

A REPUBLICAN DAY.

The State Conventions in Pennsylvania and Illinois. Oglesby Nominated for Governor in the Sucker State. An Enthusiastic Convention—A Colored Disturbance. The Keystone State's Delegates at Large for Blaine. Alabama for Arthur, With Logan as Second Choice.

legitimacy and patriotism, purity of character and political sagacity of the soldier-statesman of Illinois, Gen. John A. Logan, whose record both in peace and in war has reflected honor and dignity upon the state, promoted the welfare and prosperity of the nation and illuminated its history, whose glorious services in crushing armed treason and rebellion gain added lustre from his recent ringing denunciation of more cowardly and skulking treason in the army of the union, we present his name to the assembly at Chicago on the 31st day of June next, as that of a person suitable for republican candidate for president.

REPORTS FROM VARIOUS CONGRESSIONAL AND OTHER CONVENTIONS. ILLINOIS. THE REPUBLICAN CONVENTION. SPECIAL DISPATCH TO THE BEE. PEORIA, Ill., April 16.—The temporary chairman, Conolly, of the republican state convention closed his remarks with references to the leading presidential candidates. He first mentioned the name of Logan, which was received with vociferous cheering, but at the mention of Blaine's name a yell went up which fairly shook the rafters, and continued for a considerable period, dying down and then breaking out afresh so that the speaker was compelled to await the pleasure of the convention. The significance of this pertinacious applause in the convention in Logan's own state, in a convention a large part of whose delegates were instructed for him, was very generally commented on during the recess and was considered as a very good point as to the direction in which Illinois will turn if it becomes evident that Logan cannot be nominated.

IN DETAIL. Regular Press Dispatches. PEORIA, Ill., April 16.—The republican state convention met here at noon to-day and was called to order by A. M. Jones of Chicago, chairman of the state central committee; Jos. A. Conolly, of Coles county, was made temporary chairman, and Daniel Shepherd of Cook, temporary secretary. In calling the convention to order Jones referred to the banner hanging above the platform, containing the names of Illinois governors, Bissell, Yates, Oglesby, Palmer, Beveridge, Gillom, Hamilton, and concluding with Oglesby as a prophesy. At the mention of his name the delegates cheered vociferously. He said Illinois had nominated the martyred Lincoln as her first president of the United States. Her first president's name began with the letter "L," and it was probable that the Chicago convention would nominate another soldier citizen of Illinois whose name began with the letter "L." (Cheers.) Conolly on being conducted to the chair, thanked the convention for the honor and made an eloquent summary of party history, being loudly and frequently cheered.

On reassembling at 2:30 p. m. the committee on credentials reported no contest except in the Second district of Cook county, in which the committee reported in favor of the unpledged delegation. The report was adopted. The temporary officers were made permanent. The committee on resolutions not being ready to report, nominations were declared in order.

COLEBURN. Gen. Richard Rowett, of Adams county, nominated Hon. Richard J. Oglesby for governor, and he was declared the nominee of convention by acclamation, the delegates rising and cheering.

DELEGATES AT LARGE. Following is the list of delegates at large to the national convention at Chicago: Senator Edmund C. Cook, Governor Hamilton, Burton C. Cook of Chicago, and Clark E. Carr. For state auditor, Charles P. Swartz was nominated by acclamation.

THE PLATFORM. KANSAS, N. Y., April 16.—The Seventeenth congressional district convention has elected Thomas Cornell and Duncan Ballantine delegates to the republican national convention. Both anti-Arthur.

THE COLORADO SQUABBLE. SPECIAL DISPATCH TO THE BEE. DENVER, April 16.—The colored delegation at one time threatened to make trouble by insisting on one delegate at large to the national convention out of the four appointed, this, too, after the report of the committee on the subject had been received and declared adopted, and threatened in a covert way, that unless this was accorded, the party could not rely on the solid negro vote. The matter was left open. At the evening recess, and when the convention reassembled, a motion to adopt the committee's report went through before the colored delegation awoke to the situation. The demand was renewed with even more vigor, and on a motion to reconsider they had an opportunity to express themselves fully and calmly somewhat. When the oratory ended a motion to reconsider was quietly laid on the table. In the last minutes of the convention, however, one of the delegates moved to increase the number of members of the state central committee by adding Magee, a colored man from Massee county, and this, together with the soothing words of Smith, of McLean county, appeared to make everything satisfactory again.

PENNSYLVANIA. THE REPUBLICAN CONVENTION. HALLSBURG, Pa., April 16.—When the republican convention roll was called to-day it showed the only contest was in the fourth (Allegheny) district, which was still unsettled although rival factions had been endeavoring all night to come to an agreement. Ex-Senator Waddell was elected temporary chairman. He said the news from Washington this morning behooved the republicans to stand shoulder to shoulder in the contest for the interest of Pennsylvania. It was the duty of the convention to select delegates to Chicago who will voice the sentiment of the state, and carry out the undoubted wishes of the people. The committee on contested seats, with John Stewart as chairman; also the committee on permanent organization and resolutions were then appointed.

FOR BLAINE. A motion was made by a delegate that the committee on resolutions be instructed to bring in a resolution naming James C. Blaine as president and Robert T. Lincoln for vice president. An amendment was moved and accepted, to make the resolution include instructions to the delegates at large to vote for Blaine. The motion and amendment were carried by a vote of 200 to 37. Nearly all of the negative votes came from the Philadelphia delegation. The various committees were notified to meet, and a recess of an hour was taken.

THE PLATFORM. First—Congratulating the republican party upon the re-establishment of that unity and harmony in the party which has restored Pennsylvania to her place in the republican coalition. Second—Approving the present protective tariff and demanding its continuance. Third—Demanding a free ballot and an honest count. Fourth—Declaring that James C. Blaine is the choice of the republican party for president; instructing the delegates at large to vote for him so long as his name shall be before the convention, and to use all honorable means to secure his nomination. The resolutions were adopted. The convention then took a recess until four o'clock.

THE DELEGATES AT LARGE. The names of Little and Reagan being withdrawn at the conclusion of the vote, the tellers proceeded to reckon up the result, pending which the report of the committee on delegates at large was presented.

OTHER CONVENTIONS. IN NEW YORK. KANSAS, N. Y., April 16.—The Seventeenth congressional district convention has elected Thomas Cornell and Duncan Ballantine delegates to the republican national convention. Both anti-Arthur.

NEWS OF THE NATION.

Comments of Press and Congressmen on Morrison's Bill. The General Expression that It Will Fail of Passage. The Silver Men of the West Achieve a Victory. The Coinage will Continue—Like-wise Smaller Certificates. The Missouri River Commission Now Almost a Reality.

Proceedings Yesterday in Congress—Various Happenings at Washington. MORRISON'S MEASURE. WHAT THE NEW YORK PRESS SAY. SPECIAL DISPATCH TO THE BEE. NEW YORK, April 16.—The Sun of today, commenting on the vote on the Morrison tariff bill, says: "It requires a hopeful vision indeed to discern any real prospect of success for the bill against the united action of the republicans and the serious opposition to it within the democratic party itself."

THE WORLD REMARKS THAT IT IS A GOOD thing the bill is taken up and cannot be gotten out of the way, but adds: "The close votes do not give any encouragement to the friends of the measure."

WASHINGTON NOTES. A SILVER VETO. WASHINGTON, April 16.—The delegates here from western cities protesting against the discontinuance of the coinage of silver dollars are now gratified this morning that their arguments have been productive of a result. The committee on hearing their arguments, decided in favor of continuing the present coinage of silver and the issue of silver certificates of lower denomination than those now out.

DETROIT, April 17.—At a Grand Haven fire this morning the walls of Hubbard's hardware store remaining after the late fire, were blown down in the prevailing gale, and crushed the adjoining building used as a dwelling by Daniel Affeldt, burying in the ruins Mrs. Affeldt, a three-year-old daughter and a boarder named Murphy. All were killed.

SPRING MEDICINE! This is the season in which to purify the blood and invigorate the body. At no other season is so effective a medicine as Hood's Sarsaparilla. It is a blood purifier, regulator and tonic. It is a medicine that will cure all the diseases that are caused by impure blood. It is a medicine that will cure all the diseases that are caused by impure blood.

NEWS OF THE NATION.

Arguments to-day before the house committee of commerce in favor of the establishment of a Missouri river commission. FERRILL GETS IN THE REAT. The house committee on elections has instructed Representative Lowery to a vote of 7 to 4 to report a resolution providing for setting Ferrill, the contestant, in the Virginia case of Ferrill vs. Paul.

WASHINGTON, April 16.—Mr. Sabin (rep., Minn.) introduced a bill to revise the grade of general of the army. The chair laid before the senate the resolution offered yesterday by Mr. Morrison (dem., Ark.) directing the judiciary committee to inquire whether Paul Strobach, whose nomination for marshal in the middle and southern districts of Alabama was rejected by the senate, and who is now performing the duties of that office, is entitled to the office. Called up. Mr. Garrison (dem., Ark.) called up and the senate without debate agreed to the resolution which was introduced by him, as follows:

Resolved, That the committee on finance be instructed to inquire whether the secretary of the treasury should be authorized and directed to carry out the provisions of the 33rd and 14th sections of the act of congress, approved June 23, 1835, entitled an act to regulate the deposits of public money by making a deposit of the fourth instalment, which was postponed by the act of congress, October 2, 1867, entitled an act to postpone the fourth instalment of deposits until the next meeting of the senate, then entitled an act which has been amended by the act of March 10, 1868, and report by bill or otherwise.

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NEWS OF THE NATION.

The national academy of sciences continued its session to-day. STATE MILITIA. A delegation representing the National Guard convention, recently held at Cincinnati, appeared before the house committee on militia in advocacy of speedy action on the bill increasing the annual appropriation for state militia.

WASHINGTON, April 16.—A. E. Bateman, of Bateman & Co., bankers, of this city, to-day filed with the secretary of war a letter preferring charges against Brigadier General D. G. Swain, at the head of the bureau of military justice of the United States army, for fraud and for conduct unbecoming an officer and gentleman. The letter says: "Some two years ago Swain, having deposited \$5,000, received upon his departure for the west a simple bill, at his request, to have in case of accident. This amount was checked out subsequent to that by Swain, for which we have a number of vouchers. After having drawn all the money out, and a settlement being made, he negotiated and transferred the due bill for the full amount with certain parties to this city."

MILWAUKEE, Wis., April 16.—The largest gathering of railroad men ever known in Wisconsin is that attending the funeral of Assistant General Superintendent Atkins, of the St. Paul road, to-day. All freight trains were taken off and such passenger trains as was possible to dispense with. Specials were run on every division of the road through Dakota, Minnesota, Iowa, Illinois and Wisconsin, to accommodate employees of the road. The La Crosse division sent 2,000 men; Prairie du Chien, 1,000; Chicago and Council Bluffs, 1,500; other divisions, 1,500; general offices and shops 3,000 men, making a total attendance of 9,000 employees, besides several thousand friends and acquaintances. Free passes were issued to all. Every train brought floral tributes in vast quantities, which could not be accommodated at the house, owing to the lack of space.

ST. PAUL, Minn., April 16.—The steamboat City of St. Paul arrived from St. Louis this evening—the first boat up of the season.

PORT EMMA, Dakota, April 16.—James B. Rowe and Jonathan Woodward were drowned to-day while crossing James river in a row boat. They have large families. They were settlers on the way to prove up claims at the land office.

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MODERATE MARKETS.

The Chicago Big Bulls and Bears Evidently Down at Peoria. Wheat Opens Spiritedly but Closes Quiet and Weak. Free Offerings of Corn Create Weakness and Decline. Oats Sharing the Limberness of the Other Cereals.

CHICAGO'S MARKETS. AN AVERAGE DAY. SPECIAL DISPATCH TO THE BEE. CHICAGO, April 16.—The market opened this morning with a display of activity and showing considerable strength, but during the middle of the session the trading became quiet, and toward the close prices weakened. Fluctuations in wheat were numerous within a narrow range. May wheat sold up to 85 1/2c, down to 84c, and closed at 84 1/2c, April closed 83c, June at 86 1/2c, July at 87 1/2c. Foreign advices were favorable, quoting a steady feeling. On call board prices shaded 1/4c to 3/4c additional, May closing at 84c, June at 86 1/2c, July at 87 1/2c. Sales on call were 1,025,000 bushels.

CORN. A moderate speculative business was transacted in corn. The feeling was somewhat unsettled. The market opened steady, but under free offerings declined 1/4c to 3/4c, rallied a trifle, but later became weak under free offerings, and finally closed 1/4c to 3/4c under yesterday; April closed at 48c, May at 49 1/2c, June at 50 1/2c, July at 52 1/2c. On call sales were 400,000 bushels at unchanged prices.

MEAT MARKET. Trading was moderately active in mess pork at a lower range of prices. The market opened 30c to 35c lower, rallied 10c to 15c, and closed at the inside; May closed at \$16.50 to \$16.65; June at \$16.75 to \$16.87 1/2; July at \$16.75 and July declining 10c.

RECEIPTS, 4,000 HEAD. The unexpected light receipts and a fair order demand caused an active market, with a slight advance on light and medium cattle, the former selling at very high prices for choice, 1,350 to 1,500 pounds export grades at 3 3/8 to 3 5/8; good to choice shipping 1,200 to 1,350 pounds, 5 90 to 6 30; common to medium, 1,000 to 1,200 pounds, 5 40 to 5 90.

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Baking Powder Figures That DON'T LIE

The Royal Baking Powder Co., try to give the inference that their powder contains more cream tartar and that its leavening powder is greater than any other made as stated in their advertisement on the "Comparative Worth of Baking Powders" exhibited by black lines. Our name was mentioned in connection with one of our cheap brands, made of different materials as the trade might demand. Our CREAM TARTAR brand of ANDREWS' PEARL was omitted evidently for a very good reason, judging from the RELATIVE MERITS OF ANDREWS' PEARL, and the Royal, as clearly demonstrated by the Government Chemist, Dr. Peter Collier, of the Department of Agriculture, at Washington, from samples received by him from dealers who furnished the samples from their stocks on hand in open market.

DR. COLLIER'S ANALYSIS. U. S. DEPT. OF AGRICULTURE. Washington, D. C., March 10, 1884. C. E. ANDREWS & CO.—Gentlemen: I received by express from Thos. Lydon and J. P. Harkins & Co., Grand Ave., Milwaukee, and Harner Bros., Chicago, Ill., samples of Andrews' Pearl and Royal Baking Powders. The cans were in good condition when received and the seals unbroken. I find upon analysis that Andrews' Pearl Baking Powder contains about four and a half 4 1/2 per cent more CREAM TARTAR than the Royal Baking Powder, and a proportionately larger percentage of Carbonic Acid Gas, and I find it to be free from alum, and any injurious substances.

ANDREWS' PEARL... ROYAL... CHALLENGE. We will give the Royal Co., or any one else \$1,000 or \$5,000 if they can prove by any fair mutual test that Andrews' Pearl Baking Powder does, or ever did, contain alum or any injurious substance, and this challenge is open forever. Andrews' Pearl Baking Powder is sustained by a testimonial as to its Purity and Strength by the only genuine government-authorized Government Chemist, such as the Royal Co. never has published. TRY IT. C. E. ANDREWS & CO., 287, 289, 291, E. Water St., Milwaukee. 45 Michigan ave. Chicago.