

THE NATIONAL CAPITAL.

The Zuni Reservation to be Examined by an Agent of the Government.

To Ascertain Whether the Land is Necessary to the Indians' Welfare.

Van Wyck's Opposition to the Niobrara Route Fortified by Hard Facts.

Manderson and Valentine Free Fawns for Spoils on the Sand Hill Run.

Bidders on the New Cruisers Notified to Keep Within the Appropriation.

The Survivors of the Jeannette Expedition Receive Beggery Pay for Their Sufferings.

CAPITAL NOTES.

THE ZUNI RESERVATION.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 7.—The secretary of the interior will shortly detail a special agent of the interior department to visit the reservation of the Zuni Indians, in New Mexico, for the purpose of examining the land around Natrix springs, which have recently been included within the reservation limits by an executive proclamation, and ascertain whether that land is really necessary to the Indians' well-being.

THE PAY OF THE SURVIVORS.

The fourth auditor of the treasury has finished auditing the accounts of surviving members of the crew of the lost Arctic exploring steamer Jeannette. He holds they were not entitled to witness fees, nor to reimbursement of the amounts paid by them for board, etc., while in this city in attendance on the Jeannette court of inquiry. The limit of their allowance is their sea pay as seamen.

BIDS FOR THE NEW STEEL CRUISERS.

will be opened at the navy department on July 2. Secretary Chandler has given notice that the maximum price for the construction of these vessels are as follows: For the 4,300 ton ship, the Chicago, \$1,248,000; for the 3,000 ton ship, the Boston and the Atlanta, \$783,500 each; for the dispatch boat, not yet named, \$399,000. No bids in excess of these figures will be considered.

SAFELY LAUNCHED.

The United States double-turreted monitor Amphitrite was safely launched at 2:15 this afternoon, amid great enthusiasm, at Wilmington, Delaware.

DEPARTMENT CHANGES.

Until the return of Secretary Chandler no further action will be taken relative to the charges preferred by Representative DeLandorf of violations of law and regulations of the Norfolk navy yard. Although the board have reported that no violations of law or regulations was found to have existed between the dates specified by DeLandorf, it is understood the secretary is not satisfied as to the thoroughness of the investigation and will order another board to be composed of officers of the navy other than those attached to the Norfolk yard.

"I DON'T REMEMBER."

In the star route trial to-day, Merrick criticized the evidence of the defense at length, and in closing for the day said: "Since they had begun to bury me, he might as well follow it up. He would bury Dorsey alongside of Randall; his fellow conspirators should be the mourners. Over them he would erect an arch, the one end resting on the grave of Randall, and the other end on that of Dorsey, and on the keystone of the arch should be written the epitaph, 'They were delightful and lovely in their lives, and in death were not separated.' And if, notwithstanding the prayers of counsel, Gabriel, when he passes over these graves should blow and the corrupt and buried Dorsey should arise, immortal spirit, good come into that last grand court before the great searcher of hearts, before whom we must all appear, the great searcher, all knower, should ask him, 'Were you not in flash known as Stephen W. Dorsey?' The spirit would answer, 'I don't remember.' An uproarious burst of laughter greeted Merrick's reply and after vainly striving for order, Judge Wylie adjourned court.

Railroad Wreck.

SEYMOUR, June 6.—At four p. m. a passenger train on the Louisville & New Albany railroad was badly wrecked at Farmington, three miles south of here, by a train damaged by water, giving, David Hutchinson, engineer; Miles Hummer, fireman; Geo. Aam-n, baggage master and the porter of the Pullman sleeper, name unknown, were killed. No passengers reported killed. The engine, baggage, Pullman and chair cars were completely wrecked and surrounded by water.

Powder Explosion.

HUTCHINSON, Kas., May 6.—The Hazard Powder company's magazine, containing 1,300 pounds of powder, was struck this morning by lightning. The explosion broke nearly every glass front in the city, wrenched several buildings from their foundations, and knocked down plastering, lamps and clocks a mile away. One dwelling three hundred yards away was completely riddled by flying bricks.

A DOSE OF DOCTORS.

The Operators of the Land Scheming to Increase the Internal Revenues.

A Billious Lay-out of D. D.'s Conclude their Labors at Cleveland.

The Officers and Committees Elected for the Year.

Doings of the Doctors.

CLEVELAND, June 7.—The American medical association to-day adopted a resolution to petition the state legislature to enact more stringent laws regarding the sale of deadly poisons. A resolution was adopted advocating the establishment of a school for the education of nurses for the sick. A resolution offered by Dr. Spollock, of St. Louis, to revise the code of ethics, created a sensation, and was hurriedly tabled for another year.

The Barber Boys Favored.

DRACONIC, June 7.—The notorious Barber boys were removed from the jail at Waverly last evening, by the sheriff and his deputies, and quietly carried by wagon twenty-two miles to Waterloo and three by rail to Independence, where they were jailed. At a late hour last night the anticipated raid on the jail at Waverly for the purpose of lynching the boys occurred. The raiders were admitted to the jail, convinced that the prisoners were removed, and departed, chastened.

Capture of the Barber Boys.

WAVERLY, June 7.—The capture of the noted Barber boys occurred at a farm house four miles southwest of Tripoli and sixteen miles southeast of this place. During the day they had been concealed in the barn of a German farmer named August Tegtmere, and about 8 o'clock in the evening they went to the house and asked for some supper. Henry Tegtmere, son of the farmer, recognized them and succeeded in conveying this fact to his father, whom he instructed to give the alarm to a neighbor. Henry Tegtmere, however, refused to assist his mother in preparing a meal for the desperadoes. Several men, all of whom were Germans, accompanied the elder Tegtmere to his home. They had no weapons, save one shotgun, which it is claimed was not loaded. The intention was to surround the house and when the boys came out to spring upon them.

The Trial of the Watsons.

SAN ANTONIO, June 7.—The Watson court martial convened this morning. M. A. Dabell, physician, Hartford, E. W. Hartman and W. A. Noble, Indiana, Iowa, testified as to the good character of Watson from boyhood, in social and business relations; also to financial aid he had given his family since he left West Point to the present time. Major Sumner and General Angur also gave Watson a good character during the time of his service in the west. D. N. Stevens, formerly secretary of the American legation in Japan, recounted at length the high character of the Watson while in the service of the Japanese government as a colonel, and Professor Stevens' testimony was corroborated by the reading of letters from German and Prussian ministers at Washington. Adjourned till to-morrow.

The Horse Show Incorporated.

NEW YORK, June 7.—The certificate of incorporation of the National Horse Show association of America was filed to-day. The object of the organization is to improve the breed of horses, take care of and train them, to bring about improvements in carriages and harness, and the establishment of a park for training and exercising horses, and a final competitive exhibition with carriages. Capital stock, \$100,000.

THE OLD WORLD.

The British Missionary to Rome Discussed in the House of Commons.

The Menaces of American Labor Reformers Carefully Noted in England.

The Chief of the Dublin Informers Must Leave the Country or Remain in Jail.

ENGLAND.

LONDON, June 7.—In the common law court, Lord Russell called attention to the mission of Errington to Rome, and argued there could be no doubt that the government had recommended him to the Vatican, the recent papal manifesto in regard to Irish affairs being the result. Gladstone replied that Errington had gone to Rome at his own suggestion. Errington informed Earl Granville he was going to Rome, and as Errington was an Irishman, it was only natural that his intercourse with the pope would be interesting to her Majesty's government. Errington received no pay, and no instructions were given him by the government; but, said Gladstone, as Errington's visits to Rome would tend to alter his position in the future, a record would be made of his proceedings and kept for transmission to the successor of Earl Granville as foreign secretary.

THE BARBERS' CLOSE SHAVE.

Iowa's Notorious Outlaws Narrowly Escape a Lynching Picnic.

The Officers Hurry Them Out of Waverly Before the Neckties Arrive.

Detailed Account of the Capture.

WAVERLY, June 7.—The capture of the noted Barber boys occurred at a farm house four miles southwest of Tripoli and sixteen miles southeast of this place. During the day they had been concealed in the barn of a German farmer named August Tegtmere, and about 8 o'clock in the evening they went to the house and asked for some supper. Henry Tegtmere, son of the farmer, recognized them and succeeded in conveying this fact to his father, whom he instructed to give the alarm to a neighbor. Henry Tegtmere, however, refused to assist his mother in preparing a meal for the desperadoes. Several men, all of whom were Germans, accompanied the elder Tegtmere to his home. They had no weapons, save one shotgun, which it is claimed was not loaded. The intention was to surround the house and when the boys came out to spring upon them.

THE BRITISH MISSIONARY TO ROME.

Discussed in the House of Commons.

The Menaces of American Labor Reformers Carefully Noted in England.

The Chief of the Dublin Informers Must Leave the Country or Remain in Jail.

ENGLAND.

LONDON, June 7.—In the common law court, Lord Russell called attention to the mission of Errington to Rome, and argued there could be no doubt that the government had recommended him to the Vatican, the recent papal manifesto in regard to Irish affairs being the result. Gladstone replied that Errington had gone to Rome at his own suggestion. Errington informed Earl Granville he was going to Rome, and as Errington was an Irishman, it was only natural that his intercourse with the pope would be interesting to her Majesty's government. Errington received no pay, and no instructions were given him by the government; but, said Gladstone, as Errington's visits to Rome would tend to alter his position in the future, a record would be made of his proceedings and kept for transmission to the successor of Earl Granville as foreign secretary.

THE BARBERS' CLOSE SHAVE.

Iowa's Notorious Outlaws Narrowly Escape a Lynching Picnic.

The Officers Hurry Them Out of Waverly Before the Neckties Arrive.

Detailed Account of the Capture.

WAVERLY, June 7.—The capture of the noted Barber boys occurred at a farm house four miles southwest of Tripoli and sixteen miles southeast of this place. During the day they had been concealed in the barn of a German farmer named August Tegtmere, and about 8 o'clock in the evening they went to the house and asked for some supper. Henry Tegtmere, son of the farmer, recognized them and succeeded in conveying this fact to his father, whom he instructed to give the alarm to a neighbor. Henry Tegtmere, however, refused to assist his mother in preparing a meal for the desperadoes. Several men, all of whom were Germans, accompanied the elder Tegtmere to his home. They had no weapons, save one shotgun, which it is claimed was not loaded. The intention was to surround the house and when the boys came out to spring upon them.

AN INTERNATIONAL HITCH.

Marriage of Ex-Secretary Fish's Daughter to the Son of Stafford Northcote.

The Church and Residence Decorated with Nature's Choicest Blossoms.

The Costumes of the Principals and Participants—The Guests.

Special Dispatch to This Day.

NEW YORK, June 7.—A special train left the Grand Central depot to-day for Garrison's, with a large number of guests, to attend the wedding of Hugh Oliver Northcote and Miss Edith Fish. The groom is a son of Sir Stafford Northcote, conservative leader in the English house of commons, who was for a number of years English minister at Washington. The bride is a daughter of Hamilton Fish.

GLOOMY CROP REPORTS.

COLUMBUS, O., June 7.—Secretary Chamberlain furnishes the June crop report of the Ohio state board of agriculture, based on 1,020 township reports, from which he estimates the probable wheat yield of Ohio for 1883 at 52 per cent, or 27,750,000 bushels, against 45,500,000 bushels in 1882. Official dispatches received from other states give the following percentage of the condition of wheat compared with June 1st, 1882: Indiana 66, Iowa 56, Kansas 71, Kentucky 60, Wisconsin 83, Tennessee 82, Nebraska (spring wheat) 111, Minnesota 88, Illinois 88, Michigan 64, California 87. These twelve states last year produced 367,000,000 bushels, and the above percentage indicates that they will produce this year only 247,000,000, making a probable shortage of 120,000,000 bushels.

IN TENTS EXCITEMENT.

Five Minutes of Wild Confusion in Barnum's Circus.

The Elevator Disaster.

MILWAUKEE, June 7.—Work on the Northwestern marine elevator, which fell to pieces yesterday under a pressure of 11,500 bushels of wheat, was continued this morning, but the bodies of three men, supposed to be buried under the ruins, have not been found. The mystery will probably be solved by night. The dock near the elevator was a great resort for loafers and thieves. There is a possibility that the loss of life is greater.

THE CLAIMS NO GOOD.

CHICAGO, June 7.—H. C. McConeil says, in an interview relative to the attachments against Haverly's property in New York to satisfy claims against the Mastodon manager, that they are entirely valueless; that he (McConeil), not Haverly, is proprietor, not only of that theater, but of all the Haverly theatrical enterprises throughout the country; that commercially he is proprietor of Haverly's name and has been ever since Haverly went to Europe in 1881; that no attachments will hold against any of these enterprises for money loaned Haverly to put into his private mining and other speculations.

FREE BLACKS IN CUBA.

MADRID, June 7.—The agent of the Liberia Republic has just negotiated with Spain for a convention providing for the repeal of the law prohibiting the introduction of free black laborers into Cuba. Two hundred thousand slaves in Cuba become free in 1884, and the labor question will then become a serious one to Spanish statesmen, and Cuban planters are already examining plans for the introduction of free African negroes or Chinese.

GENERAL FOREIGN NEWS.

PARIS, June 7.—At the cabinet council the minister of marine announced he had a telegram, dated Hong Kong, June 6, from the admiral of the French fleet in Chinese waters, which stated the situation at Hanoi continues to improve and six companies of French marines and a mountain battery from Saigon passed through Halphong on the way to Hanoi. The police are keeping a close watch on the movements of several Germans and Russians here, who are suspected of belonging to the anarchist committee.

THE CLAIMS NO GOOD.

CHICAGO, June 7.—H. C. McConeil says, in an interview relative to the attachments against Haverly's property in New York to satisfy claims against the Mastodon manager, that they are entirely valueless; that he (McConeil), not Haverly, is proprietor, not only of that theater, but of all the Haverly theatrical enterprises throughout the country; that commercially he is proprietor of Haverly's name and has been ever since Haverly went to Europe in 1881; that no attachments will hold against any of these enterprises for money loaned Haverly to put into his private mining and other speculations.

THE CLAIMS NO GOOD.

CHICAGO, June 7.—H. C. McConeil says, in an interview relative to the attachments against Haverly's property in New York to satisfy claims against the Mastodon manager, that they are entirely valueless; that he (McConeil), not Haverly, is proprietor, not only of that theater, but of all the Haverly theatrical enterprises throughout the country; that commercially he is proprietor of Haverly's name and has been ever since Haverly went to Europe in 1881; that no attachments will hold against any of these enterprises for money loaned Haverly to put into his private mining and other speculations.

THE CLAIMS NO GOOD.

CHICAGO, June 7.—H. C. McConeil says, in an interview relative to the attachments against Haverly's property in New York to satisfy claims against the Mastodon manager, that they are entirely valueless; that he (McConeil), not Haverly, is proprietor, not only of that theater, but of all the Haverly theatrical enterprises throughout the country; that commercially he is proprietor of Haverly's name and has been ever since Haverly went to Europe in 1881; that no attachments will hold against any of these enterprises for money loaned Haverly to put into his private mining and other speculations.

THE CLAIMS NO GOOD.

CHICAGO, June 7.—H. C. McConeil says, in an interview relative to the attachments against Haverly's property in New York to satisfy claims against the Mastodon manager, that they are entirely valueless; that he (McConeil), not Haverly, is proprietor, not only of that theater, but of all the Haverly theatrical enterprises throughout the country; that commercially he is proprietor of Haverly's name and has been ever since Haverly went to Europe in 1881; that no attachments will hold against any of these enterprises for money loaned Haverly to put into his private mining and other speculations.

THE OLD WORLD.

The British Missionary to Rome Discussed in the House of Commons.

The Menaces of American Labor Reformers Carefully Noted in England.

The Chief of the Dublin Informers Must Leave the Country or Remain in Jail.

ENGLAND.

LONDON, June 7.—In the common law court, Lord Russell called attention to the mission of Errington to Rome, and argued there could be no doubt that the government had recommended him to the Vatican, the recent papal manifesto in regard to Irish affairs being the result. Gladstone replied that Errington had gone to Rome at his own suggestion. Errington informed Earl Granville he was going to Rome, and as Errington was an Irishman, it was only natural that his intercourse with the pope would be interesting to her Majesty's government. Errington received no pay, and no instructions were given him by the government; but, said Gladstone, as Errington's visits to Rome would tend to alter his position in the future, a record would be made of his proceedings and kept for transmission to the successor of Earl Granville as foreign secretary.

THE BARBERS' CLOSE SHAVE.

Iowa's Notorious Outlaws Narrowly Escape a Lynching Picnic.

The Officers Hurry Them Out of Waverly Before the Neckties Arrive.

Detailed Account of the Capture.

WAVERLY, June 7.—The capture of the noted Barber boys occurred at a farm house four miles southwest of Tripoli and sixteen miles southeast of this place. During the day they had been concealed in the barn of a German farmer named August Tegtmere, and about 8 o'clock in the evening they went to the house and asked for some supper. Henry Tegtmere, son of the farmer, recognized them and succeeded in conveying this fact to his father, whom he instructed to give the alarm to a neighbor. Henry Tegtmere, however, refused to assist his mother in preparing a meal for the desperadoes. Several men, all of whom were Germans, accompanied the elder Tegtmere to his home. They had no weapons, save one shotgun, which it is claimed was not loaded. The intention was to surround the house and when the boys came out to spring upon them.

THE CLAIMS NO GOOD.

CHICAGO, June 7.—H. C. McConeil says, in an interview relative to the attachments against Haverly's property in New York to satisfy claims against the Mastodon manager, that they are entirely valueless; that he (McConeil), not Haverly, is proprietor, not only of that theater, but of all the Haverly theatrical enterprises throughout the country; that commercially he is proprietor of Haverly's name and has been ever since Haverly went to Europe in 1881; that no attachments will hold against any of these enterprises for money loaned Haverly to put into his private mining and other speculations.

FREE BLACKS IN CUBA.

MADRID, June 7.—The agent of the Liberia Republic has just negotiated with Spain for a convention providing for the repeal of the law prohibiting the introduction of free black laborers into Cuba. Two hundred thousand slaves in Cuba become free in 1884, and the labor question will then become a serious one to Spanish statesmen, and Cuban planters are already examining plans for the introduction of free African negroes or Chinese.

GENERAL FOREIGN NEWS.

PARIS, June 7.—At the cabinet council the minister of marine announced he had a telegram, dated Hong Kong, June 6, from the admiral of the French fleet in Chinese waters, which stated the situation at Hanoi continues to improve and six companies of French marines and a mountain battery from Saigon passed through Halphong on the way to Hanoi. The police are keeping a close watch on the movements of several Germans and Russians here, who are suspected of belonging to the anarchist committee.

THE CLAIMS NO GOOD.

CHICAGO, June 7.—H. C. McConeil says, in an interview relative to the attachments against Haverly's property in New York to satisfy claims against the Mastodon manager, that they are entirely valueless; that he (McConeil), not Haverly, is proprietor, not only of that theater, but of all the Haverly theatrical enterprises throughout the country; that commercially he is proprietor of Haverly's name and has been ever since Haverly went to Europe in 1881; that no attachments will hold against any of these enterprises for money loaned Haverly to put into his private mining and other speculations.

FREE BLACKS IN CUBA.

MADRID, June 7.—The agent of the Liberia Republic has just negotiated with Spain for a convention providing for the repeal of the law prohibiting the introduction of free black laborers into Cuba. Two hundred thousand slaves in Cuba become free in 1884, and the labor question will then become a serious one to Spanish statesmen, and Cuban planters are already examining plans for the introduction of free African negroes or Chinese.

GENERAL FOREIGN NEWS.

PARIS, June 7.—At the cabinet council the minister of marine announced he had a telegram, dated Hong Kong, June 6, from the admiral of the French fleet in Chinese waters, which stated the situation at Hanoi continues to improve and six companies of French marines and a mountain battery from Saigon passed through Halphong on the way to Hanoi. The police are keeping a close watch on the movements of several Germans and Russians here, who are suspected of belonging to the anarchist committee.

THE CLAIMS NO GOOD.

CHICAGO, June 7.—H. C. McConeil says, in an interview relative to the attachments against Haverly's property in New York to satisfy claims against the Mastodon manager, that they are entirely valueless; that he (McConeil), not Haverly, is proprietor, not only of that theater, but of all the Haverly theatrical enterprises throughout the country; that commercially he is proprietor of Haverly's name and has been ever since Haverly went to Europe in 1881; that no attachments will hold against any of these enterprises for money loaned Haverly to put into his private mining and other speculations.

THE CLAIMS NO GOOD.

CHICAGO, June 7.—H. C. McConeil says, in an interview relative to the attachments against Haverly's property in New York to satisfy claims against the Mastodon manager, that they are entirely valueless; that he (McConeil), not Haverly, is proprietor, not only of that theater, but of all the Haverly theatrical enterprises throughout the country; that commercially he is proprietor of Haverly's name and has been ever since Haverly went to Europe in 1881; that no attachments will hold against any of these enterprises for money loaned Haverly to put into his private mining and other speculations.

AN INTERNATIONAL HITCH.

Marriage of Ex-Secretary Fish's Daughter to the Son of Stafford Northcote.

The Church and Residence Decorated with Nature's Choicest Blossoms.

The Costumes of the Principals and Participants—The Guests.

Special Dispatch to This Day.

NEW YORK, June 7.—A special train left the Grand Central depot to-day for Garrison's, with a large number of guests, to attend the wedding of Hugh Oliver Northcote and Miss Edith Fish. The groom is a son of Sir Stafford Northcote, conservative leader in the English house of commons, who was for a number of years English minister at Washington. The bride is a daughter of Hamilton Fish.

GLOOMY CROP REPORTS.

COLUMBUS, O., June 7.—Secretary Chamberlain furnishes the June crop report of the Ohio state board of agriculture, based on 1,020 township reports, from which he estimates the probable wheat yield of Ohio for 1883 at 52 per cent, or 27,750,000 bushels, against 45,500,000 bushels in 1882. Official dispatches received from other states give the following percentage of the condition of wheat compared with June 1st, 1882: Indiana 66, Iowa 56, Kansas 71, Kentucky 60, Wisconsin 83, Tennessee 82, Nebraska (spring wheat) 111, Minnesota 88, Illinois 88, Michigan 64, California 87. These twelve states last year produced 367,000,000 bushels, and the above percentage indicates that they will produce this year only 247,000,000, making a probable shortage of 120,000,000 bushels.

IN TENTS EXCITEMENT.

Five Minutes of Wild Confusion in Barnum's Circus.

The Elevator Disaster.

MILWAUKEE, June 7.—Work on the Northwestern marine elevator, which fell to pieces yesterday under a pressure of 11,500 bushels of wheat, was continued this morning, but the bodies of three men, supposed to be buried under the ruins, have not been found. The mystery will probably be solved by night. The dock near the elevator was a great resort for loafers and thieves. There is a possibility that the loss of life is greater.

THE CLAIMS NO GOOD.

CHICAGO, June 7.—H. C. McConeil says, in an interview relative to the attachments against Haverly's property in New York to satisfy claims against the Mastodon manager, that they are entirely valueless; that he (McConeil), not Haverly, is proprietor, not only of that theater, but of all the Haverly theatrical enterprises throughout the country; that commercially he is proprietor of Haverly's name and has been ever since Haverly went to Europe in 1881; that no attachments will hold against any of these enterprises for money loaned Haverly to put into his private mining and other speculations.

FREE BLACKS IN CUBA.

MADRID, June 7.—The agent of the Liberia Republic has just negotiated with Spain for a convention providing for the repeal of the law prohibiting the introduction of free black laborers into Cuba. Two hundred thousand slaves in Cuba become free in 1884, and the labor question will then become a serious one to Spanish statesmen, and Cuban planters are already examining plans for the introduction of free African negroes or Chinese.

GENERAL FOREIGN NEWS.

PARIS, June 7.—At the cabinet council the minister of marine announced he had a telegram, dated Hong Kong, June 6, from the admiral of the French fleet in Chinese waters, which stated the situation at Hanoi continues to improve and six companies of French marines and a mountain battery from Saigon passed through Halphong on the way to Hanoi. The police are keeping a close watch on the movements of several Germans and Russians here, who are suspected of belonging to the anarchist committee.

THE CLAIMS NO GOOD.

CHICAGO, June 7.—H. C. McConeil says, in an interview relative to the attachments against Haverly's property in New York to satisfy claims against the Mastodon manager, that they are entirely valueless; that he (McConeil), not Haverly, is proprietor, not only of that theater, but of all the Haverly theatrical enterprises throughout the country; that commercially he is proprietor of Haverly's name and has been ever since Haverly went to Europe in 1881; that no attachments will hold against any of these enterprises for money loaned Haverly to put into his private mining and other speculations.

FREE BLACKS IN CUBA.

MADRID, June 7.—The agent of the Liberia Republic has just negotiated with Spain for a convention providing for the repeal of the law prohibiting the introduction of free black laborers into Cuba. Two hundred thousand slaves in Cuba become free in 1884, and the labor question will then become a serious one to Spanish statesmen, and Cuban planters are already examining plans for the introduction of free African negroes or Chinese.

GENERAL FOREIGN NEWS.

PARIS, June 7.—At the cabinet council the minister of marine announced he had a telegram, dated Hong Kong, June 6, from the admiral of the French fleet in Chinese waters, which stated the situation at Hanoi continues to improve and six companies of French marines and a mountain battery from Saigon passed through Halphong on the way to Hanoi. The police are keeping a close watch on the movements of several Germans and Russians here, who are suspected of belonging to the anarchist committee.

THE CLAIMS NO GOOD.

CHICAGO, June 7.—H. C. McConeil says, in an interview relative to the attachments against Haverly's property in New York to satisfy claims against the Mastodon manager, that they are entirely valueless; that he (McConeil), not Haverly, is proprietor, not only of that theater, but of all the Haverly theatrical enterprises throughout the country; that commercially he is proprietor of Haverly's name and has been ever since Haverly went to Europe in 1881; that no attachments will hold against any of these enterprises for money loaned Haverly to put into his private mining and other speculations.

THE CLAIMS NO GOOD.

CHICAGO, June 7.—H. C. McConeil says, in an interview relative to the attachments against Haverly's property in New York to satisfy claims against the Mastodon manager, that they are entirely valueless; that he (McConeil), not Haverly, is proprietor, not only of that theater, but of all the Haverly theatrical enterprises throughout the country; that commercially he is proprietor of Haverly's name and has been ever since Haverly went to Europe in 1881; that no attachments will hold against any of these enterprises for money loaned Haverly to put into his private mining and other speculations.