

THE BUCKING BROTHERHOOD.

Complete Details of the Telegraphers Strike Throughout the Country.

The Company's Side of the Struggle Well Vented—The Force of "Plugs" Quite Numerous.

NEW YORK, July 19.—At precisely 12 o'clock, Washington time, several hundred operators in the Western Union telegraph room, laid down their utensils and started for the halls. Supt. Huntington, who was present, said the number to leave was about what had been expected, from the reports made to the company.

NEW YORK, July 19.—The telegraphers strike was inaugurated at 11:47 this morning. At that hour, at a given signal, every member of the brotherhood quit work, and copying out of several offices formed a procession and marched to headquarters, where a meeting was held.

CHICAGO, July 19.—At 12 o'clock, Washington time, the main body of the army of operators in the Western Union offices in this city went out on their strike. The scene in the operator's room was a memorable one. There had been a feeling of nervous excitement for 24 hours, and it had been wrought up to a high pitch by the almost absolute certainty that work would cease at 11 o'clock to-day.

WASHINGTON, July 19.—It is rumored here that the report that General Grant dropped dead on the street in New York, was a natural confusion of the telegraph operators to strike, it being well understood the public at large, as well as the operators, might be relied upon to spread that story rapidly.

ST. LOUIS, July 19.—Fifty-four of the seventy-five operators of the day force on the Washington line had stopped work, and were in the office, but the manager was not sure all would remain. Nearly all members of the night force are congregated on the sidewalk at or near the office.

NEW YORK, July 19.—Owing to the rumor having been put in circulation at various places this morning that General Grant had been killed, inquiry was made at the General's office in Wall street, where it was learned he was at Long Branch in good health.

CHICAGO, July 19.—The situation in this city growing out of the strike of the telegraphers showed no material change as the day wore on save in the working force in the Western Union office, which became gradually enlarged, and at five o'clock in the afternoon ninety new men were busy at the keys.

W. Blumberg

A number of responses have already, and a force of over 100 men are now on duty.

THE SIGNAL IN NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, July 19.—The Telegram says: The signal to strike was a whistle which was blown by Frank R. Phillips of the cable department, at 12:10. The minute it was blown the operators rose in their seats and cheered. Dispatches had meanwhile been sent to offices in the principal cities to be ready for the signal.

THE EVENING POST SAYS OF THE STRIKE: "Whatever the means at the company's disposal may be to tide over this crisis without very serious injury to the interests of the public, there is a strong impression abroad that the strike ought to have been prevented and the position of the operators makes it appear probable that it might have been."

THE MAIL AND EXPRESS, ARGUING FOR THE COMPANY, SAY: "Operators will have a chance to say how strictly and sternly public opinion will hold them responsible for being to blame for the stoppage of telegraphic facilities that are the life of business and journalism."

THE PLAN AT PITTSBURG.

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MEMBERS OF THE BROTHERHOOD

building were appointed. Whenever one of the "loyal" operators appeared he was surrounded by strikers who tried to persuade him to quit work.

NEW YORK, July 19.—The general business of the Western Union company was in such satisfactory condition this evening that General Eckert, acting president, went home as usual to Long Branch.

THE NIGHT GANGES.

CHICAGO, July 19.—Reports received from the superintendents at various points is to the following effect: Cincinnati—Everything is working elegantly in this district; every office is fully equipped except Cincinnati.

ST. LOUIS—WORKING EVERYWHERE

sixty nine operators, full day force on duty.

CLEVELAND—GOOD WORKING FORCES

at Cleveland, Detroit and Toledo and more coming.

MINNEAPOLIS—ALL CIRCUITS WERE MANNED

by 3 p. m.

OMAHA—WILL HAVE NEARLY FULL FORCE

at the principal points by to-morrow morning.

SAN FRANCISCO—FULL REGULAR FORCE

of 28 operators, 16 joined the strikes all vacancies will be filled to-night.

ST. JOSEPH, MO.—FULL FORCE RETURNED

to work, claimed it was through misunderstanding.

DES MOINES—ONLY ONE STRIKER

Reports from the Indianapolis district, embracing Indiana, eastern Ohio, and western Illinois, shows all points except three or four with full force.

F. H. TUBBS, SUPERINTENDENT OF THE

Chicago district, reports 80 good operators at work immediately after the strike, and business practically clear at 3 o'clock.

THE WHEATSTONE SYSTEM BETWEEN CHICAGO

and New York was worked to its fullest capacity ever since the strike and doing excellent work.

REPORTS FROM THE CHICAGO DISTRICT,

embracing most of Illinois, Wisconsin, Minnesota, Iowa and Dakota, show nearly full force at most points and business generally clear.

KROOK, IOWA, JULY 19.—THE ENTIRE

force of operators in the Western Union office in Keokuk, Iowa, are at work and will not go out with the strikers.

NEW YORK, July 19.—The executive

committee of the Brotherhood, which had been in session this morning, sent a letter to General Eckert. It said: "On Monday, the 18th inst., a committee of the telegraph operators submitted to your consideration a petition entreated them for presentation to you by the Brotherhood of Telegraphers."

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THE OUTBREAK AT LOUISVILLE.

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here that the report that General Grant dropped dead on the street in New York, was a natural confusion of the telegraph operators to strike, it being well understood the public at large, as well as the operators, might be relied upon to spread that story rapidly.

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A MARVELOUS MEETING.

The Gathering of Fleet-Footed Horses at Chicago.

Terrific Trotting and Pacing—Races Elsewhere—Base Ball Record.

SPORTING NOTES.

THE CHICAGO MEETING.

CHICAGO, July 19.—The fifth day of the Chicago Driving park summer meeting furnished rare sport. All conditions were most favorable—the weather warm, very little wind blowing, track unusually fast, contests close and exciting, and the average time made never before equaled for any one day at any place.

THE LOCKOUT IN KANSAS.

KANSAS CITY, July 19.—The night manager of the Western Union office reports the force on duty to-night sufficient to take care of all business.

NEW ORLEANS, July 18.—Of 42 operators

employed by the Western Union company in this city 37 struck. The company obtained five other operators, enabling it to handle press reports and a quantity of general business.

OTHER STRIKES.

CHICAGO, July 19.—This afternoon the employees in the Bessemer steel works at South Chicago presented a demand to the company for a change from work by the day to work by the ton.

THE GREAT STRIKE.

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THE PRESIDENTIAL RACE

Spicy Interviews With Dana, Reid and Hastings.

The Great Editors Illuminate the Dark Hours—Arthur for the Republicans, McDonald for the Democrats.

NEW YORK, July 19.—The Herald prints interviews of its reporters with Editors Dana, of The Sun, Reid, of The Tribune, and Hastings, of The Cincinnati Commercial, on the presidential situation.

THE INTERNATIONAL MATCH.

LONDON, July 19.—Twelve riflemen who are to shoot against the Americans in the international match at Wimbledon Friday and Saturday were selected this morning as follows: Private McVittie, Corporal Bates, Corporal Perry, Sergeant Dadds, Major Young, Major Pearce, Quartermaster Goldsmith, Private Gibbs, Captain Gosals, Private Lowe, Major Humphrey and Private Long.

THE DAPHNE WRECK.

This evening 17 more corpses were recovered from the engine room and stoke hole of the sunken steamship Daphne.

BRADLAUGH AGAIN.

The Sergeant at Arms of the house of commons to-day reported to that body that Bradlaugh had brought injunction against him to restrain him from preventing Bradlaugh from entering the house.

SPANISH AFFAIRS.

MADRID, July 19.—A credit of one million pesetas were voted to the government to defray the cost of all possible measures to prevent the introduction of cholera into Spain.

THE JEWISH TRIALS.

VIENNA, July 19.—At the trial at Ny-areghyvana of the Jews charged with the murder of a Christian girl, a constable deposed that he was compelled, under orders, to bastinado a prisoner and torture him with thumb-screws.

MISCELLANEOUS.

BERLIN, July 19.—The empress of Austria is suffering from partial paralysis.

Disturbances Down South.

LIMA, Peru, July 19.—A strong and prolonged shock of earthquake was felt at half past 2 o'clock this morning.

Virginia for Blaine.

RICHMOND, July 19.—The state central republican committee elected John F. Desondor chairman, vice J. Cochran resigned. The resolutions endorse Desondor, condemn the national administration for throwing its influence against the republican candidates at the instance of the bosses of the readjuster party and in removing from office republicans who have always been active support of the party, and placing in their positions men who refuse to acknowledge themselves republicans.

The Cotton Worm.

AUSTIN, Tex., July 18.—The cotton worm has appeared west of Austin on the railroad to San Antonio and is doing much harm. Its early appearance causes fear of great damage.

The Chicago City Railway.

CHICAGO, July 19.—Francis Adams, counsel to the corporation, has presented to the council committee an opinion on the question whether the charter originally granted 35 years ago to the city railway companies by the state legislature to run 25 years remained valid or was superseded by the subsequent act extending the franchise 99 years. He holds the extension valid.

THE IOWA CAMPAIGN.

The Joint Discussion of the Candidates for Governor.

DES MOINES, July 19.—Since arrangements have been made for a joint discussion between the republican and democratic candidates for governor, General Weaver, the greenback candidate, has asked to be admitted to the debate.

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