

TWELFTH YEAR

THE SCENE CHANGED.

The Boy Governor Retires Before the Inflated Warrior from Oretu.

The Saline Statements Takes the Oath and Talks Benignly.

Other State Officials Elevate the Optics and Swear Profusely.

Complete List of the Standing Committees of the Senate.

Detailed Proceedings of Both Houses.

THE JOINT CONVENTION.

LINCOLN, January 4.—The joint convention assembled at 10:30 a. m. to-day. The committee appointed to canvass the vote asked for more time, which was given to them, the convention adjourning one hour for that purpose.

At 12:45 the joint convention again assembled and made their report.

THE ONLY QUESTION.

Was as to who was elected district attorney in the Fifth district. It appearing that W. S. Morlan received 3,814, and J. M. Abbott 3,800, Morlan was declared elected.

It also appeared that W. S. Morlan received 257; John M. Abbott, 1,571. W. S. Morlan, 634; J. M. Abbott, 213. Webster S. Morlan, 1,516; Wm. S. Morlan, 77; and John Abbott 97. The state officers.

MEMBERS OF CONGRESS.

and district attorney, as heretofore published in THE BEE, were all declared elected by the speaker.

The joint convention adjourned at 12:30. They will meet at 2:30 o'clock this afternoon to hear the inaugural address of the governor elect, J. W. Dawes. It is known that

VIC. BERRYMAN.

of Sidney, will be chairman of the committee on judiciary in the house. It is thought that the legislature will adjourn this afternoon to meet again Monday at 2 o'clock.

JAMES THE SECOND.

Insurrection of Governor Dawes. Special Dispatch to THE BEE.

LINCOLN, Neb., January 4.—The joint convention assembled at 2 p. m., when, after the usual committees and formalities, Governor Dawes was introduced, sworn, and delivered his inaugural address. The new governor expresses himself satisfied with the condition of the state of affairs. He favors legislation to encourage immigration; thinks the militia of Nebraska needs looking after; favors a rigid law on the patent right; and abolishing free railroad passes; thinks that stock raising is preferable to grain growing in Nebraska; favors railroad legislation, etc.

After the inaugural address the remaining state officers were sworn in and the joint convention adjourned.

DOINGS IN THE HOUSE.

After the adjournment of the joint convention the house was called to order, and Mr. France, of Cumine, introduced a resolution that it was the sense of the house that the committee on privileges and elections be appointed as speedily as possible.

Mr. France called for the yeas and nays, and the vote standing 64 yeas to 30 nays, the motion of the gentleman from Lancaster was declared carried.

Mr. Palmer, of Dixon, called up his resolution for four hundred copies of the Legislative Manual, applicable to the present session, which upon being put, was carried. Adjourned at 3:45.

THE SENATE.

convened at two o'clock p. m., but immediately retired to the hall of the house to meet in joint convention, after which they reassembled in the senate chamber, when [Senator Brown, of Douglas, as chairman of the committee to make up

THE READING COMMITTEES.

made a report which was adopted. They are as follows:

Judiciary—Kincaid, Conner, Case, Brown of Lancaster, Novis, Brown of Douglas, Bomgardner, Schoonheit, Helst.

Finance, ways and means—Conkling, Barker, Butler, Rogers, Dye, Sang, Brown of Clay.

Agriculture—Fisher, Brown, Colfax, Harris, Rich, Filly, Howell, Rogers, Bridges and ferries—Brown of Clay, Dumphy, Deck, Dolan, Brown of Douglas.

Accounts and expenditures—Canfield, Sowers, Hatch, Deck, Day.

Military affairs—Harris, Conner, Patterson, Butler, Canfield.

Public lands and buildings—Powell, Reynolds, Helst, Canfield, Harrison, Rogers, Walker.

Internal improvements—Bomgardner, Conkling, Dumphy, Dolan.

School lands—Dumphy, Conner, Sowers, Harrison, Barker, Dolan.

School lands and school funds—Dumphy, Conner, Towers, Harrison, Barker.

Federal relations—Brown of Lancaster, Kincaid, Reynolds, Norris, Brown of Douglas.

Public printing—Dye, Harrison, Conkling, Butler, Brown of Colfax.

Enrolled and engrossed bills—Barker, Deck, Dolan, Dumphy, Harris, Helst, Harrison.

Counties and county boundaries—

MORRILL'S METHOD.

The Fusing of all Revenue Bills Into One Sweeping Measure

Outline of the Tax Reduction Bill Reported to the Senate.

The House Swallows the Pendleton Bill as if it Were Bourbon Straight.

The Estimated Cost of the First Three Ships of the New Navy.

Proceedings of Congress and Other Matters.

CAPITAL NOTES.

WASHINGTON, January 4.—The bill reported to the senate by Senator Morrill from the finance committee to that body as an internal revenue bill includes the one which passed the house at the last session with amendments including tariff schedules adopted by the committee, and the bill introduced by Morrill at the last session, "to provide a better system for trial of customs revenue cases" and the bill introduced by Sherman the 21st of December, to regulate the collection of custom duties, which forms the basis and last four sections of the new bill. As amended the title reads, "An act to reduce taxation." Section 1 of this bill is amended to read, "That taxes herein specified imposed by the laws now in force be, and the same are hereby, repealed as hereinafter provided, namely, on capital and deposits of banks and bankers, except such taxes as are now due and payable, and on and after the 1st of July, 1883, the stamp tax on bank checks, drafts, orders and vouchers and the tax on matches, perfumery, medicinal preparations and other articles imposed by schedule following section 3437, revised statutes; provided that no drawback shall be allowed upon articles embraced in said schedule that shall be imported on and after January 1st, 1883; provided further that on and after July 15th, 1883, matches may be removed by the manufacturer thereof from the place of manufacture to warehouse without the United States attaching thereto stamps required by law, under such regulations as may be prescribed by the commissioner of internal revenue. That from and after July 1st, 1883, the tax on snuff and manufactured tobacco shall be 12 cents per pound. Sections 2, 3, and 4 of the internal revenue bill, as it passed the house, imposing the special license taxes imposed on manufacturers of cigars and tobacco dealers and peddlars, and the taxes on cigars and cigarettes, together with rebate provision, are retained without change or amendment, and constitute the corresponding sections of the new bill. The tariff schedule bill, as follows: That on and after January 1st, 1883, in lieu of Title 33 of the Revised Statutes of the United States, the following sections shall constitute Title 33 of the laws of the United States. The entire schedule is a duplicate of the schedule adopted by the ways and means committee of the house, Tuesday, January 2, 1883, relating to the silk plant the duty at 30 per cent ad valorem on brown silk and on silk threads or yarns of every description. The other features of the bill were published from time to time recently.

THE NAVY.

A communication from the secretary of the navy was to-day laid before the senate regarding recommendations for construction of a steel cruiser to cost estimated \$1,676,254; three steel cruisers 2,500 tons displacement to cost each estimated \$1,031,225; one iron dispatch boat or fast clipper of about 1,500 tons displacement to cost estimated \$490,000; and one cruiser torpedo boat to cost \$38,000. The naval department and advisory board agreed that the largest vessel should not be built, so large and expensive vessel being now required and the secretary adds if finished would not be adapted to the present condition of the navy. The secretary says: In beginning a new modern steel navy by commencing with only two vessels, it does not seem wise to start with one to cost \$2,700,000 and another to cost \$1,600,000. The construction should begin rather with the largest and most useful, but with medium sized ships. The secretary of the navy, in another letter, informed the senate that the last appropriation for general maintenance of yards and docks was \$220,000, and of this sum \$24,704 51 remained unexpended January 1st, 1883. The amount required to keep the yards open until the 31st of March next is \$68,910. The secretary suggests congress make a specific provision for closing any of the yards if it proposes to curtail expenses.

THE JUBILEE BILL.

The secretary of war to-day transmitted to the speaker of the house a report in response to a resolution calling for information as to whether in the river and harbor bill of last session the works appropriated for were not beneficial to commerce and whether any appropriation had been withheld by any department. The secretary says in many instances the results of substantial benefits to general commerce were obscure and apparently insignificant as to vindicate the doubt on the part of the house of representatives. In response to the other inquiry, the secretary says the appropriations have been withheld from new works in some cases where the temporary suspension of commencement would not substantially delay the completion. The secretary also transmits estimates of the engineer's

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The house decided not to take up the special order.

Mr. Cox (N. Y.) said the shipping bill was also a special order, but proposed in good faith the Pendleton bill be put upon its passage without debate. [Loud applause and cries, "Vote, vote!"]

Mr. Kasson—Is the gentleman authorized to speak for that side?

Cries of "yes," "yes" from the democratic side.

Mr. Bland (Mo.) rose to a point of order. The bill must be considered in committee of the whole.

The speaker overruled the point. The Pendleton bill was then read a length. At the conclusion of the reading there were loud cries of "yes," and "aye." Carried by a storm of "yes," amid applause.

Mr. Kasson stated it was due the committee to state there was some slight error in the bill, but yielding to the manifest wish of the house he had determined the bill should not be sent back to the senate on that account.

The speaker ruling thirty minutes debate should be allowed, Mr. Rogers (Texas) spoke in opposition to the bill on the ground that it was not an efficient remedy for the evils complained of. He was followed by Mr. Townsend (Ill.) in favor of the bill, also Mr. Buckner (Mo.), Mr. Calkins (Ind.), with the closing speech in favor of the measure by Mr. Kasson.

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