. Merrill moved it be referred to the committee on finance. A short debate ensued and the matter went over until to morrow.

The senate concurred in the action of the house, on the senate amendment appropriating $180,000 for necessary and special facilities on trunk lines. The house increased the amount to $250,000 in which the senate now concurs. The senate unanimously insisted upon its three remaining amendments.

The consideration of the Utah bill was resumed, Brown having the floor replying to Hoar. Brown said the senator from Massachusetts had charged him (Brown) with having for a great part of his life sustained institutions which prohibited legal marriages among part of the people of Georgia. The system of slavery to which the senator from Massachusetts had called attention to originated in Massachusetts and the south derived much of its slavery from that state.

Mr. Brown read from Elliott's History of New England to show that of those Massachusetts bought and held as slaves were Scotchmen, Irishmen, Indians, Negroes and mulattoes, and that they sent cargoes of rum to Africa, exchanging rum for slaves, some of whom they sold; that they kidnapped Indians and sold them into slavery; that some prohibited baptism to their slaves; that the marriage relation was disregarded; that they sold negro men, women and children in open market, and advertised a woman with child six months old to be sold "together or separate, to suit the purchaser;" That they raised slaves for market and when they found it unprofitable to raise them in the climate of Massachusetts, they gave away the negro children like puppies, to any one who would take them. The charter of Georgia, Brown continued, originally forbade slavery, and while Massachusetts was importing slaves and selling them for profit, Georgia was refusing to hold them. Finally Georgia adopted slavery, purchasing part of her slaves from Massachusetts. The senator from Massachusetts had said there was a large nnumber of mulattoes to be accounted for in the south. He did not claim the south was guiltless in this particular. His effort had been to show that no section was guiltless. He read from historical works to show that large numbers of mulattoes were always found in Massachusettt during the time that slavery prevailed there, and when, in 1788, Massachusetts passed an act expelling from the state all negroes, the courts held the act applied to mulattoes. It may have been very natural to expel negroes from Massachusetts, but it seemed a little unnatural to expel mulattoes. Not that they were akin to the people of Massachusetts, but possibly because climatic influences had changed their color until they were more in the likeness of the good people of Massachusetts. The cold bleaching winds of Massachusetts, or some other cause, had modified the natural ebony color of Africa in that state, and had infused a comp und of yellow, so that they are no longer called negroes but mulattoes. After these mulattoes, whether naturally or unnaturally, had been expelled from Massachusetts they doubtless took refuge in the southern states and their descendants have been multiplied, still transmitting the modified color inherited from the climatic influences of Massaceusetts. Brown, in the course of his remarks, regretted the absence of Senator Hoar.

As he concluded Hoar entered and said it was hardly necessary to reply to what the honorable gentleman had said, as looking into the chamber during his (Brown's) remarks he had noticed that scarcely a human being was listening to the speech.

Brown retorted by saying the country would listen to it.

Brown's amendment permitting a divorce for only one cause in places where the United States has executive control, was rejected—yeas, 4—Brown, Butler, Georga and Van Wyck—nays, 42.

Hoar submitted, in order to have it printed, an amendment intended to be proposed to the bill providing that no building shall be forfeited that is held and occupied exclusively as a house of religious worship.

Mr. Vest offered an amendment providing that in no case shall the husband or wife be a competent witness except as to the fact of lawful marriage having been contracted between the witness and the party defendant.

After a short debate the senate, without action, went into executive action, and soon adjourned.

WASHINGTON, June 16. — Secretary Teller has not yet decided to give out the report of the government experts who examined the books of the Union Pacific railway company. He said the officials raised a protest against it as incomplete, incorrect and unfair. Under the circumstances he feels inclined not to report for the present at least, and may conclude to order a re-examination of the accounts.

HOUSE.

A bill was introduced and referred by Follett, granting 160 acres of the public domain to every honorably-discharged Union soldier or sailor of the late war.

Mr. Lowry, from the committee on elections, submitted the report on the contested case of Campbill vs. Morey, declaring the contestant entitled to the seat. Laid over.

Mr. Randall moved the house go into committee of the whole on the deficiency appropriation bill.

Mr. Aiken, though favoring an early adjournment, did not think the appropriation committee should monopolize the day.

Mr. Randall said the house had fixed June 30 as the date for final adjournment, 2:30 p. m., and he understood the senate was likely to fix July 3. If either of these dates were determined on the consideration of the appropriation bills must be pressed. Randall's motion was agreed to—106 to 5—and the house went into committee as indicated, Dunn in the chair.

Cannon moved to strike out the paragraph relating to compensation of fourth class postmasters, confining it to box rents and commission on sale of waste paper, postage stamps, etc., not to exceed $1,000 a year.

After a long discussion the motion, which was in the interest of postmasters, was adopted, 84 to 64.

The house took recess till 8, having disposed of 38 pages of bills.

At the evening session the house resumed the consideration of the deficiency bill. Action was taken on a number of minor amendments. Adjourned.

### THE SOUTH.

HOW IT STANDS AS TO A CANDIDATE.

Special Dispatch to THE BEE.

CHICAGO, June 16.—Two delegates from the far south to the democratic national convention are in the city at the Grand Pacific hotel. They are Capt. C. A. Johnston, of Columbus, and N. B. Barker, of Macon, Mississippi. They are here for the purpose of settling the headquarters of the delegates from Mississippi to the convention. They say the delegates from Mississippi have been elected and that they will come to Chicago unpledged. Until the publication of Tilden's letter they were a unit for "the sage." Since he has declined, however, they are all at sea, and Captain Johnson gave it as his belief that they would not know who they intended to support until they got here.

"ISN'T BAYARD

the choice of the southern democrats?" Capt Johnson was asked.

"Bayard," he answered, "is very favorably regarded by the southern democrats, but he has no stronger hold upon them than McDonald has. McDonald is very well regarded, but I do not believe the South will come here with a candidate at all. The southern delegates will come to Chicago unpledged and prepared to vote for the man who is most acceptable to the party. Who that man will be we cannot now say."

"What have you, as a southern democrat, to say to the republican boast that the states of

NORTH CAROLINA, FLORIDA AND WEST VIRGINIA

can be carried for Blaine and Logan?"

"I can answer that question," Mr. Barker interposed; "they cannot carry any one of those states. Florida is the most doubtful of the three, yet it will be carried by the democrats this year; and North Carolina and West Virginia are certain. The 15,000 majority in West Virginia cannot be overcome by any candidate the republicans can put up, I don't care who they are. Any democrat nominee is as

CERTAIN OF THE SOLID SOUTH

this year as I am that the sun is now shining." "The negroes," Captain Johnson said, "would not vote. They were not coerced, intimated, or driven from the polls. In the municipal elections it was the most difficult thing to get them to go to the polls. They had simply quit voting."

BOSTON INDEPENDENTS.

BOSTON, June 16.—The independent committee of one hundred, appointed at the meeting last Friday night, organized to-night by choosing Colonel Charles R. Codman as president.

### Montana Robbers Captured.

MONTANA, June 16.—The posse of deputy sheriffs have returned from pursuit of the gang of horse thieves who stole fifty horses near Helena, The thieves were overtaken about midnight in houses near Rickerville, Idaho. The posse stood guard till the gang were at breakfast when a rush was made upon them. A sharp fight ensued and George Munn was killed; the others,—O'Neal, Murphy, and John and Henry Edmunson, surrendered on promise that they would not be lynched. They are in jail at Virginia City. The Edmundsons are supposed to be the men who robbed the Benton coach May 27.

### Texas Gamblers Emigrate.

DALLAS, Texas, June 16.—The war against the gamblers terminated to-day in one of the indicted gamblers paying a fine of $1,000 in compromise and agreeing never again to gamble in Dallas county. All the others have left rather than pay the large compromise.

## SPORTS OF THE DAY.

The Encampment at Dubuque Opens With Considerable Blaze.

Militia and Regulars from all Parts of the Country.

Jem Goode and Jack Killian to Box at Chicago.

Joe Acton Wins the Wrestling Match With the Jap.

Result of the Various Horse Contests Throughout the Country.

**The Daily Batch of Base Ball Records —Other Sporting Notes.**

### SPRING SPORTS.

**Base Ball.**

GAMES YESTERDAY.

At Washington—Indianapolis, 0; Washington 1.

At Cincinnati—Unions St. Louis, 4; Cincinnati, 1.

At Philadelphia.—Cincinnatis, 15; Athletics, 9.

At Grand Rapids.—Grand Rapids, 12; Terre Haute, 6.

At New York,—Columbus, 7; Metropolitans, 2.

At Buffalo,—Buffalo, 20; Chicago, 9.

AT PITTSBURG.

PITTSBURG, June 16.—Two year olds 5 yearlings, Talla Bena won, Toronto 2d, Tenfellows 3d; time, 1:07.

Second race.—Maiden 3 year olds mile; Peter L. won, Charm 2d, Major 3, time 1:51.

Mile and quarter—Ascende won, Brunswick 2d, time 2:11½.

Pittsburg cup sweepstakes, mile and quarter—Walansee won, time 4:11¼.

All ages, three-quarter mile—Baronells won; Tabitha 2d, time 1:18¾.

Sixth race—Elixir won, Callao 2d, time, 2:54.

BRIGHTON BEACH RACES.

BRIGHTON BEACH, June 16.—Three quarter mile—Shebby Barnes won, Glen Allen 2d, Ghoast 3d; time, 1:16¾.

Seven furlongs—Vanderer won, Itaska 2d, Black Jack 3d; time, 1:30½.

Seven furlongs—Plunger won, Hickory Jim 2d, Lord Edward 3d; time, 1:29¾.

Three quarter mile, maidens all ages—Aspasia colt won, Ruby 2d, Leroy 3d; time 1:17¾.

All ages, five furlongs—Little Minch won, Kerfan 2d, Craftie 3d; time 1:02½.

ST. LOUIS RACES.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., June 16.—Track very muddy; Powers & Son's colt, "Volo," struck his leg in "move" and is thought to be broken down.

First race Teregatherer won, Boulevard second, Joe Starks third. Time 2:51½.

Homebred stakes, two-year-olds, three-quarter mile, Keokuk won, Lew Clarke second, Khadamantha third. Time, 1:25.

Merchants exchange stakes three-year-old fillies one and one-eighth miles. Mona won, Hannah second, Easter third. Time, 2:04

Three-quarter miles heats, Nimblefoot won, Manitou second, Hydrobath third, 1:20½.

### Jem Goode Takes a Challenge.

CHICAGO, June 16.—"Parson" Davres tonight, on behalf of Jem Goode, the English pugilist, telegraphed the acceptance of the challenge by Jack Kilrain, of Boston, for a prize-fight of five rounds, Queensbury rules, to be fought at Chicago July 3.

PHILADELPHIA, June 16.—The wrestling match between Joe Acton, "Champion of the World," and Matzada Jorakisch, the Japanese wrestler, for a purse of $500, was won by Action.

### NEBKASKA POLITICS.

RATIFCATION AT TEKAMAH.

Correspondence of THE BEE.

TEKAMAH, Neb., June 14.—The republicans of Tekamah and vicinity met here Saturpay evening, as per notice, to ratify the late nominations at Chicago and form a Blaine and Logan club. The gathering was in the open air upon the park, and was enlivened with music, bonfires and fireworks. The meeting was called to order by our worthy mayor, M. R. Hopewell, who made a very stirring speech to the large and enthusiastic crowd. P. L. Rork, a farmer of Arizona precinct, was next callled upon. His remarks were pointed and were well received. He being an old soldier of course could not help heaping onconiums upon Gen. Logan, who no dohbt adds great strength to the ticket.

GEN. THAYER

having heard of Tekamah's well kept hotels and quiet sabbath manners, came all the way from Garnd Island to enjoy our comforts and hospitalities over Sunday—and soon as the fact of his presence in the city was known, there were loud cries for "Thayer." A committee was appointed to search for the general and prevail upon him for a speech. The gentleman was soon found, but would not consent to speak until the committee gave him full assurance that whatever he said upon this occasion would, in no wise, be construed as in the interest of any particular candidate for

CONGRESS IN THE THIRD DISTRICT.

The assurance being vouchsafed, the senator was introduced and made a very good speech, meeting with frequent applause.

The contest for congressional honors promises to be quite spirited in the 3d—Dorsey leading, Thayer coming next, and an innumerable host following with only hope buoying them on. After the speaking the enrolment of names to the "Tekamah Blaine and Logan Club" was proceeded with, which resulted in signing of 100 or more names.

The democrats are very much confused and divided as to their standard bearer since the declination of "Sammy."

### The Dynamiters.

LONDON, June 16.—In the commons, the under foreign secretary stated in a correspondence with the American government on the subject of dynamiters, subsequent to that already before parliament was resumed May 10th and had been continued ever since. He could not enter into details nor give dates.

### Havelin Beats Williams.

LONDON, June 16.—Jack Williams, an English light weight, and Johnnie Havelin, champion light weight of New England, fought six rounds with soft gloves to-night, John Sullivan, referee. Havelin defeated the Londoner, who was quite badly used up.

### A FIENDISH STEP-MOTHER.

**The Horrible Manner in Which She Treated Her Husband's Progeny.**

Special Dispatch to THE BEE.

CHICAGO, June 16.—The officers of the Humane society, of this city, have just returned from Moree, Mill county, this state, and bring a story of the most dreadful cruelty. Herman Hinter, a railroad laborer of Moree, who is at home only once a month, is married to his second wife (Sophia), and has two children (aged five and two) by a former wife.

The present Mrs. Hinter also has two children by a former husband. She, it seems, conceived an almost insane hatred of her stepchildren, and in the absence of her husband treated them with extreme cruelty. The eldest was driven from the house with blows, and wandered about the town and was only saved from starvation by the charity of the townspeople. This led to an investigation. The officers found the two year old babe locked up in a shed in the most pitiable condition imaginable. There were evidences that in its ravenous hunger it had eaten bits of grass which grew through the cracks in its prison and had devoured dried manure of animals which had formerly occupied the sheds. Its cruel treatment had rendered it idiotic.

Physicians say it can never recover its mind. Its little body was covered with wounds and scars from head to foot, some of them deep enough to lay one's finger in, and to add to the brutal atrocity of the heartless mother, she had inflicted on the little fellow other nameless manglings. When arrested she substantially admitted her heinous crimes, but asserted that her husband abetted her in them, and advised her to make away with the child. She is held for trial. The husband denied all knowledge of her cruelty till within a few days.

### The Union Pacific Collapse.

Special Dispatch to THE BEE.

CHICAGO, June 16.—Private advices received by brokers here, say the Union Pacific is going into the hands of a receiver. It is said the forthcoming report of the government directors is most unfavorable. An important meeting of the directors is now in session in Boston.

### The Encampment at Dubuque.

DUBUQUE, Ia., June 16.—About 1,000 soldiers are on the grounds here to attend the tend the national military encampment and about as many more are on the way. The following companies have already arrived: Ford Zouaves, of Chicago, with drum corps; Osage, Iowa, band; 10 companies, numbering 300 men, Third Missouri regiment; Co. "D" regiment of St. Paul; Washington light guards, of New Orleans: Waukin, Wisconsin, guards. The national guards of Michigan will not arrive until Wednesday. The city is handsomely decorated with flags and bunting; Among the many notables presentare General Kirby Smith, Adjutant General Waddell, of Missouri, Gov. Rusk, of Wisconsin, and staff, Gov. Sherman and staff, of Iowa, and General Chatham, of Tennessee.

### An American Consul Shot At.

BORDEAUX, June 15—A balloon ascension took place at Quincane yesterday. George W. Roosevelt, United States Consul, and wife were present. A French soldier fired a pistol at the Americans, the bullet passed through Roosevelt's hat, contused his head, and knocked him over. The wounded man pointed out the soldier, but the latter with two companions escaped.

It is supposed the soldier mistook the consul for an officer in civillian's dress, against whom he had a grudge. The commander of Bordeaux has ordered an inquiry.

### The Mexican Pension Bill.

WASHINGTON, June 16.—The republican senators held a caucus this morning upon the Mexican pension bill. Ingalls' amendment proposing to remove limitations to the arears of pensions was so modified as to extend the arrears act only to cases filed before the first of next January and in this shape it was approved by a majority of the caucus. The subject of final adjournment was not alluded to.

### Another Dynamiter.

LONDON, June 16.—An explosion occurred this morning in a private house in South London, which the police have been watching for a long time. The police found the occupant mixing chemicals, and had one of his hands blown off. The police believe they have made a discovery which will lead to important results.

### The Weather To-day.

WASHINGTON, June 16.—For the Upper Mississipi Valley: Generally fair, followed by local showers; southerly winds, stationary temperature, except for the extreme northern portions, slight fall of temperature. For the Missouri Valley: Local showers, partly cloudy, slight changes in temperature, variable winds.

### A Slave Ship Wrecked.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 16.—New Zealand advices by the steamer Zealand, which arrived this afternoon, state that the British iron ship Syria for Calcutta and Figi, having on board 480 Coolies, ran on Nasali Reef. Seventy Coolies drowned. All the crew but three are missing.

### Gone Fishing.

NEW YORK, June 16.—President Arthur and Secretary Lincoln are out fishing to-day at Small Oyster bay, Long Island.

### An Indiana Blaze.

TELL CITY, Ind., June 16.—A fire last night burned the Tell city furniture factory. Loss, $60,000; insured, $12,000.

### On to Dubuque.

CAIRO, Ill., June 16.—The Mobile rifles passed through here last night on their way to the Dubuque reunion.

### Troy's Knitting Mills.

TROY, June 16.—The movement for a general shut down in the knitting mills has failed.

### A Pair of 'Em.

BOSTON, May 15.—Logan and family left here for Augusta this morning.

### The Knights of Honor.

LOUISVILLE, June 16.—Judge Simrall granted an injunction in the vice chancellors court to-day against the removal of the offices of headquarters of the Knights of Honor out of Kentucky. General Frank D. Sloat, of New Haven, Conn., dictator, who is now here, has issued a notice that although temporarily injoined from removing the offices to St. Louis; measures are being taken to carry out the will of the supreme lodge, and the membership need not be alarmed; warrants on the treasury for death benefits are paid upon presentation, nor will the decision cause any serious entanglement in the business working of the order.

### LINCOLN'S SECOND FIRE.

**Further of the Fire in the Lincoln Stable.**

LINCOLN, Neb., June 16.—William A. Akers, a veterinary surgeon of doubtful repute residing here, was arrested to-day, on the charge of setting fire to the Checkered barn early this morning. He was held to await the action of the grand jury, the evidence being very strong against him. Akers has just been tried for disposing of mortgaged property. If he is guilty he should suffer the severest penalty of the law; as the fire endangered the safety of a thickly settled portion of the city and the Arlington and Peoria hotels.

A named Milton Vance was arrested here this afternoon, charged with forgery, and taken to Nebraska City.

### A Milwaukee Bank Closes.

MILWAUKEE, June 16.—It is rumored that the Manufacturers bank is in trouble. It is a small concern, not a member of the clearing house, and has been regarded with distrust in financial circles for some time. Mr. Conro, the president, has offered to furnish security and see that every debt is paid, so that the depositors lose nothing. Cashier Cando says the trouble is owing to a continuous run on the bank ever since the trouble in New York. To-day a rumor was current that they had sold and they were forced to pay four-fifths of their deposits out. The rumor was false. The bank is likely to close out its business.

### Through Rates and Local Rates.

CHICAGO, June 16.—There is trouble between the members of the Western Trunk Line association and the Eastern Trunk lines regarding the rates on wool from the Mississippi river to the seaboard. The western trunk lines demanded the right to make through rates. This has been refused by the eastern lines, through their their joint agent here. The western lines assert that the through rate should be 15 per cent more than the rate from Chicago, and asserts that they will demand their full pro rata on that basis.

### Minnesota's Member of the National Committee.

WINONA, June 16.—M. G. Norton, of this city, elected at Chicago a member of the national republican committee for Minnesota, has sent his resignation to the state central committee, owing to extensive private interests. It is thought the committe will appoint Ex-Governor Davis, who seconded the nomination of Blaine.

### A Half Hearted Strike.

PITTSBURG, June 16.—A genera strike of the river coal miners, ordered for to-day, indicates lack of unanimity. Work has suspended in several mines but the majority are still in operation. There is no enthusiasm among the miners, and one man seems to be waiting on another to take the initiation.

### The Sleepless Nihilist.

ST. PETERSBURG, June 16.—On the entry of Drake Sergius into the city Saturday, householders were forbidden to admit strangers into their houses, and warned that disobedience would entail serious consequences.

### A New York Brokers' Suspension.

NEW YORK, June 16.—Judgments to the amount of about $125,000 were entered up to-day against O. M. Bozart & Co., bankers and brokers, who recently failed. Among the larger creditors are Mary S. Stickwell, $42,000, and Mary H. Burnham, $50,000.

### Bunker Hill Day in Boston.

BOSTON, June 16.—The Bunker Hill day celebration was opened in Charleston tonight with a grand torch light procession under the auspices of the Mystic Order of Owls. Public and nearly all private buildings were decorated and illuminated.

### England to Turkey.

LONDON, June 16.—The Pall Mall Gazette says: England on June 12th withdrew the proposal to Turkey to send troops to Soudan, and informed Turkey that if she refused the invitation to be present at the conference they would meet without her.

### Tragic Amateurs.

PARIS, Ill., June 16.—In a quarrel at an amateur minstrel entertainment at a country school house near here, on Saturday night, Albert Metcalf, aged 17 years, fatally stabbed Arthur McAllister, who died before morning. Metcalf is in jail here.

### Fatal Quarrel on Board a Steamer.

GALENA, Ills. June 16.—August Len and T. Selehan quarrelled on board an excursion boat between Galena and Savanna. The former threw the latter overboard, and he was drowned.


## Catarrh Cured

Catarrh is a very prevalent disease, with distressing and offensive symptoms. Hood's Sarsaparilla gives ready relief and speedy cure, from the fact it acts through the blood, and thus reaches every part of the system.

"I suffered with catarrh fifteen years. Took Hood's Sarsaparilla and I am not troubled any with catarrh, and my general health is much better." I. W. LILLIS, Postal Clerk Chicago & St. Louis Railroad.

"I suffered with catarrh 6 or 8 years; tried many wonderful cures, inhalers, etc., spending nearly one hundred dollars without benefit. I tried Hood's Sarsaparilla, and was greatly improved." M. A. ABBEY, Worcester, Mass.

Hood's Sarsaparilla is characterized by three peculiarities: 1st, the *combination* of remedial agents; 2d, the *proportion;* 3d, the *process* of securing the active medicinal qualities. The result is a medicine of unusual strength, effecting cures hitherto unknown. Send for book containing additional evidence.

"Hood's Sarsaparilla tones up my system, purifies my blood, sharpens my appetite, and seems to make me over." J. P. THOMPSON, Register of Deeds, Lowell, Mass.

"Hood's Sarsaparilla beats all others, and is worth its weight in gold." I. BARRINGTON, 159 Bank Street, New York City.

**Hood's Sarsaparilla**

Sold by all druggists. $1; six for $5. Made only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Lowell, Mass.

**100 Doses One Dollar.**


## BULLDOZED BULLS.

Speculation Stagnant Among the Chicago Scramblers for Wealth.

No Features of Interest---The Visible Supply Decreases.

Oats Steady, but Value Very Little Changed.

Corn Dull and Showing Little Change in Value.

Trade in Pork Reported Almost at a Standstill.

**LardShows Lowre Quotations—Other Market Matters.**

### CHICAGO'S MARKETS.

WHEAT.

Special Dispatch to THE BEE.

CHICAGO, June 16.—Speculation was at the point of stagnation to-day. There were no features of interest in the trading on 'change. It was reported that the visible supply of wheat would show a large decrease, but this was offset by fine weather for growing crops, and rumors of trouble in the grain trade at Milwaukee. Wheat ranged at 87⅞ to 87¾ for July, closing at 87¼ on the regular board; and 87⅞ on the afternoon board; the latest figures for August were 89½; for September 89⅞.

CORN

was dull and showed very little change. The latest quotations were 55⅝ for July, 56⅝ for August, 56¾ for September.

OATS

were steady and firm, closing at 32⅝ June and July, 28⅞ for August.

RYE.

Cash rye advanced to 65.

PORK.

Trading in pork was almost at a stand still. The latest figures were 19 60 for June and July, 19 50 for August.

LARD

lower, 7 80 for June, 7 90 for July, 8 07½ for August.

CATTLE MARKET.

The best grades were firm and 10c higher. The best sales to-day were a couple of lots of native corn fed, and one or two lots of stillers, at 6 70 to 6 75, with a lot or two of Indian territory corn fed, making 6 00 to 6 25. Grass cattle sold at 5 25 to 5 75. Good to choice shipping, 1,200 to 1,350 lbs., 6 15 to 6 60; common to medium, 1,000 to 1,200 lbs., 5 25 to 6 00; grass Texans, 750 to 875 lbs., 3 50 to 4 50; corn fed Texans, 800 to 1,100 lbs., 4 75 to 6 25.

HOGS.

The market was rather slow to open on account of the big run; the sales men hardly knew where to place their property and buyers were slack to make offers. Finally the first sales of good even packing hogs were made at about $5 50; and a strong 10 cents lower than Saturday. About then the same quality dropped to 5 30 to 5 45, fully 15 cents lower than Saturday, and at about that decline the bulk of the hogs were sold. A few fancy lots made at 5 50 to 5 50. The range on packing and shipping was 5 00 to 5 65; bulk at 5 40 to 5 50; assorted light ruled dull and extremely weak at 5 00 to 5 50; shippers and light-light were entirely neglected at 4 50 to 9 40; light, 1 80 to 2 10 lbs, 4 85 to 5 45.

### Failed After 30 Years.

NEW YORK, June 16.—S. Simmerich & Co., wholesale milliners, have made an assignment. They have been in business over 30 years. They failed in 1861 and compromised at 25 per cent, and failed again in 1875 with liabilities of $89,000, and compromised 35 per cent.

### Another Powder House Calamity.

AKRON, O., June 16.—This evening a boy named Woods recklessly threw a light into a deserted powder magazine, northwest of the city, causing an explosion which instantly killed Perry Peck, aged 14, and slightly injured several other lads.

### A Johnstown, Pa., Suspension.

JOHNSTOWN, Pa., June 16.—The Woodvale woolen mill suspended operation to-day for an indefinite period on account of a lack of orders. 200 employes are idle in consequence of the suspension.

### New Wheat $1 per Bushel.

ST. LOUIS, June 16.—The first new wheat of the season arrived here to-day from New Madrid, Mo., and sold at auction for one dollar per bushel.

PURE CREAM TARTAR.

**$1000. Given**

If alum or any injurious substances can be found in Andrews' Pearl Baking Powder. Is positively PURE. Being endorsed, and testimonials received from such chemists as S. Dana Hays, Boston; M. Delafontaine, of Chicago; and Gustavus Bode, Milwaukee. Never sold in bulk.

C. E. ANDREWS & CO. CHICAGO, 29 Lake St. MILWAUKEE, 287, 289 & 291 E. Water St.

# Seal of North Carolina Smoking Tobacco.

Seen Everywhere, because everywhere recognized as indispensible to Dealer and Consumer.

Why? Because we select the best leaf from the best Tobacco regions of North Carolina, and store it several years until it attains the richness and mellowness which age alone imparts.

Marburg Bros.