#### **BLOODY WORK.**

Terrible Struggle of a wife With Her Crazy Husband.

Carpenter Indicted for the Murder of Zora Burns.

The Execution of Snyder and Anderson.

Another Horrible Murder on Long Island

The Author is Captured by the Neighbors of the Victim.

CRIME AND CRIMINALS.

TWO MURDERERS HUNG.

position, begging for mercy, and struggling desperately. He was overmatched, however, and soon overcome by loss of blood. After rising his pockets, and before life was extinct, the body was thrown into the river and taken some distance out into the stream, the murderers awimming on each side of it. The blood stains and disturbed condition of the ground was discovered next day, and the body, after a search, recovered

the other. Van Meyer is a native of Kentucky and had resided in Mt. Vernon only a few months, doing behaved boy. Snyder and Andersen are both from Mt. Verson, the former 21 years of age, a shiftless idle fellow, but previous to the murder was never considered vicious. Anderson is 17 years old, a boot black inclined to be indus-

to without emotion. At 10 o'clock Anderson was shaved, the prisoners singing, led by Snyder, who also delivered a prayer asking divine mercy, expressing confidence in his sins being forgiven. During the scene Anderson was very composed. Snyder was nervous and excited and talked freely of the crime. He frequently cried. Anderson was much affected but under great self control, freely conversing with visitors and occasionally smiling. This concluded they returned to their cells, where they were again attended by ministers, and the last preparations made. At 11:40 they were conveyed to the enclosure near the fail, attended by Revs. Asburg and Wilson. Anderson was

They prayed aloud constantly.

The trap was sprung at 11:50. Snyder's neck was broken. Anderson struggled, twitched a moment. Life was extinct in Snyder in seven minutes, in Anderson in eight minutes. The bodies were cut down, put in coffins and conveyed to Wasinger's undertaking establishment. The arrangements were very complete, there being no hitch from the first to the

very composed, and Snyder emotional.

HUNTERS POINT, L. I., January 25 .tall slim mulatto attacked him with a fish plate coupling, striking him several murderous blows on the head. He then left him for dead and made his way to the house. Here he saw Mrs. Sprague in the kitchen, struck her one blow and demanded money. She told him to get it out of the drawer and then can screaming from the house. Beforeishe had gone very far the man overtook and passed her, seen getting out of sight. Some neighbors hearing Mrs. Sprague's cries hurried to the spot and found Sprague lying in a pool of blood near the barn. A general alarm was sounded and the farmers of Hicksville, Hemstead, West-bury and Farming-dale hitched up horses and started in all directions, scouring the country for the assassin. There is great excitement all through Queen's county in consequence of this the third and similar outrage, following so quickly upon the Maybees-Townsend affairs. Mr. Sprague and wife were 50 years of age. Physicians give no hope of her recovery. The murder was caught and jailed by the

Lincoln, Ill., January 25.—The grand jury of Logan county to-day returned an indictment against Orrin A. Carpenter for the murder of Zora Burns. A num-ber of witnesses were examined, but it is but believed no material evidence has been adduced in addition to that given guilt against Carpenter was sirong, and added "I cannot and will not admit him to bail." It is believed that both

ed until May. Carpenter will of necessity be in jail meanwhile. This indictment was fully expected, and creates no sur-prise. It is the general opinion that the case is not strong enough for conviction. One new point of testimony was that one new point of testimony was that given by a miscroscopic expert, who showed that the hair-pin found in Zora Burns' hair and one which was found in Carpenter's buggy, and that obtained in a storo at St. Elmo, where Zora Burns bought hair-pins, all bore the mark of the same machine.

A TERRIBLE TRAGEDY.

Etgin, Ills., January 25.—Reports o a terrible tragedy come from four or five miles west of Elgin. Wm. Combs, a farmer 40 years old, cut his wife's throat, and in her dying agonies she wrenched the weapon from him and fatally stabbed him. Combs is said by his physicians to

have been insane for some time. The tragedy occurred about noon to-day.

It appears that Mrs. Combs staggered to the house of a neighbor, forty rods away, covered with blood flowing from deep ga hes, and with a long knife in her hand. She said her husband tried to Two MURDERES HUNG.

Mt. Vernon, Ind., January 25.—Snyder and Anderson, two young men, were hanged here to day for the murder of Van Meyer.

The crime was committed on the river bank, a mile east of Mt. Vernon. Van Meyer was working there, and, while his attention was directed the other way, Snyder struck him on the head with a club from the rear, felled him to the ground, then held his head, while Anderson, sitting astride the bedy, cat his throat from ear to ear with a pocket knife. At the first plunge of the blade the victim revived and realized his awful position, begging for mercy, and

DEWALT NABBED.

DENVER, January 25.—Dewalt, the defaulting president of the defunct First National bank of Leadville, has been arrested at El Paso, Texas.

DISEASES OF CATFLE.

HOW THEY ARE BROUGHT WEST.

Washington, January 25 .- The house committee on agriculture will to-morrow Sunday afternoon. Suspicion was at once directed to Anderson and Snyder, who were arrested before a line of denial could be agreed upon between them, and by skillful manipulation by the officers a confession from each charging the commission of the crime upon the communication points out the danodd jobs. He was an industrious well- latter section of the country. These inprevious to the murder was never considered vicious. As deseron is 17 years old, a boot black inclined to be indused at the possible of the case, which he also made and both of Alcohole prices soundly. Both were called at 5 colock, and at heartily. The Catholic prices soundly. Both were called at 5 colock, and at heartily. The Catholic prices which head been with them was denied admission. They had saked for Methodist was alled at 10 colock, and at the price of the several munites, after which he also been with them was denied admission. They had saked for Methodist in the them was denied admission. They had saked for Methodist in the them was denied admission. They had saked for Methodist in the position of the proposition of the proposition of the proposition of the proposition of the state of the proposition of the proposition of the state of the state of the proposition of the state of the state of the state of the proposition of the state of the state of the state of the proposition of the state of the proposition of the state of the state of the state of the proposition of the state of the state of the state of the proposition of the state of the state of the state of the proposition of the state of the state of the proposition of the state of the stat have been made in states now effected to rid themselves of pleuro-pneumonia, these have generally or always failed because for various reasons the work has not been thoroughly done. At best the attempts in these states are spasmodic, and, while one is earnestly striving to accomplish something the neighboring one allows the shipment of diseased cattle, thus counteracting the influence of the former. Lack of unity of action between the states has prevented any lasting benefit even when much has

accomplished. With respect to the proposition to es tablish a permanent bureau for investi-gating communicable diseases of animals the communication says there is not a department of original research, or of agricultural investigation with regard to which there is more press-ing need of development than this, and none which promises a greater saving. Our losses are now heavy, but must increase as the animal population increases, and new diseases are introduced and fresh areas infected. But it is not alone a question of dollars. The investigation of animal contagion must throw light on these human pla-gues, which in our country alone sweeps FarmerSprague was murdered this morning gues, which in our country alone sweeps ing by an unknown mediatic. He went to a quarter of a million of human lives out the barn to milk his cows and feed his of existence each year. Some of these horses. Just as he reached the barn a animal diseases are communicable to man and have a greater influence over our health and lives than is generally sup-

posed, and any means for controlling them cannot fail to have an important influence on human health as well

Kidnapped to a Mad House, NEW YORK, January 25 .- James G. Silkman, a prominent citizen of forkers, has instituted suit against Davis G. Crosby, who is charged with procuring Silkman's incarceration in a lunatic asylum laying damages at \$25,000. Silkman says he was arrested on returning from a lecture on May 19th, 1882, and as he charges without being taken before any court was taken to a mad house at White Plains and afterward placed in the state lunatic asylum at Utica, where he was detained until August 23d,1882, and was only released on the peremptory order of Judge Barnard. The incarceration is attributed solely to personal fear on the part of Crosby, who is a brother-in-law of Silkman, that the latter would disclose certain family secrets of the former. Silkman asserts he was subjected to the utmost rigor of the institutions and such as only was employed in the case of un-controllable lunatics.

Ford's Emergency Fund.

CINCINNATI, January 25.—The Com-mercial-Gazette will publish to-morrow an open letter from John Byrne, vicebefore the coroner's jury and at the pre-liminary examination. Carpenter's at-torney at once made a motion that Car-penter be admitted to bail, but Judge Hendman replied that the presumption of ainst Carpenter was sirong, and bility, for the purpose of waging war on "I cannot and will not admit England. Byrne claims that such a course as this fund implies would be regarded the state and defendant desire by all civilized nations as geurilla war-a continuance, so there is but little probability a trial can be reach-he age.

#### THE NATIONAL CAPITA

Argning the Fitz John Porter Bill in the House.

A Ray of Light From New York on the Matter.

Mr. Keifer's Nephew Tells About His Appointment,

And Shows the Profits of the Stenographer.

Various Matters of Legislation and Otherwise,

FROM WASHINGTON.

KEIFER'S CLERK. Washington, January 25.—Benjamin Gaines, a nephew of ex-Speaker Keifer, was to-day examined by the house committee on accounts, now investigating the removal of employes of the last contigress. Gaines was appointed to fill the position of stenographer made vacant by the resignation of Tyson on March 3d of last year. He testified that he was condential clerk to the ex-speaker at the beginning of the Forty-seventh congress. Gaines said there was a tacit understanding between himself and his uncle that he should have Dawson's or Tyson's position about the close of the last session. He continued: Dawson and Tyson each offered to give me \$100 a month if I would allow them to retain the positions. I refused and a few days later told my uncle of the offer. He said he would have nothing to do with the proposition. With \$1,000 I could have hired assistance and done the work performed by both Dawson and Tyson during the last session of the fortyseventh congress, and with \$5,000 could have done all the committee work of the stenographers which cost the government over \$20,000. Ex-Speaker Keifer was to have appeared before the committee to testify under oath, but speech in the Fitz-John Porter case, and asked to be allowed to appear to-morrow.

BANK CIRCULATION.

ed a favorable report on Mr. Holman's bill to prevent fraudulent duplication of accounts and claims by officers of the government and others. The penalty for the presentation of an account containing fraudulent items is made a forfeiture of the entire account.

The house committee on postoffice and post roads has agreed to report favorably Mr. Monroe's bill fixing the rate of postage on second-class publications deposited in letter-carrier boxes at two cents per pound.

The house committee on invalid pensions has adopted the following, offered

by Mr. Morrill:

Resolved, That it is the sense of the committee that whenever the govern-ment has enlisted a soldier and accepted his services, the soldier should not be required, in order to obtain a pension, to prove that he was of sound and good nealth when enlisted, and the government should be estopped by setting up that disability existed prior to the enlistment.

The committee will report a bill embodying the sense of the resolution early.

### FORTY-EIGHTH CONGRESS.

WASHINGTON, January 25 .- Mr. Blair (rep., N. H.) introduced a bill to provide for free circulation of newspapers, other periodicals and publications within the state where published. Referred.

Mr. Cameron (rep., Wis.) presented a petition of the merchants' association of Milwaukee, praying for retaliatory legislation against foreign nations who ex-clude American meats. The petitioners Silkman, a prominent citizen of Yonkers. aver that the wines of these foreign countries are much adulterated, and should be excluded. Referred.

Mr. Sherman (rep., O.) called up his resolution on the Virginia and Mississippi elections. Mr. Lamar (dem., Miss.) hoped consideration would be postponed till Mon

Mr. Sherman had no objection, pro vided it would not lose its position, so consideration of the resolution went over till Monday. Mr. Miller (rep. Cal.) presented a peti-

tion of the chamber of commerce of San Francisco asking for an increase of the Francisco asking for an increase of the strength of the navy.

Mr. Gibson (dem. La.) introduced a bill to facilitate reform of the civil service.

Mr. Bayard, (dem. Del.), from the committee on tinance, reported favorably a bill providing for the issue of circulating notes to national banking association of the strength of the banking association of the strength o

tions. This is the bill agreed upon in the committee to-day.

The house having disagreed to the senate amendment to the Greeley relief bill the senate insisted on its amendment

and a committee of conference was appointed. pointed.

Mr. Beck (dem. Ky.) called up his bill intended to prohibit the secretary of the treasury from purchasing bonds above par. Mr. Beck insisted that continued purchases of bonds by the secretary at his option would make the bonds as unstable as bank circulation based on them, and under which the rure. based on them, and under which the pur-

chases made have been misconstrued, as it was intended for the secretary to buy such bonds as the government had a right to redeem at par, and not go into the market and purchase at 20 or 24 per cent.

Burlingian Refuses to Plunge in and

Mr. Morrill (rep., Vt.) thought that, considering the time the 4 per cents. had to run, it was profitable to buy them vest in 3 per cents.

The bill was referred to the committee

on finance.

A bill was passed donating a part of the Fort Smith military reservation to the city of Fort Smith for the benefit of the public schools.

The Alaska bill was discussed and

passed, including the clause prohibiting the union Pacific and the importation and sale of liquors except for medicinal and mechanical use. Mr. Hoar's bill, providing for the per-formance of the duties of the president in case of removal, death, resignation or

in case of removal, death, resignation or inability to serve of the president and vice president passed.

The bill vests the right to perform the presidential duties in such contingency in the secretary of state, then the secretary of the transport than the secretary. tary of the treasury, then the secretary of war, and so on through the cabinet. After an executive session the senate adjourned till Monday.

HOUSE.

conclude his speech began Saturday on induce the Burlington road to join the the bill. He denied the statement that tripartite alliance or to agree to form the bill. He defined the statement that tripartite amance or to agree to form the bill is based upon a resolution introduced by Garfield. It was true that ton on one side and the Union Pacific Garfield did introduce a resolution looking to an inquiry in regard to the alleged discovery of important evidence, but the resolution was defeated and what his but on terms which would leave matters apinion would have been upon that evidence did not appear. He (Taylor) knew what Garfield's opinion was up to the 7th of March, 1881. It was the same as his was to-day. Congress might remove the penalty but it was a case of suicide and could not revive the glories once clustered around Porter's brow.

Mr. Bayne (1891) Representation of the same condition they were prior to signing the tripartite agreement between the Union Pacific, Rock Island and St. Paul roads.

The work of arranging percentages for the new pool was referred to a sub-committee, which labored during Wednesday and Thursday, and some progress was

ously re-asserted by Mr. Ray, who said St Paul roads as pratically it was not, at the time of the removal of one system in the handling of competi-McClellan, known to be determined that tive trans-Missouri business, and that there could be no other basis for negotia-

Mr. Ray replied that he could prove it withdrew and the sub-committee ad beyond controversy from the records of journed sine die. ongress and Pope's report. Before the conclusion of Mr. Ray's

peech the committee rose. The senate bill passed providing for the removal of the remains of the late General Ord from Havana to Washing

The speaker laid before the house the Referred.

house that an itemized list of expendi-tures is being prepared, but it would be detrimental to the public interest of the government to give the names of persons indebted to the government, and prepared to act as witnesses. Adjourned.
The session to-morrow will debate the The session to morrow will debate the Porter bill and no other business will be transacted except the reception of the report from the committee on agriculture on the senate bill to extend the provisions of the set for the relief of problem. port from the committee on agriculture on the senate bill to extend the provi-sions of the act, for the relief of purchasers of swamp, overflowed land to all en-tries and locations since March third,

McGeoch's Answer.

MILWAUKEE, January 25.—Peter Mc-Geoch has filed his answer to the suit of Daniel Wells, Jr., growing out of the provision corner of 1883. The first point made is a compromise settlement be-tween McGeoch and Wells, stating the terms of that document in full, and the amounts to be paid by each in payment of their debts at 50 cents on the lollar. The second is that during the copartnership Wells drew out \$100,000 and invested it in real estate in fraud of his creditors and McGeoch, which property is now said to be worth \$300,000, and McGeoch asks an accounting for this; that Wells caused property to be covered with false and fictitious mortgages. Third, that Wells' dilatoriness in furnishing money caused a loss of \$500,000 by sacraficing property. Fourth, that through the promises of making all losses good, Wells induced McGeoch to invest far beyond his means, whereby he lost half a million more.

A Mysterious Case.

HUNTSVILLE, Ala., January 25 .- Two gypsies, man and wife, were found dead in their tent this morning. No mark of violence was discovered, and the case is

### THE TROUBLED POOL.

be Heeled.

at 17 or 18 per cent, premium and rein- Except on Conditions Made by Itself.

> And Withdraws From the Chicago Conference.

Allies to Themselves.

But Kimball Says a Private Talk Fixed Toings All Right Again.

BURLINGTON'S ULTIMATUM. THE PRESENT SITUATION.

CHICAGO, January 25 .- The Burlington road announced its ultimatum to the other western railway managers this afternoon upon the proposition to pool trans-Missouri business, and upon its rejection The morning hour was dispensed with and the house went into committee of the whole, Mr. Springer (dem. Ill.) in the chair, on the Fitz John Porter bill.

Missouri business, and upon its rejection quitted the conference, and the session was adjourned without date. This is the outcome of the long pending negotiations which have been pursued by the Union Pacific and the other four Omaha lines to

Mr. Bayne (rep., Pa.), a member of the committee on railway affairs, spoke in support of the bill, holding that the question could not be made and respectively. Keifer was to have appeared before the committee to testify under oath, but pleaded fatigue after the delivery of his a wise discretion in disobeying Pope's the Burlington were interested in common. This morning when the question as to a division of business at Omaha was raised, a wise discretion in disobeying Pope's division of business at Omaha was raised, to print all bills referred to committees further into the mine and is undoubtedly one. He held that Porter exercised a wise discretion in disobeying Pope's a wise discretion in disobeying Pope's the Burlington declared that it must have its full pro rata of all business originating at local points on the Union Pastreet's testimony Mr. Bayne was interrupted by Mr. Herbert (dem., La.), who said he belonged to Longstreet's corps, and he belonged to Longstreet's corps, was deployed on even terms with the other lows roads, and no discrimination of the state. The important bills introduced were to amend the code in relation to the exemption of homesteads purchased with pension money, authorizing actions against railroad companies to print all bills referred to committees except legalizing acts and bills of a purchased. It is expected the bodies there to be found are badly burned. It is known that there were fifty-nine men and boys in the purchased with pension money, authorizing actions against railroad companies to print all bills referred to committees except legalizing acts and bills of a purchased the explosion took place. It is introduced were to amend the code in relation to the except legalizing acts and bills of a purchased where the explosion took place. It is introduced were to amend the code in relation to the except legalizing acts and bills of a purchased the badies there were fifty-nine men and boys in the purchased with pension money, authorizing actions against railroad companies.

verted by some members, and as vigor- Northwestern, Wabash, Rock Island and charges would be preferred.

Mr. Miller (rep., Pa.) wanted to know by what authority Mr. Ray asserted that Pope poisoned the mind of the president.

there could be no other basis for negotiation. The Burlington said it would not proceed upon any such basis and to-day's answer was final. Its representatives

rates or by open war. It is thought certain that rates will be maintained till

mutual understanding.

The general passenger agents of lines in-Also a letter from the postmaster gen-eral in response to the house resolution Kansas City met to-day for the purpose in regard to expenditures in the star of adjusting rates east from the latter route cases, requesting the names of persons indebted to the government, and expected to be relied on for the prosecution of such persons. Referred.

The postmaster general informs the house that an itemized list of expendible in the latter at New York on business to the Missouri river. The republic is a supplying the latter at New York on business to the Missouri river. The republic is a supplying the latter at New York on business to the Missouri river. resentative of the Burlington road stated that it was not willing to enter any temporary arrangement, but insisted on a solid substantial agreement to secure maintenance of rates west-bound from

A PRIVATE SETTLEMENT. A private conference was held to-night between Potter of the Burlington, Cable of the Rock Island, Merrill of the St. Paul, and Kimball of the Union Pacific, lasting till a late hour. Kimball states that matters in dispute between the Burlington and tripartite roads were talked over, and that an agreement was practically reached so that there is little doubt the trouble will be amicably adjusted and a war of rates avoided. leclined to state the terms agreed upon. AN INQUEST HELD.

Members of the defunct Iowa Pool as sociation held a final meeting this after-noon, Referee George M. Bogue presiding. Four old cases concerning rebate and special rates were argued, decisions rendered and penalties inflicted. The meeting, which portcok somewhat of the character of an inquest, after considering other unimportant deferred business, adjourned sine die.

RESTORATION OF RATES. It is learned by a pripate dispatch received from Denver this evening that the war in freight rates on Utah freight has been settled and that all interested lines will restore rates Monday. It is also asserted that the trouble in the Utah passenger pool is practically adjusted.

THE DEADHEADS. The agreement of 1883 between the western trunk lines regulating the issue Business failures for the last seven days, of passes expired by limitation January Si7, against 425 the grevious week.

1, 1884, but by mutual understanding the agreement was extended from Janu ary 1 until the meeting of western representatives this month. The question of a renewal of the compact was discussed at the meeting to day, and prior to final adjournment of the conference the "pass agreement" was formally declared expired.

GENERAL FOREIGN NEWS.

A DETECTIVE MURDERED.

VIENNA, January 25 .- Detective Block while going home yesterday was shot dead. The assassin was secured by the dead. The assassin was secured by the police. He carried a revolver, a poisopied dagger and a dynamite bomb. One of the citizens aiding in the arrest was shot twice by the murderer, who also attempted to explode the bomb to kill himself and captors. Block was recently arrested as one of the suspected assassins of Police Commissary Klubeck. Several arrests have been made in connection with that crime. The assassin refuses to make a statement. He is unknown to the police, and is believed to be a foreign emissary. The dynamite cartridge, which he had thrown down when arrested, failed to explode because the ground upon which he threw it was soft. The upon which he threw it was soft. assassin says he was commissioned by a society to murder Block. The assassin

belongs to the superior class.

IN DANGER OF STARVATION.

KINGSTON, Ont., January 25.—Settlers in rear townships are in danger of starving as the snow is stopping traffic. A lumber dealer telegraphs that unless he gets provisions he will be obliged to close down the shanties. Such a state of affairs was never known in this locality before.

TYPHOID FEVER EPIDEMIC.

MONTREAL, January 25.—An epidemic pelongs to the superior class.

said he belonged to Longstreet's corps, of which Wilcox's division was deployed in line before noon, and never knew the reason for delay in being pushed into the reason for delay in being pushed into the lines reaching out in the fact that the company printing and distributing election tickets.

The cause of the accident is not yet the properties of the accident is not yet the properties. printing and distributing election tickets, limiting attorney's fees in partitions of real estate, to provide for selling, leasing and patenting land belonging to the against the provide for selling leasing the provide for selling leasing and patenting land belonging to the against the provide for selling leasing the provided for selling leasing leasing the provided for selling leasing leasing the provided for selling leasing leasing leasing leasing leasing

counsel for examination

braska, scapula fractured and badly bruised; A. J. Owens, O. S. Langan and

Arrest of an Editor.

Enie, Pa., January 25.—Frank S. Heath, late proprietor of The Corey Herald and chairman of the Pennsylvania which discriminate against American state greenback committee in 1882, was pork. arrested last night charged with sending indecent matter in advertisements of sum of \$1,500 to appear in the United States court in Pittsburg in February.

A Buit for \$800,000.

The Sluggers in 'Frisco. SAN FRANCISCO, January 25.—Six thousand admirers greeted Sullivan the "slugger" this morning. One thousand men followed his carriage cheering. The sparring combination this evening was a disappointment.

The Fire Record. SAN FRANCISCO, January 25.—Dallas, the county-seat of Wasco county, Oregon, was visited by a destructive fire this morning. A quarter of a block of business houses was burned. Loss about \$60,000; insurance, \$20,000.

The Coldest Ever Known CINCINNATI, January 25.—Specials from Ohio points indicate the coldest weather ever known—24 to 32 below

Frozen Twins. LIBERTY MILLS, Ind., January 25.— The twin babes of Isaac Martin, three months old, were frozen to death in a crib placed in a fireless room.

New York, January 25.—President Arthur called on General Grant this evening, and returns to Washington to-

# THE DEATH CHAMBERS.

Crested Buttes Migers Perished.

The Terrible Scenes the Search Revealed.

Bodies Blackened, Broken and

DENVER, January 25—For thirty-six hours twenty to thirty men have been constantly employed searching for dead bodies in the mines in Crosted Butte.

MONTREAL, January 25.—An epidemic of typhoid fever rages at Hyacinthe and the schools of the convents are closed. Many members of the religious communities are very ill and five nuns have died.

The Iowa Legislature.

DES MOINES, January 25.—The senate occupied one hour to day in discussing a joint resolution to memoralizing congress in favor of the Hennepin canal and favored by bills of Larabee, Logan, Sutton and Hall, and opposed by Eastman. Pending discussion, adjourned.

In the house, a resolution was adopted the five part near the entrance. The men, alarmed but not injured by the explosion, evidently attempted to reach the furnace room and were overcome by fire damp within 200 feet of it. Fifty feet further back, six more were found, at evidently suffocated. Some had tied handkerchiefs over their mouths. This makes a total of thirty-four bodies found and includes all at work in chamber No. 1. These bodies are now being brought to the main entry and will soon be brought to the surface. The workmen will then begin a search for bodies in chamber No. 2. This is In the house, a resolution was adopted for bodies in chamber No. 2. This is

mus. The method of distributing premiums or prizes as they are declared to be is alleged to be in the form of the lottery drawings, hence the arrest. General McAuley was paroled in custody of appointment of a board to investigate the cause of such great waste of the country's wealth. A resolution was adopted urganswer was final. Its representatives withdrew and the sub-committee adjourned sine die.

It is acknowledged on all sides that the period for negotiation is past. One official said it was plainly apparent that the strength of the contestants would the strength of the contestants would see that the period for negotiation is past. One official said it was plainly apparent that the period for negotiation is past. One official said it was plainly apparent that the period for negotiation is past. One official said it was plainly apparent that the period for negotiation is past. One official said it was plainly apparent that the period for negotiation is past. One official said it was plainly apparent that the period for negotiation is past. One official said it was plainly apparent that the period for negotiation is past. One official said it was plainly apparent that the period for negotiation is past. One official said it was plainly apparent that the period for negotiation is past. One official said it was plainly apparent that the period for negotiation is past. One official said it was plainly apparent that the period for negotiation is past. One official said it was plainly apparent that the conductor of the period for negotiation is past. One official said it was plainly apparent that the period for negotiation is past. One official said it was plainly apparent that the period for negotiation is past. One official said it was plainly apparent that the period for negotiation ing congress to repeal the law making have to be tested by a show of ability in securing business on the agreed basis of rates or by open war. It is thought cerprivilege of vetoing separate items of ap-propriation bills, and declaring that the a resolution stating that he has no knowledge of any service rendered by American officers or men to the British navy at the bombardment of Alexandria. states without payment of local taxes or licenses. Doce then turned on the expediency of adoption by this country of measures of retaliation against nations

> The result of the discussion was the adoption of a resolution requesting conabortioniats, etc., through the mail. In gress to act promptly to secure a removal a hearing this morning he gave bail in the of unjust discriminations against American products. Adjourned to meet in Indianapelis, May 12.

The Horticulturalists.

PHILADELPHIA, January 25. — Argument was begun to-day in the case of ticultural convention adopted resolutions ment was begun to-day in the case of Sulzbach Bros., bankers, Germany, against the estate of John Edgar Thomson, once president of the Pennsylvania and forestry to solve the problem of road, to recover \$800,000 damages, alleged to have been suffered by misman-agement of the construction of the Davenport & St. Paul railroad. be sent abroad to select seeds, roots, etc., for experiment, and inviting the etc., for experiment, and inviting the Canadian government to join the move-ment. A committee to draft a bill cov-ering these points includes J. Sterling Morton of Nebraska, R. W. Turner of Nebraska, Professor Budd of Iowa, Rob-ert Douglass of Illinois, and Porter Earle of Illinois. Adjourned to meet in New Orleans during the world's fair,

## SCROFULA

Probably no form of disease is so generally distributed among our whole population as Serofula. Almost every individual has this latent poison coursing his veins. The terrible sufferings endured by those afflicted with scrofulous sores cannot be understood by others, and the intensity of their gratitude when they find a remost that cures them, astonishes a well person. We refer by permission to Miss Hood's Sarsaparilla of 18 Serofula Sorres the severity of which confined her to the house for two years. Six months previous to taking Hood's Sarsaparilla she could not get about her room without crutches. Her friend says: "I did not think it possible for her to live many months; she was reduced to a mere skeleton. Her cure is hardly less than a miracle." More wonderful cures than this have been effected by this medicine. There is no doubt that in Hood's Sarsaparilla we have the most remarkable medicine that has ever been produced, and a positive cure for Scrofula in its numerous forms. Proc \$100. six for \$5.00. Prepared only by \$1.1.1 pt 12 & CO. Lowell, Pres. Sold by Druggist.