

TWELFTH YEAR.

IN TENTS QUIET.

The British at Kassassa Sheltered From the Sun's Hot Shot.

The Calm Preceding the Storm of Battle Felt at the Front.

The Greeks Reject the Compromise Proposed by the Porte.

Scarcely a Greek Spot Left of the Turkish Troops on the Border.

The Police Crisis in Dublin Likely to Result Most Seriously.

The City in the Hands of a Mob—Troops Hurrying to the Scene.

A Steamer Stranded on the Irish Coast, Without Loss of Life.

Special Dispatches to the Bee.

IMMALIA, September 1.—General Wolsey says: "Nearly every one at the front is under canvas, and those who are not in tents, are sheltered by roofs of Indian corn, which is plentiful at Kassassa. I hope to secure the aid of some Bedouins, shortly, with camels."

ONE ITEM OF THE WEST. PORT SAID, September 1.—The English admiralty owns the Suez canal company \$72,000 for transit of transports and men of war to date.

SIEGE ARTILLERY. MALTA, September 1.—The transport Tevot has left here for Egypt, with four hundred gunners, thirty siege guns and a quantity of ammunition.

CONFISCATING ESTATES. ALEXANDRIA, September 1.—News has been received from the interior stating that Arabi Pasha is selling Egyptian property to the natives. Several well-known properties belonging to Europeans have been confiscated and sold and the names of native purchasers given.

ARABI'S CHIEF ENGINEER. ALEXANDRIA, September 1.—Mahmoud Fahmy, Arabi Pasha's chief engineer and military adviser, who was recently captured by the British, arrived here to-day in the troop ship Euphrates and was handed over to the Egyptian authorities, the khedive first guaranteeing that he would not be used as a spy.

THE BRITISH AT KASSASSA. KASSASSA, Sept. 1.—Daring reconnaissance yesterday a fresh entrenched camp was discovered ten miles from here.

ALEXANDRIA, September 1.—Forty men from the Mifour and a company of the Fifty third regiment blew up a house on the canal which has long been a point of vantage to the enemy's sharpshooters.

DUBLIN MOB. WHOLESALE DISMISSALS OF POLICE. DUBLIN, September 1.—Over three hundred of the Metropolitan police have been dismissed. It is expected that hundreds will resign. There is great excitement in the city. All the police stations are occupied by strong guards of military.

THE SIEGE IN DUBLIN. DUBLIN, September 1.—Up to a late hour to-night no overt act of violence has been committed, although the streets are densely crowded. No police are visible. A body of 160 discharged police went to the Queen's land emigration offices this afternoon and inquired if 500 men could be taken to Queenstown at once. The suburbs of Dublin will be guarded by constabulary, 250 of whom have been ordered from the depot for the purpose. The gates of Dublin castle were locked at 5 o'clock this afternoon. They are double guard.

MOB RULE. Rioting broke out on College green at 9:30 o'clock this evening. The mob was very violent. Some policemen who remained on duty at College street station were brought out in a body, but were obliged to retire before the mob. Additional troops have been sent to the scene of the riot, as there are no police or special constables in Dublin, and the mob has complete possession of the city.

AT 10:30 to-night the mob in Bruns wick street threw stones at the troops and one man was wounded. A magistrate read the riot act. The troops charged and the mob fled. No further casualties were reported.

A BAYONET CHARGE has been made in Sackville street where the soldiers were hotly pressed and badly wounded. Troops are stationed before the bank of Ireland. Many constables have returned to duty at the Kevin street barracks.

CHEERS FOR THE QUEEN. When the police were discharged they gave cheers for the queen and

their officers. Soldiers are taking their places. Their officers advised them to send a memorial to Earl Spencer, lord lieutenant, asking that they be reinstated. The lord mayor has had an interview with Earl Spencer on the subject. A special meeting of the corporation will be held to discuss the matter. The dismissed constables were ordered to take off their uniform within an hour after receiving their discharge. On quitting the barracks, men were cheered by the crowd which had gathered.

TALKING TO THE CROWD. 9 P. M.—Many ex-police in citizen's clothes are moving about in bodies, harangued occasionally by ex-police-men. A number of persons not connected with the police are taking advantage of the occasion to deliver orations to the populace.

BRUINOING BUSINESS. 10 P. M.—Roughs are assembling in force. The mob has assailed a tram car, and has broken the windows of the police station on College street.

AROUND THE CASTLE. DUBLIN, September 1.—11 p. m.—Immense crowds are gathering in the streets, particularly in the vicinity of Dublin castle. Excitement is increasing rapidly. Earl Spencer, on leaving the Vice Royal lodge under escort, was loudly cheered. A number of dismissed constables who left the castle yard shortly afterwards also received a tremendous ovation. All the police have now struck except the officers and members of the detective force. The latter number only 200. Four hundred men have been sworn in here as special constables.

A PROCLAMATION. At a hastily summoned meeting this afternoon at which strong anti-government speeches were delivered, the lord mayor declared his intention to issue the following proclamation:

"FELLOW CITIZENS:—A misunderstanding between the metropolitan police and the government authorities has led to the withdrawal of a large number of police from protection of the city. It is therefore my duty to impress upon every citizen who is anxious for the safety of the city to personally cooperate for the preservation of the peace and order. Self control and peaceful demeanor were never more necessary than now. I rely on my fellow citizens to display these qualities. I am confident you will join with me in maintaining order and tranquility."

THE CORPORATION COUNCIL. The mounted police and the G division took no part in the strike up to the present.

At a meeting of the corporation this evening, the lord mayor submitted a series of resolutions expressing anxiety of the council at the difference existing between the police and the executive, and requesting that the same harmonious relations prevailing between the police and municipal council of England and Scotland do not exist in Dublin, and declaring that the corporation will do all in its power to keep the peace. The resolutions were carried.

ALL QUIET. DUBLIN, September 2.—2:30 a. m.—Large bodies of infantry and cavalry paraded the city during the entire night. The consular staff at country stations have been requested by telegraph to come to Dublin.

GENERAL FOREIGN NEWS. THE TROUBLE ON THE FRONTIER. VIENNA, September 1.—All the Greek forces in Macedonia are being concentrated on the frontier in consequence of the persecution of Jews and the insecurity of their business. The Jewish banking firm of Ignace, Ephraim & Co., of Odessa, the most important house in Southern Russia, announced the dissolution of the Russian house.

The Porte decided to surrender the disputed point on the frontier, provided it is declared neutral territory.

CITAWAY OFF. LONDON, Sept. 1.—King Cetewayo left here this morning for Southampton where he embarks to-day for the Cape. He was loudly cheered on his way to the station.

STEAMER ASHORE. The British steamer Lake Nepigon from Liverpool to Montreal with seven hundred persons on board is ashore off the Eastern coast of Ireland and will probably lose total loss. All hands are being taken ashore.

STEAMER ASHORE. LONDON, September 1.—A dispatch from the evening says that a large steamer of the Hamburg American line is ashore at Penzance. Particulars have not yet been received.

ASSISTANCE SENT. LIVERPOOL, September 1.—Immediately upon receipt of the news of the disaster to the steamer Lake Nepigon, her owners dispatched a message to Holyhead to search for the missing boats, which were well equipped and of ample capacity. The manager of the line to which the Lake Nepigon belongs feels assured of the safety of the boats.

ALL SAFE. LONDON, September 1.—Two gunboats have been sent from Queenstown to assist the Lake Nepigon. The press association reports that the Lake Nepigon was towed off at high tide by a tug. She was but little damaged, and proceeded to Liverpool with two engineers and part of her crew on board.

KINGSTOWN, Ireland, September 1.—The second officer of the steamer Lake Nepigon, with thirty crew and thirty passengers, landed here at 4 o'clock this afternoon. Two boats were supposed to have reached Arklow and the captain of the steamer and five men remained by the ship, which was making no water when the second officer left her.

LONDON, September 1.—A telegram from Liverpool announces that another boat, with fifty-two persons, has arrived at Greystone. A correspondent

of the press association at Wicklow, wires that all boats of the Lake Nepigon have safely arrived at different points, and that there has been no loss of life.

ANOTHER SUGGESTION. CONSTANTINOPLE, September 1.—The Porte has suggested another modification of the military convention with Great Britain in regard to the landing place for Turkish troops in Egypt.

SARA SICK. LONDON, September 1.—In consequence of ill health, Sara Bernhardt started on her return to Paris to-day.

WOOL SALES. LONDON, September 1.—To-day 10,400 bales of wool were disposed of, comprising Adelaide, New Zealand and Sydney. There was a good demand, but prices were unchanged.

RAIL JOURNALS IN RUSSIA. ST. PETERSBURG, September 1.—A desperate attempt was made recently to release a political prisoner confined in the prison at Saratoff. During the hour allowed prisoners for exercise, a jail containing two men drove up to the car and made a signal to the prisoner who was walking within the prison enclosure guarded by the jailor. The prisoner at once threw sand in the eyes of the jailor and ran to the wall, while the men in the cart fired revolvers and mortally wounded the jailor. The liberated prisoner and his rescuers drove off, but were stopped by persons who saw the occurrence, and after a desperate struggle, in which one of the liberators was killed, the other two men were captured. The captured liberator states that he is the son of a landed proprietor.

THE COMPROMISE PROPOSED. CONSTANTINOPLE, September 1.—The offer of the port relative to the trouble on the frontier was that the Greek government should establish a neutral zone round the disputed territory until the definite settlement of the question. This proposition, however, was not accepted. Meanwhile, according to latest dispatches, hostilities continue.

THE TURKS RETREAT. ATHENS, September 1.—The Greeks have driven the Turks out of the forest between Zorbas and the coast. Torpedoes have been placed along the Thessalian coast to the frontier. Steamers are conveying troops and war material to the front.

Accidental Shooting. Special Dispatch to the Bee. RISNG, Neb., September 1.—Chas. E. Wilcox, a hardware merchant here, was shot in the right thigh this morning by the careless handling of a gun in the hands of Mr. Cash, a brother merchant. The wound is not fatal.

POLITICAL NOTES. Estes Nominated for California. Special Dispatch to the Bee. SAN FRANCISCO, September 1.—The convention assembled this morning to nominate a candidate for governor of the State.

Case County Convention. Special Dispatch to the Bee. WEEPING WATER, Neb., September 1.—Case county republican convention met here to-day and nominated E. L. Reed for governor, Jas. Hall, E. H. Woolley, H. C. Waip and S. L. Cannon representative delegates for Orlando Telfer for congress. The delegates to the judicial convention were instructed for J. B. Strode. The delegates to the state convention were not instructed.

Texas Greenbackers. Special Dispatch to the Bee. LITTLE ROCK, S. plember 1.—A special from Corsicana to The Gazette says: The Texas greenback convention finally agreed to support the independent ticket, and endorse for governor, G. Wash Jones; lieutenant governor, D. Young; comptroller, J. Kennedy; attorney general, G. Bur-

Short Hand Convention. Special Dispatch to the Bee. CINCINNATI, September 1.—The short handers convention is in session again to-day. Mr. Jno. T. Bell, of Omaha, delivered an address on United States currency reporting.

The Cuneo Floods. Special Dispatch to the Bee. SAN ANTONIO, Texas, September 1.—About 120 persons were drowned by the Cuneo flood, and 15,000 sheep, cattle and horses were lost. The losses to property will range from \$75,000 to \$100,000.

The Tropical Scourge. Special Dispatch to the Bee. BOSTON, September 1.—A steamer arrived from Porto Rico carrying yellow fever broke out among the crew shortly after leaving port. One case proved fatal on the passage and three men were sick with the disease. The steamer is at anchor at quarantine.

WASHINGTON, September 1.—The surgeon general of the Marine hospital service today received a telegram from Acting Assistant Surgeon R. C. White, stating that there were three new cases reported at Pensacola yesterday, and no deaths. A seaman died in the hospital this morning.

Brownsville, September 1.—Sav- enty-five new cases, four deaths, all Mexican. The fever is rapidly spreading at Point Isabel, reaching to-day, three yesterday. At Matamoros there are a few new cases and three deaths. Light northerly wind blowing. The Rio Grande is overflowing its banks.

A Lake Collision. Special Dispatch to the Bee. DETROIT, September 1.—Rumors of a serious collision in the vicinity of Charlevoix were founded on the fact that Wednesday last a number of fishers reported that they found the wrecks of two vessels about a mile north of the village. One was a sailing vessel, and the other a steam barge, which, it is supposed, collided in the bay on account of the dense fog. No late intelligence has reached this point concerning the matter.

HUNTED OR HAUNTED.

The Tragic Story in the Life of "Old Bridger."

Why the Young Scout Was Ex Among the Indians of the Northwest.

A Tragedy Fifty Years Ago.

San Francisco Cal. A recent telegram from Kansas City, Missouri, announced the death of Mr. J. M. Bridger, who, next to Kit Carson, is as foremost among the pioneer hunters of the Rocky Mountain region. Major Bridger, or, as he is better and more familiarly known among the argonauts who crossed the "Sierras" and Sierra in the golden age, Jim Bridger, was identified almost every warlike expedition up the Platte and south of the Yellowstone river for more than forty years. A companion of the famous trapper de Smet among the Crow, Kiowa, Flatheads and Sioux; a guide for Fremont; a scout for Albert Sney Johnson in the Mormon war; an attaché of General Harney Kearney, and a scout and companion of John C. Fremont, Bridger and Kit Carson, the frontiersman became a part of the history of the west.

The writer has followed the old scout many long and wet trails in the northwest, and has listened, night after night, by the camp fire while the old man related, in glib, monotonous tones, stories of danger and in the days of his youth. Thousands of miles made the pilgrim across the plains on the overland trail can remember this old man and his adventures. The old man understood maintained the fort which bore his name, not far from the Green River crossing, on the old emigrant route to California. He saved by his timely warnings many bands of unarmable emigrants from surprise and massacre, and hundreds who lived to-day owe their lives to his wonderful intuitive skill as a scout.

THE SHADOW OF A MYSTERY. The early life of Jim Bridger has ever been a mystery. It was a story the old man never spoke of. During a childhood of three years, from 1803 to 1806, in the mountains, the writer, who came from Bridger's own county in Missouri, could never elicit from the eccentric old man any details relative to his early life. It was known among the old frontiersmen that "Old Jim" could not tell a yarn connected with his early days on the frontier, and his most interesting incidents of life among the Indians. But whenever he was importuned to speak of his early exploits, the old man became dead and could not be prevailed upon to say a word.

It was to the top of the nearest mountain peak that the old man was to be found living with his Indian squaws upon the Beaver river, on the upper Missouri, who know of Bridger's early life could never be induced to speak of him. They recognized him when they met, but it was noticeable that they none of them, except old Charley Legrow, made his cabin or teepee (as we call a piece of buffalo hide) Bridger's place of having a wife in an Indian tribe in the Rocky mountains, and knew all the chiefs and spoke all the languages of the original tribes on the eastern slope. He avoided as much as possible close association with white men, other than military officers, and often alluded to the time when he had lived for years among the Indians without intercourse with white people.

The mystery of Jim Bridger's early life was explained to the writer during a recent visit to Oregon by Colonel Jesse Applegate, of the Umpqua valley, Clatsop Applegate, who is now in Monterey county on a visit, obtained the following details of an almost forgotten tragedy from some of Jim Bridger's companions, nearly forty years ago. The story has never before been published, and is peculiarly interesting, as it explains why this celebrated scout and guide sought a home and protection among the Indians in his early days, and why he was always avoided and shunned by the old French trappers and traders on the Upper Missouri and its tributaries.

A TRAGEDY FIFTY YEARS AGO. The story, as related by old Jesse Applegate, is as follows: When Jim Bridger was a young man he became identified with the American Fur company, which, more than half a century ago, kept a winter headquarters near the mouth of the Kansas river. This trading post was in charge of the Cheocous of St. Louis, Missouri. Here the Ojibwa, Kickapoo, Osage and Kaw tribes came to trade, and here also, the flatboatmen and fur traders, companies and others in the employment of the American Fur company passed their winter and prepared for their spring trip up the Missouri river after furs and peltries.

In the spring of 1833 Jim Bridger, with a party of eight or ten hunters, trappers and fur traders, started for the Yellowstone country to spend two or three seasons hunting or trapping. The journey was a long and tiresome one, and as they had made a late start the season was far advanced when they reached the present site of old Fort Randall. They had abandoned their boats and were making their way on foot to Fort Benton, where the following tragedy occurred:

The party was marching in single file through a densely wooded region, each carrying his kit containing food, ammunition and traps strapped upon his back, his rifle upon his shoulder. The leader of the party, a young hunter named Tom Glass, was ten to fifteen feet in advance of the party, when a large she bear and two cub

met him in the trail. Before Glass could retreat, the monster had seized him in a deathly hug and bore him to the earth. Before the bear was killed, it had torn open the unfortunate man's abdomen, exposing his intestines, and wrenched his left arm clear of the socket at the shoulder. His companions did all in their power to relieve Glass and ease his intolerable pain, but all agreed that he could not live long. His abdomen was bound with buckskin bands, and his left arm, which adhered to the shoulder merely by pieces of buckskin, was washed, bound and tied to his side, and he was laid out to die.

LEFT ALONE TO DIE. As the party was in a great hurry, owing to the lateness of the season, it was decided to leave one of the party to attend to Glass and bury him when he died, while the rest continued their journey. Lots were cast to see who should remain with the dying man, and Bridger was selected. He appeared that Indians were fierce and hostile along the Missouri river, and Bridger did not relish his task very kindly. He sat beside the wounded man one day and one night, during which Glass became delirious and raved wildly.

On the second morning Bridger determined to anticipate the death which he supposed was certain to claim his companion, and he took his gun and shot. Nothing was heard of what effects he deemed most valuable belonging to Glass, including his rifle, ammunition, etc., and quietly stole away, leaving the wounded man to die alone. He succeeded in overtaking his comrades, and reported to them that Glass had died and he had buried him and brought away his arms and traps.

The next day of the affair until the following season, when a terrible snowstorm was made, and Bridger fled to the mountain tribes to save his life. It appears that Glass awoke from his delirium on the second day after Bridger had left him. He found himself weak, alone, without arms, food, or help, and suffering intensely for water. He realized only vaguely his terrible situation, and the departure of his companions, after leaving Bridger to attend to him. He could see a bubbling spring of water less than twenty feet away, and he was dying for water.

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FORT LYON FALLS.

The Rebels Driven From Their Entrenchments and Completely Rout.

Lord Frederick Wolsley Leads in Person and Falls the Outer Walls.

While His Heroic Followers Bravely Breat the Bayonets of the Foe.

The Artillery and Marines Flashed the Enemy's Flanks Accorded to Regulation.

A Brilliant and Bloodless Battle Sketched by an Eye Witness.

Special Dispatch to the Bee. CAMP LYON, GRAND ISLAND, Neb., September 1.—The programme for to-day was carried out to the letter. First at 11 a. m. a grand review and inspection of all the soldiers in the camp by the national commander. At 11:30 promptly General C. H. Frederick, chief of staff, a most soldierly and efficient officer, formed the line on the parade ground. The troops then marched past the review officer in columns by company, making a grand display. General Tansy then marched the whole command across the prairie to the camp. It looked like a small army. At 3 p. m. the sham battle came off. A space of about a mile square was cleared of people and the troops took position in line of battle, the cavalry on the right flank, and the artillery on the center supported by six companies of infantry. The fire was opened first by the skirmishers and the engagement soon began to be general. The fort under Major Clark's command responded lively, and finally the Monitor sailed up and entered into the engagement, firing bombs from the mortars. The fort held out gallantly until the fire became too hot and just at the time a squadron of cavalry under Col. Wooster charged and assisted in taking it. One incident came near being an accident—one of the attacking party forgot to take out his ramrod and fired it off missing Paul Vandervoort's head about two feet. Up to this time no accident has happened and nothing unpleasant occurred. There is to be a camp-fire to-night at 8 p. m., and to-morrow the face will be spoken for another year. Gen. Chas. F. Manderson arrived last evening.

CAPITAL NOTES. THE MEXICAN AND THE DEBT. WASHINGTON, September 1.—The income exacted at the ports during August is valued at \$9,310,672, of which \$2,425,000 were standard dollars. The debt statement shows a decrease of the public debt during August of \$16,128,261.

PAYNE. At the request of the secretary of the interior, Secretary Lincoln to-day directed that Payne and his companions, of Oklahoma notoriety, who have been in prison at Fort Reno, be turned over to the civil authorities at Fort Smith, Ark.

IS THE STAR ROUTE TRAIL? Hankle had not concluded his argument when the court adjourned until Monday.

Bob Ford in Trouble. Special Dispatch to the Bee. CHICAGO, Sept. 1.—Bob Ford, who killed Jesse James and, who with his brother, has been playing in a blood-and-thunder drama in a low variety theatre here, was arrested on the "Luce" early this morning for disorderly conduct and carrying concealed weapons. The Ford has been leading a very low life here and are constantly getting into rows in disreputable parts of the town.

Les Ve no Items. Special Dispatch to the Bee. DENVER, September 1.—The Republican's Los Vegas special says: General Crook and staff passed through here to-day on the way to Fort Wagon, where they will winter. Yesterday Martin Hope Price, a young fishman, living on Fred Hooper's ranch at Red River Springs, was shot and killed by a Mexican herder, who then compelled Mrs. Hooper give him all the money in the house, taking Hooper's best horse. He escaped.

Railway Promotion. Special Dispatch to the Bee. CHICAGO, September 1.—Gen. A. Sanderson, who has been general agent of the Denver & Rio Grande railway in this city for two years, has been appointed general freight and passenger agent of the Palmer-Sullivan system in Mexico, consisting of the Mexican National and Texas Mexican lines, headquarters to be at Monterrey.

General Butler's Yacht. Special Dispatch to the Bee. BOSTON, September 1.—Much anxiety is felt here among friends of General Butler for the safety of his party. The yacht America was due at Quebec two weeks ago, and nothing has ever been heard from her since.

CHICAGO ENTRIES. Among the entries of speed races during the horse fair at St. Louis, are, Overman, Jim Bowman, the latter entered in 2:45, and four year old classes; Monroe Chief in the staidon and 2:17 class, and Santa Claus, Lucy, Little Joe and Rosa Wilkes in other classes.

A THREE MILE RACE. RICHMOND, SpRINGFIELD, N. Y., September 1.—The three mile race on Onondaga lake to-day between Court, Leonard and Lee, was rowed in the university of Cortney.

A Fatal Row. ST. LOUIS, September 1.—During a row between a negro roustabout named Henry Harris and the mate of the steamer Grand Republic, of the St. Paul line, this afternoon, in which Capt. James Best, commander of the steamer was involved, the former threw a large stone at Capt. Best, which struck him over the left eye and fractured his skull. He was taken to St. Luke's hospital. It was a very critical condition and unconscious. Capt. Best resides in Dubuque, Ia., and his wife has been sent for.

The Golden Rules. Special Dispatch to the Bee. ST. LOUIS, September 1.—Considerable excitement has been aroused here by some damaging revelations regarding the order of Knights of the Golden Rule. It is said that the order is \$20,000 in debt, and is quite liable to fall to pieces. Furthermore it is alleged by Dr. E. J. Williamson, one of the supreme trustees, that papers touching the conduct of Supreme Secretary Smith and Treasurer Harcourt, both of Cincinnati, have been sent by him to the supreme commander. That officer has directed him to prefer charges against Smith and Harcourt. Dr. Williamson at present declines to state what these charges will be, but says that they will not be criminal in character.

A Scupper Caught. Special Dispatch to the Bee. KANSAS CITY, September 1.—L. D. Ross, ticket scalper, was arrested here to-day with a number of bogus tickets on his person. The tickets are over a number of roads and supposed to be made by an organized clique at St. Louis or Chicago.

L. D. Ross, of the firm of Delano & Ross, ticket scalpers, was arrested this evening at the instigation of E. S. Jewett, of the Missouri Pacific railroad, charged with passing fraudulent railroad tickets. The one in question was signed by J. L. Allen, ostensibly general agent of the Pacific, Decatur & Evansville railroad, issued by that road from Peoria to St. Louis and over the Missouri Pacific. A large number of bogus tickets were found on Ross' person. He claims that they were sent him by Eastern parties to sell. Appearances indicate a big scheme, which has been in operation some time and swindling several roads. Developments will probably follow to-morrow. The bogus tickets found on Ross' person are over the Lake Erie & Western, Santa Fe, Hannibal & St. Joe, Missouri Pacific, Peoria, Decatur & Evansville, and several other roads. It is thought the tickets were manufactured at some place in the vicinity of St. Louis or Chicago, and that Ross is one of the gang employed in circulating them.

In the count the forgery of the P. D. & E. ticket in question is charged against Ross.