SUFFER

no longer from Dyspepsia, Indigestion, want of Appetite, loss of Strength lack of Energy, Malaria, Intermittent Fevers, &c.

BROWN'S IRON BITTERS never fails to cure all these diseases.

Boston, November 26, 1881.
BROWN CHEMICAL CO.
Gentlemen:—For years I have been a great sufferer from Dyspepsia, and could get no relief (having tried everything which was recommended) until, acting on the advice of a friend, who had been benefited by BROWN'S IRON BITTERS, I tried a bottle, with most surprising results. Previous to taking BROWN'S IRON BITTERS, everything I ate distressed me, and I suffered greatly from a burning sensation in the stomach, which was unbearable. Since taking BROWN'S IRON BITTERS, all my troubles are at an end. Can eat any time without any disagreeable results. I am practically another person. MRS. W. J. FLYNN,
30 Maverick St., E. Boston.

BROWN'S IRON BITTERS acts like a charm on the digestive organs, removing all dyspeptic symptoms, such as tasting the food, Belching, Heat in the Stomach, Heartburn, etc. The only Iron Preparation that will not blacken the teeth or give headache.

Sold by all Druggists.

Brown Chemical Co.
Baltimore, Md.

See that all Iron Bitters are made by Brown Chemical Co., Baltimore, and have crossed red lines and trade-mark on wrapper.

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS.

BALL'S

CORSETS

Every Corset is warranted satisfactory to its wearer in every way, or the money will be refunded by the person from whom it was bought.

The only Corset pronounced by our leading physicians not injurious to the wearer, and endorsed by ladies as the "most comfortable and perfect fitting Corset ever made."

PRICES, by Mail, Postage Paid:
Health Preserving, $1.50. Self-Adjusting, $1.50
Abdominal (extra heavy) $2.00. Nursing, $1.50
Health Preserving (fine coutil) $2.00. Paragon Skirt-Supporting, $1.50.

For sale by leading Retail Dealers everywhere.
CHICAGO CORSET CO., Chicago, Ill.

United States Depository

First National Bank,

— OMAHA.—

Cor. 13th and Farnam Sts.

OLDEST BANKING ESTABLISHMENT IN OMAHA.

SUCCESSORS TO KOUNTZE BROTHERS.

ESTABLISHED 1856.

Organized as a National Bank August 20, 1866

CAPITAL - - - $200,000
SURPLUS AND PROFITS - $150,000

OFFICERS AND DIRECTORS
HERMAN KOUNTZE, President.
AUGUSTUS KOUNTZE, Vice President.
F. R. DAVIS, Cashier.
A. J. POPPLETON,
JOHN A. CREIGHTON.

This bank receives deposits without regard to amount.
Issues time certificates bearing interest.
Draws drafts on San Francisco and principal cities of the United States, also London, Dublin, Edinburg and the principal cities of the continent of Europe may7d

THE OLDEST ESTABLISHED

BANKING HOUSE

IN NEBRASKA.

CALDWELL, HAMILTON & CO.,

BANKERS.

Business transacted same as that of an incorporated Bank.

Accounts solicited and kept subject to sight check without notice.

Certificates of deposit issued payable in three, six and twelve months, bearing interest, or on demand without interest.

Advances made to customers on approved securities at market rates of interest.

The interests of customers are closely guarded and every facility compatible with principles of sound banking freely extended.

Draw Sight Drafts on England, Ireland, Scotland, and all parts of Europe.

Sell European Passage Tickets.

Collections Promptly Made.

M. HORWICH & CO.,

DEALER IN

Paper Stock, Woolen Rags, Iron AND METALS,

Highest Prices Paid. Shipments from the country solicited. Remittances Promptly made. OMAHA NEB

KEARNEY'S KANAL.

The Inauguration of a New Enterprise in Nebraska.

Water Power and Irrigation to Work a Revolution.

A few days ago THE BEE contained an article on the opening of the first eight miles of the Kearney canal, the details of which were obtained by an interview with one of the prominent stockholders and officers of the company: It proved so interesting to the readers throughout the entire state, that the following additional details of the affair are republished from an exchange at Kearney:

On last Friday morning about twenty-five of our citizens got aboard the west bound train to visit the place where our canal taps the Platte river. The mayor and members of the city council were of the number, as well as the board of directors of the canal. The morning was cold and there was about two inches of snow on the ground. The train stopped about a mile west of where the canal runs under the Union Pacific road, to let the party off. The spot where R. L. Downing had us dumped was about a mile from nowhere, and six miles from the point where the canal leaves the Platte, and there was not one of the carriages which had been ordered in sight. As it was too cold to stand still and wait, a column, one mile in length, single file, (distance between men in accordance with their capacity to hoof it) was formed and the line of march taken up, about five miles had been traversed. The company reached the point of destination about 1 o'clock p. m., and found Chief Engineer Buckley superintending the finishing strokes on the head gates at the dam. The water was turned in the first two miles, and run down hill just as any water would do, if it was turned loose. The mouth of the canal is thirty feet wide, with a broad floor laid at the bottom, and the flow of water is regulated by five or six gates. The flow of water in the canal, at the present stage of the Platte, was about two feet in depth its entire width, enough water, Engineer Buckley said, to furnish 400 horse power, with a forty foot head. Just south of the headgates, and extending into Platte, parallel with them, is another set of gates with a floor under them, one foot lower than the floor under the gates, which regulates the supply of water in the canal. This being lower it is calculated that by leaving these gates raised about three inches while the water flows into the canal through the others, will draw all the sand to that point and carry it off. These gates all seem to be substantially built. Heavy and long piling have been driven down a great depth and the gates and bridge over them, built on them. A large portion of the dam which extends up and out into the Platte about a quarter of a mile, is also built against and on piling. Every one of those who were present seemed to be well pleased with the work and the prospect of the final success of the enterprise. After making a thorough examination of the work, the party listened to Engineer Buckley's description of the work and the capacity of the canal. He had no doubt of its success, and the great benefits it would bring our people. After this the party adjourned to Elm Creek for dinner, and finding an east bound freight there, boarded it for Kearney, leaving a splendid dinner, which had been ordered and prepared, behind.

Eight miles of the canal are about completed, and work is being pushed rapidly on the remaining portion. The city council, on last Monday evening, voted to accept the portion completed and to issue the bonds therefor in accordance with the proposition.

The canal camp is to be moved to the corporate limits of Kearney within a few days, and work commenced on the bluffs north of town.

That this work will be of permanent and lasting benefit to Kearney, there can be no question. Besides having 800 horse power for manufacturing uses, we shall have an abundance of water for fire, domestic and irrigation purposes, and these things together will bring to Kearney an additional population of 2,000 people within two years. It is also a matter of pride with us to be able to publish to the world that Kearney citizens were the first in the Platte Valley to inaugurate and carry out successfully a canal project for canal and irregation purposes, and that Kearney capital alone has developed a power and industry which will be of lasting benefit to the whole Platte Valley, as we have no doubt but what within a few years there will be many canals running from the Platte below us.

NEW STEAMSHIPS.

Great Improvements Being Made in Ocean Steamers.

Within the last few years rapid strides have been made in steamship building both in regard to speed and size. Steamers that five years ago were looked upon as beyond improvement have been supplanted by vessels which are the wonder and admiration of the age. Foremost in the ranks of recent arrivals is the greyhound of the ocean, the fleet Alaska of the Guion line, which has made the fastest time on record, which was 6 days, 18 hours and 37 minutes from land to land. It is well known that merchants and others having correspondence for Europe will wait for her sailings, for they know she travels by mail boats. Pressing close on her heels the old favorite, the Arizona, also of the Guion line, which, until the coming of her sister ship, was considered the fastest steamer afloat, her best trip being made in 7 days, 7 hours and 48 minutes.

Great things were expected of the Colossal City of Rome, of the Inman Line, next in size to the largest passenger steamer afloat. The most sumptuously furnished steamer in the trade, the Inman people were in hopes of plucking the laurel leaf from the Alaska." She made a fair average at first, making one trip in 7 days, 12 house and 13 minutes, but did not come up to their expectations. After running a few trips she was thrown on the hands of the builders as net up to the contract. It is whispered she will be replaced by one which shall surpass in speed, accommodations and size any vessel now running. It is believed that the City of Vienna will be the name of the future wonder.

The Servia of the Cunard Line is the favorite steamer for fashionable voyagers. It is no unusual thing for her passenger list to number from 250 to 350, even in winter months. She has not made as fast time as her rivals but has pressed them pretty close. Other well-known steamers, such as the Britannic, Werra and Elbe invariably make the trip in eight or nine days.

Several new steamers are now being built to take the place of the old ones, which are rapidly becoming old-fashioned. The Guion Line have nearly completed the Oregon, which will take her place on the line next summer. Already it is predicted that she will be faster than the Alaska. They have still another steamer on the stocks, to be called the Nebraska. The White Star line expects to make a sensation with their two new steamers now building, to be called the Doric and Ionic. They will be as fast as can be made and will be larger than the Britannic.

Also the Cunard people will not be outdone by their neighbors, for they are said to be building a steamer which they will compliment New York city by calling it the Orangia.

It is interesting to note that with each new steamer built new improvements and inventions are made, and the managements of the various lines have brought the system down to such a point as to leave very little room for improvement. The next five years will, no doubt, see a vast stride in the business of steamship building, and as we are in a progressive age we shall expect to see the running time brought down to five days.

Swindlers Abroad.

If any one has represented that we are in any way interested in any bogus bitters or stuff with the word "Hops" in their name, cheating honest folks, or that we will pay any of their bills or debts, they are frauds and swindlers, and the victims should punish them. We deal in and pay only the bills for the genuine Hop Bitters, the purest and best medicine on earth.
HOP BITTERS MANUFACTURING CO.

GOUNOD ON MODERN MUSIC.

The Coming Master to Restore the Simplicity of Mozart and Rossini.

From an Interview in London.

"To my mind the intellectual tendency of the art of music is greater than the sentimental to-day, but the great fault of music now is that it is complex and not simple. Masters are too apt to study the effects of a hautboy, of a violin, of a flute—questions of detail—and to disregard the great value of the tout ensemble—the expression, in its completeness, of an idea. It was not always so. Rossini and Mozart, for example, were both sublimely simple. Rossini composed divinely from divine inspiration. It is as though God had ordered him to sing and he sang—naturally, easy and spontaneously. It was his nature, and there was no effort. The same was true of Mozart."

"What is your opinion of the art of music now?" inquired the interviewer.

"Like everything else it is in a transitory stage. It is not wholly sentimental or wholly practical. When the two are wedded together it will be sublime, and the fact of our being in this transitory state gives me confidence. There is strength in weakness, and where there is opposition to truth, truth would be the loser. We gain the strength and experience by combat and failure, and it is always after a transitory and hesitating stage like the present that the grandest epoch comes, when ideality and reality go hand in hand, when faith and reason are one. The time will come, rely upon it, although perhaps neither you nor I will see it. It is the natural evolution of all things, and the history of human thought is as the physical history of this planet. As years and centuries roll on we shall see things clearer, until at length faith and reason will be as one, and things which we now consider supernatural will be natural. Music is only one phase of thought, and in considering its present condition and its future I can not separate it from the other forms of thought. They all have the same history and will eventually meet with the same full completeness and perfect power."

"But what will be the result of this present complex condition of the theory of music in Europe?"

"Why, naturally, from this complexity will spring simplicity. The next great master will be as simple as Mozart and Rossini. He will come as a giant and break all, but with the fragments of what he has broken he will erect a splendid temple—Power; powerful because it is truth, and simple because it is true and powerful. As it is with the history of any art, so it is with the history of nations. Germany has been for years the head, the reason, the intelligence; and France, the heart, the sentiment. The day will come when they will understand each other and be as one."

Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Sore Throat, etc., quickly relieved by BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES. A simple and effectual remedy, superior to all other articles for the same purpose. *Sold only in boxes.* Price 25 cts.

*DR. S. S. BRITTAN, says: 'As a rule physicians do not, by their professional methods, build up the female constitution, while they seldom cure the diseases to which it is always liable in our variable climate and under our imperfect civilization. Special remedies are often required to restore organic harmony and strengthen the enfeebled powers of womanhood; and for most of these we are indebted to persons outside of the medical profession. Among the very best of these remedies I assign a prominent place to Mrs. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound."

INDUSTRIAL NOTES.

Jerseyville, Ill., has organized a plow factory with a capital of $50,000.

The new Chicago & Indianapolis air line road will be turned over to the Louisville, New Albany & Chicago company this week. The track is now completed into Indianapolis, and trains are running over it.

The peanut crop of North Carolina is estimated at 150,000 bushels, which is the largest ever produced in that state. The total consumption last year was 1,520,000 bushels, and the available supply for consumption in 1883 will be 2,280,000 bushels.

Get Rich.

When Hops are $1.25 per lb. as now, an acre will yield $1,000 profit, and yet the best family Medicine on earth, Hop Bitters, contain the same quantity of Hops and are sold at the same price fixed years ago, although Hops now are twenty times higher than then. Raise Hops, get rich in pocket; use Hop Bitters and get rich in health.

One of Brother Gardner's Lectures.

Detroit Free Press.

"Am Brudder Stepoff Johnson in de hall dis eavnin'?" asked the president as he arose and looked up and down the aisles.

"Yes, sah."

"Den he will please step to de front."

Brother Johnson appeared to labor under the impression that a medal was about to be presented him for having the longest heels of any colored man in America, and his face wore a broad grin as he stood at the desk.

"Stepoff Johnson!" said Brother Gardner in his most solemn tones, "I was in de back room of a grocery on Beaubien street de odder night to bargain fur ten bushels of 'taters, an' I heard your voice as you cum in to order fo' pounds of buckwheat flour, and to remark dat your ole woman was ravin' crazy wid de toofache."

"Yes, sah, dat was me."

"De ole man Climax soon drapped in, an' it wasn't five minits befo' you had a hot dispute 'bout de aige of de airth."

"He doan' know nuffin, sah."

"You called him a fool,"

"An' he called me a liar."

"You said he was a bigot."

"An' he said I was a humbug."

"I heard it all, Brudder Johnson, and now I want to talk to you a little. In the fust place, what you know 'bout de aige of de world?"

"I—I—well sah, what does the old man Climax know 'bout it?"

"Dat's it—what do either of you know 'bout it? Nuffin'—nuffin' at all. Dat's whar de trubble cums in. Two men will disput harder ober what dey doan't know dan over solemn facks. De worst enemy I eber had was a man who got mad at me bekase I wouldn't believe in ghosts. What we doan't know we often try to make up for in argyment. What we lack in argyment we try to make up fur in blab. It am easier to call a man a fool dan to produce facks and figures to convince him dat he am in de wrong. It am safer to call an old man a liar dan to wink at a young man's wife. Let me say to you:

"What you believe in wid all yer heart may arter all, be wrong.

"De man who draps argyment fur epithet has no case."

"It am only de hirest minded men who admit deir ignorance of what dey doan' know.

"Abuse may [illegible] a man, but it won't convince him.

"It am only de bigot who prides himself on his cast-iron opinions.

"It am only de fool who believes assertions am true bekase he asserts 'em.

"Now, Brudder Johnson, you drap back to yer bench an' sot down an' stay sot, an' de nex' time you h'ar somebody boldly announce dat dis world am fifty millyon y'ars old you pick up your buckwheat flour an' walk home wid de reflecksbun that it wouldn't establish de facts in de case if you an' him war' to gouge an' bite an' kick an' claw till der wasn't a rod of sidewalk left in Gardnerville."

Horsford's Acid Phosphate

is very valuable for professional men. It supplies the phosphates which are always lost by severe mental labor.

Never Give Up.

If you are suffering with low and depressed spirits, loss of appetite, general debility, disordered blood, weak constitution, headache, or any disease of a bilious nature, by all means procure a bottle of Electric Bitters. You will be surprised to see the rapid improvement that will follow; you will be inspired with new life; strength and activity will return; pain and misery will cease, and henceforth you will rejoice in the praise of Electric Bitters. Sold at fifty cents a bottle, by C. F. Goodman

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures Piles. It is guaranteed to give satisfaction or money refunded. Price, 25 cents per box. For sale by C. F. Goodman

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THE GREAT CURE FOR
R-H-E-U-M-A-T-I-S-M
As it is for all the painful diseases of the KIDNEYS, LIVER AND BOWELS.
It cleanses the system of the acrid poison that causes the dreadful suffering which only the victims of rheumatism can realize.
THOUSANDS OF CASES of the worst forms of this terrible disease have been quickly relieved, and in short time
PERFECTLY CURED.
PRICE $1, liquid or dry, SOLD by DRUGGISTS, or sent by mail, dry, on receipt of $1, WELLS, RICHARDSON & CO., Burlington, Vt.
Acts at the same time on the Liver and Bowels.
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EUROPEAN HOTEL,
The most centrally located hotel in the city. Rooms 75c, $1.00, $1.50 and $2.00 per day.
First Class Restaurant connected with the hotel.
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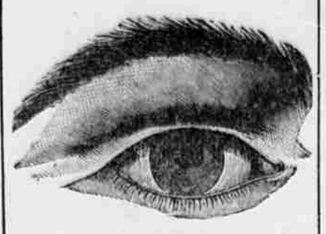

OF QUINCY, ILLINOIS,

Has returned to Omaha (for a short time only), where he can be consulted at parlor 5,

PAXTON HOUSE.

Prof. Samuels offers to all these that are suffering from Weakness and Defective sight his

IMPROVED

CRYSTAL SPECTACLES!

Superior to any other in use, as the following home evidence of well-known people of this city and vicinity will testify.

TESTIMONIALS.

COUNCIL BLUFFS, IOWA, December 21, 1882.

Prof. H. Samuels:
Dear Sir—Some two years and a half since you visited this city, and at that time I was troubled with my eyes, caused by excessive proof-reading and other office work to such an extent that I could at times hardly read, study or decipher plain print without frequently resting them. You adjusted a pair of glasses for me that are next to indispensable, and I have no hesitancy in recommending persons to you who may be troubled with weak eyes. Yours truly,
J. C. MORGAN,
Editor and Publisher Globe.

COUNCIL BLUFFS, February 14, 1880.

Prof. Samuels:
Dear Sir—I feel that I would be ungrateful indeed if I did not in some manner express my gratitude to you for the wonderful benefits derived from the use of your glasses adjusted to my eyes by you. I have tried other glasses and means, but all to no purpose, and I had concluded myself doomed to go through the world nearly sightless; but whereas I was nearly blind, now I see, and am able to read as I never could before. I regret that I had not met Prof. Samuels sooner, so that I might have been enjoying this blessing of seeing. Hoping that many others may have the benefits of your help, I am, gratefully yours,
MISS ABBY WALTON, Nurse.

While on the Pacific coast years ago I became partially blind, and my right eye has never recovered. I have tried numbers of times to get glasses to help me, also other remedies, but it was of no use, as no one could help me. When Prof. Samuels came this time to Omaha I thought that it would do no harm in trying him and see what he would say. He examined my eyes and told me that he could make me see, not without, but with both eyes. I told him to go on and make me see, as I had given up the idea of ever being able to see well again. To my surprise he made me a pair of glasses that enables me to see with my right eye as well as with the other. I will cheerfully recommend him to all those that have given up hopes. Yours, with good sight,
GEO. E. GIBSON,
Herald Office.
Omaha, Neb., December 20, 1882.

I used to have very weak eyes and tried a great many things for relief, but it was all in vain. When Prof. Samuels was in the city a few years ago I was advised by one of my friends who was benefited by him to call on him. I done so, and am glad to state that he helped me wonderfully. He fitted me at that time with a pair of his glasses, and they gave me instant relief, and after using them for a short time my eyes improved so that I had no use for the glasses at all. My sight is perfect, although I was advised not to put on glasses, for I would have to wear them all the time; but Prof. Samuels' glasses work different. They improved my eyes, and I would advise all persons who have trouble with their eyes to call on him. Respectfully,
A. T. SWIGART,
City Police, Omaha.
December 15.

OMAHA, September 18, 1879.

Some years since, while engaged in editorial labor at night, my eyesight became impaired, and I found it difficult to find glasses which would afford any relief. During the past two or three years my eyes grew weaker by constant use, and I began to be alarmed lest I might for a time be obliged to lay aside my books, which is so much delight in. Providence, I think, has kindly aided me by sending Dr. Samuels to this city. By use of his improved crystals glasses for several days I find the natural vision restored, and I am now able to read and study as much as I please without tiring the eye or causing pain. It seems wonderful that such an effect can be produced in so short a time, and I have no doubt it will be permanent.

I am glad Prof. Samuels has visited this city where so many need the aid he can afford them and I hope his glasses will be introduced and extensively used here.
REV. H. E. JAMESON,
Pastor First Baptist Church.

OMAHA, Neb., December 12, 1882.

Prof. H. Samuels:
Dear Sir—I have now used the glasses with which you furnished me for one week and can truly say that I have derived more comfort in that short space of time than in years previous. Almost from my earliest recollections I have suffered from mind fatigue to such distinctly even when close by, sometimes failed to know or recognize my most intimate friends, all of which was a constant source of mortification to me. I tried remedies and glasses of different kinds with but very little benefit and until I found you I deemed my case hopeless. Thanks a year old, I am able to see better than ever before. Try Prof. Samuels' treatment and be benefited as I have been. Very truly yours,
MARY ROSARD,
2?? Decatur Street

ARTIFICIAL EYES

ALWAYS ON HAND.

OFFICE HOURS:

9 a. m. to 7 p. m.

Prof. Samuels does not attend to business outside of his rooms, and has no one connected with him.

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Lath, Shingles, Pickets,

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Window and Plate Glass.

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HENRY LEHMANN,

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WALL PAPER,

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PUMPS!

Steam Pumps, Engine Trimmings,

MINING MACHINERY, BELTING, HOSE, BRASS AND IRON FITTINGS PIPE, STEAM PACKING, AT WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

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OMAHA, - - - NEB

F. C. MORGAN,

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