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John S. Brittain & Co.,

Corner Fourth and Jule Streets, opposite Court House.

A CASHIER'S CONSPIRACY.

The Kewanee Bank Robbery Proves to Have Been Pre-arranged by Pratt.

The Latter Loads His Grip With Gold and Carries it Home the Day Before.

The Chief and Two of the Gang Arrested. One of Whom Squalls on His Pals

The Victim of the Outrage at Taylorville, Ill., Slowly Dying.

The Kewanee Bank Robbery.

Special Dispatch to This Day. CHICAGO, August 29.—The Daily News-Kewanee (Ill.) special says: Great excitement exists over the arrest of Pratt, cashier of the First National bank, on the charge of complicity in the recent robbery in which the thieves got away with \$20,000. The arrest was just made and detectives claim to have plenty of evidence to sustain the charge. Pratt was not suspected at first, but the more the detectives hunted for clues the more they became convinced that Welch and his accomplices had inside help. A valise being left at the bank, the subsequent call for it, locking up the cashier and assistant, Miss Harris, in the vault, were all prearranged. The detectives feel confident of being ultimately able to recover all the money stolen. The valise containing \$300 of the stolen money was found in a cornfield near the city.

A Put Up Job.

Special Dispatch to This Day. CHICAGO, August 29.—Edward N. Welch, arrested three or four days ago, in New York, for robbing the First National bank of Kewanee, Ill., passed through this city this evening en route for Kewanee, in charge of the detective who arrested him. Reporters for the press were not allowed to see him, but Pinkerton's detective agency, which has charge of the case, say he made a confession the effect that Dr. J. S. Scott, of St. Louis, formerly a resident of Kewanee, planned the robbery, though he took no direct part in it; that Pratt, acting cashier, was a party to it, and that instead of a large sum in gold being carried away in a valise, with other money, that it was Pratt himself who carried it off previous to the day when he (Welch) and his companion locked Pratt and Miss Harris in the vault, and carried away the remainder of the money, mostly in paper. Welch refuses to give the name of the man who helped him in the job, but the agency is confident it will get the right man. Welch says Dr. Scott introduced him to Pratt, and that some time ago Pratt paid a check drawn on the bank by him (Welch). When it was discovered, payment was thought to be the result of Pratt's ignorance. Welch had no money in the bank. Scott is said to be chiefly known in Kewanee as a poker player. The agency here to-day received advices of the arrest of Scott in St. Louis by one of its detectives. He will be brought here.

The Arrest of Scott.

Special Dispatch to This Day. ST. LOUIS, August 29.—Dr. J. B. Scott was arrested here late night by one of Pinkerton's detectives, on the charge of being implicated in the Kewanee (Ill.) bank robbery, and left for Chicago to-night in charge of an officer. The affair was kept very quiet. Scott formerly lived in Kewanee, but claims to have been a resident of St. Louis for the past six months. He was in Kewanee at the time of the robbery, but says he had nothing to do with it and knows nothing about it. It is understood he was arrested on information derived from Welch, who was captured in the east two or three days ago, and there seems to be no doubt that he was directly implicated in the robbery.

A Fight for a Woman.

Special Dispatch to This Day. DENVER, Aug. 29.—The Republi-

canas Las Vegas special says: At San

Jeromino, a small Mexican settlement close to this city, last night, Jack G. Perry, an American, became involved in a fight with several Mexicans, over a Mexican woman. Perry shot and killed one, M. Gonzalez, fatally, and wounded two other Mexicans. The Mexicans then killed Perry.

Murder of "Boss" Heising.

Special Dispatch to This Day. CHICAGO, August 29.—A. C. Heising, whose murder near Hermosillo, Sonora, Mexico, was announced by telegraph, is well known throughout the northwest in political circles. He was born in Oldenburg, Prussia, in 1823; emigrated to America in 1839, and came to Chicago in 1849. He at once entered political life, and held several city and county offices, including that of sheriff. He became financially interested in the Staats Zeitung, the leading German daily of the city, in 1862, and secured a controlling interest in it in 1867. From that time, for ten years, he practically dictated the policy of the republican party in Chicago, and to a good extent in Illinois. In 1877 he became interested in silver mines in Arizona, which did not prove a success, and two years ago took an interest in the mines in Mexico, where he was killed. His partner in the enterprise was killed there a year ago. Telegrams for particulars have been sent by his son, now manager of the paper, but no replies have been received thus far.

A Brief Revolution.

Special Dispatch to This Day. MEXICO, August 29.—Two legislatures organized in Zacatecas, one composed of friends of the general and state government, and the other of friends of General Garcia Cadina, who has presidential aspirations. Last night a fight occurred between Cadina and friends and the state troops. After a sharp contest of 20 minutes, in which one rebel was killed and three soldiers of the state wounded, Garcia Cadina surrendered with his followers. Zacatecas is quiet, and no further disturbance is anticipated.

A Murder Confessed.

Special Dispatch to This Day. KEWANEE, Ill., August 29.—To-day Sylvanus K. Madison, who is charged with the murder last Saturday of Mrs. Maggie Coplin, of Weatherfield, admitted his guilt and pointed out the place where he concealed the money stolen by him at the time of the murder. The money was found.

The Bond Outrage.

Special Dispatch to This Day. TAYLORVILLE, ILL., Aug. 29.—Miss Emma Bond, the victim of the recent outrage, remains delirious, and physicians say she cannot live many days in delirium. She went over the scene of the outrage, telling precisely the same story she told the prosecuting attorney. Bail has been arranged for Montgomery, Pettis and Clement, the alleged perpetrators of the bond case, but they prefer the safety of the inside of the jail to freedom.

Chandler in Boston.

Special Dispatch to This Day. BOSTON, August 29.—Secretary Chandler will arrive in the harbor on the Tallapoosa about 11 o'clock to-morrow. A party of prominent gentlemen will, by invitation of Collector Worthington, go down in the cutter Gallatin to meet him.

Blazing Oil.

Special Dispatch to This Day. CLEVELAND, Ohio, August 29.—Sparks from a locomotive set fire to-night to the Bee line's oil sheds on the flats. Three hundred barrels of refined petroleum stored there burned furiously and flowed all about in blazing streams, consuming a saloon and boarding house nearby, belonging to Mr. Elsassner, and firing a train of fifteen cars loaded with petroleum, which also burned, together with ten other freight cars which were empty. The burning oil ran down a catch basin into the sewer, and flowed under Scranton avenue in the river a distance of several hundred feet, and set fire to the schooner James Wade, of Sandusky, which was damaged to the extent of \$300 before towed to a place of safety and flames extinguished. Total loss approximated \$30,000.

RED OAK'S LOSS.

Her New and Elegant Opera House Destroyed by Fire.

Insurance Sixteen Thousand Dollars.

Special Dispatches to This Day.

RED OAK, Ia., August 29.—Bishop's new three story brick opera house was completely destroyed by fire at two o'clock this morning. The origin of the fire is unknown but is supposed to have been caused by the colored fires used in the play of Rip Van Winkle, which had been played the evening before. The building was insured for twelve thousand dollars and the stock of furniture for four thousand dollars. Mr. Wade's Rip Van Winkle lost all their baggage and handsome wardrobes. The building was completed and opened just about one year ago, and was an ornament to the town.

Texas Fever.

Special Dispatch to This Day. BROWNVILLE, Tex., August 29.—Seventy-two new cases and two deaths, both Mexicans. The few cases among the troops in Fort Brown are doing well. There are several cases at Point Isabel and two at Tampico. Refugees died recently with fever eighty miles from here, on the way towards Corpus Christi. Seven deaths in Matamoros, with a few new cases. Weather sunny.

The President's Movements.

Special Dispatch to This Day. NEWPORT, August 29.—The president was to have left for Black Island this morning with a party of guests on the United States steamer Despatch, but while steam was being gotten up a part of the machinery broke, and it will take three days to repair the damages. The president dined with Mrs. Para Stevens and party of guests to-day.

NEWPORT, R. I., August 29.—President Arthur was tendered a dinner by Mrs. Para Stevens, of New York. Among the guests were Secretary Frelinghuysen, Col. Jerome Napoleon Bouaparte, of Baltimore, and others.

A Puff for the B & M.

Special Dispatch to This Day. CHICAGO, August 29.—The Chicago, Burlington & Quincy to-day took another short cut to Denver by the completion of a cut-off line from Calvert to Tecumseh, Nebraska, which connects the Atchison and Nebraska systems. Contracts will be let at once for the extension from Tecumseh to Denver. The Denver line, which, when completed, will make another considerable saving in the distance of their through fast line from Chicago to Denver.

A Strike Settled.

Special Dispatch to This Day. WILKESBARRE, August 29.—A conference was held to-day between the striking miners of the Empire and Hallenback mines and contractors, and it was decided that the miners return to work at the advance of wages demanded.

Kansas Corn.

Special Dispatch to This Day. KANSAS CITY, August 28.—Reports from points throughout Kansas indicate a fine corn yield for the state notwithstanding sectional reports of dry weather. In Western Kansas, corn has been seriously damaged by drought but the yield of the state comes from the great corn belt extending from Central Kansas eastward, and their crop is fine, being beyond the reach of drought and none will be lost except some of the early planting which proportion is comparatively unimportant. In this section also recent showers have greatly aided the advancement of special crops which generally promise well, excepting the western part where they have suffered more or less with the early corn. Careful estimates consider one hundred and fifty million bushels moderate figures as the apparent corn yield for the state.

SIR GARNET'S GLORY.

"We Charged Them on the Flank and Sabred a Considerable Number."

The Enemy Driven From Ditch to Ditch, According to British Accounts.

Graphic Description of a Moonlight Battle and a Cavalry Charge.

Arabi Personally Witnesses the Complete Rout of His Sainted Followers.

The Greeks and Turks, Inaugurate a Small War on the Border.

A Vast Amount of Important News From the Old World.

Special Dispatches to This Day.

PORT SAID, August 29.—Last evening the Arabs attacked the British position at Kassassin and were repulsed with heavy loss. The British lost 120 men, eleven of the enemy's guns were captured.

THE ADVANCE GUARD.

ISMAILIA, August 28.—Major Bullock has proceeded to the front taking his provisions and baggage on camels in order to be independent of the commissariat. His orders are to advance with the most advanced guard always feeling the enemy so as to keep General Wolsey constantly advised of their movements and position.

GRAHAM'S GRIP.

LONDON, Aug. 29.—Gen. Wolsey telegraphs from Ismailia at 1:40 o'clock this morning as follows: I have just received news from the front that Gen. Graham was heavily attacked last evening by a large force of Egyptians. The British cavalry from Matameh went to his assistance and he has had a brilliant success, taking eleven guns. Only a few British were killed, but over 100 were wounded. I am just about to proceed to the front.

A SKIRMISH BY MOONLIGHT.

LONDON, August 29.—Gen. Wolsey telegraphed from Kassassin, looking over the front which the British cavalry from Matameh went to his assistance and he has had a brilliant success, taking eleven guns. Only a few British were killed, but over 100 were wounded. I am just about to proceed to the front.

WHEN MORNING CAME,

great excitement prevailed in our camp at Kassassin, in consequence of the Egyptian showing themselves in force in various directions. General Graham presently sent Major Hart with a escort of mounted infantry, under command of Lieutenant Pigott, to ascertain the strength and exact position of the enemy. Major Hart proceeded in the direction of Tel-el-Kebir, and had gone forward two miles, when the enemy opened fire with two guns. Lieutenant Pigott dismounted his men, and returned to the ground well for some time, though eventually they were obliged to retire upon our camp. At 10 o'clock 4,000 Bedouins appeared on our right and front, extending two miles, but upon our guns opening fire on them they retired. About 3 o'clock their infantry advanced in open order upon our left, bringing up several guns, which they placed at short distances from each other, and presently showed several pieces of artillery. Our guns opened fire and our men turned out to face the attack.

THE FIGHT NOW WAXED WARM

and during the whole afternoon the gallant little garrison made a good defense. Meanwhile the cavalry, which was five miles in our rear, had been twice signalled by Gen. Graham to support him, and had advanced almost to our position without entering the enemy. By 7:30 p. m. the whole force, consisting of the First and Second Light guards and Horse guards, Seventh dragoons and Nineteenth Hussars with four guns, went out to support the troops at Kassassin. The march had to be made very cautiously. The moon was rising and showed a little army of horsemen to our advantage as they passed over the ground, the plumes of their swords swaying musically through the air. Col. Stewart, who directed the course of the brigade, disposed the men so excellently that he was able to pilot them safely to a point of contact without coming under the fire of the guns which were then pounding Kassassin camp. He led the way along the ridge with the idea of outflanking the enemy and turning his position. Col. Russell brought his men over four miles of heavy ground so that by 9 o'clock, when they silently halted on the stay line, they were so close to the Egyptians that SHELS WENT OVER THEIR HEADS in rapid succession, landing half a

mile in their rear. From the position the cavalry had now gained they could see the enemy close on the horizon in very large numbers, whereupon Col. Russell dashed up and gave the words of command to "mount," "form in line," and "charge." Scarcely had the words been uttered when the Household cavalry and dragoons rapidly obeyed the order and with suppressed but ominous murmurs swept on to meet the foe with drawn sabres and stern determination. In a very few moments the horsemen had charged the enemy and, our guns having ceased firing, mingled with the Egyptians and cut them up seriously. A general rout hereupon ensued, Arabi's artillerymen getting their guns away while his infantry fell into a disordered mass upon the banks of the canal. A few dashed into the water to save themselves. It would be difficult to imagine a more

COMPLETE SUCCESS

than was now seen. Russell's horse fell dead, but he seized another and before the enemy's position was gained was well in front once more. The enemy fell back rapidly. Now it is to be wondered at when the race between various regiments of English cavalry is considered in which the Seventh dragon guards exerted themselves beyond description to be first playing their sabres with considerable alacrity. In this way our position at Kassassin was re-heavily. We now command the country leading to Tel-el-Kebir. Great bravery and pertinacity were shown by the mounted infantry, and a detachment of the Fourth dragoons were with them. Lieutenant Pigott was wounded. All along the line the greatest care had been taken to provide for emergencies, which shows how judicious are the arrangements of General Wolsey.

FOR SAKE OF FAIRNESS,

it should be mentioned that the men who took part in this gallant achievement had worked for nearly 24 hours on empty stomachs, but never dreamt of grumbling. The horses had been without food the same length of time. The British cavalry charged straight at the guns, sabring the gunners as they passed, and cutting down the flying infantry beyond them. The battle was ended at a stroke. A scene of wild confusion ensued. Some of the guns were still firing, and bodies of infantry kept up the fusillade. Our infantry at Kassassin had a hot time. Hundreds of shells burst in the confusion. The shelter of trenches afforded insufficient protection. The Egyptians came on

WITH GREAT BRAVERY,

and in spite of the heavy fire of our men were rapidly gaining ground and would soon have rushed upon our entrenchment when the roar of our guns on their left followed by the rush of our cavalry proved too much for them, and from that moment they thought only of flight. About 10 o'clock the cavalry came back in high spirits over their brilliant achievements. Many were missing in the darkness, but will no doubt turn up in the morning. Upon their return from pursuit they were unable to find the guns over which they charged, but these will doubtless be discovered at sunrise.

A CHANGE OF COMMANDERS.

LONDON, August 29.—The Times says: We may soon hear that Major General Sir Edward Hamley has been ordered to remove from Alexandria, and that he will be replaced by General Harman, lately assistant adjutant general in Ireland.

A PEACE COMMISSIONER.

PORT SAID, August 29.—Sultan Pasha arrived here. It is understood he will install a representative of the khedive in the districts successively occupied by the British, as his influence with the natives is great. It is hoped that this will do much to pacify the country.

KILLING MUTINEERS

ALFANDARA, August 29.—Those who were in the harbor to-day witnessed three Arab sailors on board the Egyptian frigate Souda for mutiny. They were first flogged, and then tied to a rope and hauled up to the port yard-arm. They were then dropped into the sea dragged under the keel and hauled up to the starboard arm. They were soon dead.

THE MILITARY ALLIANCE.

CONSTANTINOPLE, August 29.—The text of the military convention drawn up and signed to-day by Lord Dufferin and the Ottoman plenipotentiaries. It will probably be formally signed within a few days.

POISONED.

ALEXANDRIA, August 29.—Douba Pasha was poisoned.

LONDON, August 29.—A dispatch from Ismailia states that firing began on Monday evening between the advanced posts of the enemy of the British.

GERMAN'S INFLUENCE.

CONSTANTINOPLE, August 29.—A German officer in the Turkish service was present at the sitting of the council when the signature of the military convention was finally discussed, and advised the acceptance of the English proposals.

POISONED.

ALEXANDRIA, August 29.—The report of the death of Touba Pasha is confirmed.

THE ENEMY STRENGTHENING THEIR WORKS.

The enemy are still strengthening their left. They sent out an armored train again last evening. The man-of-war Minos shifted her position to about 1,000 yards nearer Aboukir. General Fouts has gone to reconnoiter

GUARDING THE CITADEL.

PORT SAID, August 29.—Yusuf Bey, who recently escaped from Cairo, asserts that the Turkish and Circassian residents of Cairo are being

arrested daily and are never heard of again. Some of the Turkish and Circassian Pashas, with the few Europeans remaining in Cairo, are guarding the citadel. They seem well prepared to hold their own until the British arrive.

A FAISE RUMOR.

LONDON, August 29.—The report from Alexandria that General Wolsey had arrived at Zaganig is doubtless untrue.

ARABI'S LAST RESORT.

ISMAILIA, August 28.—Officers are suffering from dysentery and sun-strokes. It is evident that Arabi means to make a stand at Kafr el Dear, as in the event of defeat he could escape into Tripoli.

FIRE INTO BY BEDOUINS.

The boat supplying the post on the canal with provisions was fired on by Bedouins near here to-day and four of her Maltese crew were wounded and the boat plundered.

GENERAL FOREIGN NEWS.

CHOLERA IN JAPAN.

MADRID, August 29.—A cable dispatch from Yokohama states that out of 775 cases of cholera within 20 days, at Yokohama, 572 cases proved fatal. At Tokio about 80 cases and 50 deaths occur daily.

ATTACKING GREECE.

ATHENS, Aug. 29.—Yesterday morning the Turkish troops attacked the Greeks all along the frontier from Zoorba to Dageani. Fighting was continued to-day. The Greeks lost four killed and ten wounded.

THE GREEK ROW.

CONSTANTINOPLE, August 29.—M. Condourides, Greek ambassador, represented to Said Pasha that a collision was provoked by the violation of Greek territory by Turks. Said Pasha replied that last month a detachment of Greek troops crossed the frontier and cut telegraphic communication between a Turkish military post and a village. The Turks, requiring supplies, were compelled to pass through part of Greek territory. The Turks were opposed and fired upon by Greeks, and retaliated by driving off the latter. The porte has telegraphed to its minister at Athens, instructing him to make representations to the Greek government insisting upon the cessation of hostilities.

THE PORTE NOW INSISTS

that Turkish troops shall be permitted to land at Alexandria, and urges that Alexandria shall serve as a common base for British and Turkish operations.

CONSTANTINOPLE, August 29.—An-

other engagement took place at Maralik, Dervend, last night, and the Greeks were again repulsed. To-day the Greeks, with artillery, made a third attack, the result of which is unknown.

THE BISHOP BETTER.

LONDON, August 29.—The physicians of the Archbishop of Canterbury announce a mitigation of the worst symptoms of his illness.

THE COREAN THRONE SEIZED.

LONDON, August 29.—The latest telegrams from Corea state that the uncle of the king has seized the throne.

THE SIBERIAN PLAGUE.

ST. PETERSBURG, August 29.—The Siberian plague is appearing to an alarming extent in the most widely settled quarters of European Russia. One death from the disease occurred at Odessa.

THE DISAPPEARED CONSTABULARY.

DUBLIN, August 28.—The people of Limerick have practically become their own policemen, a large majority of the constabulary having refused further duty. The men ascribe the blame for the whole trouble to Clifford Lloyd.

CORK, August 28.—Telegrams in-

quiring what day will be fixed for the resignation of the constabulary in a body are passing between the different stations in different parts of the country.

A large number of men made inquiries at various emigration offices to-day.

The opinion is prevalent that hundreds of men of ten year's service and under will shortly resign.

LIMERICK, August 28.—There have

been thirty resignations from the constabulary in consequence of the dismissal of five sub-constables. The inspector general submitted an attempt to address the men who have resigned, but they refused to listen. The city without the usual police on beat to-night.

REFUSED TO RE-ENTER.

LIMERICK, August 29.—The dismissed constables, on the hearing of the petition which had been sent to Lord Spencer, declared they would not re-enter the force under any condition.

RESIGNATIONS WITHDRAWN.

LIMERICK, Aug. 29.—All sub-constables who resigned have withdrawn their resignation at the request of the inspector general, satisfactory explanations having been given in regard to the dismissal of five constables.

KICKHAM'S FUNERAL.

DUBLIN, Aug. 29.—The remains of Charles J. Kickham, felon, were removed to Charles Sunday night. Permission to allow the coffin to remain at the Cathedral was refused. There was no priest in attendance to perform the funeral ceremony.

CUBAN TAXES.

HAVANA, August 29.—A royal order is published conceding to the province of Puerto Principe a reduction of the direct tax of 50 per cent. for five years, and to the town of Victoria de Las Tunas total exemption from real estate contribution and a reduction of the industrial and commercial contributions of 65 per cent. until June 30, 1890. Those concessions are subject to the approval of the Spanish cortes.

FRENCH WHEAT.

PARIS, August 29.—The annual report of the wheat crop shows it is excellent in twenty departments, good in forty-five, fair in eleven, poor in nine and bad in one, that of Corsica.

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(Successors to Fred Lang.)

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is the only flour that gives general satisfaction, and we daily receive proofs from our customers that it makes WHIPEST AND LIGHTEST BREAD.

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Being the only pure and healthy article in this market, and which is recommended by the most celebrated chemists. We KEEP IT.

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We keep CALIFORNIA SUGAR, which is pronounced to be the purest article ever brought to this market. We also keep the best brands of SYRUPS and

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CALIFORNIA

PURE BRANDIES.

We also keep fine lots of imported COGNAC—RHINE WINES.

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THE PUBLIC

is cordially invited to give us a call, as we can assure all satisfaction.

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