THE OMAHA DAILY BEE.

TWELFTH YEAR. OMAHA NEB MONDAY MORNING APRIL 9 1883 190

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THE ASSASSIN WAR.

The Nihilist Irish Strike for Liberty with Dynamite and Dagger.

And Thoroughly Infect Great Britain with their Bloody Determination.

The Chief Towns of England Practically in a State of Shivering Siege.

Soldiers, Police and Spies Throng the Thoroughfares and Public Buildings.

The Latter Actively Hatching "the Most Stupendous Plot of Modern Times."

While the Irish in America Supply the Liquids of Explosive War.

The Movements, Methods and Machinery of the Captured Ruin Breeders.

A Large Assortment of General Foreign News.

THE DYNAMITE WAR.

Special Dispatch to THE BEE.

ENGLAND IN A STATE OF SEIGE.

LONDON, April 9.—Tracy Gould, an American lawyer, has appiled at the Bow street police court for permission to see Gallagher. The magistrate on duty referred Gould to the visiting justices.

Bernard Gallagher, is a moulder by trade, in custody at Glasgow. A person residing close to Millbank prison received a letter threatening to blow up two large gasometers near the prison with dynamite Two large jars of nitro-glycerine reached Cork from Glasgow, addressed to O'Herlihy The police discovered a quantity of explosives freshly buried in a field at Katnap, near Cork. Two carboys of nitro-glycerine are lying at the Clyde Shipping company's stores, London, since the 4th inst. They are consigned by a Glasgow firm to O'Herlihy. This is the sixth consignment within six months from the same firm to O'Herlihy. The former consignments were all removed by Deasy.

The explosives seized in Whitehead's manufactory in Birmingham were removed to the sewage farm at Salthy with extraordinary caution, and destroyed. It is believed seventy or eighty persons are concerned in the dynamite conspiracy. The principal leader is among those recently arrested. The police believe they have secured nearly all consignments of nitro-glycerine now in London.

In response to a letter denouncing the dynamite outrages, A. M. Sullivan, late member of parliament for Meath, has received personal warning from O'Donovan Rossa to be careful about future utterances. Ansburghe, arrested on Sunday, arrived from New York a fortnight ago. The police have been watching him.

Letters found on Gallagher and Norman connect Ansburghe with the conspiracy. Norman will probably be transferred from the dock to the witness box Thursday. Millbank prison is guarded by soldiers. It is believed Ansburghe is not his true name. There is reason to believe that Gallagher had a military training. Kirton is a mechanical engineer. The documents discovered at Salford and forwarded to Sir Wm. Harcourt are not fenian papers.

Evidence has been obtained corroborating the statement of Carey, the informer, that Tynan and "No. 1" are identical, and upon other points, connected with the Phoenix park murders.

A man named Ansburghe, 21 years of age, was arrested to-day at a hotel in the vicinity of Waterloo bridge. He had just arrived from America. He is believed to be a friend of the prisoner Gallagher. This arrest is considered the most important yet.

Clifford Lloyd has arrived in Cork, on business connected with the discovery of the dynamite conspiracy against England. A laborer named Deasy was drowned here last evening. It is supposed he was murdered for political reasons.

Arrangements have been completed for the trial of the prisoners concerned in the Phoenix park murders. Joe Brady will be tried first. The crown lawyers are determined to resist any postponement of the trial.

If the bill to amend the law in regard to explosives which Harcourt will introduce in the commons should not prove retro-active many members will support an amendment to that effect.

The police are said to posses knowledge of what is likely to become the most hideous and stupendous plot of modern times.

THE LATEST DISCOVERIES

LONDON, April 8.—Harcourt and Asheton Cross, conservaties, are arranging the speedy passage of the bill to restrict the use of explosive. The Times says: "The hirelings and fanatics who come from Irish-American slums to use the dagger and dynamite, though not directly hounded on by Irish orators, are encouraged by the absence of any honest attempt on the part of Irish leaders to denounce the outreges committed or in contemplation."

The police are convinced that a former trifling outrage, like the attempt to blow up the Mansion house, were undertaken by Irishmen resident in London, instigated by persons in America. Smaller attempts are regarded merely as experiments.

William Doveton Smyth, counsel for Norman, got a retainer and instructions from DeTracy, an American lawyer in Bow street.

A. Kirton was arrested while trying to escape from London. From papers on the prisoner, there is little doubt that Kirton was selected to commit actual deeds of destruction. On Kirton's arraignment it was proved he corresponded with Gallagher, arrested at Lambeth, and delivered a letter addressed to Gallagher at Charing Cross hotel. Kirton was remanded until Thursday next.

Norman, Gallagher, Wilson and Dalton have been removed from the jail at Clerkenwell to the prison.

The police have taken into custody a man named Bernard Gallagher at Glasgow, who is charged with causing the explosion at the gas works there. Gallagher is an Irish-American, and is a brother of the man of the same name arrested at Lambeth Thursday. He was arraigned at the police court, where he declared he was innocent of the charge laid against him, and that he only left the United States on the 8th of last February. He was remanded to prison for eight days.

Deasey and Flanagan arrested recently for bringing infernal machines and explosives into England from Cork, were arraigned Saturday. The crown announces its intention to ask that the prisoners be committed on the charge of having explosives in their possession with felonious intend. The witness deposed that that the box Deasey had when arrested contained materials for making explosives and also a preparation of arsenic an dynamite and parts of an infernal machine, consisting of an aparatus by which sulphuric acid could be allowed to slowly soak through into the mixture, the principal element of which was chloride of potash. It was explained that with this combination an explosion could be produced within a maximum time of forty minutes. The machine was exactly similar in construction with those used in Glasgow and in the attempt on the office of The London Times. The police were cross-examined, but their evidence was not shaken in any respect. Deasey and Flanagan were committed for trial at assizes, bail being refused.

The man known as Flaherty, now under police surveillance at Birmingham as a suspicious character, has openly expressed sympathy with Whitehead. In consequence of these expressions an angry mob attacked his residence, smashing the windows and doors. Flaherty fled to the police station for protection. About a grain of the dynamite found among Whitehead's stock was exploded to-day as an experiment. The report was deafening.

The magistrate at Ennis, Ireland, Clifford Lloyd, and a strong force of police made a raid in Crushen district and arrested eight young men. The charges preferred against the prisoners is conspiracy to murder. More arrests on the same charge are expected.

LOWELL ON THE WAR.

At a banquet of the corporation civil engineers at Kensington, United States Minister Lowell replied to the toast, "Our Visitors." In the course of his remarks he said: "The more important functions of diplomacy is to maintain good humor, good will and understanding between nations. (Hear, hear) In the way we look at certain fundamental questions there is very little difference between the views of Englishmen and Americans. Though I may not venture to allude to daily topics, I can say no American any more than Englishmen believe that assassination is war, or dynamite the "raw material of policy." Lowell's remarks were received with cheers.

THE SCARE SPREADING.

The arrests in London and other cities of England of men having explosives in their possession cause considerable uneasiness in Paris. Fears are entertained that attempts will be made to blow up buildings in Paris. To prevent the introduction into their houses of anything of an explosive nature owners of large establishments are stopping up the openings to the cellars as was done in time of the commune.

The dynamite fiends are still at work in the vicinity of Monteau les Mines. Friday night a cartridge containing dynamite was placed in a cavity in the tower of the Chateau Plessis near that town. The cartridge exploded but did no damage.

GERMANY.

Special Dispatches to THE BEE.

BERLIN, April 8.—The Nord Deutsche Zeitung, reverting to the subject of the defensive alliance of Germany, Austria and Italy against France, says the only reason for the formation of such an alliance would be fear of French aggression, and such a fear would only be justified if a military adventurer seized power in France. It would be natural then for pacific powers to interfere to preserve the peace, if one of then was threatened, but such intervention would require no treaty.

The Nord Deutsche Zeitung says the bundesrath will soon consider the question increasing the duties on corn.

Herbert Bismarck, son of the chancellor, had an audience with the emperor. He will return to London shortly.

The German Economical congress will meet at Konigberg the third of of September, and remain in session three days.

RUSSIA.

Special Dispatches to THE BEE.

ST. PETERSBURG, April 8.—The coronation of the czar will probably be postponed. The police believe, unless liberal reforms are granted, the nihilists have determined to prevent the ceremony.

Makoff's and Paslieff's suicidal attempts have thrown the recently reorganized bureau of gens d'armes and third section of political police into confusion. The secret instructions regarding maintenance of order during the ceremonies of coronation have leaked out and, it is said, been communicated to outside parties who should not have known anything about them. The date for the grand ceremony at Moscow, which was at first represented as having been set for April or May at the latest, may now be put off until June. One thing is certain, the date has been left blank in the invitations forwarded to foreign powers. Precautions of all kinds are continually invented, in the hope of thwarting the nihilists.

GENERAL FOREIGN NEWS.

Specialpal Dispatches to THE BEE.

The Brussell La Chronique states the police have searched the house of the Frenchman who fled from that city after the dynamite explosion at Gunshorten, the 23d of February last, and have found a cypher letter which contains proofs of a plot against the czar.

The sentence of Baron Pawal Rammingler, convicted of fraud was commuted from seven to five years imprisonment.

It is probable that two judges will accompany Lord Chief Justice Coleridge on the latter's forthcoming visit to America.

The Spanish chamber of deputies has passed a bill permitting the substitution of an affirmation for an oath when desired

A conflagration at Vallorbes, Switzerland, destroyed 145 houses, together with the postoffice. Twelve hundred persons are made homeless.

The Hunt for Apaches

Special Dispatch to THE BEE

ST. LOUIS, April 8.—A dispatch from New Mexico says the Indians have been seen on the plains between Lordsbury and the Gila, and tracks are reported in several places, but no depredations heard of. Capt. Erdridge with company K, Twenty-third infantry, from Fort Bayard, just returned from an unsuccessful search of the Gila after the Indians. Gen. McKenzie is at Lordsbury directing movements. There are no hostile Indians in New Mexico. The trail reported two days ago was made by Mexican smugglers. Col. Forsythe's two companies will go into temporary camp. at Richmond on the Gila river. Capt. Black with Shakespeare guards returned to Shakespeare and the company have been relieved from duty. Juh and Loco, with a band of 200 renegades and remnants of all the different bands of Apaches, are still in Sonora and Chihuahua, doing much damage down there. Mexican troops are out after them and it is now understood Gen. McKenzie and Crook aim to guard the frontier and prevent the hostiles from recrossing into Arizona and New Mexico.

Horsford's Acid Phosphate

is a preparation of the phosphates of lime, magnesia, potash and iron in such form as to be readily assimilated by the system. Descriptive phamplet sent free. Rumford Chemical Works, Providence, R. I.

THE NATIONAL CAPITAL.

The Coming Celebration of the Anniversary of the Surrender of Lee.

Secretary Folger Rapidly Recovering and Dispatching Business.

Dynamite Detectives and Bullion Figures—"Betty and the Baby."

Miscellaneous Washington News.

CAPITOL NOTES.

Special Dispatches to THE BEE

ANNIVERSARY OF THE SURRENDER OF GENERAL LEE.

WASHINGTON, April 8.—General Sherman, Secretary Lincoln, Commodore Walker, Senator Hawley, Colonel Dudley and many others leave here tomorrow to attend a banquet of the Union veterans of Maryland, at Baltimore, in celebration of the anniversary of the surrender of General Lee at Appomatox.

SECRETARY FOLGER

has almost entirely recovered. He went riding on horseback this afternoon. He appears benefited by the exercise. It is expected the secretary will be able to resume his duties at the treasury department on Monday morning. He has given his personal attention to most all important matters that have been presented to the department the past week or two.

DYNAMITE PLOTTERS.

The state department has received no information that the government of England will ask this government to lend a force of skilled detectives to assist in tracking the dynamite plotters.

BULLION FIGURES

The statement of the United States treasurer show gold, silver and United States notes in the treasury are as follows: Gold coin and bullion, $185,053,148; silver dollars and bullion, $107,560,961; fractional silver coin, $27,883,178; United States notes, $43,788,070; total, $364,285,357. Certificates outstanding: Gold, $43,506,800; silver, $71,071,411; currency, $9,135,000.

THE PANAMA GOLD ROBBERS.

Consul Turpin at Panama reports to the state department that he has employed an attorney to defend the seven Americans arrested on suspicion of having stolen from the express company a keg of gold containing $50,000 in transit to the paymaster of the United States steamer Lackawana. The consul says the railroad company is doing all they can to delay the trial. The consul's action is approved.

BETTY AND THE BABY.

An evening paper publishes a letter from Betty Mason, wife of Sergeant Mason, imprisoned for an attempt on Guiteau's life, wherein she denies having employed J. G. Bigelow as her attorney to obtain the release of her husband and says that Bigelow (who is suing for legal service) cannot have any of the money given her by the generous public with her consent.

SERENADING GRESHAM.

Indianians resident here have appointed a committee pointed a arrange for a serenade and reception to Gen. Gresham.

FUNERAL OF GENERAL BARNES.

The funeral of the late Gen. Joseph K. Barnes, ex-surgeon general, occured yesterday with military honor. The escort consisted of one battery of artillery, two companies of heavy artillery, two companies of marines and the Union veteran corps.

A Change in the Prayers.

Special Dispatch to THE BEE.

NEW YORK, April 8.—The committee on the Episcopal book of common prayer, appointed by a general convention of the Protestant Episcopal church in this city during October, 1880, has been in session at the Grace house since Wednesday, and has at last completed its deliberations. The committee consisted of seven bishops, seven priests and seven laymen, and the meetings have been held at various times and places during the last three years. The committee has made various alterations in the liturgy of the church to comply with the requirements of the present generation and the advancement of the needs and work of the church. For the last few years many changes in the liturgy have been suggested at various conventions, but none were adopted, and at the last convention a vigorous effort was made to have the litany altered in one particular and to allow priests the privilege of using prayers not in the prayer books, to suit special occasions, but both plans were defeated. The present committee was appointed to make such changes in the liturgy as will remove the objections in the present one, which were becoming almost universal. The deliberations of the committee have been kept a profound secret and will not be divulged to the public until Bishop Williams, of Cincinnatti, the chairman, sees fit to make a public statement of the proposed changes.

Horrible Catastrophe in Texas.

Special Dispatch to THE BEE.

GREENNILLE, Texas., April 8—About two o'clock yesterday morning the Eude house, a three-story brick hotel, fell, burying the inmates between the walls. Fifteen persons are known to have been killed. A few others escaped unhurt. The ruin took fire and many were roasted in the flames. Up to 1:30 o'clock five bodies were taken from the ruins, but were charred beyond recognition. The building was erected within the past year and has been for some time considered unsafe, the walls being very light. The piteous wails of the imprisoned and burning victims to whom no hand could render assistance, were heart-rending. A number of business firms adjoining were burned out. The remains that have been taken from the ruins are simply burnt chunks of flesh, unrecognizable. Business houses have been closed.

Crop Products of Ohio.

Special Dispatch to THE BEE.

COLUMBUS, April 8.—The April report of the board of agriculture, based on returns from over 700 townships, gives the following percentage compared with April 1st, 1883: Wheat 63, old wheat in producers' hands 28, old corn, ditto, 32; rye, condition, 69; barley 66. The wheat outlook is the most gloomy for eight years in Ohio. Severe cold with bare ground killed the tops to the surface in January and February. Warm rains and good weather till May may improve the condition.

Official telegrams received April 7 from other states give the following percentages for the condition of winter wheat compared with the same time last year: Indiana 72, Illinois 88, Kansas 61, Kentucky about 70, Michigan 70, Wisconsin about 75, California about 65. Minnesota spring wheat will probably acreage 98. Reduced to bushels the loss in these 8 states will be 96,000,000, or 30 per cent, and they gave 281,600,000 of the 500,000,000 bushels raised in the United States last year.

A WATERED VENTURE.

Jay Gould's Gorgeous Yacht Launched on the Delaware.

The Atalanta Takes Water as Gracefully as Railroad Stock.

Description of the Floating Palace.

Special Dispatch to THE BEE.

PHILADELPHIA, April 8.—A special train from New York arrived at Cramp's ship yard yesterday, to witness the launching of Gould's steam yacht, Atalanta. Among those on board the train were Mr. and Mrs. Gould, Misses Nellie and Annie Gould, George Gould, Mr. and Mrs. A. L. Hoffman, R. L. Baldwin, Cyrus W Field, Jr., Wm. Henry Hurlbut of The New York World, Miss Annie Hendricks, E. S. Jeffrey, Howard Jeffrey, Wm. H. Bingham, John T. Terry, and E. O. Harris. The yacht was successfully launched at 1:30 p. m. The vessel was christened Atalanta by Miss Nellie Gould in the usual way.

A large crowd witnessed the launch. In addition to the party from New York there were many prominent Philadelphians present. It was expected General Grant and General Diaz would be present, but they were absent owing to a delay of the train. Only workmen were permitted on board the craft, the launch being witnessed from a spacious platform constructed around the yacht, from which floated the stars and stripes. The owner of the yacht and party occupied positions on the platform at the bow of the vessel. Shortly after one o'clock a long file of workmen, arranged on either side of the keel of the Atalanta, began driving in the wedges preparatory to cutting away the last fastening which held her on the ways. In a few minutes she glided smoothly and gracefully into the Delaware amid the cheers of the assembled multitude and the whistles of boats in the river. As the bow left the ways Miss Nellie Gould christened her Atalanta by breaking the traditional bottle of wine. The launch was a complete success and Mr. Gould was warmly congratulated. After luncheon at the office of the builders Gould and party returned to New York by special train.

Competent judges say Gould's yacht Atalanta is the most perfect specimen of steam craft construction. As as to seaworthiness she is considered superior to Bennett's Namouna. Upon deck her length is 225 feet and on the water line 213 feet. The yacht is fitted up in the most magnificent style, the cabin being furnished with all that can be suggested for comfort and convenience. The whole ship's company will number 52 men. Besides her engine propelling power, the Atalanta will be able to spread as much canvass on the average as a three masted schooner. She will be propelled by compound, instead of direct acting, surface condensing engines with two cylinders, one of thirty and one of sixty inches in diameter, with thirty inches stroke of piston. The engines are fitted with steel reversing gear, patented by Cramps, by means of which it can be immediately reversed from full speed ahead to full speed astern. The Atlanta will be ready for service by the middle of May.

THE PRINCE OF PUNCHES is "Hub Punch," composed of old, fine liquors and luscious fruits. It can be used clear or with water, lemonade, etc., and far surpasses any punch brewed at discretion.