THE LEGISLATURE.

A Spasm of Virtue Afflicts the House.

And They Demand to Know Who Got That Five Hundred Dollar Bribe.

An Investigating Committee Appointed--Doings in Both Branches

Special Correspondence of THE BEE.

SENATE.

LINCOLN, February 19

The senate committee of public lands and buildings made its report on Saturday on the capitol appropriation bill. The majority report is in favor of cutting down the levy for the new capitol from one mill as it came from the house to three quarters of a mill, and also changing the section which virtually gives the contract to Boyd Stout. The minority report comes in the shape of a charge of corruption and reads as follows:

Your committee on public lands and buildings, having had under consideration house roll No. 189, a bill for an act to provide for the taking down and removing the material entering into the construction of the old capitol building, and to provide for the erection of the main building of the capitol of the state of Nebraska, and to levy a tax of one mill on the dollar and to appropriate the money arising from said levy to pay for said new capitol building, would respectfully submit the following conclusions concerning the same.

The condition of the taxpayers of Nebraska is not such as would justify a levy of special taxes for public buildings that are not absolutely needed for the conducting of public business. Ample accommodations are afforded for all branches of our state government, including state officers, supreme court and legislature in the building that we now occupy, and these accommodations will suffice for a number of years. It is contrary to public policy and sound political economy for the legislature to impose a special tax in any form that is indefinite as to amount. It is proposed in this bill to authorize a contract for a building that will, according to the general estimates, cost $450,000, but the bill instead of appropriating a fixed sum for the building imposes a mill or three-fourths of a mill tax on the grand assessment roll of the state, regardless as to the aggregate valuation of the property to be taxed. Under this pernicious system of special taxation the building of the two wings of the capitol has created a deficiency that seriously impairs the state's credit; there are now about $30,000 in building warrants in the hands of claimants on which amount the state is paying interest.

Our constitution expressly prohibits the legislature from incurring a greater liability for the state at any time than an aggregate of $300,000. Our interest bearing state debt at this time is over $450,000 and the appropriations now pending will materially increase this deficiency. If any special tax is to be levied at this time it should be to reduce the state debt within the constitutional limit. Beyond and above all these considerations your committee is impelled to report adversely on this bill for the reason that it has good cause to believe that improper influences have been exerted and that corrupt bargains have been made in securing the passage of this bill. Your committee has reliable information that at least one member of the house was paid a large sum of money for his support of this bill. For these reasons your committee in minority respectfully recommend that this bill be not passed. All of which is respectfully submitted.

S. S REYNOLDS

Senator Dolan introduced the following resolution·

WHEREAS, One of the most important matters for the consideration of this legislature is the regulation and control by law of railroad corporations, therefore be it

Resolved, That this senate will not agree to a resolution fixing a day for final adjournment of the legislature until some bill regulating passenger and freight rates of railroad corporations shall be passed.

The resolution was adopted with but one dissenting vote.

Senator Dech sent up the following explanation of his vote to the president of the senate:

"Being positive that this resolution is not prompted by patriotic motives, but for individual buncomb, but as I am willing to stay with them and fight them to the last ditch, I will vote 'aye.'"

The president in an apparent huff very promptly decided that no such thing should go upon the record, and it was therefore thrown out.

The bill that was so patched up in the committee of the whole which divides the state into ten judicial districts, came up to-day on its third reading.

Senator Norris opposed the bill on account of unjust and unfair division of territory, population and business. He contended that Washington county ought not to be attached to the Seventh district, and in this proposition he was joined by Senator Butler, and at one time it looked as though the requisite two-thirds vote could not be secured, but the senators favoring the bill gathered around and agreed to have it amended in the house, and under this promise the opposition to the measure was withdrawn.

When the vote was called only twenty-one votes were recorded in its favor, but before the vote was announced Senators Dolan and Harrison changed their votes from "No" to "Aye," and that being the requisite two-thirds the bill was declared passed. It is thought by many that this bill will not find fair sailing when it reaches the house.

Copies of the bids for constructing the east wing of the new capitol, as called for by a resolution of Senator Brown, of Douglas, were sent to the senate this morning, together with a communication. The following are the bids: Butler & Krone, $98,490; Robert D. Silver $86,400; W. H. B. Stout, $96,800.

As is well known, the contract was let to Stout, although his bid was $10,400 higher than that of Mr Silver. This will undoubtedly call for an explanation before several senators may be induced to vote for the capitol appropriation.

A large number of bills were passed by the senate this morning.

THE HOUSE

LINCOLN, February 19.—The house convened at 9:30 this morning. After the transaction of some routine business Chapin offered the following resolution:

Resolved, That it is the sense of this house that no adjournment should be had until some suitable action has been taken on the subject of railroad legislation, and such bills have received the signature of the governor.

On motion, the resolution was laid upon the table by a vote of 60 to 23.

Quite a little breeze was stirred up in the house when McAllister asked to be allowed to offer a resolution. After considerable discussion the ayes and nays were taken, and McAllister's motion to have the resolution read was adopted by a large majority. The resolution reads as follows:

WHEREAS, In THE OMAHA DAILY BEE of February 16, 1883, it is charged that a member of the house of representatives of the state of Nebraska received the sum of $500 for his vote on the capitol appropriation; therefore, be it

Resolved, That a committee of three be appointed to investigate said charges and report to this house at the earliest possible time as to the truth or falsity of such charges, and that such committee be empowered to send for persons and papers.

A very lively debate ensued, in which a number of members took part.

Johnson considered any charge made in THE BEE a compliment to the member. He did not believe the state of Nebraska ought to be intimidated by Edwin Rosewater in such a manner. He was not in favor of giving him an advertisement that would be worth hundreds of dollars to him and cost the state hundreds of dollars.

McAllister pointed out that the charges as stated in THE BEE would be sent broadcast all over the state, and if the house refused to investigate it would look as if they were true

Whedon denied that any specific charge against any member of the house had been made in THE BEE.

Jensen wanted to get at the bottom facts. It had been charged that members had sold their votes on the capitol appropriation. He had voted on the capitol appropriation bill and had never received a cent, and he wanted the matter investigated.

Whedon insisted that there was no specific charge made against any member. He wanted to know when in the history of this state THE BEE had not charged any and every man whose course the editor of that paper did not like with corruption. You can take it as a general rule when this man abuses you, you are on the right side

Rainey said he was not a lawyer and could not say what constituted a specific charge. THE BEE had charged Palmer (of Saline) and himself with allowing themselves to be corrupted by the B. & M., and when he spoke to Mr. Rosewater on the subject he said he could prove these charges. He strongly urged investigating the charges.

Palmer, of Saline, was in favor of the investigation. He had told Mr. Rosewater that as regards himself the charges were false.

Wolph said he had asked Mr. Rosewater what about these charges you make in your paper and Mr. Rosewater replied that he could prove every word if they would only give him an opportunity. He was satisfied that a great many people away from Lincoln believe this charge and if the resolution was voted down they would the more readily believe it.

Haven thought it would be a great disgrace if this house went away without settling this question.

Savage thought as a satisfaction to the people of the State this investigation should be made.

Neville looked upon it as a scheme on Mr. Rosewater's part to get some cheap advertising, nothing more nor less.

The resolution was carried by a vote of 63 to 21.

The chair appointed Messrs. Whedon, McAllister and Davenport as investigating committee.

Mr. Whedon rose and asked to be excused because he was opposed to the resolution and he thought there were plenty of other men in the house better fitted.

The chair then appointed Mr. Johnson in the place of Mr. Whedon.

The house then went into committee of the whole with Mr. Grant in the chair. The principal business done was the recommendation of the passage of Russell's bill to amend the public instruction act. The bill was amended pretty considerably. The amendments affecting Omaha, more particularly, are making the school board consist of nine members instead of six as heretofore, and allowing the funds to be invested in city bonds instead of United States bonds as heretofore. The house took a recess until half past 2.

THE BEE corresponnent is indebted to the daily News of this city for numerous press courtesies and hopes to be able to reciprocate on some future occasion.

*Many ladies who had scarcely enjoyed the luxury of feeling well for years have been so renovated by using Lydia Pinkham's Vegetable Compound that they have triumphed over the ills flesh is said to be heir to, and life has been crowned with the added charm of a fresher beauty.

A $20 Bible Reward.

The publishers of Rutledge's Monthly offer twelve valuable rewards in their Monthly for March, among which is the following:

We will give $20 in gold to the person telling us which is the longest verse in the Bible by March 10th, 1883. Should two or more correct answers be received the reward will be divided. The money will be forwarded to the winner March 15th, 1883. Persons trying for the reward must send 10 cents in silver (no postage stamps taken) with their answer, for which they will receive the April Monthly, in which name and address of the winner of the reward and the correct answer will be published, and in which several more valuable rewards will be offered.

Address, Rutledge Publishing Company, 563 Northampton St., Easton, Penn.

THE NATIONAL CAPITAL.

The Hope of Tariff Relief Practically Abandoned in Congress.

Pigiron Kelley Forced to Retire Before the Appropriation Bills.

The Senate Passes Its Bill for Tariff and Revenue Reduction.

Council Bluffs Secures Another $50,000 for Its Postoffice

The Doings of Congress and Other Matters.

CAPITOL NOTES.

Special Dispatches to THE BEE.

SENATORIAL CAUCUS.

WASHINGTON, February 20.—Republican members of the senate took advantage of the late hour at which that body decided to convene to-day and held a caucus, lasting from 10:30 to 12 o'clock. A pretty general discussion of the situation was had and an unusually frank expression was indulged in. Some speakers advised the abandonment of the tariff bill on the ground that its further discussion was utter folly and waste. A vote was finally taken, which resulted by a large majority in favor of going on for another day with the tariff bill.

COUNCIL BLUFFS POST OFFICE.

Fifty thousand dollars in addition to the $100,000 already appropriated for the government building at Council Bluffs, passed the committee of the whole in the house to-day, and will become a law before the adjournment of the present congress.

NEW RULES.

The committee of commerce added $50,000 to the river and harbor bill. A provision was added which specifies that all applications for surveys shall be make to the secretary of war. Representative Burrows, (Mich.), will to-morrow offer a resolution which will be referred to the committee on rules and acted upon at an early day. The resolution provides that each day after reading the journal the speaker shall call committees in the regular order, when it shall be in order for any committee to designate a bill on any of the house, which shall be taken up for immediate action, and it shall be in order to debate such bill for thirty minutes, when the previous question shall be moved, and if seconded a vote shall be taken; provided, but one motion to adjourn shall be in order before a vote is taken on such bill. The order shall not extend for more than two hours each day.

APPLAUDING ARTHUR.

President Arthur, Mrs. McElroy, Attorney-General Brewster and Mrs. Brewster to-night attended a performance of "Wm. Tell," given by Col. Mapleson's opera company, at the National theater. Entering the house just after the overture and as the orchestra were beginning the prelude to the first scene, the party were discovered by Signor Arditi, as they were being seated. The band was stopped and when it struck up again it was with "Hail Columbia." At the conclusion of the national air the audience cheered the president tumultously, the recognition being the most cordial ever extended to him on any similar occasion.

CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSIONERS

Dorman B. Eaton, N. Y.; Jno. M. Gregory, Ills.; Leroy D. Thomas, Ohio.

CONGRESSIONAL.

Special Dispatch to THE BEE.

SENATE PROCEEDINGS.

WASHINGTON February 20.—Senator Tabor introduced a bill for a military post in western Colorado.

The senate resumed consideration of the tariff bill.

Senator Sherman moved to amend the wool schedule to increase the duty on wool of the first class. Senator Sherman said Hawley done him great injustice by intimating he was seeking to injure the manufacture of woolen goods. The duties on such goods provided for in this bill were greater than those reported by the tariff commission. He had voted for them. It was manufacturers who had shown dissatisfaction with the report of the tariff commission. Having got changes made they desired in their own interest, they were now indignant because the wool producers also asked fair protection. After long debate, Sherman's amendment was rejected.

On motion of Senator Merrill a duty of 20 per cent. advalorum was laid on extract of meat, and 30 per cent. on "vegetables prepared or preserved," not otherwise provided for.

Senator Call moved to restore the existing allowance of 5 per cent. on effervescing wines for breakage, leakage or damage. Lost, 21 to 32.

Senator Bayard's amendment laying a duty of 1 cent per pound on "galvanized steel iron or sheet iron," was agreed to—34 to 19.

Senator Kellogg moved to have the bill take effect in respect of articles embraced in the sugar schedule on the first of June, 1883, instead of the first of April as in the bill. Agreed to.

Senator Dawes moved to insert "Pistols, all kinds, thirty five per cent ad valorem." Agreed to.

Various amendments were offered and rejected. Debate on the bill closed with the understanding that amendments might still be offered.

Senator Brown moved to make the duty on gold watches forty per cent. Agreed to.

Senator Brown moved to make the duty on champagne and other sparkling wines, in bottles holding not more than one quart each, $7 per dozen. Agreed to—31 to 21.

Senator Jones (Nev.) moved to make the duty on refined borax five cents per pound instead of three, and to add "Pure baracic acid five cents per pound; commercial baracic acid, four cents per pound; borate of lime, three cents per pound; crude borate, three cents per pound." Agreed to—27 to 13.

Senator Windom moved an amendment to the effect that on the expiration of the Washington fisheries treaty concerning Canada and Newfoundland the fish product of these countries will be subject to the same duties as other countries. Agreed to.

At half past nine senate passed the tariff bill as amended, by a vote of 42 to 19.

Senator Gorman offered an amendment providing that tobacco and snuff manufactuters shall print upon each package the usual formula, prohibiting the use of packages again for the same purposes. Agreed to.

On motion of Senator Hale the duty on "stones unmanufactured or undressed freestone, granite, sandstone, all building or monumental stone except marble not specially enumerated" was changed from $15 per ton to 20 per cent advalorem

On motion of Senator Aldrich cotton damask was inserted at 40 per cent advalorem.

Senator Bayard moved to amend the book paragraph in the free list by adding engravings, bound or unbound, maps and charts which shall have been printed or manufactured more than twenty years at date of importation. Agreed to.

Senator Voorhees moved to amend the paragraph providing for the admission free of duty works of art, the productions of American artists, when imported expressly for presentation to any national institution or any state or municipal corporation, so as to make its provisions apply to religious societies or corporations. Agreed to.

Senator Logan moved to add one-quarter cent a pound to zinc spelter, so as to make it two and a half cents per pound. Agreed to.

Senator Morgan's amendment in the nature of a substitute for the tariff porovisions of the bill was lost—15 to 42 The tariff portion of the bill, which was technically an amendment to the original bill to reduce internal revenue taxation, was then agreed to —yeas 37, noes 28

The title of the bill was made to read "An act to reduce internal revenue taxation, and for other purposes."

Senator Logan called up the army appropriation bill, so as to make it unfinished business for to-morrow Adjourned.

HOUSE PROCEEDINGS.

WASHINGTON, February 20.—The republicans in the house will, it is understood, hold a caucus to-night for the purpose of considering the situation and determining the course to be pursued for the remainder of the session. In the house Hiscock, the chairman of the appropriation committee, moved to go into a committee of the whole on the sundry civil appropriation bill. He expressed the opinion that the bill would not occupy more than two or three days and said it would be followed by the deficiency bill.

Senator Kelly said, recognizing the importance of the passage of the appropriation bills in time for action by by the senate, he would not antagonize them, but soon as they were disposed of he would again press consideration of the tariff bill in the hope of reaching a result. [Incredulous laughter.]

The house went into committee of the whole on the sundry civil bill. General debate was dispensed with and the bill read by paragraphs for amendments.

Mr. Bland raised a point of order against the clause authorizing the secretary of the treasury to purchase additional real estate in San Francisco for the storage of bullion. The point was sustained.

Mr. Bland offered an amendment providing that all monies appropriated by this bill shall be paid out of silver dollars now in the treasury. Ruled out.

Mr. Belford moved to strike out the clause appropriating $10,000 for enlarging the vaults for storage of silver, and said if half the zeal or earnestness or honesty were used to put the silver dollar into circulation that was used to keep it out, there would be no question of building additional vaults. Subsequently Belford withdrew the amendment.

The clause appropriating $100,000 in aid of the the state local boards of health in preventing the spread of epidemic diseases, having been reached, Mr. Manning offered an amendment providing the money shall be expended under supervision of the National board of health. Amendment lost.

Mr. Townsend, from the committee on commerce, reported the river and harbor bill. Referred to committee of the whole. Recess.

EVENING SESSION.—Mr. Hiscock offered an amendment for the sale of several arsenals Ruled out.

While considering the item appropriating $150,000 for completing the Washington monument, Mr. Hiscock stated that the monument would be completed in two years from July 1st, next

Mr. McCook offered an amendment providing that all lands reserved for military purposes which in the opinion of the president may be no longer desirable for such purposes, shall be placed under the control of the secretary of the interior, to be by him sold to the highest bidder for cash. Pending action the committee rose and the house adjourned.

TUTT'S PILLS

SYMPTOMS OF A TORPID LIVER

Loss of Appetite, Bowels costive, Pain in the Head, with a dull sensation in the back part, Pain under the Shoulder blade, fullness after eating, with a disinclination to exertion of body or mind, Irritability of temper, Low spirits, with a feeling of having neglected some duty, Weariness, Dizziness, Fluttering at the heart, Dots before the eyes, Yellow Skin, Headache generally over the right eye, Restlessness, with fitful dreams, highly colored Urine, and

CONSTIPATION.

TUTT'S PILLS are especially adapted to such cases, one dose effects such a change of feeling as to astonish the sufferer.

They Increase the Appetite, and cause the body to Take on Flesh, thus the system is nourished, and by their Tonic Action on the Digestive Organs, Regular Stools are produced. Price 25 cents. 35 Murray St., N. Y.

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GRAY HAIR OR WHISKERS change to a GLOSSY BLACK by a single application of this DYE. It imparts a natural color. Acts instantaneously. Sold by Druggists, or sent by express on receipt of...$1.00.

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(Dr. TUTT'S MANUAL of Valuable Information and Useful Receipts will be mailed FREE on application.)

THE OLD WORLD.

IRELAND.

Special Dispatches to THE BEE.

THE GREAT CONSPIRACY.

DUBLIN, February 20.—The conspiracy prisoners, after formal reading of depositions, before their removal from court, shook hands heartily with each other. Patrick Whelan was bailed on the charge of treason felony in connection with the discovery of arms. The sister, instead of the wife of Frank Byrne, should have been arrested. Inquiry begins Friday in Dublin Castle into a conspiracy of much wider area and more destructive aim than the murder society.

James Mulett, one of the conspiracy prisoners, was allowed to receive two letters and sign a check to-day. A man named Quinlan and two named Mahoney, all ex-suspects, belonging to Castle Island, were arrested, charged with being members of the "Invincibles." The wives and mothers of the prisoners were admitted to the gallery of the court to-day and warmly greeted the prisoners. Carey failed to identify Mrs. Byrne and she was discharged.

THE TALK IN THE COMMONS.

LONDON, February 20.—In the house of commons this afternoon Trevelyn, chief secretary of Ireland, was again questioned about Sheridan, but declined to give any further information regarding him than that he gave yesterday. He referred the question to Parnell. Gorst said it was generally believed that the employment of persons engaged in outrages to suppress them was forced upon the government by Chamberlain. He believed Gladstone, in the Kilmainham treaty, made a dupe of the inner circle of the cabinet, which, like the Irish "Invincibles," had a "Number 1." Outbreak and outrages always accompanied the accession of the liberals to power.

Harcourt said Gorst had no right to base his speech on the evidence of one witness. He would not take the trouble to repudiate the charge of engaging a man who, he knew, was plotting the murder of his colleagues. He admitted the government failed to stop crimes at first; it was owing to the inefficiency of the police.

Gibson, conservative, asked, "Will nobody for very shame show the Land League balance sheet?"

THE FRENCH WATCH.

CANNES, February 20.—Frank Byrne left, it is thought for Paris. The police force guarding Gladstone have been doubled, and maintain a strict watch over the premises at night.

PRESS COMMENT.

LONDON, February 20.—The Times, renewing the attack on the land league, says: No agitator who refused to tolerate or avail of the powers of ribbonism, or fenianism, or even the worse forms of crime, could hope to impose an unwritten law, or be accorded the authority of the uncrowned king.

The Standard also attacks Parnell for silence in the commons yesterday on the question of conspiracy disclosures in Dublin, and appeals to the people and authorities of America to aid in the search for the criminals.

GENERAL FOREIGN NEWS.

Special Dispatches to THE BEE.

THE FRENCH ARE PREPARING.

MARSEILLES, February 20.—By the latest mail from Madagascar it is learned that the French flag is flying on the northwest coast. Owing to the fact that the natives are being very much irritated, the prime minister begged the foreign residents of Tamatone not to venture into the interior. Warlike preparations are proceeding at Tamatone.

SPANISH SOCIALISTS.

MADRID, February 20.—A society of socialists have been discovered at at Xerez. Several members have been arrested and a number of documents seized, clearly proving the connection of the prisoners with the secret societies abroad. Senor Posado Herra, the president of the chamber of deputies, will retire from political life in March in consequence of old age.

A SELF DEFENSE CASE.

Marshal Bazine is about to publish a work on the Franco-Prussian war. It is chiefly with a view to defend his conduct at Metz.

ANOTHER MARINE DISASTER.

LONDON, February 20.—The Allan line steamer Buenos Ayres in a collision sunk a steamer off Lamash, Scotland. Eleven of the crew of the latter steamer were drowned.

HE WANTS HIM TO SEE IT.

BERLIN, February 20.—Emperor William wishes the Crown Prince Frederick William to attend the coronation.

THEY THINK HIM A GENERAL.

LONDON, February 20.—The police are convinced that the man known as "Number One" is Gen. McAdaras, who was in London on Saturday. Mrs. Byrne arrived in Dublin and was examined at the castle this morning, and will be charged in the police court this afternoon for being concerned in a treasonable conspiracy. It is reported that Mrs. Byrne has made a full confession of all she knows concerning the work of the assassins. Several arrests are expected on the strength of her information.

AGAINST THE AMERICAN HOG.

BERLIN, February 20.—The bundesrath have adopted a regulation against American pork.

Decline of Man

Nervous Weakness, Dyspepsia, Impotence, Sexual Debility, cured by "Wells' Health Renewer." $1.

A Well Raised Negro

Special Dispatch to THE BEE

TELLERSBURG, IND., February 20.—A negro named Williams was hung by a posse of citizens at dusk last evening. He had outraged Mrs. Taylor in her own house and then escaped, but was found in the woods by the citizens, who left him hanging near the scene of his crime.

Speaking of the Great German Remedy to a friend, O'Donovan Rossa said: "Mrs. Rossa has been cured of a very severe attack of neuralgia by St. Jacobs Oil, as she will gladly tell you, if you call at my residence, 879 Bushwick avenue, Brooklyn, N. Y."

The Number of Dead.

Special Dispatch to THE BEE.

BRAIDWOOD, February 20.—Six new names have been added to the list of killed in the Diamond mine, making eighty in all. It is feared the number may yet reach one hundred.

BRAIDWOOD, Ill., February 20.—At 1 this morning the pumps at the Diamond mine broke down, but started again at 7 a. m. At 11 to-night water had lowered twenty-five feet between the main and air shaft. Of the three new pumps started last night, two are working now, there not being enough power to run all pumps and hoisting cage. The Alton company has placed a locomotive at the disposal of the coal company to furnish steam to run the extra pump. Work goes on with a full force of men. Ditches have been dug from the pumps. The surface of the water is falling rapidly. The relief committee sent a circular all over the country. The Chicago, Wilmington & Vermillion coal company subscribe $1,090 to the relief fund, which with smaller contributions swells the fund to $2,485. Men work day and night filling the cave in with clay.

Gentle Women

Who want glossy, luxuriant and wavy tresses of abundant, beautiful Hair must use LYON'S KATHAIRON. This elegant, cheap article always makes the Hair grow freely and fast, keeps it from falling out, arrests and cures grayness, removes dandruff and itching, makes the Hair strong, giving it a curling tendency and keeping it in any desired position. Beautiful, healthy Hair is the sure result of using Kathairon.

me-eod-4th, 5th or 8th p.

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CORNICES, DORMER WINDOWS, FINIALS

Tin, Iron and Slate Roofing,

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Patent Adjusted Ratchet Bar and Bracket Shelving. I am the general agent for the above line of goods.

IRON FENCING.

Greatings, Balustrades, Verandas, Window Guards; also Bank Railings, Window Guards; also

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Beauty, health, and happiness for ladies in "WINE OF CARDUI."

OMAHA MEDICAL DISPENSARY!

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A. S. FISHBLATT, M. D., - PROPRIETOR.

Dr. Fishblatt can be Consulted Every Day Except Fridays and Saturdays, these two Days being devoted to His Dispensary at Des Moines, Iowa. Special attention given to diseases of the

THROAT AND LUNGS. CATARRH, KIDNEY AND BLADDER

And Female Diseases, as well as All Chronic and Nervous Diseases

DR. FISHBLATT

Has discovered the greatest cure in the world for weakness of the back and limbs, involuntary discharges, impotency, general debility, nervousness, languor, confusion of ideas, palpitation of the heart, timidity, trembling, dimness of sight or giddiness, diseases of the head, throat, nose or skin affections of the liver, kidneys, stomach or bowels—those terrible disorders arising from secret habits of youth, and secret vices are more fatal to the victims than the sons of Syrens to the mariners of Ulysses, blighting their most radiant hopes or aspirations, rendering marriage impossible

Those that are suffering from the evil practices which destroy their mental and physical systems causing

NERVOUS DEBILITY.

The symptoms of which are a dull, distressed mind, which unfits them from performing their business and social duties, makes happy marriage impossible, distresses the action of the heart, causing flushes of heat, dizziness of spirits, evil forebodings, cowardice, fears, dreams, restless nights, dizziness, forgetfulness, unnatural discharges, pain in the back and hips, short breathing, melancholy, tire easily of company and have preference to be alone, feeling as tired in the morning as when retiring, seminal weakness, lost manhood, white bone deposit in the urine, nervousness, confusion of thought, trembling, watery and weak eyes, dyspepsia, constipation, paleness, pain and weakness in the limbs, etc., should consult me immediately and be restored to perfect health.

YOUNG MEN

Who have become victims of solitary vice, that dreadful and destructive habit which annually sweeps to an untimely grave thousands of young men of exalted talent and brilliant intellect who might otherwise enhance their country's glory, and who are alone with the consciousness of their eloquence or wake to ecstacy the living lyre, may call with full confidence.

MARRIAGE

Married persons or young men contemplating marriage be aware of physical weakness, loss of procreative power, impotency, or any other disqualification speedily relieved. He who places himself under the care of Dr. Fishblatt may religiously confide in his honor as a gentleman, and confidently rely upon his skill as a physician.

ORGANAL WEAKNESS

Immediately cured and full vigor restored. This distressing affliction—which renders life a burden and marriage impossible, is the penalty paid by the victim for improper indulgence. Young people are apt to commit excesses from not being aware of the dreadful consequences that may ensue. Now who that understands this subject will deny that procreation is best sooner by those falling into improper habits than by prudent? Besides being deprived of the pleasure of healthy offspring, the most serious and destructive symptoms of both body and mind arise. The system becomes deranged, the physical and mental functions weaken, loss of procreative powers, nervous inability, dyspepsia, palpitation of the heart, indigestion, constitutional debility, wasting of the frame, cough, consumption and death.

A CURE WARRANTED.

Persons ruined in health by unlearned pretenders who keep them trifling month after month taking poisonous and injurious compounds, should apply immediately.

DR. FISHBLATT,

graduate of one of the most eminent colleges of the United States, has effected some of the most astonishing cures that were ever known; many troubled with ringing in the ears and head, when asleep, great nervousness, being alarmed at certain sounds, with frequent blushing, attended sometimes with derangement of the mind were cured immediately.

TAKE PARTICULAR NOTICE

Dr. F. addresses all those who have injured themselves by improper indulgence and solitary habits which ruin both body and mind, unfitting them for business, study, society or marriage.

These are some of the melancholy effects produced by the early habits of youth, viz: Weakness of the back and limbs, pains in the head and dimness of sight, loss of muscular power, palpitation of the heart, dyspepsia, nervous irritability, derangement of digestive functions, debility, consumption, etc.

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CONSULTATION FREE. Charges moderate and within the reach of all who need scientific Medical treatment. Those who reside at a distance and cannot call, will receive prompt attention through mail by simply sending their symptoms with postage.

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Yours for Health
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LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S VEGETABLE COMPOUND.

Is a Positive Cure

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