

GRAND INAUGURAL OPENING!

GRUNEBAUM BROS.,

DRY GOODS.

1309.

Farnam Street.

1309.

Referring to our introductory announcements we are pleased to state that the improvements on our building are completed, and with this issue we formally announce that our GRAND OPENING will take place

Monday and Tuesday, Sept. 10th & 11th.

We trust no lady will neglect the opportunity of visiting our establishment on this occasion, as the attractions in decorations and display of Goods shall and will create a lasting impression on the minds of our visitors and by placing before the public an assortment of goods in all the departments, which our patrons will always find full and complete, we earnestly hope to merit the patronage of the people.

THE VARIOUS DEPARTMENTS

Will be under the personal charge of the following experienced Ladies' and Gentlemen:

- The Silk Department--Mr. L. Swartz, formerly with Lord & Taylor, New York.
The Black Goods " Mr. C. D. Sydnor, " A. Cruickshank & Co., Omaha.
The Dress Goods " Mr. G. W. Lucas, " R. V. Hillas, Chicago.
The Domestic " Mr. P. F. Andresen, " L. B. Williams & Son, Omaha.
The Linen " Mr. Wm. Barrie, " J. Edward Bird & Co., Baltimore.
The Wrap " Miss H. Ruane.
The Trimming " Miss M. Heelan.

Our force of assistants personally request the pleasure of a visit from their friends and acquaintances, and hope that their endeavors to please and satisfy the wants of their customers, will secure for them the patronage. In tendering every one a hearty welcome, we will state that our GRAND OPENING. Monday and Tuesday, September 10th and 11th, will be an occasion never before witnessed in Omaha.

GRUNEBAUM BROS.,

1309 Farnam Street.

THE NATIONAL CAPITAL.

An Alarming Spread of Yellow Fever Among the Marines Near Pensacola.

The Perquisites of Postmasters and the Drain on the Treasury.

Mr. New's Threatened Resignation--The Latest Tile for Indiana--Imports and Exports.

CAPITAL NOTES.

MR. NEW'S POSITION.

WASHINGTON, September 7.--Mr. New, assistant secretary of the treasury, said today the published reports that he had resigned were unfounded. He had not yet resigned and did not propose to talk on the subject. It is understood efforts are making by his friends, particularly those from Indiana, to have him reconsider his determination to resign. An Indian who holds a position in the treasury said today, after a long conversation with New, that the latter's friends would not allow him to resign. It is believed the visit of Postmaster General Gresham to the white house immediately on the arrival of the president was with reference to New's resignation. It is thought by New's friends he should be allowed sufficient leave of absence to attend to his affairs in Indiana, and they believed should this be done he will not want to resign.

FROM PENSACOLA.

WASHINGTON, September 7.--The acting secretary of the navy received the following telegram from Pensacola: "Since last night no new cases among the naval force. One death at the hospital--Private Gotten."

POSTMASTER'S SALARIES.

Officers of the Postoffice Department express the opinion that the inactivity of Congress in making the bill to regulate postmasters' salaries go into effect at once, instead of October 1, the date fixed for the reduction in letter rates of postage, will cost the government \$1,500,000 in increased salaries. The system of grading salaries proportionately in accordance with the receipts of offices is also unfavorably commented upon at the department, for the reason that under this system postmasters are continually tempted to make fictitious sales of stamps in order to increase their salaries.

A TONY INDIAN.

Little Chief, of the Cheyenne Indians, sent a unique appeal to the secretary of the for a new suit of clothes. He said: "I don't care much for grub, but I do like to dress in proper style. I want the best white hat you can purchase in the market."

INDIANS ON EXHIBITION.

In answer to the application from the French chargé d'affaires for permission to take twenty Indians from their reservation to France for exhibition, Commis-

sioner Price has advised the secretary of the interior to refuse the request upon the ground that such exhibitions result in demoralization of the Indians and renders them dissatisfied with life at the agencies.

IMPORTS AND EXPORTS.

The excess of the value of exports over imports for the 12 months ended July 31st, 1883, is \$107,379,236. Imports of merchandise decreased \$23,789,064 as compared with last year, and exports increased \$79,489,772.

THE FEVER INCREASING.

Surgeon General Hamilton, of the Marine hospital service, received to-night a telegram from Dr. Guttman, president of the Pensacola board of health, stating the yellow fever was increasing to an alarming extent on the naval reservation, and asking for more men to strengthen and increase the efficiency of the cordon around the reservation.

THE SPIKING PARTY.

Villard and His Guests Going Over the Divide.

HELENA, Montana, September 7.--The Villard train left Livingston this morning and made the ascent of the belt range of mountains in perfect safety. The sections were sub-divided and three locomotives attached to each. The distance of five miles is almost a loop, and the grade is 215 feet to the mile. At this point the Bozeman tunnel is being constructed, which will obviate the necessity of this difficult and expensive lift. From the summit the descent is made into the Gallatin valley, which has a rich soil, easily cultivated by irrigation. It has a length of 130 miles and an average width of 12 miles. The height above the sea is about the same as Salt Lake, and the agricultural production is similar. At Bozeman there was a fine display of minerals, coal and agricultural products. A handsome reception was given Villard and his guests. There were the usual speeches and enthusiasm. The Upper Missouri valley is very similar to the Gallatin valley. The first two sections of the party crossed the Mullen Pass of the Rocky Mountains this morning, and the other two sections will follow in the morning, when the ceremony of driving the last spike will take place. The point is about 40 miles west of Helena.

An Air Line to the East.

NEW YORK, September 7.--A conference was held here yesterday between General Manager Stanton, of the Pennsylvania, Stonington & New England road, and General Manager Swan, of the Storm King bridge, relative to the placing of a gentleman from the Storm King railroad in the directory of the Pennsylvania, Stonington & New England road, the election of Chas. E. Hill, as president of the two roads, and to consolidate the two interests. The object of this is to give the Philadelphia & Reading and Baltimore & Ohio roads an entrance to Boston over the New York & New England road. President Gowan, of the Philadelphia & Pittsburg road, made a traffic contract with the Pennsylvania, Stonington & New England, agreeing to give 1,000,000 tons a year for eastern consumers. General Manager Swan said this step meant immediate con-

petition of the Pennsylvania, Stonington and New England road, which required only \$300,000 to complete 78 miles, and also meant the immediate building of the Storm-King bridge across the Hudson river, which would make an air line from Boston over the New York and New England road to Harrisburg, Pa., which would shorten the distance from east to west over 100 miles and furnish the east with coal and cotton without break of bulk. In fact, establish a short and unbroken route from California to the east. The conference will be resumed Monday.

LABOR'S GRIEVANCES.

Prominent Workmen Before the Senate Committee.

NEW YORK, September 7.--Before the senate labor committee to-day, Jarrett, the first president of the Amalgamated Association of Iron and Steel workers, resumed his testimony. He said the convt labor system was very detrimental to the interest of the working classes. The labor of convicts might be properly employed in constructing better roads throughout the country. The coal mines of Pennsylvania were in a great measure owned by railroad companies, which circumstance the witness thought was very dangerous to the interests of the public. The condition of 90,000 coal miners of Pennsylvania, was pitiable and miserable in the extreme. Their wages were too low, they were subjected to the truck system almost universally and in consequence their utter demoralization. They spent at least one-half their earnings in drink. The press of New York was subsidized by large combinations of capital. This feeling was gaining ground throughout the country. In regard to the protection and tariff questions, he thought the press was bought, not only by the monopolies of this country but by capital imports from abroad. William Martin, of Pittsburg, secretary of the Amalgamated Association of Iron and Steel Workers, was the next witness. He gave the committee an idea of internal arrangements. Martin thought a system of arbitration could be introduced in all great industries on all questions which arose between workmen and employes, and that many of the difficulties resulting from the present relations could be avoided. William Weiko, a puddler of Pittsburg, who is also president elect of the Amalgamated association, and John Davis, a puddler of Pittsburg, also testified before the committee. Davis testified the establishment of postal savings banks would be a great benefit to the working classes.

Tammany for Harmony.

NEW YORK, September 7.--The Tammany hall general committee to-night adopted resolutions declaring Tammany ready to make every concession consistent with honor to secure the adjustment of local differences and providing for the appointment of a committee composed of one representative from each assembly district in the city to confer with the county democracy and Irving Hall with a view to securing a single united delegation from this city to the state convention.

THE OLD WORLD.

France and China Agree to Settle Their Disputes by Mutual Concessions.

The Yawning Graveyards of Java Blockaded with Pumice Stone.

The Insulted Sufferers of Ischia Decline All Aid from France.

GENERAL FOREIGN NEWS.

TREASURES OF THE DEEP.

LONDON, September 7.--The steamer Jersey City, from New York August 21, arrived at Bristol. She lost 107 head of cattle and 110 sheep. The crew of the German brig, Comarby, from Progress, Mexico, arrived at Portland, and report that the vessel, becoming disabled, was abandoned the 3d instant, after setting her on fire.

CATHOLIC CONFERENCE.

The archbishops of Cincinnati, New York, Baltimore and Philadelphia, and several other prelates, are expected at the Vatican shortly to confer with the Propaganda upon the extension of church regulations to the clergy of America.

FRANCE AND CHINA.

PARIS, September 7.--The Nationale announces that France has consented to negotiate with China for a treaty in settlement of the Tonquin question, which shall be based upon that concluded by Nicolas Prosper Bourcier with the Porte in 1868.

[NOTE.--That treaty provided that the government of France should have the right to acquire property in the Ottoman empire, in return for which France should aid the Porte against invasions from strangers.] The statement of China's proposals reference to Tonquin, recently presented the French minister of foreign affairs, contains the following basis of settlement which appeared to the minister worthy of consideration: Firstly, settlement of the question of Chinese suzerainty in Annam in a form to be discussed hereinafter. Secondly, delineation of the frontier, providing a neutral zone between certain points.

THE JAVA CALAMITY.

BATAVIA, JAVA, September 7.--The official report of the recent disaster is not yet published. The number of natives killed at Bantam, Batavia and Lampong is estimated at 39,000. The number of Europeans lost is unknown. The garrison and Dutch President at Felokbetong were saved. Terrible distress prevailed at Felokbetong, as it is inaccessible by sea, owing to the bay being filled with banks of pumice stone. The telegraph lines from Batavia to Felokbetong are destroyed.

AFFAIRS IN BULGARIA.

The manifesto of Prince Alexander, announcing the appointment of a com-

mission to draft a new constitution for Bulgaria, is reported forced upon the prince by the Russian envoy and Russian Generals Soboloff and Kaulbars. Prince Alexander, anxious to rid himself from the tutelage of the generals, at first refused the demand of the envoy. The latter then threatened that if the prince persisted in his opposition a decree would be issued by the czar releasing the Bulgarians from allegiance to Alexander and that Gen. Soboloff would be appointed regent. Upon this threat the prince issued the manifesto.

AN ITALIAN HUFF.

NAPLES, September 7.--At a meeting of the committee of Ischia survivors, held in this city to-day, a resolution was adopted declaring they would refuse all proffers of aid, on the ground that when charity is offered them in order to serve as a pretext for insulting their king, they feel it their duty to reject such charity, not only from France, but from the whole world.

THE COTTON MARKET DROOPING.

LONDON, September 7.--The Manchester Guardian says the critical condition of relations between France and China is a source of discouragement in cotton goods, the market purchases being made sparingly, but prices remain firm.

CATTLE PLAGUE IN RUSSIA.

Reports from all parts of Russia state the cattle plague continues with unabated fury. Over 1,000,000 cattle have fallen victim to the plague within the past four years in European Russia alone.

GOING FOR THE WIDOW.

A number of legitimists intend issuing a vigorous protest against the action of Countess Chambord for expressing the wish that the position of chief mourner at the funeral of her husband should be held by the latter's nearest relative, and censuring her for thus traducing the memory of the deceased.

ROCHEFORT TO HUMBERT.

ROME, September 7.--A article printed in the Paris Intransigent by Henri Rochefort, abusing King Rochefort, has aroused great indignation throughout Italy. The article accused the King of having pocketed the money subscribed by the French to the Ischia sufferers while he at the same was urging the annihilation of France by Germany. An Italian officer waited upon Rochefort and demanded satisfaction for the insult to his King, but Rochefort refused to grant him a hostile meeting.

Railroad Regulations in Illinois.

CHICAGO, September 6.--The Daily News Springfield (Ill.) special says the railroad and warehouse commission have reached the conclusion that the recent classification of freight made at the meeting of the general freight agents in Chicago, known as the "joint western classification," makes too many radical changes to be entirely adopted. If the classifications adopted by the roads was carried out, it would operate to give them an increase of from ten to fifty per cent in rates, as compared with the maximum rates now allowed by the board. It has been decided to ratify so much of the "joint western classification" as is practicable, without increase of rates. The railroad board has issued a notice to all railroad managers, calling attention to the passage of the act by the legislature requiring all railroads doing business in the

state to keep open a public office for the transfer of stock. Three months is allowed by law has now expired for the roads to observe the statute.

SPORTING NOTES.

BASE BALL.

BAY CITY, September 7.--Springfield and Bay City game postponed on account of rain.

EAST SALEM, September 7.--Postponed on account of rain.

PHILADELPHIA, September 7.--Philadelphia 11, New York 9.

PROVIDENCE, September 7.--Providence 8, Boston 1.

HARTFORD RACES.

HARTFORD, September 7.--The Charter Oak park races ended to-day. Yesterday's 2:25 races was completed. Sloop Joe won, Louise second, Dan third, Stephen G. fourth; time 2:22, 2:22, 2:25, 2:24, 2:23.

Class 2:23, Zoe B. won in straight heats, Pearl second, Kitty Patchen third; time 2:22, 2:23.

Class 2:20, Westmont won, Billy S. second, Eddie D. third; time 2:16, 2:17, 2:18, 2:22.

Class 2:21, Wilson won in straight heats, Phyllas second, Amelia C. distanced; time 2:19, 2:17, 2:18.

Myrtle Peck defeated Madame Marang, in the ten mile running race, changing horses each mile; time 22 minutes, 41 second. The favorites won to-day.

TENNIS TOURNAMENT.

CHICAGO, September 7.--The open lawn tennis tournament to last three days began at Pullman to-day. The entire day was occupied by the singles. There were eighteen entries. The following were the winners during the day's play: J. W. Spalding, Chicago; A. W. Stewart, Kenwood; G. K. Browne, Chicago; C. A. Nottliam, Pullman; T. W. O'Grady, Kenwood; L. V. Lemoine, Fairview; Miss Julia Lemoine, Fairview, and Miss Emma L. Chase, Fairview. The winners will play for the championship to-morrow and this will be followed by doubles.

THE FIGHT OFF.

CHICAGO, September 7.--Jem Mace and Rice, manager of the Mace party, started for New York this evening, no agreement having been reached in regard to the prize fight between Slado and Mitchell. Parson Davies this evening received the following telegram from Billy Madden, trainer of Mitchell: "Won't go to New Orleans; Mexico is the only place where a fight can take place. You have no assurance at New Orleans or Kansas City; you have no conditions except what we agree on and you know it. This is final." John Bishop, of Kansas City, telegraphed Davies that the El Paso party would start for Chicago to-night to try and induce Mace to make the fight and asked if he would wait and see them. Davies forwarded the dispatch to Rice, who answered from Niles, Mich.: "Have given a decision, 100 miles from New Orleans." It is understood Rice and Mace are going to New York to claim the stakes from Harry Hill. Slade preceded them and is training on Long Island.

Frost in Illinois.

CHICAGO, September 7.--Telegrams from various points in Central Illinois report frost last night, but not heavy enough to injure corn prospects.

HADISH HAPPENINGS.

A Friendly Game of Cards Precedes a Fiendish Murder.

A Nebraska Hanging Temporarily Postponed by the Supreme Court.

The Rose Clark Mystery, Defalcations, and Police Raids.

CRIMINAL RECORD.

WHISKY DID IT.

NEW ORLEANS, September 7.--The Times-Democrat's Plague Mine special says: Henry Dickerson, colored, was hanged to-day for the murder, April last, at Alhambra plantation, of Henry Steele, in a drunken row over a game of cards. In an interview this morning Dickerson said he killed Steele, and was sorry for it, as Steele was a friend. Whisky did it. MARION'S LEASE OF LIFE.

LINCOLN, September 7.--Jack Marion, who was to have been hanged at Beatrice to-morrow, has obtained a stay of execution pending the motion for a new trial.

THE ROSE CLARK MYSTERY.

BRIDGEPORT, Conn., September 7.--Detectives have an important clue in the Rose Clark murder case. The reward was increased to \$1,000. Prominent New York detectives are at work on the case.

ANOTHER DEFAULTER.

CLEVELAND, September 7.--Rev. Thos. H. Oakley, general delivery clerk in the postoffice, was arrested to-day, charged with stealing from the prepaid parcels stamps, selling them and pocketing the proceeds.

A RAID ON THE GAMBLERS.

BRIGHTON BEACH, September 7.--The police of Coney Island raided gambling shops to-night, but as the proprietors had a timely warning no arrests were made. In the Jumbo and Iroquois establishments the gambling implements were secured. They had been removed by the owners from all other places.

HOOD'S SARSAPARILLA

Is a carefully prepared extract of the best remedies of the vegetable kingdom known to medical science as Alterative, Blood Purifier, Diuretic and Tonic, such as Sarsaparilla, Yellow Dock, Sillitonia, Dandelion, Juniper Berries, Mandrake, Wild Cherry Bark and other selected roots, herbs and barks. A medicine, like anything else, can be fairly judged only by its results. We point with satisfaction to the glorious record Hood's Sarsaparilla has entered for itself upon the hearts of thousands of people in New England who have personally or indirectly been relieved of terrible sufferings which all other remedies failed to touch. Messrs. C. I. Hood & Co., Gents--Please send me by express two bottles Hood's Sarsaparilla and a few Cook Books for distribution. Your preparation has worked wonders in the case of my wife, who has been troubled with sick headaches and biliousness for years. She only took one-half teaspoonful at a dose, and has not taken so well for five years as now. She found that within a week after taking it she felt very much better, and a more entirely free from those severe headaches. She has not taken any of any other since last spring, and what little she had drunk of other goods, and we must have it in the future. Yours truly, H. H. B. A. S. D., Pittsfield, Mass. C. I. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass. Price \$1.00 for \$1. Sold by Druggists.