

A PARTIAL VICTORY.

The American Rapid Company Agree to the Telegraphers Terms.

The Western Union Claim a Victory, With Dispatches Piled Up High.

ORDERED TO WORK. PITTSBURG, Pa., July 25.—The following dispatch was received by Secretary Hughes of the Brotherhood of Telegraphers:

NEW YORK, July 25.—Satisfactory arrangements having been made between the Brotherhood of Telegraphers of the United States and Canada and the American Rapid Telegraph company, all members working for that company will resume work to-morrow morning, July 26th. (Signed.) JOHN CAMPBELL.

BALTIMORE, July 25.—The basis of agreement between the Brotherhood of Telegraphers and the American Rapid company is an advance of 10 per cent on salaries, extra pay for all work done over eight hours per day and seven hours for night work, and extra pay for all Sunday work.

THE SITUATION IN CANADA. MONTREAL, July 25.—The situation in the great Northwestern Telegraph company's offices continues to improve. The officers of the company claim they are entirely independent of the strikers. As evidence of returning confidence the stock market at Montreal was buoyant and strong to-day with the whole list higher.

THE OUTLOOK IN NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, July 25.—There is yet no disposition on the part of the Western Union to meet the demands of the strikers. The rumor that a compromise had been effected was emphatically denied by the officers of the company. They claim the situation is continually improving; that a practical victory had been won over the strikers. The American Rapid company, having granted the terms of the strikers, its whole force which left the desks will be at work to-morrow morning.

SYMPATHETIC ALIENISM.

NEW YORK, July 25.—The board of aldermen resolutions of sympathy with the telegraph strikers, and demanding that the companies be compelled by the state authorities, through legal proceedings, to restore and maintain the prompt transmission of messages.

CHEERING REPORTS.

The reading of dispatches from various parts of the country continued to-day, as usual, at the meeting of the striking telegraphers. Several communications, coming from operators now in the employ of the Western Union company, were read by Chairman Mitchell. The showed that business was crowded, and was being handled only with difficulty. It was stated that on all important wires messages were piled up, and many dated July 23 are still on the file.

DISPATCHES FROM WASHINGTON, Baltimore, Boston, Chicago, Pittsburg, Philadelphia, Albany and Syracuse, received by the chairman, were all full of encouragement to the strikers. Speeches were made by Kohler, Brennan and Kingsley.

A "HARD" COMPROMISE.

BALTIMORE, July 25.—It is said here, on the best authority, that the American Rapid and the striking telegraphists have agreed upon the compromise, and the men have been ordered to work to-morrow.

THE BOSTON PLAN.

BOSTON, July 25.—The striking operators this afternoon resolved unanimously to telegraph Chairman O'Connor of the executive board, requesting him to immediately order out operators employed by the associated press.

MEETING OF THE MARITIME EXCHANGE.

PHILADELPHIA, July 25.—A special meeting of the Philadelphia Maritime Exchange to consider the interruption of business by the telegraphers' strike, has been called for Friday next.

WIRES CUT.

CHICAGO, July 25.—All wires of the Western Union company on the Wisconsin and Milwaukee divisions of the Chicago & Northwestern road were cut at 11:45 last night at points about six miles distant from the city. The breaks were discovered, and the wires are working all right again this morning.

BILLS AGAINST THE WESTERN UNION.

PHILADELPHIA, July 25.—C. E. Fuller, of No. 138 South Delaware avenue, this afternoon began five civil suits against the Western Union Telegraph company for refusing to transmit messages for him under the ordinary printed conditions. Fuller appeared before the magistrate this afternoon and had writs issued returnable Monday. The writs will be served on Superintendent Zenlin this afternoon.

Desperate Prize Fight.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., July 25.—A desperate prize fight for \$500 was fought near Nianticott last evening. The principals were Paddy O'Brien, a saloon-keeper, and Mike Brezie. The men fought according to the rules of the Marquis of Queensbury. Eleven rounds were fought when a crowd of women broke into the ring and, brandishing knives and pistols, put a stop to the fight.

The Remains of Gen. Ord.

St. Louis, July 25.—Santiago Ord, son of Gen. E. O. Ord, who died of yellow fever at Havana, left here this morning to arrange for the disposal of his father's remains, which probably cannot be removed before cold weather. Ord is accompanied by Governor Treveno and several other Mexicans. They will proceed at once to New York.

The Ohio Reunion.

COLUMBUS, July 25.—There were about 25,000 visiting citizens and ex-soldiers present at the national reunion to-day, several of the state officials being represented by delegations and representatives of the Grand Army of the Republic. Twenty-five members of the Confederate Fifty-fourth Virginia are being entertained by the Third Ohio, who divided rations with them when taken prisoners. At the reception in the Capitol square, speeches were made by Governor Foster, ex-President Hayes and others. Telegrams of regret were read from many distinguished soldiers and citizens of the

country. At O'Connell's, this afternoon, speeches were made by Judge Foster, Judge Hoadley, Judge Brown and others. Ex-prisoners of war and regimental meetings were held this evening, and a grand display of fireworks closed the day. To-morrow will be the Grand Army day, and it is expected that 8,000 members will be in line.

A "CORDIAL CHRISTIAN."

Brother Beecher Evolves Succinctly and Unequivocally in Chicago.

CHICAGO, July 25.—Last Sunday Rev. J. Spencer Kenard, pastor of the Fourth Baptist church, took occasion of Rev. Henry Ward Beecher's presence in the city to deliver a pleasantly timed sermon combatting the views of the great Brooklyn divine. To-day the papers published a brotherly letter from Beecher to Brother Kenard, perhaps the most succinct and unequivocal statement of Beecher's views yet made public. He says he knows he is orthodox and evangelical as to facts and substance of Christian religion, and knows equally well he is not orthodox as to philosophy, which applied to these facts. He calls himself a cordial christian evolutionist, but does not agree with Spencer, Huxley and Tyndal. He believed the animal part of man evolved from beings below him, while in spiritual value man is the Son of God. Man, he says, is not sinful by nature, but voluntarily.

CAPITOL NOTES.

THE HILL INVESTIGATION.

WASHINGTON, July 25.—In the Hill investigation Coleman read an affidavit reciting facts alleged to have been committed in connection with the stone-dressing contracts, setting forth that testimony essential to the prosecution could be obtained at Quincy, Mass. He asked the committee to go there. The committee reserved decision upon the proposition. Coleman asked that King and Woodman of Chicago be authorized by telegraph to examine the heating apparatus in the Chicago building in order that they be able to testify clearly when they arrive Friday.

THE CALL FOR BONDS.

It is more than probable that a call for bonds will be issued before the close of the present week. The call is very likely to include all outstanding 34 per cent. not yet offered for exchange, amounting nearly to \$31,000,000. The amount of 34 per cent. exchanged into 3 per cent. to date is about \$305,000,000.

THE STEAMSHIP ADELAN.

With yellow fever, arrived at Newport and has been ordered below quarantine station. All foreign vessels entering the Cape will be stopped if there is sickness on board.

THE DENVER REUNION.

DENVER, July 25.—A fitting finale to yesterday's magnificent military pageant was the parade of the Flamingo club, of Lincoln, Colo., of Topeka, Kas. There is nothing in the range of pyrotechnic exhibitions which ever equaled it. Twenty thousand people witnessed the display. The delegates to the encampment held a business meeting at the Tabor Grand opera house to-day. The commander-in-chief, Paul Vandervoort, delivered an address giving the condition of the organizations throughout the country and the number of posts and members by states. The election of commander-in-chief will probably take place Friday morning. It is stated Gen. Barnum has the support of 21 out of 25 of the New York delegation. Nashville and Minneapolis are struggling for the next national encampment, with the chances in favor of the former.

GENERAL FOREIGN NEWS.

BERLIN, July 25.—A great sensation was caused here by the suicide of Dr. Zupulitz, professor of political economy of Berlin university.

CAIRO, July 25.—The khedive visited all cholera hospitals to-day. In the last 12 hours there has been 307 deaths from cholera here, and 71 at Chibi.

VIENNA, July 25.—The governor of Eastern Siberia has asked for eight additional regiments of Russian troops because of the superiority of the Chinese, frontier guard.

LONDON, July 25.—The banquet given by the British volunteers in honor of the American rifle team took place at the Criterion to-night. The American and British rifle teams were present in full uniform. About 100 persons were at the tables.

A DEAD ZULU.

DURBAN, July 25.—It is reported Catwayo has been killed.

SOUTH AMERICAN MATTERS.

LIMA, July 25.—General Lynch published a decree calling upon all officers and chiefs in Lima who were with Caceres, to present themselves within five days at Quatart, on pain of being treated as spies.

Buenos Ayres, July 25.—After considerable discussion in the chamber of deputies, Saturday, the religious instruction bill was rejected by a majority of 43.

Great floods have caused much damage in the country.

THE CHOLERA.

LONDON, July 25.—It is reported that quarantine has been forced against vessels arriving from ports afflicted with cholera. A dispatch to the Times says the number of deaths from cholera at Mansurah yesterday was 13, Chibi 113, Zafzu 24, Mehallet 43, Ghizeh 95, Tantah 16. Two hundred and eighty-four deaths occurred at Cairo within 12 hours.

A VEIN OF BONDHOLDERS.

DES MOINES, Ia., July 25.—J. E. Brown, of New York; J. L. Pierson, of Amsterdam, Holland; and Howland Davis and Chas. E. Whitehead, of New York, prominent officials and bondholders of the Fort Dodge road, are in the city to-night. Their purpose is not known. But it is thought to have some connection with the sale of the Fort Dodge to the Rock Island company.

The Polk Case.

NASHVILLE, July 25.—Judge Allen delivered his charge to the jury in the Polk case this afternoon. The charge was unmistakably unfavorable to the defendant on every count in the indictment. A verdict is not expected before to-morrow.

WEBB'S FATAL FOLLY.

The Noted Swimmer Foolishly Attempts to Breast the Current of Niagara.

The Mighty Torrent Hurts Him into Eternity in a Moment—Details of the Tragedy.

NIAGARA FALLS, July 25.—Up to 10 to-night nothing more has been learned as to the fate of Captain Webb, who to-day attempted to swim over the rapids. In reply to inquiries before setting out on his fatal swim, he said he first thought of swimming the rapids last year, when Capt. Paul Boynton was talking of doing it. However it was only lately he resolved upon attempting it. He came to the falls the first of July and examined the course, and then made up his mind, he said, in going down he would be carried under the water by the current and if he could hold his breath until he came to the surface again he would be all right. He said he could easily hold his breath under water for a minute and a half. He would have to fight to keep at the top. If he could not do so, he said it was all up with him. When asked if he had well considered the matter, he said it was a curious thing, he did not bother much about it. He was going to chance it, it was all luck, said he. He made propositions to railroad companies to have excursions, but they would not come to terms. They thought he was going to commit suicide and they would not encourage it. When asked if there was anything particular he wished to have said on his behalf, he replied that the only thing was that he was not going to make anything out of it, but wanted to show the people he could do it. Captain Webb entered the river above the rapids, about half a mile from the falls. He seemed a mere plaything in the irresistible current. Apparently he made no attempt to shape his course, but was hurried to the falls in a few minutes. He disappeared under the water several times before reaching the precipice. Large crowds lined the banks on both sides, and were horrified at the spectacle of death passing before their eyes. On reaching the edge of the falls Webb threw up his hands and disappeared in the avalanche of water. No trace of the body has yet been found, though a number of persons have been watching the river.

THE INTEREST IN HIS FATE.

BUFFALO, N. Y., July 25.—The interest in the fate of Captain Webb is unabated. The belief is almost general that he perished in the whirlpool. His manager telegraphed Mrs. Webb to-day, "Poor Mat has not turned up yet; hope to find him before morning." Kyle said possibly Webb was alive in some inaccessible place. Bets are said to have been made that he is alive. One gentleman said he believed it was a dummy that went down the rapids, and that Webb will be found somewhere below the whirlpool. Eye witnesses insist that there is no ground for such talk, or for a hope that he is alive.

The Pier Disaster.

BALTIMORE, July 25.—The bodies at the eastern police station were identified this morning as those of Alfred Bargan, 18; Miss Kate Ives, 28; and two children as those of John McAnary, leaving alive but one of that family, a little boy of six years, who was rescued. The bodies of two more children are said to have been found, but only one of them, the child of Bernard McGahan, has reached the city. At 8 o'clock last evening Coroner Larlet began an inquest, at which Esth Starr, pastor of the Church of Corpus Christi, was present. Jacob Bonnet testified he is a special officer at Tivoli. He locked the gates on the wharf about 8 o'clock in the evening by order of the proprietor of the place, to keep the people from getting on the wharf. He refused some young ladies, who wished to return to the ground through the gate, because he feared that others would go through. The boat reached the wharf between 10 and 11 o'clock p. m. Witnesses then opened the gates, and the people rushed through. He begged them to keep back, as the wharf was not the best. Soon after he heard a crash, ran backward saw a number of people in the water. He pulled his clothes off, went into the water, and rescued 12 persons. He also rescued three dead bodies. About 100 persons were on the wharf when it fell. Fully 300 were in the water. The two gates were not where the boat lands. He examined the place where the break occurred and found the timbers partly rotted. There were six or eight lights on the wharf and they were brightly lit. He did not think more than 250 people could stand on the space where the break occurred; had full view of the accident; saw the people struggling in the water; had there been a rush of people many more would have been thrown into the water; thought it a fair estimate to say there were 1,300 people on the excursion. The pier is a mass of packing from one end to the other; after the crash he found the outer gate open; thought it was closed five minutes before. The testimony of this witness will undoubtedly cover all the facts to be brought to light.

The Funerals.

BALTIMORE, July 25.—The funerals of many of those who perished in the disaster at North Point Tivoli, Monday night, took place to-day. They were in every section of the city, and one, which attracted special attention and sympathy, was that of the Cronch family. There were four hearses in that funeral procession. Scarcely a Catholic parish in the city escaped, and in those in the northern and northeastern sections the funerals were numerous.

Too Near the Watermelons.

CHICAGO, July 25.—Richard Conner, private watchman, shot and mortally wounded Myra Frank, 13 years old, last evening, and gave an excuse that the boy was in too close proximity to a railroad car containing watermelons. The watchman is under arrest.

Fatal Accident on the Wabash.

St. Louis, July 25.—A special to the Post-Dispatch, from St. Joe, says a frightful accident occurred last night on the Wabash railway near Lawson. A freight train with one passenger car ran off the rails. Seven passengers in the coach. One, a patent right man from Lathrop,

was killed. Miss Wards, of Richmond, had her arm broken in two places and her shoulder blade broken. Another lady, who lives in Lawson, and was in a delicate condition, was seriously injured. They cannot be removed. The other four passengers, one a Kansas City drummer, were seriously injured.

Fatal Collision of Trains.

SCHENECTADY, N. Y., July 25.—The passenger train which left this city at 5:20 this afternoon on the Saratoga road, came into collision with a wild freight train coming from the north about four miles north of this city. Selvin Raymond, of North Creek, was fatally scalded, and six others seriously injured. Both engines were wrecked, setting fire to and burning one passenger car, one baggage and four freight cars. The accident was caused by the telegraph operator at East Glenville giving wrong directions.

SPORTING NOTES.

PITTSBURG RACES.

PITTSBURG, July 25.—The summer meeting of the Pittsburg Driving Park association was inaugurated to-day, track good and racing spirited. The notable feature was that all winners were by Blue Bell: 2:23 class, Gladiator won, St. Cloud second, Walnut third, Kate McCall fourth; time, 2:24, 2:21, 2:23 and 2:24. In the 2:40 class Mattie H. won in straight heats, Brick second, Hawthorne third, Allen Almost fourth best time, 2:29. In the pacing race Billy S. won in straight heats, Fritz second, Hi Ball third, Juliet fourth; best time, 2:22.

BOSTON RACES.

BOSTON, July 25.—Second day of July meeting, Beacon Park; track good; 2:28 class, Ella Doe won, Hersey 2d, George A. 3d, Heland 4th; time, 2:23, 2:23, 2:24, 2:25. Flora Jefferson won, Boston Boy 2d, Captain 3d; L. L. D. ran, time, 2:32, 2:30, 2:28, 2:30, 2:32, 2:34. DES MOINES RACES.

DES MOINES, Iowa, July 25.—One thousand people attended the races at the old fair grounds to-day. The summary of the three events is as follows: Three minute class, mile heats, best three in five: Pat Agin, Stuart, b. m. Flynce, 1 1 1; Byers, Adel, b. m. Harry Glen, 2 3 4; C. M. Campbell, Des Moines, r. m. Mollie M., 5 5 5; M. C. McCoy, Adel, b. m. Kitty Strader, 3 2 3; C. M. Couch, Des Moines, b. g. Tom Douglas, 4 4 2. Time, 2:46, 2:46, 2:46. Free for all, mile heats, best three in five: C. J. Polly, Des Moines, b. g. Channery, 1 1 1; W. F. Boyd, Des Moines, a. g. Sultan, 3 4 4; W. C. Kusted, Stuart, b. m. Lady, 5 5 5; Scott, McCoy, Adel, b. m. Barney B., 4 3 8; E. B. Woodruff, Knoxville, a. m. Nellie W., 2 2 2. Running race, half mile heats, best two in three: W. F. Harris, Des Moines, a. m. Lucy, 1 1 1; George Harney, Des Moines, a. m. Spauld, 2 2 2. Time, 5:00, 5:12.

BRIGHTON BEACH, July 25.—The track was muddy. Three quarters of a mile, P. H. von, Chili second, Lewinski third; time, 1:20. One mile, Annie C. won, Rushaway second, Monk third; time, 1:48. Two mile, Fair Barbarian won, El Captain second, Pilot third; time, 1:43. Mile and one furlong, Marion Hughes won, Barney Aaron second, Edwin R. third; time, 2:00. One mile, Swift won, Centennial second, Harriet third; time, 1:28.

BASE BALL.

PEORIA, Ill., July 25.—Peoria 3, Bay City 2. QUINCY, July 25.—Grand Rapids 0, Quincy 5. Ten innings. CHICAGO, July 25.—Chicago 11, Philadelphia 2. Eleven innings. DETROIT, July 25.—Detroit 1, New York 0. BUFFALO, July 25.—Boston 9, Buffalo 0. CLEVELAND, July 25.—Providence 8, Cleveland 9.

The Morgan Reunion.

LEXINGTON, Ky., July 25.—The reunion of John Morgan's confederate command is now in progress here. Several hundred members of that notable force are now in camp on a part of the estate of Henry Clay, in tents furnished by the war department. Jefferson Davis was invited, but sent a letter saying ill health prevented him from attempting the fatigue of so long a journey, and the excitement of so joyous an occasion. He continued the name of your association is eloquently commemorative of the daring deeds performed by our suffering heroes, our barbarous indignities inflicted on men who had bravely struggled in an unequal combat to vindicate the rights their fathers left them." A daughter of John Morgan is among the guests. Addresses were made yesterday by Frank Walters, Gen. Preston, Gen. Duke, ex-Gov. McCree, Gen. John S. Williams and others. At night Rev. W. H. Jones, of Richmond, Va., gave a lecture on "The Boys in Gray." The reunion continues to-day.

Chicago Cleaning Up.

CHICAGO, July 25.—Upon application of the city health commissioner the city council has authorized the expenditure of \$10,000 in addition to the regular appropriation for use of the health department and the commissioners state the amount will be increased as necessity demands. The commissioner has engaged a large extra force of teams and men to rid the city of all garbage and refuse, with a view to improving its sanitary condition and to guard against introduction of contagious diseases.

The Longfellow Estate.

BOSTON, July 25.—The appraisal of the property of the poet Longfellow shows the value to be about \$350,000, of which \$200,000 is personal property and \$150,000 real estate.

A Warning to Prayer Meetings.

RICHMOND, Va., July 25.—Night before last a mob containing eight men and two young girls, all colored, that were attending a prayer meeting at Sandy Point, were present at a meeting at Sandy Point, and eight of the party were drowned.

THE HANGING OF HARDY.

The Last of the Polk City Assassins Thoroughly Disposed Of.

He is Dragged from His Cell, Hung, Shot and Drowned—The Last Act of the Tragedy.

Shelby County Republican, July 24.

HARLAN, Iowa, July 24, 1883.—"This done! Another soul has been launched into eternity! Another terrible warning has been given to those who start on a course of crime. The last of the murderers of Postmaster Tinsan and J. W. Maddy has paid the debt of nature, and his soul has gone to its Maker to be judged.

At 2 o'clock this morning, the tragedy that has been nightly expected to occur has taken place, and Hardy, the man who was received from the hands of a mob on Saturday, July 14, and brought to Har-bow to await trial, was taken out by a band of men and killed. The circumstances, as we know them to be, from being a partial witness by the occurrence, and with interviews with persons who were nearest connected with the case, are as follows:

About ten o'clock in the evening Mrs. Watkins, wife of Judge Watkins, thought she heard some prowling around the jail, and Deputy Sheriff George Bennett and Watkins went on a search, but discovering nothing they went to their rest again; but about two o'clock the jail was suddenly surrounded by a body of masked men numbering from eighty to one hundred, who speedily entered the jail, overpowered Watkins and sent him with a cord—supposed to be a piece of check-roped rope. They then took the keys from Mrs. Watkins and speedily opened the cell in which the prisoner was, and took him out, the whole transaction occupying but a few moments, and little noise being made.

Being this, Deputy Sheriff Bennett was hurried up stairs in the jail, and of course could do nothing, but as soon as the mob went off with the prisoner he fired several shots which aroused the neighbors. Henry Ash, the night watch, had also seen the mob and he rang the fire bell, which brought out quick a crowd of men, men who generally seemed bewildered, and did not know just where to go to find anything.

The mob, with Hardy, in the meantime rapidly made their way toward the bridge across the "Botna" near Judge Chaburn's mill, leaving the jail by the street going toward the square, turning the corner by Zimmerman's livery, and going south one block, then east two blocks to Third street, which they followed until the road branched off to the mill. They probably thought of hanging the prisoner on the way down, for quite a large tree in front of Mr. J. C. Hardman's house was broken down. Mr. Hardman says he heard the crowd when they came up town, and about half of them stopped at the tree and appeared to be doing something, while the ones who passed saw and heard them, and they went away came back to the tree, and the whole crowd started toward the jail. It seems, however, that they must have changed their minds about hanging Hardy in Harlan, for they went on toward the bridge. Many persons living along the streets thought they were passing saw and heard them, and they variously estimate the number at from 50 to 100. Judging from the footprints we say in the dusty road we should think 50 was about the number.

Passing Judge Chaburn's house which is about 200 yards west of the bridge, they did not shake anyone until they commenced firing shots near and on the bridge. This aroused the occupants at Chaburn's, and Judge Chaburn and Sheriff Chaburn, his son, who was staying there, speedily got up, before they could see anything the mob had completed their work and gone.

The writer hereof happened to be awake when the firing commenced, and distinctly heard every shot, of which there were nearly a hundred fired. We speedily shook off drowsy slumber and went out investigating before the fire-bell rang, and soon gathered enough information to urge us forward to the bridge, which we rightly supposed to be the scene of the tragedy, and we were accompanied by about 150 persons.

Arriving at the bridge no trace of the mob or the prisoner was to be seen, and a few persons who were there in advance had turned back, saying Hardy was not to be found. This did not satisfy the minds of all, and various speculations were indulged in regard to what had been done with the prisoner. It was surmised he had either been shot or hung, and then thrown into the water, and had probably floated down stream.

J. H. Weeks volunteered to go into the water, and divesting himself of his clothes he waded once across the stream, about fifteen feet below the bridge, without results. He then waded back towards the east side, closer to the bridge, and there he had got within about ten feet of the east side of the creek, he exclaimed, "Here he is!" The spectators immediately made a rush for the east side of the bank, and the writer, with Sheriff Chaburn, drew him out of the water, and with the help of several others, carried him up the bank.

He was immediately examined and his hands were found to be tied behind him with a strong tarred cord (the cord we now have in our possession) a piece of the same cord which was used to bind Watkins when he was overpowered. It was found that a rope had been around his neck, and it had left its mark plainly on the skin, and his neck was also broken. His hands were tied into his body, and when he went into his back between his shoulders, and one went into his breast near the heart. It cannot be told whether he was first shot and then hung, or vice versa, but certain it is that the job was done with a vengeance and in a most thorough manner.

Coroner Chaburn took charge of the body, and after making an examination, it was brought to town and put in charge of Henry Carl, the undertaker, and an inquest will be held this forenoon. The corpse presented a most ghastly and horrible sight when dragged out in wined moonlight; and the set teeth and contorted features bore evidence to the agony he must have endured while on the way to the scene of the execution. The prisoner was dressed in his shirt and

pants and had on a pair of socks. The rope with which his hands were tied is about three feet long.

The crowd who did the lynching were evidently well prepared, and seemed to be well armed with revolvers. They came from the direction of Marne, on horse-back, and halted on the road east of the bridge, about 300 yards, where they tied their horses and came on foot to town, a distance of one mile. They had sentinels posted around, and were provided with sledge hammers and other tools to break open the jail if necessary. It seems that the door of the cell in which Hardy was had a combination lock, but it was not set.

Persons who heard the mob passing on the way to the bridge say they heard Hardy's voice, pleading for mercy, and they heard men say to drag him. This is the last act of the tragedy! Who did the lynching? No one knows; and probably the perpetrators are sworn to secrecy, and none but themselves will ever know. But they were undoubtedly men from Marne and vicinity, and perhaps some from Polk City.

POLITICAL NOTES.

VIRGINIA DEMOCRATS.

LYNCHBURG, Va., July 25.—The democratic state convention met at the opera house this afternoon. Every county in the state was fully represented. The hall was crowded. Temporary organization was had by the election of Corbin M. Reynolds chairman. After recess Gen. James A. Walker, of Pulaski, was made permanent chairman. The convention unanimously elected John Barbour chairman of the state central committee. Barbour accepted, amidst tremendous cheering. Adjourned till to-morrow.

THE NEW HAMPSHIRE CONTEST.

CONCORD, N. H., July 25.—Second ballot: Chandler received 65 votes, Harry Bingham 111, necessary to choice, 157. At a conference to-night Patterson declined to be considered a candidate any longer. The vote for him will scatter to-morrow. Grafton county men to-night agreed to vote for Finke to-morrow. It is said Secretary Chandler will not withdraw.

TELEGRAPH NOTES.

Careful inquiry among leading butter dealers in Boston developed the fact that the Chicago market was being flooded with New York dealers had stored heavily of butter in the west and lost the same, is wholly false.

Indications: For the Missouri valley, partly cloudy weather and local rains, followed by clearing weather, southerly shifting to westerly winds, falling followed by rising barometer, rising followed by falling temperature.

A meeting of the managers of western roads is being held in Denver, with the object of forming a California pool.

The reunion of Morgan's men continued at Lexington, Kentucky, yesterday. Fifteen hundred men marched by the grave of their leader, John H. Morgan, unweaving their heads as they passed the grave and decorating it with flowers.

The Leonard & Bloecis wire factory, at Piqua, O., burned last night. Loss \$40,000; insurance \$19,000. A wall fell on four persons, injuring all severely.

Robert Reed, Samuel Harland and William Dunn were shockingly burned by an explosion of a boiler blast at the Crane Iron works, Cataumet, Pa.

Meeting of Iowa Miners.

DES MOINES, July 25.—The Iowa miners and mine operators held a joint convention here to-day. There were 20 delegates present, representing about 3500 miners. The purpose of the convention was stated by the president, F. P. O'Brien, to be to bring about a just settlement between the miners and the operators that would be just to all parties, and by which strikes might be avoided and differences amicably adjusted. The operators presented a resolution, by which they were willing to meet the miners in a spirit of good fellowship and that they were ready to discuss all questions of mutual interest with a view to an amicable settlement, and recommending a committee of miners and operatives be appointed to confer with each other to devise ways and means for the accomplishment of these ends, by which the questions of weighing and screening coal, etc., may be satisfactorily settled, said committee to report not later than August 20th. This proposition was agreed to and the committees were appointed. Another meeting is to be held at a time to be agreed upon by the committees.

The Big Pool in Session.

NEW YORK, July 25.—The joint executive committee continued its session at the office of Commissioner Fink to-day. The principal subject of discussion was protection of St. Louis lines from cutting of rates by lines west of Chicago. It was agreed to harmonize the difficulty by requesting all western connections of the trunk lines beyond Chicago and St. Louis to discontinue the payment of commissions at all differential points in the east on all west bound business, and to abolish the sale of orders on tickets issued by any of these roads at seaboard fares. Applications for differential fares on third class business between New York and Chicago by way of Urbana over the Grand Trunk, Wabash and Ohio & Mississippi lines, as well as between several other points in the interior, were laid over for discussion at to-morrow's meeting.

Other Strikes.

NEW