

TWELFTH YEAR.

GRAVE EVENTS.

The Rebel Chief Continues Digging Ditches to Accommodate the Dead.

Hope and Cheer Have Fled and Demoralization Reigns in the Enemy's Camp.

The British Preparing to Attack Arabi's New Position.

The Turks and Greeks Bracing Up For a Serious Disturbance.

A Variety of News From Other Foreign Ports.

Special Dispatches to The Bee.

TURKISH SUPPORT OF ARABI. CONSTANTINOPLE, August 31.—The Turkish population is favorable to Arabi Pasha.

PORT SAID, August 31.—Arabi Pasha has asked for an eight days armistice. Wolsley refused, but offered one day.

BRITISH WOUNDED. ISMAILIA, August 31.—There are now 300 sick and wounded British troops in the hospital here.

HOLD ENOUGH. ISMAILIA, August 31.—On Tuesday the governor of Zozigiz asked permission to cross the British lines.

THE MILITARY CONVENTION. CONSTANTINOPLE, August 31.—Said Pasha, minister of foreign affairs, has requested Lord Dufferin to grant until to-morrow for the reply of the ports to the proposals of Great Britain.

MADRID, August 31.—All the powers, including England, have replied favorably to the proposition of Italy that Holland and Spain be admitted to take part in the collective protection of the Suez canal.

A REVOLT AT CAIRO. ALEXANDRIA, August 31.—News has been received from Cairo that at a meeting of notables Aug. 29, at which the governor of Ismailia was present, speeches were made recognizing Arabi Pasha as the sole ruler of Egypt.

MAJOR GENERAL LOWE IS CONCENTRATING HIS CAVALRY, INCLUDING THREE INDIAN REGIMENTS, AT THIS POINT.

ARABI'S NEW POSITION. ISMAILIA, August 31.—This morning Gen. Wilkinson, in command of the Indian cavalry, conducted a reconnaissance on the right and Col. Tulloch on the left.

GENERAL FOREIGN NEWS. FRIGHTFUL RAVAGES OF CHOLERA. MADRID, August 31.—An official dispatch from Mexico states that 531 natives and 7 Spaniards died here of cholera Tuesday and Wednesday.

THE IRISH POLICE. DUBLIN, August 31.—At a meeting of 300 police here to-night resolutions were passed expressing dissatisfaction at not receiving a grant similar to that received by the constabulary.

THE GREEKS AND TURKS. ATHENS, August 31.—An official dispatch from the frontier announces that the Turkish commander has demanded an armistice.

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HUNGARIAN CROPS. PESTH, August 31.—Reports re the Hungarian harvest are most favorable.

POLITICAL POINTERS.

A Sensational Report of Blaine's Interference in New York Politics.

His Object Being the Presidential Nomination.

California Republicans Appealing For Relief From Railroad Tyranny.

The Party Pledged to Recover the State From the Clutches of the Crocker.

Kansas Democrats Wrestling With Prohibition—Other Items of Interest.

Blaine Gets the Credit. Special Dispatch to The Bee.

NEW YORK, August 31.—A Saratoga dispatch to the World says: A crafty and experienced political ally of Blaine, who brought about the confidential interviews here between Blaine and Cornell which led to the launching by the governor of the boom which has now come back and knocked out his brains.

ROSECRANS ON POLITICS. WASHINGTON, August 31.—Rosecrans has written to Ex-Senator Thurman, requesting him to make two speeches in Ohio.

CALIFORNIA REPUBLICANS. SAN FRANCISCO, August 31.—The platform of the republican state convention reaffirms the platform of the Chicago convention of 1880.

SHORT HANDED CONVENTION. CINCINNATI, August 31.—The first annual international congress of short hand writers assembled to-day with a fair attendance.

SITTING BULL'S CHIEFS. BISMARCK, August 31.—Sheriff McKenzie has returned from a visit to the Standing Rock Indian agency.

FLIPPER ON TOP. ATLANTA, August 31.—Lieutenant Flipper, dismissed from the United States army, has been appointed a captain in the Mexican army.

THE TARIFF COMMISSION. CLEVELAND, August 31.—The tariff commissioners opened here to-day. A hearing was given to the representatives of eighty-five hoop iron manufacturers.

APPROVED. WASHINGTON, August 31.—The secretary of war has approved the record of the court martial in the case of Col. Taylor, assistant adjutant general and forwarded it to the president for his action.

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nominated for governor, but declined the honor, and George W. Lick, of Atchison, was placed at the head of the ticket, and the remainder of the ticket filled up as follows: Lieutenant governor, Frank Boem; treasurer, Charles E. Gifford; auditor, W. R. Brown; attorney general, General Hayden; state superintendent, D. E. Lantz.

The following were nominated for congressmen-at-large: C. A. Leland, John O. Finigan and Martin Van Buren. The nomination of the fourth man was referred to the state central committee.

After an animated discussion the minority report of the committee on resolutions was adopted.

The platform demands a reform of the tariff, revision, control and regulation of freight and passenger tariffs in favor of the people by state legislation; demands the protection of American citizens at home and abroad, and extending sympathy to the people of Ireland; demanding proper adjustment of the relations between capital and labor; demanding the passage of the river and harbor bill as amended; demanding an amendment to the constitution of the United States to provide for the election of president and vice president, also United States senators, for a term of six years, by direct vote of the people.

also election of congressmen for a term of four years, making the president ineligible for re-election; election for federal officers to be under control of the federal government and held at a time other than that of holding state elections; opposing woman's suffrage; demanding modification of the present temperance law, which is declared oppressive and unwise in its provisions, and favors submission of a prohibitory amendment to the constitution at the general election in the state, November, 1884; refers to the baneful and dangerous fanaticism of personal and partisan politics in connection with the death of President Garfield.

TEXAS GREENBACKERS. LITTLE ROCK, Ark., August 31.—A special dispatch to the Bee says: The Texas state greenback convention met and organized to-day. There is a big contest over the question of supporting a straight greenback ticket.

REFORMING THE MORMONS. SALT LAKE, Utah, August 24.—The commissioners have made appointments of 24 registers for 24 counties, under the Edmunds law. These appointments consist of seven Gentiles, nine apostate Mormons, and eight Mormon apostles.

ROOST IN A TREE. for safety. I do not consider travel over these roads nor the scenery along the same to be hazardous.

THE VOLCANIC DISTRICTS. where objects of great interest are to be found, which are of themselves truly wonderful, but not as majestic as have been reported.

REINFORCED WITH SUPERSTITION. and turn away scarcely realizing what they have seen, and they go home and tell about the "celestial beauty," etc., without giving a single idea of the cause or effect.

HELL'S HALF ACRE. and find a large mound of the same species of lime deposit, though of a more shelly or sandy nature.

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THE GREAT GEYSERS.

The Miraculous Sights in this Enchanted Land Continue.

And the Wonder is That One Can See Them and Live.

Still The Bee Reporter Says They Are Overrated.

Some of the Curiosities of the Region Detailed.

Special Correspondence of The Bee.

YELLOWSTONE NATIONAL PARK, Aug. 16.—After leaving our camp the mountain road leads along Gibbon creek, through a deep cut canyon and soon comes to

MANY MORE BOILING SPRINGS of the same nature as those described yesterday. The roads here are of a mountainous nature, up and down, first along the brink of a high bluff, with the rocky precipices below, then over a bald peak and down again. The most of the way the pines are dense and as straight as reeds.

THE GIBBON FALLS, some 400 feet below the road, with a fall of 80 feet. There are no more striking features about the waterfall of the rivers of the park than those of the Genesee falls, at Rochester, N. Y., and the man who attempts to compare the beautiful Niagara to the falls of the Yellowstone park, should be subjected to imprisonment for life.

THE HEAVENLY PARADISE ON EARTH with much interest, and had formed the idea that the Yellowstone park was all aglow with splendor, but I regret to state that my experience for five days here does not corroborate the above supposition.

There are no accommodations of any kind in the park, and the tourist must provide for himself before entering and cook his hash on the way, and wherever night overtakes him, he can recline on the bosom of mother earth and use the soft side of a lava rock for a pillow.

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around the edges, and trickles down the small steps which extend to the river below.

THE OTHER IS OF quite a different nature and boils constantly and has a VOLCANIC ERUPTION regularly every twenty-four hours.

When these eruptions occur hot water and rock (deposit) are thrown at least 200 feet high. The approach for a distance of 100 feet is covered with pieces of this rock that have been thrown out of the hole.

Some of the curiosities of the region detailed.

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for a distance of fifteen miles, there is a continual cropping out of these boiling springs and geysers, many of minor importance, and some are

that history records. No place on earth is found any comparison to the working of these automatic force pumps of boiling water.

For miles the water formed by the old lime beds that were formed by the deposit in years gone by. The openings of the great work seem to be changing, as one dies out or ceases to spout, it forms a quiet basin of boiling water.

After years standing in this condition it gradually cools, leaving a boiling mass of thick paint-like stuff, and in time this cools up and leaves only a hole, where steam and hot gases excrete. The deposit gradually forms from this steam and contracts at the top, and finally closes over entirely.

A few more years and the mass catches some pine seeds, and a tree grows over the once fiery furnace.

We drove over several of these places, which were readily detected by the hollow sound underneath. Several old craters, where once the melted lava poured forth, are seen en route, but now they are filled up, leaving only a funnel-shaped depression.

These fountains of wonder are principally side shoots, where the residuum of the volcanic eruptions breaks forth through the original lava beds, which are now mostly covered with soil and a scanty growth of vegetation. Ten minutes' walk brings us opposite

"THE SAW MILL," which spouts alternately with "the Fountain." They are located about twenty rods apart, and each throws water about fifty feet high.

The former is now working, and resembles the pulling of an exhaust pipe from an engine, but the water with the steam. A few rods further on is "the Castle." Here a regular castle has been formed by the deposit, rising the pinnacle of a mound of lime fifty feet high.

The base of this castle is seventy five feet and the top fifty feet in diameter and is some forty feet high.

THE WATER SPURTS ABOVE THE TOP in large glistening drops, to a height of about 100 feet and resembles the very top of a steam thrown from a Farmington street hydrant. I was not able to look into the hole. Not so much steam comes from "The Fountain," which allows a better view of it, yet this water is scalding hot. The drivers have camped ahead, and I see the cook waving that glorious old signal for dinner. I feel like eating a whole ox, but must content myself with about two pounds of bacon and a loaf of stale bread.

OPPOSITE OUR CAMP and across the Five Hole river is a space of about twenty-five acres that has upon it

OVER A HUNDRED FOUNTAINS. The most noted of these are the "Giants" and the "Bee Hive," with numerous others, all of which are side shoots from an old crater.

THE BEE HIVE has peculiar formation about it, in the shape of an old fashioned beehive, and is about four feet in diameter at the base by three at the top, and about three high. This spouts about twice a day. Then there are "The Giant" and "The Giantess," and several "cups" all in a group they spout at irregular intervals, and throw streams from forty-six to fifty feet high. None of the geysers are to be depended upon for having regular times for operation, except "Old Faithful." He goes off regularly every seventy minutes, though he does not send the water with such force as does the "Giant and Giantess."

While all of these Geysers and boiling springs undoubtedly have a subterranean connection, they all act differently, and a detailed description of them would fill your entire paper for a week.

THE TRIAL OF LITTLE. MEMPHIS, Tenn., August 31.—The Associated Press (AP) special says the most interesting attraction in Huntsville to-day was the trial of Dick Little, which was begun at 10 a. m. before Commissioners Bone and McCullough. The prisoner came in early, evidently in the best of spirits. The court room was filled to overflowing. The first witness called was Mrs. Jesse James, who was examined at length. It was developed in the first part of the testimony that Frank and Jesse James, with their families, lived in Nashville from November, 1880, until the latter part of March, 1881. Her statements were not at all damaging to the prisoner, and so far as the Muscle Shoals robbery is concerned, Mrs. James explained the story that has been going the rounds of the press about her returning a watch to Mr. Davey, of Philadelphia. She indignantly denied doing so, but claimed that Little stole the watch and returned it in her name. Alex G. Smith, the man who was robbed, was next examined and gave his story of the robbery, of which the public is familiar. He did not recognize Little as one of the men who committed the robbery. Other witnesses were examined, but nothing important was brought out. Court adjourned until to-morrow.

THE PRESIDENT. NEWPORT, R. I., August 31.—President Arthur returned from West Island to-night. He will remain aboard the steamer Dispatch all night and go to Squantum to-morrow. A committee consisting of Gov. Littlefield and Senator Aldrich will be on board the Dispatch upon her arrival at Squantum.

JOHN HUFF JAILED. FORT WORTH, Texas, Aug. 31.—Deputy United States Marshal Woody arrested John Huff and jailed him in this city without bail. Huff is accused as one of the men who assisted Gov. Overton and his friends to shoot Love to death in the Chickasaw nation after he was arrested in Fort Worth a few weeks ago.

STOCK RAISER MURDERED. LITTLE ROCK, August 31.—It is rumored that Colonel W. D. Waite, a prominent stock raiser, has been murdered in New Mexico.

WAR ON THE HALF SHELL.

Three Thousand Veterans Rehearse the Scenes of Twenty Years Ago.

The Grand Island Reunion a Success Beyond All Precedent.

A Grand and Exciting "Sea" Fight Between the Monitor and the Fort.

Parades, Speeches, and Brass Bands.

Special Dispatch to The Bee.

CAMP LYON, GRAND ISLAND, August 31.—The grand parade of 3,000 troops—artillery, cavalry and infantry—through the city, took place at 10 a. m. A large meeting was held at the pavilion, and some brilliant speeches were made by several distinguished speakers.

At 6 p. m. the most interesting feature of the reunion was the grand dress parade, in which General C. H. Frederick, chief of staff to General Thayer, conducted the parade. There were at least 3,000 men in line, and the line, when formed, extended nearly a quarter of a mile.

Gen. Frederick then massed all the bands, fifteen in number, and as they marched down the long line the scene was grand. The soldiers, all veterans, acted as though they had never been out of practice. After the dress parade the twenty-five thousand people present witnessed a sea fight between the Monitor and the Fort. The bombs bursting in the air, and the firing of the heavy artillery, guns was grand and exciting in the extreme. In fact it was an exact representation of actual warfare. This evening there is another grand rally at the pavilion. To-morrow the grand sham fight takes place.

The success of the reunion is beyond all precedent. Senators Van Wyck and Saunders are here.

CAPITAL NOTES. SPECIAL DISPATCH TO THE BEE.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 31.—The estimated decrease of the public debt for August is about \$16,000,000.

HOTEL FOR YELLOWSTONE PARK. A couple of Dakota men are negotiating with fair prospects of success, with acting secretary Joslyn, of the interior department, for the necessary grounds in Yellowstone park upon which to construct roadways and erect hotels and other buildings for the convenience and accommodation of visitors.

A FAREWELL VISIT. WASHINGTON, August 31.—The war department is informed by Gen. Pope that Oklahoma Payne and six of his followers are under arrest at Fort Reno.

Dr. Agnew refused to go out of the State peacefully, he and his party were disarmed and taken to Fort Reno as prisoners. The interior department officials say as this is Payne's second offense he should be tried by the civil authorities and under the law he is liable to a fine of \$100.

IT IS MORE THAN PROBABLE, had not the doctors for attendance upon the late president would have been presented against the estate of the deceased, and the appropriation made by congress ignored. When written to upon the subject by his associate attendants, Dr. Agnew, in a letter, declined to proceed in such a manner.

In this letter he says: "Congress has treated the medical practitioners with contempt. To proceed against the estate, however, would be criticized by the newspapers, which are against the profession in this case. We must submit to the indignity heaped upon us, and pocket the insult, and in future refuse to attend, if called, upon a president, king, potentate, or prelate."

THE ART COMMISSION. WASHINGTON, August 31.—The following gentlemen have been appointed by the board of directors of the proposed Garfield exhibition in the rotunda of the capitol as art commissioners, with power to add to their numbers: E. F. Andrews, artist; Mrs. Maguire, M. M. Pondexter, S. H. Kaufman, of the Washington Evening Star; T. C. Crawford, of the Chicago Times; H. A. Preston, of the New York Herald, and W. H. Holmes, Neb.

GUITEAU'S SKELETON. is now at the National Army Medical museum, this city, but will not be exhibited to the public. The final disposition of the bones of the assassin has not yet been determined upon and cannot until Judge Hagner decides as to the validity of Guiteau's will, in which he bequeathed his body to Dr. Hicks. The experts who were engaged in the microscopic examination of the doctors' brain have completed their work. It is understood they already disagree in their conclusion respecting his sanity and there will probably be two reports rendered.

BARGE BURNED. MANISTE, Mich., August.—This morning the steam barge Albert Miller, caught fire at Point du Sable, burning the stern and deck works and will probably prove a total loss. She was owned by Mr. Engelmann, of Milwaukee, and was valued at \$20,000.

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