COUNCIL BLUFFS

H. E. SEAMAN,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

BOOKS AND STATIONERY,

TOYS AND HOLIDAY GOODS.

COUNCIL BLUFFS, IOWA.

TITLE ABSTRACT OFFICE.

J. W. SQUIRES & CO.

Lands and Lots Bought and Sold.

MONEY TO LOAN AT LOW RATES.

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COUNCIL BLUFFS - - - - - - - IOWA.

JOSEPH REITER,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

MAKES THE FINEST SUITS IN THE LATEST STYLES,

At the Lowest Possible Prices.

NO. 310 UPPER BROADWAY.

WATER WAVES

That never require crimping, at Mrs. J. J. Good's Hair Store, at prices never before touched by any other hair dealer. Also a full line of switches, etc. at greatly reduced prices. Also gold, silver and colored nets. Waves made from ladies' own hair. Do not fail to call before purchasing elsewhere. All goods warranted as represented. MRS. J. J. GOOD,

29 Main street, Council Bluffs, Iowa.

TAYLOR BROS.,

GROCERS

105 MAIN STREET, COUNCIL BLUFFS.

LINDER AND KIEL

Wholesale Dealers in Liquors and Wines.

No. 13 Main St, Council Bluffs, Ia.

Branch House: Linder, Kiel & Jensen, Sioux Falls, D. T.

BELL & HALL,

Wholesale Dealers in

IOWA, NEBRASKA, AND MISSOURI,

FRUITS,

Also Dealer in FANCY GROCERIES. No. 102 Broadway, Council Bluffs

MAX MOHN,

215, 217 and 219 Main Street,

GROCERIES

Of All Kinds. New Goods. New Prices and quare Dealing. Call and Examine Our Stock.

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BATHING HOUSE!

At Bryant's Spring,

Cor. Broadway and Union Sts.

COUNCIL BLUFFS.

Plain, Medicated, Vapor, Electric, Plunge, Douch, Shower, Hot and Cold Baths. Competent male and female nurses and attendants always on hand, and the best of care and attention given patrons. Special attention given to bathing children. Investigation and patronage solicited.

DR. A. H. STUDLEY & Co.,

106 Upper Broadway.

Dr. Studley: Treatment of chronic diseases made a specialty.

CANCERS AND OTHER TUMORS REMOVED without the drawing of blood or use of knife. Cures lung diseases, Fits, Scrofula, Liver Complaint, Dropsy, Rheumatism, Fever and Mercurial sores, Erysipelas, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Catarrh, weak, inflamed and granulated Eyes, Scrofulous Ulcers and Female Diseases of all kinds. Also Kidney and Venereal diseases. Hemorrhoids or Piles cured money refunded.

All diseases treated upon the principle of vegetereform, without the use of mercurial poisons or the knife.

Electro Vapor or Medicated Baths, furnished who desire them.

Hernia or Rupture radically cured by the use the Elastic belt Truss and Plaster, which has superior in the world.

CONSULTATION FREE

CALL ON OR ADDRESS

Drs. R. Rice and F. C. Miller,

COUNCIL BLUFFS, Ia.

DR. A. P. HANCHETT,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

Office, No. 14 Pearl Street. Hours, 9 a. m. to 2, and 2 p. m., to 5 p. m. Residence, 120 Bancroft street. Telephonic connection with Central office.

STARR & BUNCH,

HOUSE, SIGN,

AND

ORNAMENTAL PAINTING.

PAPER HANGING,

KALSOMINING AND GRAINING,

A SPECIALTY.

Shop—Corner Broadway and Scott St

F. T. SEYBERT, M. D.,

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COUNCIL BLUFFS, - - IA.

Office No. 5, Everett Block, Broadway, over A. Louie's Restaurant.

S. E. MAXON,

ARCHITECT.

Office over savings bank

COUNCIL BLUFFS, - - - Iowa.

REAL ESTATE.

W. C. James, in connection with his law and collection business buys and sells real estate. Persons wishing to buy or sell city property call at his office, over Bushnell's book store, Pearl street

EDWIN J. ABBOTT.

Justice of the Peace and Notary Public.

615 Broadway, Council Bluffs.

MRS. E. J. HARDING, M. D.,

Medical Electrician

AND

GYGNECOLOGIST.

Graduate of Electropathic Institution, Philadelphia, Penna.

Office Cor. Broadway & Glenn Ave.

COUNCIL BLUFFS, IOWA.

The treatment of all diseases and painful difficulties peculiar to females a specialty.

J. G. TIPTON,

Attorney & Counsellor.

Office over First National Bank, Council Bluffs, Iowa. Will practice in the state and federal courts.

JNO. JAY FRAINEY,

Justice of the Peace,

814 BROADWAY,

Council Bluffs, - - Iowa.

W. B. MAYES,

Loans and Real Estate.

Proprietor of abstracts of Pottawattamie county. Office corner of Broadway and Main streets, Council Bluffs Iowa.

P. J. MONTGOMERY, M. D.,

FREE DISPENSARY EVERY SATURDAY.

Office in Everett's block, Pearl street. Residence 623 Fourth street. Office hours from 9 to 2 a. m., 2 to 4 and 8 p. m. Council Bluffs

F. C. CLARK,

PRACTICAL DENTIST.

Pearl opposite the postoffice. One of the oldest practitioners in Council Bluffs. Satisfaction guaranteed in

HUGHES & TOWSLEE,

DEALERS IN

Confectionery, Fruits, Nuts Cigars and Tobacco. Fresh Oysters and Ice Cream in Season.

12 MAIN ST.,

Council Bluffs.

STEAM LAUNDRY.

723 W. Broadway.

LARSON & ANDERSON,

Proprietors.

This laundry has just been opened for business, and we are now prepared to do laundry work of all kinds and guarantee satisfaction. A specialty made of fine work, such as collars, cuffs, fine shirts, etc. We want everybody to give us a trial.

LARSON & ANDERSON.

THOS. OFFICER. W. H. M. PUSEY

OFFICER & PUSEY,

BANKERS,

Council Bluffs, Ia.

Established, - - 1856

Dealers in Foreign and Domestic Exchange and home securities.

COUNCIL BLUFFS RAILROAD TIME TABLE.

CHICAGO, ROCK ISLAND AND PACIFIC.

Depart.	Arrive.
Atlantic Ex†...5:20 p m	Pacific Ex‡....9:15 a m
Ex and Mail*..9:25 a m	Ex and Mail*..6:05 p m
D. Moines ac*..7:15 a m	Des Moines ac*.4:40 p m

CHICAGO, BURLINGTON AND QUINCY.

Depart.	Arrive.
Atlantic Ex†...5:30 p m	Pacific Ex‡....9:20 a m
Mail and Ex*..9:20 a m	Mail and Ex*..7:00 p m
N. Y. Ex.....4:00 p m	Neb & Kas Ex..8:30 a m

CHICAGO AND NORTHWESTERN.

Depart.	Arrive.
Atlantic Ex†...5:15 p m	Pacific Ex‡....9:15 a m
Mail and Ex*..9:25 a m	Mail and Ex*..6:15 p m
Accom. (Sat.)..5:30 p m	Accom. (Mon.).1:45 p m

KANSAS CITY, ST. JOS AND COUNCIL BLUFFS.

Depart.	Arrive.
Mail and Ex....9:55 a m	Express.....6:50 p m
Express.....9:10 p m	Mail and Ex...6:45 p m

UNION PACIFIC.

Depart.	Arrive.
Overland Ex.11:30 a. m.	Overland Ex..4:00 p. m.
Lincoln Ex..11:30 a. m.	Denver Ex....8:30 a. m.
Denver Ex...7:00 p. m.	Local Ex.....6:30 a. m.
Local Ex.....7:25 a. m.	" Ex.....9:05 a. m.
Emigrant.....5:20 p. m.	" Ex.....6:00 a. m.

WABASH, ST. LOUIS AND PACIFIC.

Depart.	Arrive.
Mail and Ex...9:45 a m	Mail and Ex...4:30 p m
Cannon Ball...4:50 p m	Cannon Ball...11:05 a m

SIOUX CITY AND PACIFIC.

Depart.	Arrive.
For Sioux City.7:55 a m	Frm Sioux C'y.6:50 p m
For Fort Niobrara, Neb*.....7:55 a m	Frm Fort Niobrara, Neb*.....*6:50 p m
For St. Paul...7:40 p m	From St. Paul.8:50 a m

CHICAGO, MILWAUKEE AND ST. PAUL.

Leave Council Bluffs.	Arrives Council Bluffs.
Mail and Ex..*9:20 a m	Mail and Ex...*6:50 p m
Atlantic Ex..†5:15 p m	Atlantic Ex...‡9:10 a m

CHICAGO, MILWAUKEE AND ST. PAUL.

Leaves Omaha.	Arrives at Omaha.
Mail and Ex..*7:15 a m	Pacific Ex.....‡9:45 a m
Atlantic Ex..†3:40 p m	Mail and Ex..*7:25 p m

*Except Sundays. †Except Saturdays. ‡Except Mondays. ‖Daily.

Council Bluffs & Omaha Street R. R.

Leave Council Bluffs.	Leave Omaha.
8 a m, 9 a m, 10 a m, 11 a m, 1 m, 2 p m, 3 p m, 4 p m, 5 p m, 6 p m.	8 a m, 9 a m, 10 a m, 11 a m, 1pm, 2p m, 3 p m, 4 p m, 5 p m, 6 p m.

Street cars run half hourly to the Union Pacific Depot. On Sunday the cars begin their trips at 9 o'clock a. m., and run regularly during the day at 9, 11, 2 4, 5 and 6 o'clock, and run to city time.

FARM NOTES.

Hog are Omniverous.

It is remarkable how many farmers there are who seem to wholly ignore the fact that any other food than dry corn is suitable for swine, when it is within their power to keep such stock half or two-thirds of the year on food not nearly so expensive and on which it would thrive much better. No man is really a successful hog raiser who relies on corn alone or an exclusive grain diet of any kind for building up the framework of his growing pigs and shoats. Grain is all essential at feeding time but only at moderate extent before.

Small Grain for Pigs.

Western farmers have become so accustomed to making pork from corn that they scarcely know what to do when a corn crop fails. Many farmers hesitate to settle north of the line where large crops of corn are raised, because they think they can not produce pork to advantage. Now no one will deny that corn is a most excellens food for fattening hogs, and where it can be cheaply produced it is generally the most economical article that can be employed for that purpose. It is true, however, that pork is economically produced in places where corn cannot be ripened and that farmers there find as much profit in raising beef and mutton. In Great Britain barley is chiefly used for fattening hogs. In Canada all the small grains except wheat, peas, and roots largely take the place of corn. In the New England states a little corn is used in connection with potatoes, pumpkins, and mill-feed. A variety of the food given to hogs appears to promote health and to produce meat of fine favor. As prices range this season it is likely that oats will prove to be a cheaper food for hogs in many parts of the west where but little corn is raised. Experiments tried by several seem to show that two bushels of oats are worth as much as one bushel of corn for making pork. In many parts of the country it is easier to raise two bushels of oats than one bushel of corn. The cost of threshing the oats is less than that of breaking the corn. To produce the best results the oats should be ground before they are fed. They will be readily eaten and digested, however, if they are soaked in milk or water. Barley which has been discolored by exposure is an excellent food for pigs. The like is true of rye and peas.

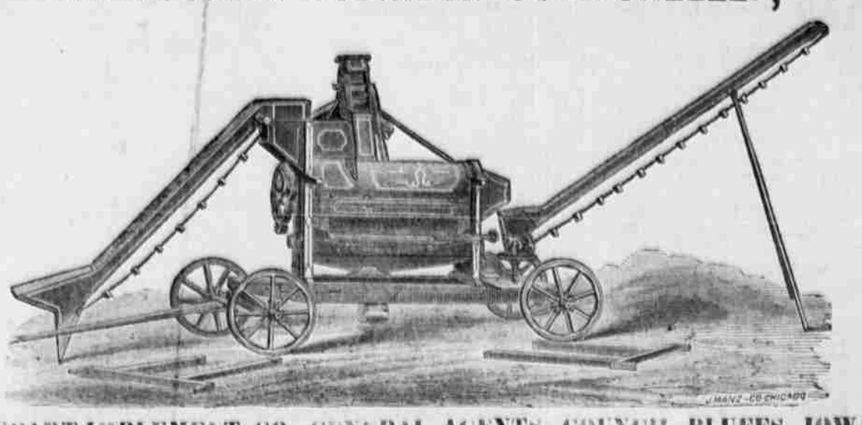
Chicken Cholera

Although we have not proved the efficacy of feeding onions freely to the fowls during the prevalence of cholera, we, however, have some faith in its valuable and health-giving qualities. Onions fed to young chickens, say twice a week, help to keep them healthy. A medium-sized onion, minced very fine, is enough for a brood. When contagious diseases make their appearance in the neighborhood, onions cut up fine and mixed with the morning mess is invaluable. A little ground ginger added makes it better; and while it is good in itself and healthful for poultry, there are many breeders who recommend it as a valuable preventive of disease. Here is a remedy, or preventive, of the chicken cholera, which I have successfully used for two years. While my neighbors have been losing nearly their entire flock, mine have been healthy, and I have never had a case to my knowledge. Take a barrel, saw it asunder in halves, put about three quarts of unslacked lime in one of the halves, together with half a pound or pound (to suit the necessity) of alum; fill the half barrel with water; when slacked and settled take from one pint to one quart (as the case requires) and put in every pail of water given the fowls to drink. The lime will answer for the second half barrel of water, but the same quantity of alum should be added as before. It continued daily during the sickly season, I can from my experience assure your readers that their fowls will not be troubled with chicken cholera.—Rural New Yorker.

A Dakota Poultry Yard.

The Bismarck Tribune publishes the following article in regard to a new poultry yard started lately by one of Dakota's most enterprising farmers: It may be interesting to many if not all of your readers to learn of a very important addition has been made to the live stock department of the farm of W. F. Steel—an addition important not only to the proprietor himself, but of vast importance to every settler within a hundred miles of this place. The addition referred to consists of three hundred Plymouth Rock fowls, and five fine cockerels of the same breed. These fowls were raised by the very best breeders in the state of Massachusetts, especially for Mr. Steele, and have been carefully selected from the whole season's hatching, the order having been given early last spring. No expense has been spared to secure the best specimens of their kind. This enterprise, for which the proprietor of the Steele farm deserves great credit, does not end with the importation of the poultry; it consists also of an incubator for the hatching of the eggs by artificial heat. This machine holds seven hundred and twenty eggs. The heat is applied by two kerosene lamps which heat the water, causing it to circulate through pipes under and over the egg drawers, thus producing an even and healthy heat, which heat in turn is governed by an electric battery and clock work, thus regulating the amount of heat necessary for the successful hatching of the eggs, to a degree of exactness which is not surpassed by dame nature herself. It may also interest your readers to know the kind and extent of buildings necessary to accommodate and securely house against the frosts of a Dakota winter this fine flock of poultry. The houses are now under construction and consist of a house two hundred feet long by sixteen feet wide, eight feet front, four feet rear, and made sufficiently warm by all the best material known to the builder's trade in this western country. Next comes a hatching house sixteen by thirty-two feet, also to be built in the best possible manner for warmth and ventilation. Then a chicken house to be twenty feet wide and one hundred feet long, and to be heated by a system of hot water circulation, the heater and pipes for which are on the ground ready to be put in when the building has been completed."

THE OTTAWA CYLINDER CORN SHELLER,



SHUGART IMPLEMENT CO., GENERAL AGENTS, COUNCIL BLUFFS, IOWA

Brief Mention.

"I have used BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS with great benefit for indigestion and constipation of the bowels." C. L. Easton, Hamilton, Ont.

Raising German Carp.

Several subscribers during the past week have been asked for information respecting German carp, their characteristics, their value for food, the construction of ponds for them, the method of feeding them, their excellence as compared with other fresh water fish, and the means of obtaining a full supply. Detailed information on these points has been given in the Chicago Times during the past two years, but it may be proper to repeat a portion of it. The German carp is greatly inferior to the white fish, lake trout, black bass, or even the pickerel, so far as flavor is concerned. The flesh is white, but not very firm, and is generally deficient in fat. The fish grow to large size and increase very rapidly if allowed sufficient food. They are desirable chiefly for the reasons that they are easily propagated, that they will do well in water too warm and too impure to support other and more valuable fish, that they will eat a great variety of substances that are of little value, and that the small fry will endure transportation long distances with little liability to injury. Experiments show that the fish thrive in almost any latitude, and that they are not molested by noises and disturbances that operate to exterminate many varieties. On these accounts the German carp is a very desirable fish for persons who live remote from markets, for farmers and village people who have water on their own grounds and can raise the food required for feeding them. The German carp has been called the "fish of civilization," the "farmer's fish," and from its propensity to eat almost anything placed at its disposal, the "aquatic pig." It is not likely that this fish will ever be a favorite in city markets, but it is likely to prove a great boon to people living in the country.

The fish was first brought to this country by the United States fish commissioners several years ago, and has been propagated at their hatchery near Washington. The fish commissioners of each state have been supplied with them, and several of them have been engaged in propagating them. The proper way to obtain a limited supply gratuitously is to apply to the fish commissioners of the state where one lives. Several persons who are engaged in fish farming on their own account have them for sale in large and small quantities. The small fry can be transported in milk cans or other suitable vessels. The fish commissioners of several states have arranged to send them by express to persons ordering them. They may be kept in tubs or barrels of water a short time after their arrival, but it is desireable to have a pond in readiness for them. The German carp will live in water that is somewhat impure, but with very little doubt they will thrive best in water that is nearly pure. A small natural lake that is free from other kinds of fish or from those kinds that will devour them, is suitable for carp. An artificial pond can often be prepared for them at little cost. It should be in the main from three to four feet deep, and should contain several deep holes for the accommodation of the fish during cold weather. The fish are not active during the winter, but lie in a sort of dormant state, covered or partly covered in the mud. The pond should contain a few islands and should have part of the water shaded by flat rocks or plank extending from the banks. It is also desirable to plant some trees on the banks of the pond and on the islands. The carp pond can easily be made attractive as well as useful.

The pond can be supplied with water drawn from a stream through a pipe, or can be filled by water issuing from a spring or raised from a well by means of a wind-pump. An artesian well will supply sufficient water for several carp ponds. A small stream running from a spring can be utilized to excellent advantage for filling the pond. Provision should be made for letting the water out of the pond after it had become somewhat dirty and for preventing the fish from escaping with it. One can commence the business of raising carp with quite a small pond, and can make additions to it as his stock increases. As soon as he begins to raise fish from eggs one pond will be desirable for the young fish and another for those that are more mature. The two ponds may be connected, the water going over a slight fall in passing from one to the other. Care must be taken to keep minks and muskrats away from the ponds. The fish will eat nearly all kinds of animal and vegetable matter that pigs will. They will derive considerable benefit from grass, cress and other vegetables that will grow on the banks of the pond. They will also eat clover, cabbage, celery, and many other kinds of garden vegetables. Fresh curds, blood and chopped liver are all excellent kind of food for young carp as for those of larger growth. Most of the leavings of the table will be readily devoured by the carp. The large fish will eat all kinds of grain after they are boiled. In feeding them care must be taken not to give them so much of any article which passes into decay easily that the water will become foul in consequence. The fish are the reverse of "gamy." They will rarely bite at a hook, however temptingly baited, but must be taken from the water by means of a dip net

Millions Given Away.

Millions of Bottles of Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds, have been given away as Trial Bottles of the large size. This enormous outlay would be disastrous to the proprietors, were it not for the rare merits possessed by this wonderful medicine. Call at C. F. Goodman's Drug Store, and get a Trial Bottle *free*, and try for yourself. never fails to cure.

It Wasn't a Cold Shake.

San Francisco Wasp.

"What is it, darling?"

Gazing upon the still, white beauty of the summer night, lost to all thought save of the sweet young love that filled their beings and intoxicated their senses, living each in the heart of the other and caring for naught else, Mary Boyle and P. Murphy trod silently the shadowy ways that led to the rustic monstrosity known as the Pavillion, in Golden Gate Park.

"What is it, darling?" he murmured again, while the mosmetic lent a fifteent-cent tenderness to his tones and his manly bosom throbbed with sympathy. But she answered not.

There was a look of anguish on her features. The fair young Galway face was troubled, and, though the ordinary observer might have seen nothing but freckles upon it, the eye of love looked deeper and saw the writting of care that told of trouble in her heart. She clasped his hand in hers—clasped all of it she could at one clasp—and gasped faintly:

"Leave me!"

He started as if shot—started with suddenness—and there was a pallor on his face as he asked:

"You don't mean it?"

"Yes. Leave me," she answered, almost weeping. "Not for aye, darling," she hastily continued, with some embarrassment. "Just a little, plain leave of five minutes' duration."

"Leave you unprotected against the errant hackman and yon carnivorous hotel-keeper?" he protected.

"It must be."

He left her, and the reckless steps of his accordion shoes as they crunched the gravel made rapid retreating music. Then the maiden stole forth into the moonlight and then into the shadow. A circle of white showed ominously under her polonaise as it trailed along the ground, and with nervous, impetuous steps she sped along the shadow-marked paths, through the sweet, cool night breezes, freighted with the mists of the sea and the perfume of the scrub oak, until a dark glade of the half-acre forest was reached. Here, with none to regard her, her busy hands tied knots and things in mad impetuosity, and then she hurried back.

Torn with conflicting emotions of desertion and a cocktail, he was the picture of despair. He leaned against one of the pavilion posts, almost weeping. She laid her hand on his shoulder tenderly, lovingly.

"Then it ain't a cold shake," he asked, brightening.

There was the light of a great love in her eyes as she held her right ear toward him and murmured, as a woman only can:

"No, Patsy dear. It was only my skirt."

KAHOKA, Mo. Feb. 9, 1880.

I purchased five bottles of your Hop Bitters of Bishop & Co. last fall, for my daughter, and am well pleased with the Bitters. They did her more good than all the medicine she has taken for six years.

WM. T. McCLURE.

The above is from a very reliable farmer, whose daughter was in poor health for seven or eight years, and could obtain no relief until she used Hop Bitters. She is now in as good health as any person in the country. We have a large sale, and they are making remarkable cures.

W. H. BISHOP & CO.

Sullivan & Fitzgerald,

DEALERS IN

GROCERIES, PROVISIONS,

Crockery, Glassware,

BOOTS, SHOES, ETC

Also agents for the following lines of

Steamship Companies:

Cunard, Anchor, Guion, American, and State Steamship Companies.

DRAFTS

For sale on the Royal Bank of Ireland and Bank of Ireland, Dublin. Those who intend to send for friends to any part of Europe will find it to their interest to call on

Sullivan & Fitzgerald,

AGENTS,

343 Broadway, Council Bluffs

ORGE F. CRAWFORD

WHOLESALE

BUYER AND SHIPPER OF EGGS.

No. 519 South Main Street.

COUNCIL BLUFFS, IOWA

I Pay the Highest Market Price and Deduct No Commission.

COUNCIL BLUFFS MANUFACTURING CO.

Mouldings, Scroll and Lattice Work, Wood Turning, Re-Sawing, Planing and Matching, Sash, Doors Blinds, Boxes, Etc. Manufacturers and Dealers in Improved Hawkeye Wind Mills and Pumps.

J. J. Hathaway, Manager, Council Bluffs, Ia.

Machinery will be run exclusively for custom work on Thursday and Friday of each week. Orders solicited and satisfaction guaranteed.

A. H. MAYNE & CO.

(Successors to J. W. Rodefer)

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

LACKAWANNA, LEHIGH, BLOSSBURG

AND ALL

IOWA COALS!

ALSO

CONNELLSVILLE COKE, CEMENT, LIME, PLASTER, ETC.

Office No. 34 Pearl Street, Yards Cor. Eighth Street and Eleventh Avenue, Council Bluffs.

PETER THOLL. HERMAN KRACHT.

THOLL & KRACHT,

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS.

Cor. Main Street and 7th Avenue.

Fine Groceries, Teas, Etc., a Specialty. Highest prices paid for country produce. New building, new goods, low prices. We will not be undersold. Call and examine our stock, delivered.

P. T. MAYNE. C. E. MAYNE

COUNCIL BLUFFS STEAM FACTORY

MANUFACTURE

BROOMS, BROOM HANDLES,

CORN MEAL, GRAHAM FLOUR AND

CHOPPED FEED

The Very Best of Brooms constantly on Hand. The Highest Market Price Paid for

Corn, Oats, Rye, Barley

AND

BROOM CORN

Parties Wishing to Sell Broom Corn Will Please Send Sample.

MAYNE & CO.

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MRS. D. A. BENEDICT,

THE LEADING DEALER IN

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Saloon and Restaurant,

ADOLPH DOERFLINGER, Proprietor. Choice Wines and Cigars. Oysters in Every Style.

709 Lower Broadway. Council Bluffs Iowa.

DUQUETTE, GUIBERT & CO.,

(Successors to ERB & DUQUETTE),

Wholesale Fruiters and Confectioners

16 and 18 Pearl-st., Council Bluffs, Ia

D. M. CONNELL.

Funeral Director and Undertaker.

No. 17, North Main Street. - - - - - Council Bluffs

Calls promptly answered at all hours, night or day. New hearse and London carriages direct from the factory are run in connection therewith.

UNION BAKERY,

517 SOUT MAIN STREET.

THE BEST BREAD IN THE CITY. None but first-class Bakers employed. Bread, Cake, Pies &c., delivered to any part of the city. Our Wagons run all day.

P. AYRES, Proprietor.