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ST. JOSEPH, MO.,

Have now in store the Largest Stock of

DRY GOODS, NOTIONS, AND MEN'S FURNISHING GOODS

IN THE WEST.

We can offer close buyers every inducement they can possibly find in Eastern markets, and save freight, besides delay in transportation from Eastern cities, which promises this fall to be a very serious drawback, on account of delays.

Having largely increased our stock for Fall Trade, we can offer Western Merchants Greater Advantages and Closer Prices than ever before.

We ask the attention of Merchants who find it to their advantage to buy where they can find the Best Stocks, at Closest Prices, getting their goods quicker, buying often as their trade demands and not run the risk of carrying over large stocks of goods.

Call and see us and convince yourselves, if St Joseph is not your Best Dry Goods Market.

John S. Brittain & Co.,

Corner Fourth and Jule Streets, opposite Court House.

JAMES THE SECOND.

The Man from Maine Outlines a New Scheme to Split the Solid South.

Sweet Bill Mahone, the Five Per Cent. Adventurer, Repudiated.

A Pointed Reference to Carl Schurz and His Famous R-forms.

Ben Butler Chosen Banner Carrier of the Bay State Bourbons.

Cornell Leads for the New York Nomination, Followed by Folger and the Stock Nags.

A Talk with Blaine.

Special Dispatch to This Day.

CHICAGO, September 19.—The Tribune this morning publishes an important interview with James G. Blaine. In it Mr. Blaine emphatically disclaims all sympathy with Mahone and the readjuster party in Virginia. He takes the ground that the republican party could not, without violation of principle, make any recognition of readjustment, and that the republican success in 1880 was due to its unflinching devotion to the upholding of the public faith. He always regarded it as a great political blunder for the republican party to unite with the readjusters of Virginia. The readjusters were nothing less than the repudiating wing of the Virginia democracy, and to unite with them was considered by him to be the last degree of folly on the part of the republican. Mr. Blaine's view of the difference between the Mahone democrats and the bourbons was that the latter proposed to settle and compromise with the creditors of the state on such terms as the creditors would accept, while the Mahone party excluded creditors from all voice in the matter, and themselves fixed upon which they would settle. That was repudiation, and the republican party could not unite with that in whatever shape it was proposed, or by whom it was supported. For this reason his sympathies were with the straight republican party, and not with the readjusters.

Having thus pointedly expressed his opinion of Mahoneism, Mr. Blaine further stated his own conviction of what should be done with the state of Virginia, confessedly unable ever to pay its debt. Virginia was the greatest sufferer by the confederate war. She alone of all rebel states suffered dismemberment for her share in that war. The United States as a war measure tore from Virginia the territory known as West Virginia and erected it into a new state. The loss was a great one. It was not asked for by Virginia, nor even by West Virginia, but was purely a war measure. The United States has made no compensation or remuneration for this territory forcibly acquired. When the United States took territory by war from Mexico a price was paid for it. When the United States induced Texas, then a state in the union, to contract her boundaries and cede the large territory comprised within the present state of Colorado and the territory of New Mexico \$10,000,000 was voted in compensation for forced dismemberment. In Virginia an empire of wealth was taken from the old state and Mr. Blaine was willing, in consideration thereof, that the United States should now aid her in settling her anti-war debts.

Mr. Blaine also answers the criticisms which Carl Schurz made of Blaine's administration in a very frank manner, and shows that Schurz was a spurious reformer and violated his own civil service rules in the interior department.

"What does Mr. Schurz mean by saying that you come to the surface as a reformer now in your adversity?" inquired the reporter.

"I don't know his meaning precisely," said Mr. Blaine, "unless that being out of office I should naturally

join malcontents, of whom he has always been one. Unlike Mr. Schurz, I do not esteem it adversity to be out of office. Unlike Mr. Schurz, I never held an office that was not generously offered me without seeking, an experience which would be very novel to Mr. Schurz, and very unlike the persistency with which he sought, under Mr. Lincoln, a foreign mission which he soon abandoned to seek a major general's commission, for which he proved incompetent. No more persistent office seeker than Mr. Schurz ever landed on these shores or was born on this soil, who has tried it in three states and is now settled in the fourth."

Bay State Bourbons.

Special Dispatch to This Day.

BOSTON, September 19.—The democratic state convention was called to order and Gen. B. F. Butler nominated for governor. Resolutions were adopted pledging the democratic party to support all legislation tending to reduce the hours of labor and ameliorating the condition of the laboring man.

Tarbox said that, while in favor of the principles enunciated, he was opposed to admitting any resolution not fully considered by the convention. The language of a resolution is often misconstrued when not carefully considered and worded. When adopting a policy we should act with caution and deliberation. The resolution presented is too vaguely worded to be adopted in its present shape.

The platform adopted is as follows: The democrats of Massachusetts, in convention assembled, believing the time has fully come when many needed reforms of the government should be boldly undertaken, invite the co-operation of all liberal and progressive citizens in the good work of initiating a new political departure alike in the state and in the nation, that shall result in discarding dead issues that have too long been postponed, and we offer to them a platform worthy of their acceptance.

Supremacy of the nation with constitutional limits and integrity of the state; equal rights, equal powers and equal burdens, equal privileges, and equal protection by law under the government for every citizen of the republic; impartial freedom of the ballot and abolition of all laws, whether on the statute books or aimed at an equal limitation of the right of suffrage and partial withholding of the sacred and fundamental rights of representation in civil service; firmness, not favor a passport to the public service; thorough and immediate reform of the tariff to one for revenue only; fostering American commerce and elevating American labor; demands reduction of state taxes; declares against sumptuary laws and class legislation; holds the safety of the republic in the republican form of government; pledges party support to reasonable legislation tending to lessen the hours of labor and increase wages, and says the condition of the laboring classes demand immediate attention.

Adjourned.

Mitchell Nominated.

Special Dispatch to This Day.

SALEM, Oregon, September 19.—The republican caucus nominated Mitchell for senator by 34 votes, 12 more than required to elect. The opposition claim this was his entire strength.

The New York Convention.

Special Dispatch to This Day.

SARATOGA, N. Y., September 19.—The leaders of the two prominent candidates for the republican nomination for governor are busy making converts. Rumors of defections were circulated around the hotels, but inquiries failed to substantiate the reports. It is generally conceded that should every candidate mentioned be presented to the convention, Cornell will lead, with Folger a very good second and Wadsworth a poor third. Wood, Starin, Robinson are merely kept in the field in expectation of a dark horse being among them. The Skinner boom was started with the expectation of dividing the Wadsworth vote. It failed when the subject was discovered. A proposition for organization of the convention was received by the Wadsworth people from both Cornell and Folger

leaders. The former suggested the name of State Senator Pitts for the temporary chairmanship and Ellis H. Roberts, of Utica, for permanent chairman. Hiscock for permanent chairman was named by the Folger people. The Wadsworth people called a meeting and about fifty delegates responded. It was decided unanimously to accept the proposition of the Cornell people, the state committee to-morrow morning to name the temporary chairman. Contests for lieutenant governor, judge of the court of appeals and congressmen at large have been dwarfed by the contest for governor. The Dutchess county delegation of ten, seven are reported to have agreed to support Folger if B. Platt Carpenter received the nomination for lieutenant governor.

The Rebate Crowd.

Special Dispatch to This Day.

SARATOGA, September 19.—The merchants, manufacturers and producers' association met this evening and denounced the anti-monopoly organization of New York city as an irresponsible body, and declaring they will not support any candidate known to be inimical to the business of the state. It is claimed over \$300,000,000 capital was represented.

The Iron Strike Ended.

Special Dispatches to This Day.

PITTSBURGH, September 19.—The district meeting of the Amalgamated association was held here to-day, simultaneously in this city, Wheeling and Youngstown, at which it was decided to withdraw all demands made June 1st, and present the old scale to the manufacturers for their signature. The meetings were largely attended. This virtually ends the strike, as it is believed the manufacturers will sign the scale and resume at once. The conference of manufacturers and a committee of the Amalgamated association will take place to-morrow morning, at which the scale will be offered to the former and other details settled. The strike lasted 116 days, and it is estimated that the loss to the men is between \$9,000,000 and \$10,000,000, while that to the manufacturers is only conjecture.

TERRIBLE RUNAWAY.

A Team Goes Through the Western Union Office Windows.

About 5 o'clock last evening a terrific runaway took place on Fifteenth street, resulting in the injury of Mr. Joseph Bell, the ticket agent at the Union Pacific depot, who was at the time standing in front of the Western Union Telegraph office.

The team that made the break belonged to Mr. Hugh McCaffrey, and started from McCaffrey's place on Fifteenth and Douglas streets. They struck first across the street and in front of the side entrance to Cruickshank's building, collided with an outfit belonging to Gen. P. Bemis, cutting slightly the forelegs of Bemis' horse. They then ran south on Fifteenth to the Wabash corner, where they ran across the side walk and headed for the office of the Western Union Telegraph company.

A number of persons were standing in front of this place and all succeeded in getting out of the way except Mr. Bell, who was struck by the off horse and knocked down, while the runaways plunged into the windows. One of the horses got his head through the glass and his fore feet on the inside of the sill and the other got his nose in. The window was of three-eighths inch glass and breaking out the faces of the animals considerably.

Manager Rheem was sitting at his desk, about six feet from the window, and was struck by pieces of flying glass. He thought the end of the world had come, and looking up saw the two horses looking at him in a sorrowful manner.

Meanwhile Mr. Bell was picked up looking quite pale and was taken over to the Wabash office and Dr. Gibbs was called in. Mr. Bell was found to have his right side injured and his left leg and his left wrist hurt. It was hoped, however, that he had no internal injuries, and he was finally taken home in a carriage.

Merchants and Dealers Throughout the Entire West are Invited to Visit the Mammoth Establishment owned and Occupied by

R. L. M'DONALD & CO.,

WHOLESALE

DRY - GOODS,

Notions and Furnishing Goods,

-AT-

ST. JOSEPH, MO.,

The Brightest Lighted, Best Appointed Jobbing House in America, containing the largest Stock of Dry Goods and notions west of the Mississippi. Sole manufacturers of the celebrated



McDonald's Overalls, Duck, Denim and Cottonade Pants, CYCLONE ULSTERS, LINED SUITS AND CHEVIOT SHIRTS,

In all styles now popular with the Trade, Absolutely the best Goods in the Market and at

BOTTOM PRICES.

Western Merchants can more than save their expenses a visit to this Mammoth stock before buying their Fall Bills. Traveling agents, with extensive lines of samples, visit all prominent towns throughout the west, and will call upon any merchant anywhere upon receipt of a request so to do. Send orders by mail, or write for samples. The most careful attention given to orders, and satisfaction guaranteed, Remember

R. L. M'DONALD & CO., St. Joseph, Mo.

THE EAST AT EASE.

A Temporary Lull in the World of War and Diplomacy.

The Virtue of Forbearance Successfully Practiced by the British.

The Country People Thankfully Return to Their Labors in the Fields.

The Future of Egypt Discussed by Continental Editors.

The Coming Coronation of the Czar Other Foreign News.

Special Dispatches to This Day.

EDITORIAL ADVICE.

LONDON, September 19.—The Pall Mall Gazette recommends the establishment of gen'd'armes in Egypt, offered by Englishmen. The Journal de Debats, of Paris, gives similar advice.

ITALIAN CONGRATULATIONS.

The Daily News, commenting on the hostile tone of some Italian papers, says it has reason to believe, nevertheless, that Italy was among the earliest foreign powers to congratulate Great Britain on her success in Egypt, by sending, on the 15th inst., assurances of good will and sympathy.

ROBBING THE REBELS.

CONSTANTINOPLE, September 19.—El Jawaib, an Egyptian newspaper, advises the khedive to confiscate the property of the rebels and devote the proceeds to indemnify the sufferers from pillage and incendiarism.

APPAISAL AT CAIRO.

CAIRO, September 19.—Mahomed Pasha Sami was arrested disguised as a priest. Two passenger trains are daily running between Cairo and Kafr El Dwar.

THE KURDISH CHIEF.

CONSTANTINOPLE, September 19.—The porte denies that Arab Shaikh, Oberduliz, tendered submission.

THE CORONATION OF THE CZAR.

St. Petersburg, September 19.—The czar starts for Moscow to-night, most probably for the coronation. All private telegraphic services and railway traffic in the direction of Moscow will be suspended until his arrival there, and 3000 troops will be stationed along the line to Moscow. The date of the coronation is a secret.

ALL SURRENDERING.

ALEXANDRIA, September 19.—From 10 o'clock Monday morning until late this afternoon bodies of infantry, cavalry and artillery continued to pour in from Aboukir and surrender their arms. Many more are to come. The iron-clad Minotaur, Sultan, Inconstant and Achilles, and the gunboats Falcon and Condor sailed eastward this morning and are now anchored off Aboukir. The forts there will be occupied by the sailors and marines. Altogether 23,000 men from various parts have made submission at Kafr El Dwar. The telegraphic censorship has been abolished.

BESET WITH ICE.

LONDON, September 19.—A telegram from Sir Henry Gore Booth, dated Hammerfest, September 16, states his vessel, the Karamet was beset with ice August 12th, and was subsequently driven ashore on Fern Island. She floated September 2d uninjured and sailed southward.

FATAL FIRE DAMP.

DUBLIN, September 19.—An explosion of fire damp in a mine near Dortmund, killed twenty persons.

HAS HAD ENOUGH.

ALEXANDRIA, September 19.—The

commander at Damietta has requested that an officer be sent him to inform him of recent events. This is considered as the foreshadowing the surrender of Damietta.

THE LAST TO SURRENDER.

LONDON, September 19.—Abdulla Pasha, whose surrender is announced, was commander at Damietta, and the last to hold out of Arabi's generals.

ESCORTING THE KHEDIVE.

ALEXANDRIA, September 19.—A troop of Indian cavalry leave Cairo to-day for the purpose of escorting the Khedive from Alexandria to Cairo Thursday.

MORE TROOPS SURRENDER.

CAIRO, September 19.—A large body of Egyptian infantry with four batteries supposed to be from Sallihyah, appeared at Tanah and surrendered to a battalion of highlanders.

THANKS FOR VICTORY.

LONDON, September 19.—The archbishop of York has issued an invitation to the clergy to observe next Sunday as a thanksgiving, and publishes a special service for the occasion.

SURRENDERED.

CAIRO, September 19.—Abdullah Pasha has surrendered.

A CABLE FROM PORTUGAL.

LISBON, September 19.—A contract has been signed between the government and Bram for laying a cable between Lisbon and the United States, touching at Azores.

RELEASE OF SUSPECTS.

DUBLIN, September 19.—Denny Woodward, William Brophy, and Cullen, arrested on suspicion for the murder of Informer Bailey, were released to-day. McAlfray, Poll and Carey arrested for the Saville murder, are also released. The remaining suspects in prison, with the exception of those who can be brought to trial, will be speedily discharged from custody.

BOUNCING TENANTS.

At Swineford, county Mayo, 1,000 ejection decrees are posted at the court house at the instance of Lord Dillon. No rent has been paid on Lord Dillon's estate since 1879.

MEXICAN RAILROADS.

MONTY, September 19.—The Mexican National railway was yesterday accepted by the engineers of the Mexican government, and a municipal hall was given in the evening to celebrate the completion of the line.

HONORS TO THE VICTORS.

ZAGAZIG, September 19.—The entire population of this part of the country have returned to their homes and are working in the fields. Every house and hotel flaunts a white flag. The forbearance of the conquering army produced a most wholesome effect. All native property was left untouched. There have been illuminations every night since the arrival of the English troops in honor of the khedive and England.

DIENS PARADE.

ALEXANDRIA, September 19.—At the ministerial council to-day it was determined that Riaz Pasha, minister of the interior, should go to Cairo to-morrow to represent the Egyptian government at the grand military review in Cairo on the 27th.

THE IOWA POOL.

Another Meeting and a Threatened Rupture.

Special Dispatch to This Day.

CHICAGO, September 19.—The general managers and freight agents of railroads running northwest went to Milwaukee to-day to meet Mr. Merrill and the Milwaukee & St. Paul officials for the purpose of ratifying the new traffic agreement recently decided upon here. When the report of the committee of freight agents was submitted it was found a clause had been inserted by the Milwaukee & St. Paul that the passenger business be included in the agreement. This created much ill feeling, it is said, the claim being that passenger business was not at all contemplated, and the

meeting adjourned without reading the agreements. Another meeting will be held in Chicago to-morrow. It is thought unless an agreement is reached at once a war on northwestern and Omaha business will result. It is charged the Milwaukee & St. Paul inserted the clause to prevent an agreement till the bulk of the cattle carrying trade had been done.

The Patent Liver Comet.

Special Dispatch to This Day.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., September 19.—Dr. Lewis Swift, director of the Warner observatory, is receiving messages from all parts of America, claiming the discovery of a large naked eye comet now visible near the sun. The doctor says it is the same comet recently discovered in South America and moving west. It is not the comet of 1812, nor identical with any known comet.

WASHINGTON, September 19.—The new comet was watched at naval observatory this afternoon. It was found in right ascension 11 hours 19 minutes 32 seconds, declination 12 minutes north. The comet was easily seen with the naked eye and exhibited a short tail with bright head or considerable extent. In the telescope the nucleus showed a confused mass of brightness, indicating a large comet with plenty of loose material.

St-bbed to Death.

Special Dispatch to This Day.

ARCADIA, Ia., September 19.—A fatal stabbing affray occurred in Arcadia, Iowa, last night. Thomas Fay, a saloon keeper, stabbed Thomas Maher in three places. The victim died this morning.

Destructive Prairie Fires.

Special Dispatch to This Day.

LINCOLN, Neb., September 19.—A vast prairie fire is raging in the west part of the state. The table land between the Platte and Republican rivers is being ravaged to-day with disastrous effects to hay and grass. No loss of life is reported there, though two men were fatally burned some days ago north of the Platte. Heavy cattle ranges are in the devastated section, and unless rain comes great loss will follow. A special dispatch from Indianola says the citizens had hard work to save the town. Serious losses of property will result if gales should occur.

TELEGRAPH NOTES.

NEW YORK, September 19.—Six hundred employees of the Steiny piano works went on a strike to-day in support of the movement of their fellow workers in the Astoria factory.

JERSEY CITY, N. J., September 19.—The Pennsylvania railroad company voluntarily paid to-day \$30,000 in aid of the municipal government for 1882.

ROCK ISLAND, Ill., September 19.—The third annual convention of the Liquor Dealers and Manufacturers' Protective association met this morning. Thirty districts were represented. Committees were appointed and recess taken.

The Guila line steamer Alaska from New York made the run in 6 days, 18 hours and 37 minutes to Queenstown.

TERRE HAUTE, Ind., September 19.—The reunion of Grant's old regiment commenced here to-day and will continue three days. Soldiers are arriving from all parts of the country.

ST. LOUIS, September 19.—The tariff committee at 4:15 p. m. adjourned to meet to-morrow at Nashville.

Flood and Fever.

Special Dispatch to This Day.

BROWNSVILLE, Tex., September 19.—The water is still rising in the streets. Many Mexican families are driven from their places of abode. The citizens complain bitterly of the necessary quarantine between here and Matamoros. Mass meetings at the Market hall demand the raising

of the Quarantine. Nineteen new cases to-day, 5 deaths, 4 from fever, 1 from diphtheria.

NEW ORLEANS, September 19.—The Picayune's Pensacola special reports 26 new cases of fever and 4 deaths. A large proportion of the cases reported to-day are among colored people. Five sisters of charity are expected from New Orleans to-night; others will follow.

Base Ball.

Special Dispatch to This Day.

CHICAGO, September 19.—Chicago 13, Worcester 5.

BUFFALO, September 19.—Boston 8, Buffalo 6.

DETROIT, September 19.—Providence 6, Detroit 2.

CLEVELAND, September 19.—Troy 5, Cleveland 5, ten innings; called on account of darkness.

THE OLD STORY.

A Couple of Men Bawled in a Conference Gama.

Yesterday a couple of men about twenty years of age arrived in the city on route west. One was a Missourian, and the other came from some point in Iowa. In the afternoon they met a couple of men, one of whom introduced the other as a man who was on his way to Montana, and the four walked together up Tenth street.

When near the Occidental the old lawyer check business was played and one of the boys, believed of \$85, and the other of \$65. The stranger, who said he was going to Montana, then said that he must go and see about his baggage and that he would meet his acquaintances at the train and bring passes for the whole party through to Montana.

The young men were at the Denver train, but it is needless to say, did not try their new acquaintance there, and at length, suspicious that all was not right, they stated the case to Wiley Dixon and the matter was soon put in the hands of the police. A description of the confidence thieves was given and Officer Donahue thinks he knows one of them and can find him.

Nursing mothers gain strength by using Brown's Iron Bitters. It acts like a charm in restoring to health and strength overstrained nature.

General Howard.

At the Sunday school union meeting, held in the First Baptist church on Sunday, the following was adopted:

WHEREAS, We the Sunday school workers labored first for christian conviction and life, secondly for the elevation of the moral tone of the community and thirdly that by precept, example and influence we may to the utmost possible extent induce the keeping of the Sabbath day holy by lessening in every possible way its desecration, and

WHEREAS, We learn with sincere pleasure of the recent action of General O. O. Howard, who has lately been placed in command of the military department of the Platte, in which manly christian action, he has exerted his influence and control toward lessening the desecration of the Sabbath, it is hereby

Resolved, That we do now and hereby endorse and thank him for such action and the influence exerted thereby.

All the special policemen sworn in for the state fair week have been discharged and the force reduced to its normal number, sixteen.

Mr. Joe Meilender takes pleasure of informing his many friends that he has severed his connection with S. P. Morse & Co., and now can be found at the popular dry goods establishment of Wigg & Westberg, corner 10th and Jackson, where he proposes to sell to all of his friends Dry Goods, Notions, Boots and Shoes, at much lower figures than any up town house.