A SYMPHONY ON SAINTS.

The Colored Troops Trot Out Their Band and Serenade St. Stephen.

The Immaculate Meteor Adds His Voice to "the Concord of Sweet Sounds."

The Government Viciously Denounced and the Jury Deified.

Important Accessions to the Democratic Ranks.

DORSEY SPEAKS.

Special Dispatch to THE BEE.

WASHINGTON, June 15. — S. W. Dorsey was serenaded late this evening by the colored republican club of this city. He made a brief speech in acknowledgement of the courtesy, in which he said: "I thank you for the heart you have shown in calling here this evening. I thank you, not only for myself, but for all the defendants; I thank you, not only for all the defendants, but their families, for the courage you have shown in the presence of all the dishonor that the government has tried to put upon me in plastering the graves of mothers and the cradles of babies with infamy by unjust power. You are brave and strong enough to raise up your voice and your right hand against this attempted injustice. I thank you for the pluck, men like you can show in looking in the face of power. But over and above all that, this verdict has told the story in whose presence humanity will bow down. Possibly not this year or next, but the time will come when it will be pointed to as Macauley pointed to the trial of Warren Hastings, "The trembling wires of intelligence that bore the message of acquittal to Berlin, Moscow and Dublin, told the poor, lowly and hopeless that there were yet twelve men to be found who would deal justly by them; that there was not a government large enough, there was not a public treasury fruitful enough, there were not loads of gold thick enough, there was not executive power great enough to seduce the judgment of twelve honest men." This trial and this verdict has placed upon the books of justice a splendid record of the manhood of men. The jury was made up of democrats and republicans, colored men, white men, Protestants, Catholics, Atheists; all agreed that the men charged were not guilty. So it turns out that in the District of Columbia, where the cloud of power casts its shadow over every individual, twelve men could be found who 'would not bend the pregnant hinges of the knee that thrift might follow fawning.' The halo of glory and truth will hang about them as long as they live; it will decorate every thatched cottage that has been built, or will be built in the next thousand years. Good bye, I thank you."

A LETTER FROM DORSEY.

Ex-Senator Dorsey has written the following letter to the newly-elected secretary of the republican national committee, Gen. Jno. A. Martin, of Atchison, Kas:

DEAR SIR:—At the time when I was confined in a dark room, unable to see the walls, I received a letter from you. I supposed an answer was sent you, but it turns out the stenographic notes were never transcribed. I regret this. When I was appointed secretary of the republican national committee, at the request of Gen. Garfield, and accepted the place at the earnest solicitation of Gen. Arthur, representing the Grant side of the house, and Wm. E. Chandler, representing the Blaine side, I made the same request of Gov. McCormick, who was my predecessor, that you have made of me. I had at that time a fanciful notion that a record had been kept of the republican party that showed its life and purpose, that would leave a permanent history of an honorable existence, and show what had transpired in '56, '60, '68, and '72; that that record belonged to the republican national committee, and that the secretary was the proper custodian of it. Chandler gave McCormick no records. Mr. McCormick told me he had no records to give. I have nothing more to give you than they have given me. I have a great mass of papers relating to the campaign. They are chiefly letters addressed to me, and letters written by me, in which no one could have the slightest interest, except to obtain curious information.

When I accepted the secretaryship I made a condition that not a penny of money subscribed for political purposes should come into my hands. There never was a dollar of subscribed funds received by me or paid out by me personally. The money was under my direction, but all my personal expenses, and the expenses of the clerks serving with me, were paid from my own pocket, amounting to over $1,300. The only records I have are the paid checks of my own contributions.

The bank book showing the charge of my own folly I think best to keep as a reminder of the splendid gratitude of dishonest power. In the midst of the storm brought about by the efforts I had put forth under its direction and in its behalf, a brutal assault was made upon me as leader of the committee, when I was not present to defend myself, and not one among the forty members had the courage or manhood to resent the miserable cowardice of an ambitious hypocrite. But bear in mind that justice will some time be written by the hand of honor. So far as I am personally concerned, if there is any paper in my possession, or any suggestion I can make, I will be gratified to respond to your call.

Sincerely yours,
STEPHEN A. DORSEY.

The Pennsylvania Railroad.

Special Dispatches to THE BEE.

PHILADELPHIA, June 15.—The Pennsylvania railroad stockholders' privilege of subscribing to the new stock of the company, expired this afternoon. Although the actual allotment of subscriptions cannot be learned until computations are made, which will take ten days, officers of the company say there is no doubt that the entire allotment, amounting to 100,000 shares, will be taken. For some time the rumor has been current that the Pennsylvania railroad company intended leasing the lines of the Lehigh railroad company. The stock has not been disturbed in any perceptible way until to-day, when it took a leap of nearly five dollars a share. This sudden activity and enormous rise comes of the fact that on Third street to-day the rumored lease was given high color by assurances that an agreement had been perfected and that the Pennsylvania railroad company had taken the road and guaranteed a dividend from 10 to 15 per cent on the Lehigh Valley road's capital stock.

The St. Joe Saengerfest.

Special Dispatch to THE BEE.

ST. JOE, MO., June 15.—The saengerfest opened with every prospect of success. The city is finely decorated. The Omaha Maennerchor is in the best of spirits, and the Fourth Infantry band is prime. They excel. Bach's orchestra arrived this morning. The grand concerts are an assured success.

THE OLD WORLD.

CHILI AND PERU.

Special Dispatch to THE BEE.

LIMA, June 15.—The following particulars relative to the terms of peace are published here, taken from letters stolen from a special courier en route to Gen. Iglesias: Chili not to forfeit decrees about guano and saltpeter, issued February 9 and March 20, 1882; that the net profit of 1,000,000 tons, deducting expense, be equally divided between the Chilian and Peruvian bondholders. These profits are only to come out of the islands now worked, as the future mines found in the annexed territories belong exclusively to Chili, who can dispose of such newly discovered mines at will. Chili does not hold herself responsible for any indebtedness of Peru. Chili holds sovereignty of the Lobos islands until sufficient guarantee to fulfill the sale of 1,000,000 tons. When the treaty is ratified Chili turns over to Peru 50 per cent of the net proceeds from the Lobos islands. Lastly, commercial relations and indemnity to the Chilian citizens will be discussed afterwards.

GENERAL FOREIGN NOTES.

Special Dispatches to THE BEE.

THE GERMAN PARLIAMENT.

BERLIN, June 15.—The committee of the lower house of the landtag, on the church bill, has approved clause five of the measure, with an amendment allowing bishops recognized by the state to exercise their functions outside their dioceses. All amendments to the sixth clause, which repeals the provisions of the May laws inconsistent with the bill, were rejected. The first reading of the bill was conceded by the committee.

Herr Windthorst, Ultramontane leader, and the centre party, are undecided whether to vote for the second reading of the church bill.

The Emperor will have an interview with the King of Denmark at Wiesbaden Saturday. This will be their first interview since 1879. It is probably intended to make further arrangements for strengthening the relations between Denmark and Germany.

BOMBARDING MAJUNGA.

PARIS, June 15.—Admiral Pierre, commander of the French fleet at Madagascar, in a report of the bombardment of Majunga, May 16th, says he demanded the surrender of the place, but received an evasive reply. Five vessels opened fire on the town, and three forts, mounting thirty guns quickly silenced. The Hova quarter of the town was destroyed, but the French factory and most of the American houses escaped injury. The garrison of 3,000 men retreated. The French sustained no loss. They occupied the town and are collecting customs.

ANOTHER BRIGHT SPEECH.

LONDON, June 15.—John Bright, responding to a speech of Lord Granville, at a banquet given the former at Birmingham last night, dwelt on the necessity of extending the freedom of trade and franchise, and redistribution of seats in the commons. Referring to India, he said he hoped the Marquis of Ripon, viceroy, would be supported in carrying out his policy of wisdom and justice. He reprobated the course of the obstructionists in the commons, who, he said, allied with the Irish rebel party, were doing their utmost to make it impossible for the house to do any work.

THE SENTENCES.

LONDON, June 15.—The Times says that the sentences of the dynamite conspirators, Gallagher, Whitehead, Wilson and Curtin, are severe, but considerin gthe heinousness of the offense, they received no more than their deserts. All the London journals approve of the sentence.

DUBLIN, June 15.—The Freeman's Journal approves the sentence of Dr. Thos. Gallagher, Henry Wilson, John Curtin and Alfred Whitehead.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

LONDON, June 15.—The commons last night passed a bill providing for grants to Admiral Seymour and Wolseley for services rendered during the war in England.

The Temperance People.

Special Dispatch to THE BEE.

HALIFAX, June 15.—The Grand Lodge of Good Templars of the world adopted the reports of the committee on the color question, rejoicing in the vindication of the fundamental principles of the order by the institution of the order in fourteen out of fifteen of the southern states of America. The session then closed.

Railroad Matters.

Special Dispatch to THE BEE.

GALVESTON, June 15.—It is rumored that the Galveston stockholders, who hold a controlling interest in the Santa Fe railway, have agreed to pool their earnings and stock for five years and vote against any sale of the road.

High License in Illinois.

Special Dispatch to THE BEE.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., June 15.—The Harper high license bill passed the senate this afternoon by a vote of 30 to 20, the republicans supporting and the democrats opposing the measure. Gov. Hamilton signed the bill a few moments after its passage. The new law fixes the whisky license at $500 and beer at $150 annually, over the entire state, including all cities and towns. The new law goes into effect the first day of July next.

SPORTING.

Special Dispatches to THE BEE.

THE TURF.

COVINGTON, June 15.—The Latonia Jockey club: Club purse, mile and one furlong, Drake Carter won, Emma Manley second, Centerville third; time, 2:02½.

Club purse, mile and a quarter, Little Buttercup won, Metropolis second, Major Hughes third; time, 2:14¼.

Hinnyar stakes, for three year-olds, mile and three furlongs, Lsolatus won, Referee second, Aztec third; time, 2:27¾.

Club purse, mile heats, Lord Raylan won, Ballast second, Oakleaf third; time, 1:46½, 1:46, 1:47½.

BRIGHTON BEACH, June 15.—Coney Island races: Three-quarters of a mile dash, Little Minch won, Harriet second, Hostage third; time, 1:15.

Mile dash, Clara B won, Little Katie second, Centennial third; time, 1:44.

Mile and a quarter, Hilarity won, Benaretta second, Mont third; time, 2:11.

Fourth race, one mile, Fair Water won, Gen Allen second, Doubtful third; time, 1:45¾.

Steeple chase, Moscow won, Captain York second, Ranger third; time, 2:44.

COLUMBUS, O., June 15.—Free-for-all pace: Flora Belle won in three straight heats, Sailor Boy second, Lincoln Jack third; time, 2:18½, 2:22¼, 2:21¼.

Class 2,35: Blanche H. won in straight heats, Moodie H. second, Kitty Woods third, Nettie R. fourth; best time: 2:06¼.

HARTFORD, July 15.—Last day of Charter Oak park meeting. Class 2:25, Ezra L. won, Nickel second; Valley Boy third, Frank fourth; time, 2:21, 2:21¼, 2:22½, 2:23.

Class 2:42, Judge Davis won in straight heats, H. C. Winship second, McCure third; time, 2:22, 2:25¼, 2:25½.

BASE BALL.

PHILADELPHIA, June 15.—Buffalos, 22; Philadelphias, 4.

BOSTON, June 15.—Chicagos, 8; Bostons, 3.

PROVIDENCE, June 15.—Providence, 5; Detroits, 2.

NEW YORK, June 15.—Clevelands, 6; New Yorks, 3.

A Talk With Bishop Spaulding.

Special Dispatch to THE BEE.

PEORIA, June 15.—In an interview with Bishop Spaulding this morning, the distinguished prelate corroborated the statement that the archbishops of the United States have been commanded to assemble at Rome next October, to arrange a programme for a plenary council to be held in America. The business of the council will only pertain to ecclesiastical offices in this country, not involving Irish affairs. It is three months since Bishop Spaulding left Rome, and the above was the pontifical intentions at the time of his departure. The plans for the establishment of a Catholic university in this country are immature.

Another Oil Well.

Special Dispatch to THE BEE.

TITUSVILLE, June 15.—The Grandin well, No 9, near Balltown, was drilled into sand this afternoon, and proved to be a big well. It yielded 25 barrels the first hour and 55 the second, and will do from 300 to 500 barrels the first 24 hours.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The greatest medical wonder of the world. Warranted to speedily cure Burns, Bruises, Cuts, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Cancers, Piles, Chilblains, Corns, Tetter, Chapped Hands, and all skin eruptions, guaranteed to cure in every instance, or money refunded. 25 cents per box.
For sale by C. F. Goodman.

Trade Embarrassments.

Reported by Bradstreet.

There were 148 failures in the United States reported to Bredstreet's during the past week, 12 less than the preceding week, 18 more than the corresponding week of 1882, and 66 more than the same week of 1881. Compared with the previous week the middle states had 37, an increase of 3; New England states 28, an increase of 3; southern states 27, an increase of 2; western states 40, a decrease of 16; Pacific coast states and territories, 16, a decrease of 4; Canada and the provinces 32, an increase of 17. The failures generally were not important. The Grafton Iron company, of Pittsburgh, Pa., and Leetonia, Ohio, asked an extension, and A. O. Tinstman & Co., coke manufacturers of Pittsburgh, assigned. In the principal trades they were as follows: Grocers, 23; general traders, 20; liquors, 11; shoes, 9; clothing, 9; dry goods, 6; millinery, 5; hardware, 5; manufacturers, 5; furniture, 4; tobacco and cigars, 3; produce and provisions, 3; lumber, 3; flour, grain, etc., 3; hotels and restaurants, 3; jewelry, 3; brokers 2; drugs, 2.

TUTT'S PILLS

SYMPTOMS OF A TORPID LIVER

Loss of Appetite, Bowels costive, Pain in the Head, with a dull sensation in the back part, Pain under the Shoulder blade, fullness after eating, with a disinclination to exertion of body or mind, Irritability of temper, Low spirits, with a feeling of having neglected some duty, Weariness, Dizziness, Fluttering at the heart, Dots before the eyes, Yellow Skin, Headache generally over the right eye, Restlessness, with fitful dreams, highly colored Urine, and

CONSTIPATION.

TUTT'S PILLS are especially adapted to such cases, one dose effects such a change of feeling as to astonish the sufferer.
They increase the Appetite, and cause the body to Take on Flesh, thus the system is nourished, and by their Tonic Action on the Digestive Organs, Regular Stools are produced. Price 25 cents.
35 Murray St., N. Y.

TUTT'S HAIR DYE.

GRAY HAIR OR WHISKERS change to a GLOSSY BLACK by a single application of this DYE. It imparts a natural color. Acts instantaneously. Sold by Druggists, or sent by express on receipt of $1.00.
OFFICE, 35 MURRAY ST., N. Y.
(Dr. TUTT'S HANDY ASTRAL of valuable information and useful receipts will be mailed FREE on application.)

A HEARTFELT TOKEN.

With Which a Kansas Man Eased the Trobbing of a Deceitful Bosom.

He Bores His Faithless Wife with Lead and Bangs the Whole Shebang.

The Developments in the Famous Ashland Tragedy Exciting Kentucky.

A Black Fiend in Alabama Hurled Hellward Without Prayers.

A Faithless Wife Killed.

Special Dispatch to THE BEE.

KANSAS CITY, June 15.—John Rayser, a mechanic aged 24, this afternoon shot and killed Ada Thorne, aged 18, an inmate of a bagnio on West Third street. Rayser married the girl about a year ago at Leavenworth. She afterward left him, and several weeks ago entered a life of shame in this city. Rayser, while under the influence of liquor, visited her this afternoon, and attempted to persuade her to return. Failing in this he drew a revolver and fired five times, three balls entering the woman's head, one her shoulder and last through her heart. Reloading, he fired twice at the other inmates and twice at an officer who attempted to arrest him, but without effect. He was then overpowered and taken to the station.

Orth Stein was indicted to-day by the grand jury for the murder of Geo. Grederick.

Judge Krum's Stealings.

Special Dispatch to THE BEE.

ST. LOUIS, June 15.—Application was made this afternoon in the probate court, by an attorney for Mrs. Mary Manning, one of the heirs of the Ford estate, of which the missing ex-Judge Chester H. Krum was administrator, for the appointment of another person to take charge of the estate. The attorney stated that from an examination of the records it was found false statements had been filed in the court. Mrs. Manning, in an interview, stated that Krum had from $40,000 to $50,000 which was due her; that he had failed to make any settlement with her for three years; that his replies to her inquiries were all evasive, etc.

Clarence Newcomb, of Thiel's detective bureau, returned to-day and confirmed his previous statement that Krum had traveled with him from San Francisco to Ogden. Krum was registered at the Palace hotel, San Francisco, under the name of James Reilly, and traveled under that name. His ticket was for Salt Lake City, but at Ogden he suddenly changed his mind, and saying he would go to Park City, a mining town in Utah, he gave him the slip. Nothing has been heard of Krum's whereabouts since.

The Ashland Criminals.

Special Dispatch to THE BEE.

CATLETTSBURG, Ky., June 15.—The preliminary hearing of the case of Wm. Direly (colored), the newly arrested prisoner charged with committing, with two other negroes, the outrage on the Gibbons girl, and the brother at Ashland, Ky., continued to Monday at the request of detectives. Ellis, Neal and Craft were tried, found guilty and ordered to be hanged for the murders. On the confession of Ellis, who was afterwards lynched, Neal and Craft have been contesting the case in the higher courts for the past six months, and were recently refused a new trial. The arrest of Direly on newly discovered evidence puts an entirely new phase on these celebrated murders. There is great excitement in Kentucky over the arrest of Direly in Ohio. Including Ellis and the victims of the outrages, sixteen lives have already been forfeited.

A Black Brute Lynched.

Special Dispatch to THE BEE.

WETUMPKA, Ala., June 15.—Jordon Corbon, who murdered Benj. Carden and seriously wounded his wife and son, for the purpose of raping Carden's daughter, near Coosacoo, Monday night, was captured by citizens and put in jail Wednesday. That night he was taken from jail by a crowd of 500 and hung. The crime was the most deliberate, horrible and exasperating conceivable, Corbin staying around the house an hour. It was barricaded by the wounded wife with a bed on which lay her dead husband, shot in the head while asleep by a gun pushed through the window. The daughter escaped to the woods in the night. She was since found almost dead from fright and is not expected to live. The mother and son are very seriously injured, but will recover.

Sidetracked in Mexico.

Special Dispatches to THE BEE.

GALVESTON, June 15.—A Bustamente special says: Night before last the down train from Monterey ran over the body of a Mexican lying on the track. An armed force of Mexicans arrested and jailed all the hands of the next train that passed. Another train reached the station this morning and was sidetracked. It has not yet been released. The affair will probably receive diplomatic notice. It is thought American capitalists will use the case as a test of the Mexican law for the protection of property.

Another Lynching Party.

Special Dispatch to THE BEE.

DEGROIT, June 16.—A man named Warren, believed to be the person who outraged and stabbed little Nettie Lyons at Gleboygan, Sunday night last, was taken from the jail at that place last night by a mob of 500 and hung. The girl identified him as her assailant but he maintained his innocence after being once let down. No confession could be extorted from him.

Barnes Acquitted.

Special Dispatch to THE BEE.

LOUISVILLE, June 15.—Dr. Barnes, for killing his brother-in-law, Clarence Boyd, was before the city court this morning, and after argument for and against the motion to dismiss, the case was discharged.

$5,000 Short.

Special Dispatch to THE BEE.

CHICAGO, June 15.—Capt. Clinton Spencer, postmaster at Ypsilanti, has been suspended for a deficit of $5,000 in his accounts. He is highly respected, lost his leg at Gettysburg, and was supporting some helpless relatives.

UNCLE BILLY.

General Sherman's Parting Address to the West Point Cadets.

New York Times.

While Mr. Lincoln and Admiral Rodgers and General Terry were speaking more than one of the cadets in the graduating class locked moist about the eyes, and would undoubtedly have shed tears had they not been young soldiers with a thousand eyes upon them. The band played "Yankee Doodle," and then General Sherman came up smiling. He looked as hearty as ever, and, as usual, made the speech of the day, though it was impromptu. It was full of fun and pathos, and the people cried half the time, and then laughed away their tears.

"Young gentlemen," said the veteran commander-in-chief, "after the beautiful and exhaustive speech of General Cullum, (which I heard yesterday, and I hope you heard, too, though I do not know whether you could hear it or not,) and of General Terry, whom I thank for his address, officially, and of Admiral Rodgers, there is not much left for me to say, for Admiral Rodgers covered almost the very ground I should have covered had he not usurped it. General Terry came in 1861 with a big heart and an educated mind to strengthen us in the great work then before us. I am glad I ordered him here, and glad he came, though he had some notion of raising a constitutional question of authority. As to Rodgers, I knew him when he was a midshipman; when he wore a blue jacket, with less tail to it even than you have to your coats; and when he carried the little sword we called a 'frog-sticker.' In Florida he came ashore in the Everglades, and gave us valuable assistance. The army and navy are brothers. Be brotherly with the navy. I don't intend to take many minutes, as I don't usually. In looking at this fine graduating class, even from this distance—"

The general paused, and the graduates pricked up their ears, expecting a compliment.

"—— you look exactly," he continued, "like the class last year, and the one before that, and the one of every year since the class that I graduated in. [Laughter.] I can see myself and my old classmates, almost in your features. I can see more of ——, and ——, and ——," mentioning a dozen of his own classmates. "I can see old Joe Blankster. In the spring of 1836 there came here a great, big, stout fellow, from Ohio, too, [laughter], 6 feet 5 inches in his stockings, a yard across his shoulders, weighing 260 pounds, with hands hard with toil on his father's farm. He had hardly ever seen the inside of an arithmetic; but he had an honest, manly face, and wore No. 16 shoes, so big the shoe makers used to charge him double price for making them. His parents were poor farmers in the southwestern part of Ohio. In the spring of 1840, just before we were graduated, Joe's father took ill and he had to go home. He was too poor to have two suits of clothes, so he traveled all that distance in his cadet uniform, with the short tail. It was a presidential campaign year, and he attended a great mass meeting, still clad in his gray uniform. One of the speakers talked about the tyranny of the government, the president's great white palace, the golden spoons he ate out of, and the soft carpets he walked on. He spoke of that aristocratic class on the North river, where "wasp waisted wampires" were paid $30 a month and found for doing nothing.

"I'm one of 'em," said Joe, turning to a man who stood by him; "I'm one of the wasp-waisted wampires."

"His remark was overheard, and he was boosted up to the stand. There was a shout as soon as he was seen. The orator was silenced and the crowd shouted: 'If that's a sample, give us more.' The academy was on the verge of dissolution in 1840. I believe that that incident carried it through the crisis."

To illustrate the fact that graduation from West Point did not necessarily make a good man, the general continued: "Bryan P. Tilden was a member of my class; he came from the best schools of Boston, and at once led of the class. We were all afraid of him—he knew too much. At the end of the four years he was about the middle of the class. He had an honorable record till he went with the troops to the City of Mexico, and there he wanted to get rich. He committed robbery, and was condemned for murder, and the scaffold was erected to hang him on. Just in the nick of time the treaty was signed and he escaped. But he lost his commission, went back to Boston, and found plenty of lawyers to whitewash him. [Laughter.] Joe Blankster could take any of us and butt our heads together, and could make us behave ourselves. He was stricken by lightening while in performance of duty, and now lies buried, I believe, in the sands of Florida. Tilden eventually died, and has a costly monument, I believe—at least he ought to have. When these men approach the gates one will stand ajar, but the other, I think, will be closed. I love every cadet that looks like Blankster, even to this day. I love to see you strong and manly. If you don't love your profession, go away quick. You may, one and all, become heroes, as others have before you. I beg you, one and all, to look upon me kindly, for this may be the last time I shall ever come to West Point, at any rate in an official capacity. In two short months I shall cheerfully and willingly resign my commission. I will surely come back from time to time if I can. I hope you will accept this beautiful day as the smile of Providence. Good-bye one and all."

I have heard General Sherman speak on a great many occasions, but never saw him so deeply affected as he was to-day, when he bade his official farewell to West Point. Nearly every lady in the assemblage was in tears, and half the cadets were trying to conceal their faces. The band appropriately played "Auld Lang Syne," and the commencement exercises were over."

THE MARBLE WIDOW.

Mrs. A. T. Stewart's Isolation in Her Fifth Avenue Palace.

N. Y. Journal.

Alone in her marble palace lives the widow of A. T. Stewart. His remains, which are supposed to be resting beneath the magnificent mausoleum of Garden City, are scarcely more secluded than is the personality of Mr. Stewart.

The greater portion of the Stewart mansion is closed, dust gathers upon its painting and furniture, its blinds of white and gold shut out the exterior view, and, save a small suite of rooms on the western corner, the mansion is practically deserted. There is something touching in her splendid isolation within call of the fashion, care, elegance and bustling activity of a restless social world.

A lady with silvery gray hair, whose features are still clearly cut and bear the evidence of refinement, is Mrs. Stewart. Her eyes are yet undimmed. She stoops slightly. She is of kindly presence, although her features bear the traces of much suffering, and a habitual sternness of expression settles upon her features when in repose. Her face, when lit up with interest of a passing topic, affords the observer a fair idea of what Mrs. Stewart was in her prime. With the aid of a silver crutch-handled cane she can get about fairly. But there are times when the services of her personal attendant are much in request.

A WOMAN OF METHOD.

Mrs. Stewart is a woman of method. When able, she rises by 10 o'clock, and breakfasts usually alone. Her tasks are few and modest, and her rich but simple breakfast equipage contains the old-fashioned meal of tea, dry toast, and some light, easily digested food, as chicken or fish. Wines she rarely touches, save toward evening, preparatory to retirement, between 9 and 10 o'clock, when a glass of port acts as a gentle, stimulant to a night of peaceful repose.

But despite her long years of mourning, life has certain duties to be performed, and a business tact, inherited probably from her husband, is still characteristic of Mrs. Stewart's domestic habits.

There are certain pensioners to be looked after, accounts of personal expenditures to be investigated, letters to be answered, and old friends to be received. Besides all these, her signature has to be obtained to sundry business formalities that are indispensable. All this takes up more time than would at first appear.

COMBING HER HAIR.

One of her favorite pastimes, peculiar to many people, is to indulge in the luxury of having her hair brushed. Her silver braids are long and fine, and though increasing years may have told upon her strength, time has added to rather than detracted from the glory of her hair. This operation usually lasts for an hour or more, while her companion—sometimes it is a relative—reads from the newspapers or from a religious book, as her fancy may incline.

Her moods are various and capricious. Ever-changing fancies are continually occurring to her mind. One day she may be bright, sanguine, and exceedingly pleasant; the next she may be plunged into utter despondency, and will refuse comfort from her most attached friends. When laboring under these morbid reflections she has been known to lie for hours upon her couch utterly alone.

Her husband's portrait hangs in her bedroom, protected by a small curtain. She will look at it for an hour at a time, and then again the curtain will remain tightly drawn for days.

Under some conditions her vitality is surprising, and her health, upon the whole, is good, considering the mental suffering she has undergone. Her palace is watched night and day, and to get to see Mrs. Stewart is one of the impossibilities to those who are not included among her warmest friends.

The Trade Tribunal.

Special Dispatch to THE BEE.

PITTSBURG, June 15.—The trade tribunal, appointed to settle the wages of railroad coal miners, met this afternoon, but did not transact any business, as Ebenezer Oliver, one of the miners' representatives, who claims he was discharged on account of his connection with the tribunal, declined to serve longer. The vacancy will be filled by the court to-morrow, and the miners' officers are still hopeful of settlement. Others think Oliver's resignation is a sign of trouble, and believe another strike will be inaugurated.

Cuticura REMEDIES
THE GREAT SKIN CURES

THE CUTICURA TREATMENT, for the care of skin, scalp, and blood diseases, consists in the internal use of Cuticura Resolvent, the new blood purifier, and the external use of Cuticura and Cuticura Soap, the great skin cures.

SALT RHEUM.

Will McDonald, 2542 Dearborn St., Chicago, gratefully acknowledges a cure of Salt Rheum on head, neck, arms, and legs for seventeen years, not able to walk except on hands and knees for one year; not able to help himself for eight years; tried hundreds of remedies; doctors pronounced his case hopeless; permanently cured by Cuticura Resolvent (blood purifier) internally, and Cuticura and Cuticura Soap (the great skin cure) externally.

PSORIASIS

H. E. Carpenter, Esq., Henderson, N. Y. cured of Psoriasis or Leprosy of twenty years standing by Cuticura Resolvent (blood purifier internally, and Cuticura and Cuticura Soap (the great skin cures) externally. The most wonderful case on record. Cure certified to before a justice of the peace and prominent citizens. All afflicted with itching and scaly diseases should send to us for this testimonial in full.

SKIN DISEASES.

F. H. Drake, Esq., Detroit, Mich., suffered beyond all description from a skin disease which appeared on his hands, hair and face and nearly destroyed his eyes. The most careful doctoring failed to help him, and after all else failed he used the Cuticura Resolvent (blood purifier) internally, Cuticura and Cuticura Soap (the great skin cures) externally, and was cured, and has remained perfectly well to this day.

SKIN HUMORS.

Mrs. S. E. Whipple, Decatur, Mich., writes that her face, head, and some parts of her body were were almost raw. Head covered with a mass of sores, suffered fearfully and tried everything. Permanently cured by Cuticura Resolvent (blood purifier) and Cuticura and Cuticura Soap, the great skin cures.

Cuticura Remedies are for sale by all druggists. Price of Cuticura, small boxes, 50c; large boxes $1. Cuticura Resolvent, $1 per bottle. Cuticura Soap, 25c; Cuticura Shaving Soap 15c.

POTTER DRUG AND CHEMICAL Co. Boston

BEAUTY For Rough, Chapped or Greasy Skin, Blackheads, Pimples, Skin Blemishes, and Infantile Humors, use Cuticura Soap, an exquisite Skin Beautifier, and Toilet, Bath and Nursery Sanative. W&S

THE NATIONAL CAPITAL.

The Reservation Apaches Protest Against the Reception of Crook's Captives.

The Methods of Architect Hill Pretty Thoroughly Ventilated.

Reorganizing the Revenue Districts—Other Matters.

CAPITAL NOTES.

Special Dispatch to THE BEE.

A BIG DIFFERENCE.

WASHINGTON, June 15.—The committee appointed to investigate the allegations of fraud against Supervising Architect Hill, resumed its sitting this forenoon. The committee decided to resume the examination of Stinemetz in connection with the charges of fraud and corruption in the construction of the Philadelphia postoffice. Witness had concluded his calculations, and was prepared to show the difference between the price paid by the government to contractors for dressing stone for the entire building and the actual cost of the work, based upon a liberal estimate for labor. The total amount paid by the government to contractors was $818,700; cost to contractors, allowing a liberate estimate, at least 30 per cent. for profit, was $443,700, habing $375,000 unnecessarily paid by the government. The basement and a portion of the second story having been begun under a 15 per cent contract, these portions could not be included in his calculation, although the estimated difference in the two prices would add about $100,000 to the previous totals.

This concluded Stinemetz's testimonyand the question arose whether the committee and the defense would admit that the same excess relatively existed in the cost of other public buildings erected under Hill, or whether the prosecution would be required to repeat their proof with expert testimony as to each. Alexander, of the committee, suggested as the same principle would extend to all buildings it would seem to devolve upon the prosecution to convict Hill with fraud, as charged in this alleged extravagance in the erection of the Philadelphia building. Coleman replied that it might be as bad in principle to steal $50,000 as $2,000,000, but the defense might say "of one building we admit extravagance, but you have not connected Hill with any fraud." The prosecution were able and proposed to prove the same extravagance, mismanagement or fraud were shown in connection with all buildings, and that contracts continued to be made after the supervising architect had been repeatedly warned and advised of their unfairness to the government. A long discussion ensued flavored with several sharp passages between counsel. The point, however, was not decided and the committee adjourned until to-morrow, when Stinemetz will be cross-examined.

THE APACHE PROTEST.

WASHINGTON, June 15.—The following telegram was received to-day by Secretary Teller:

"SAN CARLOS, Arizona, June 15.—A large number of leading Indians met in council to-day. They sent for me, and earnestly protested against the return of the Chiricahuas' men and boys. They say trouble is sure to follow such a course. They want the chiefs and head men punished, and the other men sent where they cannot return. They do not object to women and children coming here, and ask me to make known their views to you and General Crook and urge their adoption. All bands unite in this request. They say they desire to remain at peace with their white neighbors, but Chiricahuas will return to the warpath as soon as they grow strong again and the reservation Indians will then be charged with having aided and encouraged them. Assuring them of my confidence in the wisdom of the authorities who would have to decide the matter, I promised them to present the petition as an evidence of the justness of their position.

[Signed] WILCOX, Agent.

Secretary Teller telegraphed Wilcox directing him to receive none of the Chiricahuas except the children. The secretary says the bucks must take care of themselves and the women.

NOTICE TO BONDHOLDERS.

The secretary of the treasury gives notice that exchanges of continued 3½ per cent bonds into three per cents will not be made during July next, the books of these two loans being then closed for preparation of the August 1st dividend. Continued bonds received for exchange during July will be exchanged upon the reopening of the books August 1, Interest at 3½ per cent remaining to that date.

REWARD OF MERIT.

The president has appointed Wm. R. Brown, of Kansas, register of the land office at Larned, Kansas, vice C. A. Morris, term of office expired.

THE REVENUE DISTRICTS.

It is understood a general order for reduction of internal revenue districts has been determined upon, and the question will be finally disposed of next week.

THE CAPTURED APACHES.

Secretary Lincoln will not decide at present what disposition will be made of the captured Apaches. He will wait until he receives more definite information from Gen. Crook.

Shipping News.

Special Dispatches to THE BEE.

LONDON, June 15.—Arrived out: Abyssinnia, New York.

NEW YORK, June 15.—Arrived: Thingvalla, Stellia.

CAPSIZED.

TROY, June 15.—The yacht Hebe capsized in a squall on Lake Champlain. The captain and mate were drowned.

Business Failures.

Special Dispatch to THE BEE.

NEW YORK, June 15.—Business failures for the last seven days 186, as against 173 last week. New England 24, middle states 26, western 53, southern 35, Pacific states 18, New York city 11, and Canada 10.