

The Birmingham Sensation Continues the Talk of all Britain. One Hundred and Seventy Pounds of Nitro Glycerine Stored in the "Factory." The Preliminary Examination of the Prisoners and the Testimony of the Police. A Countless Number of Infated Rumors Set Afloat by the Detectives.

Sketches of the Four Fiends as They Appeared and Acted in Court.

The Excitement Throughout the Country Increased by the Hourly Exposures.

A Large Assortment of General Foreign News.

ENGLAND.

Special Dispatches to the Bee. LONDON, April 6.—The dynamite prisoners were arraigned at the Bow street station to-day, and charged with having in their possession, with felonious intent, explosive material. The detectives gave a full history of their chase after Norman and Gay, and a number of points which in their opinion pointed to his guilt and to intimate relations between him and the other prisoners. It transpired that the name of the man whom Norman alleges engaged him as clerk is Fletcher. The detectives deposed that on Norman's name was found a telegram signed Fletcher. At the conclusion of the testimony all were remanded without bail, although their counsel strongly urged that they should be allowed.

LONDON, April 6.—The interest in the nitroglycerine discoveries continues to grow, and the excitement is intense. The papers are making the most of their opportunity and selling frequent editions with headings: "A plot to blow up London." The contents of the editorials and local news seek to connect the arrest of the four dynamite persons with the advice given by O'Donovan Rossa to Irishmen to burn everything in England except their coal.

The house in Nelson square, at Lambeth, where Wilson and Gallagher, the dynamite fiends, were arrested yesterday, has been placed under police surveillance, and all persons entering are carefully scrutinized, and notes taken of their personal appearance. The police hope that in this way they may secure evidence upon which to base further arrests, as they are convinced that there are numerous accomplices of the men already in custody still at large. One evidence of this is the fact that made public, that large sums of money at regular intervals have been deposited at the bank of England to the credit of the men held in custody in the Dublin jails for the Phoenix murder and other murders. The authorities have made a vigorous search for the sources of these deposits, but have not yet been able to discover it. Henry Dalton, who was arrested at the American exchange yesterday in connection with the dynamite plots, reached England according to the information obtained from police sources to-day, some time in February. In appearance he was unassuming and maintained a quiet and reserved demeanor. While loitering about Bowles' American reading room he appeared to be conversing in the English papers that the American periodicals and was especially concerned to get the latest news. It is understood Norman's counsel base the defense on a plea that he was an innocent agent and was employed in the capacity of clerk for a limited time by a man from the United States who is not arrested yet. It will be held that Norman was in entire ignorance of the act that the box contained the terrible explosives. It is alleged by the parties who claim to have some knowledge of Norman, that he is of respectable birth and education and came to England expecting to find employment. No arrests have been made in London except the four reported yesterday.

The prisoners were arraigned in Bow street court this morning. Justice Ingham, who presided, informed them they were brought before the bar upon the charge of having in their possession explosive material, with the intent to use the same for felonious purposes. The statute provides persons convicted of this crime shall be liable to punishment of two years at hard labor. The prisoners were put down on the charge sheet as: Norman, aged 29; Gallagher, 33; Wilson, 22; Dalton 39. Dalton is also known by the alias as John O'Connor. When the prisoners marched into the dock a stalwart policeman was stationed behind each. They are intelligent men, well dressed and have every appearance of being not only respectable but educated. The evidence both direct and circumstantial was given almost entirely by the detectives. They deposed they followed Norman from the dynamite factory in Birmingham to his hotel in this city; that they dogged his footsteps Wednesday evening, and finally arrested him late at night. When made a prisoner he declared he had no idea what the box contained, yet in his pockets were keys which exactly fitted the box. The detectives also found on him a \$5 note with

the stamp, "N. Y., March 10," printed thereon. Among other articles taken from him was a map of London, and an envelope addressed "Gallagher, American Exchange." The officers stated he also had in his pocket a telegram directing him to call on Fletcher at Charing Cross hotel (Fletcher is the person who according to Norman, engaged him to carry the dynamite box taken from him.) In regard to Wilson and Gallagher, the evidence of the policemen who arrested them was not less convincing. They deposed when they inquired of Wilson what he had in his portmanteau, he curtly replied, "You had better look." They examined it, and found rubber bags containing the liquids already described. Gallagher denied having any knowledge of these bags or their contents. Although Gallagher was arrested at Nelson square, he gave his address as Charing Cross hotel. It was remarked at this point in the proceedings that a clue to Gallagher's connection with Norman was the envelope found on Norman directed to Gallagher, and Fletcher's dispatch to Norman asking him to call at the place which Gallagher claimed as his residence. The police stated further that they found at Gallagher's rooms more rubber bags like those in the portmanteau, besides a quantity of money and a letter of credit for \$600 dated New York, March 13. Gallagher interposed with a remark that the much talked about liquid was merely hydrate of chloral, and if the rubber bags were explosive that was indeed a new discovery. In respect to the address of Dalton, alias O'Connor, the police testified that he refused to give any address except Bowles' reading room, 14 Edward place, Falmham road. He was, however, searched and some pieces of fuse and a thermometer found. Dalton here said contemptuously, "The fuse you found was merely a cigar lighter." The police continued, they learned the whereabouts of Dalton's lodging house by shadowing him to that address. They found upon him a diary which contained a receipt for the manufacture of fulminate of mercury and other chemical compounds. Dalton here reiterated his denial that he not had the slightest acquaintance with the other prisoners or any knowledge of them. Norman's counsel was Wm. Davison Smyth, the other prisoners having no legal advisers except as he acted incidentally for them. He made little comment on the testimony and confined his remarks to an urgent appeal on the question of bail, which he asked to be allowed to give for his client. He said Norman had been in the country only about a week.

Judge Ingham refused to grant the request of Gallagher and Norman that their money be restored to them, and closing the preliminary examination said he would remand them until Thursday without bail. Additional precautions were taken to guard the Bow street prison, and the prisoners Norman, Gallagher, Wilson and Dalton are carefully watched.

The stock of explosives discovered by the police at Whitehead's manufactory in Birmingham has been examined by the government inspector, who reports that he found among other articles for the destruction of life and property 170 pounds of nitroglycerine. The government has already taken action looking to an amendment of the law in regard to the possession of explosives. Sir William Harcourt, home secretary, announced this afternoon in the commons that on Monday next he would introduce a bill to that effect, and would ask the house to facilitate the passage of the bill, in order to secure its speedy enactment. The announcement of the government's intention to deal with the matter was received with cheers by the house.

A communication regarded by the police authorities as of the greatest importance was received yesterday evening by "C" division. The communication was to the effect that a large quantity of dynamite had been consigned from Liverpool to the address within the territory of "C" division, which includes St. James, Haymarket, and King's streets. It is expected arrests of great importance than those already made will be effected.

An internal machine of the most scientific and destructive character has been found during the last few days. The police propose to publish a description of the mechanism of this instrument. The magisterial investigation will show the persons arrested in London, Liverpool, Birmingham and Cork, are all members of the same organization which has been supported by funds regularly received from America. It is reported a plan of both houses of parliament was found on one of the prisoners.

Special Dispatches to the Bee. ST. LOUIS, April 6.—Mrs. M. A. Crabtree, in a letter, announces the fact that her daughter, whose full name is Lotta Mignon Crabtree, will not play for two years, but will spend that time in Europe and seek medical treatment for the restoration of her voice. If the old tones can be brought back again, then Lotta will be heard once more; but if the physicians of the old country fail to set the worn chords to music, Lotta will appear on the stage no more.

Senator Logan's Plans. CHICAGO, April 6.—Senator John A. Logan arrived here to-day from Washington. He will remain in the city for two or three days, and then leave for California with Mrs. Logan, who is at present in poor health. He will spend a couple of months with her there, and then leave her to join the committee on Indian affairs, which has arranged a tour of investigation and inspection up through the Indian country for the summer months.

The Niagara Flood. NIAGARA FALLS, Ont., April 6.—Heavy rain of the past thirty hours caused a flood here. Bridge street is covered with water to a depth of two feet. Several thousand dollars damage done to goods in cellars and stores. Fifty feet of the Canada Southern track was washed away. Trains will not be able to run to Niagara hill to-morrow.

Neilon square, Lambeth, was the place of fatal refuge in 1867. The prisoner, Henry Dalton went to America 10 years ago. He stayed

some time in New York state, then went to New Jersey, where he pursued the calling of compositor. Dalton's parents state they know nothing about the prisoner's affairs. Dalton first appeared at Bowles' American reading room the 19th of March, having made the voyage from America in a White Star steamer.

A man known as "Flaherty," arrested at Birmingham, is believed to be Fletcher. When Whitehead was arrested he made a great effort to get a bottle of liquid from a cupboard. The windows of Whitehead's rooms were lined with gauze to prevent missiles entering. One hundred and seventy pounds of nitro-glycerine in Whitehead's manufactory was contained in carboys, they being placed in ice to keep the temperature low until the dangerous substance could be removed.

The Birmingham police have information that the man in communication with Whitehead left Birmingham the day before the explosion occurred at the local government board office. LONDON, April 7.—It is reported that the government has asked the American government to send a force of skilled detectives to assist in tracing the dynamite fiends. The Standard announces that Parnell will not attend the Philadelphia convention solely on account of ill health.

At a meeting of the bond holders of the New York, Pennsylvania & Ohio railroad, the lease of the road to the New York, Lake Erie & Western railroad was approved. The Dublin Freeman's Journal says it is the duty of every honest and honorable Irishman to repudiate and denounce that species of devilry, which can only end in alienation of all good men from their support of national cause, and collapse, ruin and disgrace the cause itself.

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An urgent whip was issued to the Irish members to attend the session of the commons Monday next, setting forth that business of the utmost importance will be taken up. The Irish members fear an attempt will be made to saddle on Ireland the crimes act as a permanent statute.

GENERAL FOREIGN NEWS. Archbishop Crake orders collections throughout the arch diocese for the Parnell testimonial.

Queen Victoria took another drive yesterday. She cannot yet walk with comfort.

William Charles Yelverton, Viscount Avonmore, is dead.

Bismarck in a letter to the president of the reichstag announces in a quiet manner and without offering any explanation the arrest and subsequent release at Kiel of the deputies who had attended the socialist congress at Copenhagen.

Notwithstanding the numerous protests which are being received from America against the injustice of prohibiting the importation of American pork into Germany, the government seems determined to enforce the statute making such importation unlawful.

The explosion in the powder depot occurred at Marone, a small village just out of Peseo Carere, Italy. Two hundred weight of powder was stored to be used in blasting preliminary to the construction of an aqueduct in the cellar of a tenement house in which 60 workmen had quarters. The whole house was blown into the air. Only a few persons in the house at the time escaped with their lives. All were badly mangled.

Seven hundred and fifty Hungarian emigrants from Bukovina arrived at Vienna. Two thousand more men are en route, and the whole Hungarian colony at Bukovina, numbering about 20,000 souls, are determined to leave the place owing to the insufficiency of the crops to feed the population.

Down with the Certificates. CHICAGO, April 6.—The bankers of this city, in view of the action of the secretary of the treasury refusing to exchange gold certificates held by them for other denominations at the sub-treasury, have decided to send all their certificates to New York for exchange into gold, and for the future have nothing to do with such certificates.

The Wily Ben. BOSTON, April 6.—It now transpires that Governor Butler's fast day proclamation, for omissions in which he was severely criticized by the press, was the same proclamation verbatim promulgated by Governor Gore in 1810. Butler says "All criticisms are directed against that learned and pious man, not against me."

The Jeannette Court of Inquiry Again in Session. The Dorsey Family Continue Cultivating a Conveniently Poor Memory.

The Smuggling of Opium Sugar by Way of Hawaii Officially Denied. Progress of the Count in the Treasury Vault—An Enormous Land Grant.

CAPITOL NOTES. THE JEANNETTE BOARD. WASHINGTON, April 6.—The Jeannette court of inquiry convened to-day. The judge advocate announced that he had received a communication from Dr. Collins, enclosing 35 questions which he desired to have put to the witnesses Foreman Bartlett was called, and the questions read to him. In reply the witness stated in substance that Collins was treated exactly the same as other officers. Witness was of opinion that the trip to Belum might have been made sooner, but it would have been attended with great suffering and hardship. He believed, taking all things into consideration, everything was done that could have been done to rescue DeLong's party.

SUGAR SMUGGLING. The secretary of state transmitted to the treasury department a report from R. M. Daggett, minister resident at Honolulu, which regards the statements recently made to the effect that Chinese sugars are being imported at Honolulu and thence re-shipped to the United States as Hawaiian sugar, which pay no duty. Daggett says, after thorough investigation, he is satisfied the statements above referred to are clearly without foundation.

COUNTING THE CASH. The committee examining the condition of the United States treasury are making rapid progress. The bonds held to secure the circulation of national banks, bonds held in security for public deposits, and bonds of the Indian trust fund have been counted, and found to agree with the amount called for. All odds and ends have been cleared up, and the work now before the committee is a straight count of sealed packages of reserve United States notes and bags of silver coin. There are 1,350 packages of notes, each package containing 4,000 notes. There are about 2,500 bags of silver, each bag containing \$1,000. The count will not be finished for two weeks. Members of the committee say "the treasury is in good shape, in every respect."

THE DORSEYS. In the star route trial to-day witness J. W. Dorsey testified that he had written his brother that he regarded the Tongue river route as worth \$100,000 for the contract term. He answered that the statement showed his ignorance of the business of running mail routes. Witness could not identify his brother's handwriting; had not received a letter from him since December, 1878, nor did he know Peck's signature. The testimony witness closed with a denial of any evil intentions in making the affidavit connected with the routes. Adjourning until Monday.

Much amusement was created in the court room this afternoon by the circulation of an illustrated humorous paper, containing a sketch of the star route trial in 1901.

A HUGO RANCHO. The commissioner of the general land office sent to the surveyor general of New Mexico to-day a patent for a private land claim known as the "Astrochico grant." The land is situated in San Miguel and Bernalillo counties, New Mexico, and contains 378,537 acres.

REDUCED POSTAGE. It is estimated by persons thoroughly familiar with the subject that under the new law reducing letter postage and regulating the pay of postmasters, the receipts of not more than one office in every four on the general average will be in excess of postmaster's salaries. Under the existing law it is said all postoffices, however insignificant, must contribute about two fifths of their receipts to the government.

The Rev. Murray's Denial. Special Dispatch to the Bee. NEW YORK, April 6.—The Rev. W. H. Murray, of Adirondack fame, arrived in this city on Wednesday from San Antonio, Texas, alone. He was questioned this evening about the report that he had run away from San Antonio leaving \$12,000 of debts. He said that report was a lie from top to bottom. "I left San Antonio," he said, "Saturday last in this open manner at 10 o'clock. I was in my carriage and I went from there directly to the train. Fully fifty persons to whom I was personally known were on the train. I did not leave it until I reached Washington, where I stopped over a few hours. Then I came on here."

"Did you leave debts of \$12,000?" "I do not owe \$50 in Texas all told, nor did I promise to meet any creditors on the afternoon of the day I left. No creditor asked me for pay, and I did not pay any of them." "The story about my female amanuensis," Murray continued, "is absolutely false. I have been visiting alone for the two and a half years I have been in Texas. I passed the last month at the house of my lawyer. I came on alone. No man holds my notes for \$2,500. I never had a ranch in Texas and never bred cattle. I never failed in a newspaper there. I never wrote a line for a paper in Texas."

Boiler Explosion. NEWBURN, N. C., April 6.—A boiler exploded in the factory of George Bishop last evening. The engineer and fireman were killed. The house of Isaiah Wood, 100 yards distant, was destroyed, and Mrs. Wood fatally injured. Two employees of the factory were hurt by flying bricks. Half the factory was demolished and all houses in the vicinity more or less damaged.

A Noted Musician. NEW YORK, April 6.—Max Bruch, the noted German composer and or-

ganizer, leader of male chorals, will arrive on the steamer Gallia about April 11. His coming is regarded as an event of much importance to the musical world, this being his first visit to America. Upon his arrival he will be received by the Arion society and delegates from leading German musical societies. His first appearance in New York will be with the Oratorio society at the Academy of Music on the 18th inst.

TELEGRAPH NOTES.

Special Dispatches to the Bee. Eleven new cases of small pox reported at Nashville. Grain exporters of New York propose to form an association. The cricketers association of the United States elect D. S. Newhall, president. O. H. Hodgson, wholesale cheese and butter merchant of Montreal, was arrested at the instance of the Bank of Montreal for obtaining advances. He compromised with the bank for \$60,000 and then fled across the line to escape his creditors.

The Maryland & Delaware ship canal across the peninsula will cost \$800,000, to be finished in four years. The bonds were placed in France. The Mexican grant to Governor Fernandez of the federal district authorizes him to establish colonies on a large scale in San Luis Potosi. The government gives the unutilized public lands on liberal terms and adds a cash premium for each colonist.

Lawrence & Asher, stationers, New York, assigned. Liabilities, \$231,000; assets, \$150,000; preferences aggregate, \$87,000. Ex-Senator Ferry of Michigan, is about to sail for Europe to be absent a year, for the benefit of his health. At the Cincinnati co-operative works in the lower part of that city an emery wheel burst, instantly killing two men and injuring a third.

Alexander Williams (colored), arrested for outraging a negro girl named Lena Moses, living on Deer creek, near Vicksburg, Miss., was taken out of jail and hanged by a mob yesterday. Lieutenant John H. Oule, Second Cavalry, died at Fort Carter, Montana, on Thursday, after a long illness.

The trial of George W. Conkling, Jr., indicted for manslaughter in killing Wm. Vandewater, in New York, has been adjourned till the September term. Ex-President Dix lunched with General Grant in New York yesterday. The potters association comprising all firms in Trenton, N. J., has adopted resolutions announcing there will be no increase of rates for the next year. The new tariff over the lowest average rates the past ten years, that the prices will be lower to consumers the next five years than for any like period for one hundred years.

The sheriff of Booneville, Mo., captured Geo. Glendenning with a counterfeiting outfit and money. A portion of the money was still in the moulds when the raid was made. Howard Underwood (white) was hanged at Charleston, Mo., yesterday. At 1 o'clock the trap was sprung and he died in seven minutes. The body was cut down. Underwood killed H. B. Hays, the woman, by shooting her and beating her head to pieces more than a year ago.

The international workmen's association of New York, gave a reception last night to Herr Most. Rabbi Brown in the New York synagogue is a noble patriot. The rabbi leaving Washington for a pleasure trip and the great philanthropist, Cooper, lying dead. The cable message received at Harvard college yesterday from Dr. Krug, announced that the only student by Dr. Hartwig is not Darrest's count as previously announced, but a new nabab.

C. J. Jan n, for the past four years treasurer of Fargo, Dakota, defrauded the receiver of the railroad of about \$100,000. His account \$80. His bondman has made good the city's loss. The private bank of P. H. Tompkins, at El Paso, Ill., has assigned. Liabilities \$250,000. It is believed the assets will realize only \$20,000. The town is greatly excited. It is thought Tompkins has been speculating in options. Seeding has commenced near Bismarck, Dakota. There is considerable snow east of the Missouri valley, but in the Missouri to the Yellowstone valleys farming operations are under full head.

H. M. Dufer and Duncan C. Ross have arranged a mixed wrestling match in Rochester for \$500. E. McDermott and John Travers, professional wrestlers, Detroit, fought last night at the residence of a broker in New York for a purse of \$100. Twenty-seven rounds were fought and the battle given away in a few minutes.

Two students of Brown University, Wintrop M. Munro and Wm. Aughton Reed, just died of typhoid pneumonia. Carver and Bogardus each shot at a hundred clay pigeons in Philadelphia. Scores, Carver, 96; Bogardus, 95.

Stormy Weather. Special Dispatches to the Bee. NEW ORLEANS, April 6.—The river is one inch higher than last year, causing apprehension for the safety of the levees. It is raining to-night. Vicksburg, April 6.—The section was visited to-day by the heaviest rain for years. Four and a quarter inches fell. Many bridges were washed away.

LITTLE ROCK, April 6.—A severe wind, rain and hail storm prevailed in central and southwestern Arkansas Thursday night, doing considerable damage to buildings and fences, blowing down many trees. Along the line of the Hot Springs and Malvern railway a cyclone developed. The force of the wind lifted a passenger coach from the track and sent it down an embankment. Several persons were bruised but none seriously. The storm was severe in many places. At Moberly, ten miles south of Little Rock, a dozen residences and many stables were blown down. Railroads in the neighborhood are so covered with fallen timber as to be impassable. No lives lost.

The Iron Workers. CHICAGO, April 6.—O. W. Potter, president of the North Chicago Rolling Mill company, declares his belief that the amalgamated association will accede to the concessions asked by the manufacturers and that they do not necessarily involve a reduction of wages, as if the selling price is above 2 1/2 cents a pound, it means an advance. He states the North Chicago mills will resume the middle of May or the first of June.

The Dramatic Festival. CINCINNATI, April 6.—The auction sale of season tickets to the dramatic festival closed to-day; 2,450 seats have been sold for a total sum of \$64,625. Of this sum the premiums amount to 30,283. The average premium is \$12.35. There are still 1,267 seats to be sold without premium.

The Ivory Artists. The Closing Game of the Billiard Tournament in Chicago.

A Remarkable Exhibition of Crack Shots and Nervousness. Schaefer Beats the Famous Frenchman by a Brilliant Score.

Special Dispatch to the Bee. CHICAGO, April 5.—The closing game of the tournament to decide the world's championship at the billiard game was played this evening to an audience which literally packed Central Music hall to the doors. The players were Maurice Vigneaux and Jacob Schaefer. The characteristic points of the game were nervousness on the part of both players. A fine rally toward the close by Schaefer after Vigneaux, through extreme nervousness, failed to profit by two or three good opportunities, won the game. So nervous, indeed, was Vigneaux, that he could not retain his seat while his opponent was playing, but moved excitedly about, while perspiration stood out in great drops on his forehead. Schaefer won the lead and chose the black ball. He failed to count on the first stroke and was followed by Vigneaux with a run of 11. Then Schaefer gathered 38 on his string; Vigneaux made 4 in his second, leaving the balls in bad position, and Schaefer failed to count. The first point of special interest was by Vigneaux in the fifth inning, when, having conquered for a time his nervousness in the previous innings, he ran 130, the game then standing Schaefer 79, Vigneaux 178. Schaefer then took the balls, and by the most brilliant play conceivable, including open and close caroms, around the table, draws, masses and rail nursing, amassed a total of 220. The call then stood, Schaefer 299, Vigneaux 175. The next notable performance by Vigneaux was in the eighth inning, in which he counted 77, and in the twelfth inning, when he scored 109. Schaefer makes his last run until the 17th, when he added 95 points by rapid play. The score then stood 445 to 423 in Schaefer's favor. In the 18th inning Vigneaux made 52, and both began to show great nervousness, making small runs and misses in the last half of the 20th, with the game standing 492 to, Vigneaux had the balls where he should have made the game easily, but over careful play caused him to miss an easy stroke on the 18th shot. Schaefer opened the 21st inning with 108 necessary to win the game and the balls in bad position, but the title man succeeded in making a count and after a few shots got the balls together near the rail. From that point to the end his play was most brilliant and beyond description. Again and again the balls broke badly for him; he took every chance, however, and with nerve in the face of trying circumstances brought them together again and ran the game out amid great and deserved applause. Score: Schaefer, total 600, average 28 1/2, highest run 220; Vigneaux, total 509, average 25 9/20, highest run 139.

By the boating of Dion in this afternoon's game Maurice Daly secures third prize, Sexton fourth and Morris fifth. Daly went off briskly and early took a strong lead, but in the 33rd inning Dion ran 101, his largest run in the tournament, and thereby came within sixty points of his opponent. Score, Daly 600, average 17 5/35, highest run 85; Dion 440, average 15 15/35, highest run 101.

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handsomely decorated to-day by the association of the army of Tennessee, assisted by delegations of the association of the army of Northern Virginia. The corner stone of the monument of the army of Tennessee was laid. General Charles E. Hooker, of Mississippi delivered the oration. To-night the association of the army of Tennessee had a grand reunion and bar-que. Jefferson Davis was a guest.

H. PHILLIPS THE LEADING NEW YORK TAILOR, Call and look over my new store and see my new goods. 1207 Farnam Street. 1207. Under the management of Mr. Kallish.

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JOHN D. PEABODY, M. D., PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON, OFFICE ROOMS, 3 & 5 1507 FARNAM ST. Residence 1714 Douglas Street, Omaha, Neb.

DR. M. A. REBERT, OFFICE: 1308 Farnam St., Omaha, Neb. Day and Night Calls Promptly Attended. mar 2-1m

MASONIC LIFE INSURANCE THE ILLINOIS MASONS Benevolent Society, PRINCETON ILL., Organized March 9 '71. The oldest and one of the strongest Masonic insurance societies in the country. Permanent Funds \$1,000,000. R. C. JORDAN, General Agent for Nebraska

J. E. HOUSE, Consulting and Civil Engineer AND SURVEYOR. Special attention to Surveying Town Additions and Lots, Furnishing Estimates of Excavation, Making Maps, Plans, &c. OFFICE OVER THE NATIONAL BANK, OMAHA, NEB.

REMOVAL ALMA E. KEITH, Removed from 1222 Farnam St. to 109 So. Fifteenth St., opposite Postoffice. Will open on March 10th, a fine lot of pattern bonnets and hats, r. buns, etc. Also large addition of the latest styles of clothing, comprising all the novelties of the season. The only reliable light millinery store in Omaha.

Dexter L. Thomas & Bro. WILL BUY AND SELL REAL ESTATE AND ALL TRANSACTIONS CONCERNED THEREWITH. Pay Taxes, Rent, Houses, Etc. ROOM 8... CROFTON BLOCK Fifteenth Street, - Omaha, Neb. FRANK D. MEAD, CARPENTER AND CABINET MAKER. Repairing of all Kinds Promptly Done. 1605 Douglas Street, Omaha, Neb. mar 17-1m

Genius Rewarded, or The Story of the Sawing Machine. A handsome little pamphlet, blue and gold cover with name on top, will be GIVEN AWAY to a young adult person calling for it, at any branch or sub-office of the Singer Manufacturing Co. Company, or will be sent by mail, post-paid, to any person living at the distance from our office. The Singer Manufacturing Co., Principal Office, 84 Union Square NEW YORK.

DUFRENE & MENDELSSOHN, ARCHITECTS! REMOVED TO Omaha National Bank Building. Matter of Application of Schroter & Becht for permit to run liquor as a drugstore. NOTICE. Notice is hereby given that Schroter & Becht filed upon the 27th day of March, A. D. 1883 file their application to the Mayor and City Council of Omaha, for permit to sell malt, spirituous and vinous liquors, as a drugstore, for medicinal, mechanical and chemical purposes only, at No. 211 South Fifteenth street, Third ward, Omaha, Neb., from the 11th day of April, 1883, to the 11th day of April, 1884. If there be no objection, remonstrance or protest filed within two weeks from March 27th, A. D. 1883, the said permit will be granted. SCHROTER & BECHT, Applicants. The Omaha Bee newspaper will publish the above notice once each week for two weeks, at the expense of the applicant. The city of Omaha is not to be charged therewith. J. J. L. C. JEWETT, City Clerk. 815-2t

Nebraska Land Agency DAVIS & SNYDER, 505 Farnam St. Omaha Nebraska. 10,000 ACRES Carefully selected land in Eastern Nebraska for sale. Great bargains in improved farms, Omaha City property.