

HEIMROD & DORMANN, (Successors to Fred Lang.)

We are now prepared with our new stock to offer

BARGAINS

in the following goods: Laundry Soaps, Canned Oysters, Fine Crackers, Fine Extracts, Butter and Eggs.

We can assure the public that we can show the very choicest butter and eggs the country can produce.

HOTELS & RESTAURANTS

We invite to come and give us a call. We know it will be to their advantage, as we sell CHEAP and keep always the best stock of the

STANDARD CALIFORNIA CANNED & DRIED FRUITS.

OUR FLOUR

We can challenge the World, as we daily receive the very best proofs that

SCHUYLER

Snow Flake Flour, NEVER FAILS.

As it makes the LIGHTEST and WHITEST BREAD.

We also invite all that desire a good cup of Coffee or Tea to our stock. Just received a lot of

O. G. JAVA, COSTA RICA, RIO, GUATEMALA, and MOCHA.

IN TEAS

We can show early picked

Yama-hiro, Japan Young Hyson, Japan Oolong,

Fine English Breakfast Souchong and Congou.

All of these Teas we can recommend to be pure of any poisonous colors, as we pay special attention to this branch of business.

Jellies and Preserves

In 10 and 25 pound pails, and we propose to sell them CHEAP. This is the best chance

TO BUY THESE GOODS

Whiskies & Cognacs

of the purest quality, should not fail to give us a call. This we lately added to our business, and we keep no other but the purest brands of these goods, which we only sell for medicinal purposes.

CALIFORNIA CLARETS, ANGELICA, SHERRY, AND PORT WINES,

Boots & Shoes

We have as large a stock as can be found in this city, both for Ladies', Children and Gents', which we sell at reasonable prices.

Heimrod & Dormann, Corner 13th and Jackson.

ON TO ABOUKIR.

The Land and Naval Forces of the British Preparing to Fall on the Forts.

Great Activity Along the Whole Line and the Enemy is Not Idle.

One Hundred Murderous Machines Ready to Salute the Invaders.

Germany Expresses Her Disgust at the Procrastinating Policy of the Porte.

Detailed Reports of the Condition of Crops in Europe.

Special Dispatches to THE BEE.

THE COMING BATTLE.

ALEXANDRIA, August 17.—The transports Egyptian Monarch and Nevada arrived. Reports continue to assert that a combined land and sea attack on the forts at Aboukir is imminent.

According to latest accounts the attack will be made Sunday morning. The first division, with one regiment from the second division, will embark to-morrow. After the bombardment of the forts at Aboukir, for which all the men of war but two will be withdrawn from Alexandria, it is intended to land the first division under the personal command of Gen. Garnet Wolseyley.

FRESH WATER CANALS.

PARIS, August 17.—The following telegram, dated Ismailia, has been received from De Lesseps: "The governor asked me to-day whether the Egyptians could legally cut fresh water canals from Cairo to Ismailia. I replied in the negative. I shall communicate my opinion, which has the sanction of legal decisions, to Arabi Pasha, who has always scrupulously respected the rights of the Suez Canal company."

PORT FORTS.

CONSTANTINOPLE, August 17.—The ports has reiterated its instructions to provincial governments to take special measures to prevent disorders in their respective territories. Arab Shek Obaidallah, chief of the Kurd tribes, has disappeared. The government is endeavoring to ascertain its whereabouts.

The communications of Lord Dufferin with the porte the last few days referred to the transport of mules and oxen to Egypt, which, it is reported, the porte is inclined to prohibit from Turkish dominions.

Said Pasha, Turkish premier and minister of foreign affairs, and principal representative of the porte at the conference, has resigned the office of prime minister.

MOVING TO THE FRONT.

ALEXANDRIA, August 17.—The Third battalion of grenadier guards, the First battalion of Scots guards, and the Second battalion of the Coldstream guards, were ordered to embark on transports early Friday morning. A naval council was held to-day on the Helicon.

ARABI'S GUNS.

Arabi Pasha is said to have 100 guns in position at Kaf-el-Dwar. The English staff credits him with eighty, at least.

THE FEELING IN GERMANY.

BERLIN, Aug. 17.—The delay of the porte in accepting the proposal for a military convention has considerably irritated the German government. Herr Von Hirschfeld, representative at Constantinople, has been instructed to make representations to the porte concerning the feeling of Germany on this subject. The Cross Gazette says: The porte cannot undertake military intervention in Egypt under the same conditions as it could have intervened in July. It has only itself to blame for the permanently disadvantageous position in which Turkey is now placed. England asks no more in regard to conducting military operations in Egypt than she did at the time of the Crimean war, where Turkey agreed to her demands without prejudice to the sultan's authority.

RUSSIA AND TURKEY.

BERLIN, August 17.—A correspondent of The Cologne Gazette expresses the opinion that Russia is preparing for war with Turkey by way of compensation of England's occupation of Egypt.

A DESERTER'S YARN.

ALEXANDRIA, August 17.—Arabi Pasha is said to be arranging for his escape in case of need, to the residence of a fanatical Mohammedan dignitary on the borders of Tripoli. A deserter from Arabi's forces gives a graphic description of the misery prevailing in the latter's camp, where the wounded are growing about their sufferings, presenting a sad picture of distress and neglect. Some of these poor creatures are said to have been shot by comrades to free them from agony. Many Egyptians are compelled against their will to fight.

Major General Sir Edward Hawley to-day assumed local command in Ramleh. Major Generals Wood and Allison have taken command of their respective brigades. Colonel Mearns was appointed censor of press messages.

PRESS POINTS.

LONDON, August 17.—The Standard says Gen. Wolseyley's parading was for the ostensible purpose, and may have been the best way of concealing his real intentions before the enemy. He has been deceived by means of the press. The Standard further says: The ironclads may increase the deception by bombardment of forts, and at nightfall the fleet of transports may steam back to Alexandria again and disembark troops and the entire British force fall upon Arabi Pasha's depleted intrenchments in front of Ramleh. This is almost certain. Reports of landing at Aboukir are spread to throw dust in the eyes of Arabi Pasha.

The Times is quite silent regarding Gen. Wolseyley's intentions.

The News draws attention to the fact that when Gen. Wolseyley wrote the first edition of "The Soldier's Pocketbook," he regarded special correspondents as modern curses of the army in the field. Subsequent events no doubt induced him to modify his views, but not to such an extent that he would lightly take them into his confidence without reserve.

WANTS TO FIGHT.

PARIS, August 17.—The Gaulois states that Prince Ibrahim Pasha, the fourth son of the ex-khedive, Ismail Pasha, has obtained leave of his father to proceed to London to solicit permission from the duke of Cambridge to serve as a private in the English army in Egypt. Prince Ibrahim promises not to remain in Egypt after the campaign.

instead of specific duties on sugars. Schwab, who is also an importer of wool and buyer of American wool, addressed himself to what he termed those features of the present complicated wool tariff that do not affect the principle of protection to American wool growers and that do operate to the detriment of American woolen industry, the honest importer and the revenue. Ad valorem duties were favored as to wool by Schwab. Mr. Schwab prefaced his remarks by a statement to which Comptroller Keener referred as follows: "You say if you were allowed to follow your own convictions you would make an argument in favor of free wool, but you believe such argument would not be acceptable to this body. On what is that belief founded? Why do you think any address or any subject connected with the tariff, no matter how broad, how free trade, or how discurative, would not be acceptable to this body?"

Schwab: "Because I believe—(hesitating). Keener: "You are carrying out the theory that exists in the minds of a great many persons, that this commission is not to treat everybody fairly and squarely?" Schwab: "I did not mean that."

Keener: "You say so in the opening of your argument." Schwab: "I believe this commission is looking at matters connected with the tariff other than those which we merchants are looking at. You have political considerations before you."

Keener: "You have no authority to say any such thing. You say you believe an argument advocating free trade in wool would not be acceptable to this commission. On what do you base that statement? You have made the assertion boldly and unreservedly. It goes abroad to the world and if we submit to it we submit to the assertion that we are disposed to be unfair and unjust in matters brought before us."

Schwab: "I did not mean to imply any reflection on the commission, but I have been before congressional committees a number of times with the same subject. I have always found it was of no use to talk about free wool. We were always told the wool growing interest of the United States would never permit it, and the wool growing interest we know to be all powerful."

LONG BRANCH, August 17.—The tariff commission heard Assistant Appraiser Kent in recommendation of a reduction of duties on silk goods. A paper was read favoring free trade. A communication from the Pacific Mail company recommended reduction of duty on wool. Thomas Horton & Co. recommend a reduction of duties on mullin and woolen fabrics to a uniform rate of 35 per cent ad valorem. A. C. Babson recommended that Portland cement be put on the free list. W. J. Rice favored making hay free of duty.

CAPITAL NOTES.

PENSION CLERKS.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 17.—Secretary Lincoln appointed 200 clerks and a number of messengers and watchmen for service in connection with the pension cases provided for in the legislative, executive and judicial appropriation bill. There are still about 150 appointments of this character to be made.

The treasury department to-day purchased \$15,000 ounces of fine silver for delivery at the mint.

THE STAR ROUTE CASES.

Bliss for the prosecution began his argument and will continue to-morrow.

HEALTH REPORTS.

The national board of health has received a report from Surgeon Owen, United States navy, at Pensacola, stating that on the 15th inst. the mate of the Spanish bark Sileta at Sullivan wharf, died of yellow fever and that three men were sick on board; also that the bark was towed to sea a few hours after the death occurred. He states great excitement prevailed at Pensacola, as there are rumors of other cases of fever among the shippers.

Comptroller Lawrence has given an opinion that the national board of health is authorized to select local boards and quarantine stations, and to be aided from the appropriation of \$50,000.

SUSPECTS RELEASED.

Acting Secretary of State Davis learned to-day from Minister Lowell that Mcweeney and Slattery, two American suspects, have been released from prison in Ireland.

RAILROAD COMMISSIONERS.

The president has appointed commissioners to examine the newly completed 250 miles of the Northern Pacific railroad. For the western division, Capt. H. Blackstone, James C. Reed, Horace B. Frye; eastern division, Arthur B. Johnson, John B. Sanborn and H. W. Scott.

A Huge Depot.

CHICAGO, August 17.—The interview in the east between President Ackerman, Cummings and Vanderbilt has resulted in a decision that the Illinois Central give up the long contest with the city for two blocks of land on the lake front. The companies will at once begin the erection of a depot where the ruins of the former depot, burned in the great fire October 9, 1871, still stand. It will cost over half a million and be completed in 1883. It will be occupied jointly by the Illinois Central, Michigan Central, Baltimore & Ohio and New York, Chicago & St. Louis railways.

The Apaches.

TUCSON, ARIZONA, August 17.—The Star-Mexican advises from Magdalena, Sonora, of the 15th inst., say: The Apaches continue their raids in the vicinity of Ures. A band of 70 to 100 is now raiding Sonora river valley. Don Velloso, of Cuernavaca's ranch, and a number of others in the valley, were killed last week. One hundred people have been killed in the vicinity of Ures within the last month.

HE HAILS FROM UTICA.

The Mouth Organ and Political Manipulator for New York Monopolies.

A Bitter and Relentless Warfare Unleashed Against Governor Cornell.

The Smallwarts Endeavoring to Crush the Popularity of a Fearless Executive.

The Breadth and Depth of His Mortal Staining Plainly Stated.

A Lively Gathering of the Lonesome Fraternity Looked for in Boston.

The Split in New York.

CHICAGO, Aug. 17.—The growing bitterness of the contest for the republican nomination for governor in New York, in which the present incumbent on one side and Conkling and the stalwarts on the other, are now engaged and the absolute breach between Cornell and the ex senator, is strongly shown by the Albany Dispatch this morning. Cornell's organ at the state capital alleges that Conkling, as attorney for Jay Gould, used all his influence with the governor to prevent his vetoing the bill to relieve the Pacific Steamship company of city taxes, amounting to \$120,000, and that he personally and through others, intimidated the governor that his political interests would be advanced by his approving the measure, but to all these arguments Cornell was deaf, and the bill did not become a law. It is also alleged when the bill to relieve the Elevated Railroad company of most of its taxes reached the governor he was informed that his approval of it would cure the difficulty with Conkling and insure his re-nomination. He was also informed that there would be a distribution of new stock of considerable value, in which he would not be forgotten. Nevertheless, he vetoed the bill.

A democratic paper at Albany, willing to do all it can to help on republican disarrangements and to hurt both factions, charges that Gould and Cornell had conferences when the elevated railway bill was introduced, and that, after its passage and before the veto, the governor had personal interviews with Conkling and second hand ones with Gould, who was given to understand that the bill would be signed. Finally, though, it was killed by a brief milk-and-water veto.

Anti-Monopoly State Convention. Special Dispatch to THE BEE. NEW YORK, August 17.—The executive committee of the state committee of the Anti-Monopoly League has issued a call for a state convention, to be held at Saratoga September 13. After declaring against corporate monopolies, in favor of a pure and dignified judiciary, in favor of protecting labor, advocating a liberal policy for our waterways, and favoring a repeal of the objectionable features of the penal code, the convention shall decide: In favor of independent action, it will then put in nomination candidates for state officers who are entitled to the confidence and support of the people, and who, if elected, will carry out the principles the convention shall declare ought to control the government of the state of New York.

Massachusetts Greenbackers. Special Dispatch to THE BEE. BOSTON, August 17.—The greenback state convention to-morrow promises to be lively, in view of the effort to adjourn the convention without making any nomination for governor so that the convention can meet again to nominate Gen. Butler should he decide to run after he has examined the republican ticket. "Straight" greenbackers will fight any such proposition, it is said.

SPORTING.

UTICA RACES.

UTICA, N. Y., August 17.—The unfinished racing race, of which six heats were made yesterday, was won by Flora Belle, Gem second, Lucy third, Buffalo Girl fourth; time, 2:18 1/2. The 2:33 class: Captain Lewis first, Barbara Patchen second, Allegheny Boy third, Barrett fourth; time, 2:25 1/2.

ROCHESTER RACES.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., August 17.—There were two special races as follows: Limber Jack first, Fuller second, Besse M third, Warrior fourth; time, 2:23, 2:21 1/2, 2:21, 2:22. Special stallion race: Santa Claus, 3, 1, 1; Black Cloud, 1, 2, 2, 2; Jerome Ely, 2, 3, 3, 3; Von Armin, drawn, time, 2:21 1/2, 2:25, 2:19, 2:20 1/2.

MONMOUTH PARK RACES.

NEW YORK, August 17.—First race, three-fourths of a mile, Buckstone won; time, 1:21. Second, mile and a half, Langa Gass won; time, 2:56 1/2. Third, one and three-eighths of a mile, Checkmate won; time, 2:35. Fourth, mile and a quarter, Keno won; time, 2:19. Fifth, mile, Bell Bay won; time, 1:57 1/2. Sixth, mile and a half, hurdle, Guy won; time, 2:27.

CONY RIVER RACES.

NEW YORK, August 17.—First race, mile and one-eighth, Jim McGowan won; time, 2:04. Second, three-quarters of a mile, Tonawanda won; time, 1:19. Third, mile and one-eighth, Monk won; time, 2:02. Fourth, five furlongs, Bouncer won; time, 1:04. Sixth, mile and a quarter, five

THE MISSISSIPPI RIVER COMMISSION.

Special Dispatch to THE BEE. NEW YORK, August 17.—The Mississippi river commission, consisting of Gen. Gilmore (president), Gen. C. B. Comstock, Major Suter, Judge Taylor, Prof. Mitchell, Major Harrod and Capt. Jas. B. Eades, have been in session since Monday. The whole sum of the disposal of the commission for the Mississippi river is \$5,150,000. The commission determined to recommend an approximate allowance of \$4,123,000, which is for the improvement of the river below Cairo. The sum \$1,000,000 was left unallowed for contingencies. The commission decided that work begin on the east bank of the river some miles above the mouth of the Yazoo, and should continue upward. The commissioners recommend that \$800,000 be raised by local authorities to be applied in such way as to secure, in connection with the work done by the government, continuity of the lines of levees from below upward. With this end in view, the commission, in making allotment, took into consideration the amount of work likely to be done by local authorities. Work at Plaquemine and Lake Providence consists principally of narrowing the streams so as to increase the rapidity of the current and prevent formation of sandbars, which have a tendency to shift the channel. One of the proposed projects is to prevent by embankments the flow of waters of the Mississippi through Atchafalaya river.

A Blaze from the Bowels.

CUMBERLAND, Md., Aug. 17.—The Astor mine, owned by the Consolidated Coal company, near Lonaconing, smouldering some time, burst forth in a tremendous blaze to-day, shooting fifty feet in the air. The fire originated from Spruce slope of the same company, which has been working out and been burning since 1872. Dwellings situated over the burning mine have been deserted. There is said to be great danger of the fire communicating with the Vale farm estate, with thousands of tons of underlying coal.

Moneyed Men.

SARATOGA, August 17.—At the bankers' meeting several papers were read showing the agricultural, industrial and commercial condition of the south is exceedingly flattering, with good prospects ahead. The convention elected officers, and Geo. T. Coffey, New York, was again chosen president.

The Distillers.

CHICAGO, August 17.—The western distillers are holding a business meeting in this city to-day. They passed a resolution favoring enforcement of Sunday observance laws and judicious license laws, and opposing the policy of saloon men in uniting with one of the political parties for the protection of their interests.

Drowned by a Cloud Burst.

BOWIE, A. T., August 17.—A party of six smugglers with forty pack animals, who encamped for the night in a canyon in Swishholm mountains, were all save one, drowned by a cloud burst last week. Their bodies were found scattered along the canyon next morning.

The Yellow Scourge.

BROWNVILLE, Tex., August 14.—Twenty-one new cases of yellow fever were reported to-day, 17 Mexicans and 4 Americans; two Mexicans died. One American, a boy nine years old, and 6 negroes and Frenchmen, all afflicted with the fever, reached the outskirts of the city from Tampico and were taken in charge by the quarantine authorities. Eight deaths in Matamoros during the last twenty-four hours, but there has been few new cases.

Another Strike.

BOSTON, August 17.—President Tyrone, of the Longshoremen's union, offers steamship companies an escort of his own men, who guarantee to protect all workmen from interference of hoodlums, which the Longshoremen claim to constitute the crowds which gather about the levees and have heretofore interfered with the men engaged by the steamship companies. The Longshoremen's provident association to-night voted to stand out.

Replenishing the Mexican Treasury.

CITY OF MEXICO, Aug. 17.—An official decree declaring the forfeiture of the Tehuantepec railroad concession if published to-day. The \$100,000 placed by the company on deposit as a guarantee, will be transferred to the Mexican treasury.

Klunkux Revived.

LITTLE ROCK, Aug. 17.—A band of men under the guise of klunkux compelled the negro workmen on the Memphis & Kansas City railroad in Craighead county, to quit work and leave under penalty of death. Governor Churchill telegraphed the sheriff of the county to investigate the matter and protect the workmen.

A POLANDIZED PEOPLE.

Liberty, What Crimes Are Committed in Thy Name in Ireland.

The Arrest and Sentence of Hon. E. Dwyer Grey "Absolutely Unparalleled."

A Drum Head Court Hurries Him to Jail Without Any Attempt at Trial.

The Matter Denounced in Parliament by the Irish Members.

Special Dispatches to THE BEE.

"ABSOLUTELY UNPARALLELED."

DUBLIN, August 17.—The Freeman's Journal, of which Grey is proprietor, says: "Grey's sentence is absolutely unparalleled. He only received notice of the nature of the proceedings against him Tuesday night, and was without any time to prepare his defense, which would probably have consisted of affidavits sustaining the truth of his published assertions. If his imprisonment tends in any way towards the reform of legal abuses, or promotion of the freedom of the press, he will cheerfully endure it."

THE QUESTION IN PARLIAMENT.

LONDON, August 17.—In the commons the speaker read a letter from Judge Lawson, announcing he had committed Grey. Gladstone moved to lay Lawson's letter on the table, which is simply a means to defer the matter till Grey's term expires.

Sexton read telegrams reciting affidavits sworn to to-day, declaring that several jurymen who convicted Hynes swore they were drunk had repeated the accusations of jury packing in Ireland. Sexton said that as long as the lives of the Irish people were at the mercy of legal chicanery, no minor reforms would satisfy them. Grey's imprisonment, he said, was a scandal and disgrace to justice.

Debate was continued until suspension for the afternoon, the Irish members repeating Sexton's accusations. At the resumption of the sitting, debate relative to the sentence of Grey was not resumed, owing to the total absence of Irish members.

Gladstone moved the adjournment of the house from to-morrow until the 24th of October, which was carried without division. The house was counted out at 2:10 p. m.

THE SENTENCE CONDEMNED.

The Pall Mall Gazette condemns the sentence passed on Grey.

THE LEADERS IN MEETING.

DUBLIN, August 17.—A meeting, at which Lord Mayor Dawson presided, was held at the Mansion house to-day for the purpose of starting a fund for the assistance of evicted tenants. Parnell and Dillon were present. The attendance was large. Grey sent £20 from prison. A resolution was passed in favor of the formation of a national fund to meet election expenses of both members, with a view of obtaining an efficient national party in parliament. The support of the Irish people at home and abroad and the co-operation of local public bodies was solicited.

PERSONAL.

Ben Kimball, is in the city. H. T. Clarke, of Bellevue, is in town. H. C. Brome, of Norfolk, is in the city. W. E. White, of Tekamah, is in town. W. H. Thrift, of Des Moines, is at the Millard.

Senator Charles H. Van Wyck is in town. Sol Hirsch, of Philadelphia, is at the Millard. Lew E. Darrow, of Corning, Iowa, is in the city. Matt. Ellis, of St. Paul, is at the Metropolitan.

L. Hill, of Plattsmouth, is at the Metropolitan. Samuel Carhart, of Lincoln, is at the Creighton. L. A. Hart, of The Dakota City Eagle, is in town.

J. B. Ball, of Blair, is a guest of the Metropolitan. John Raben, of Aurora, is a guest of the Metropolitan.

Miss E. Alden, of Hastings, is at the Metropolitan. W. W. Knapp, of Mason City, is at the Metropolitan.

S. H. Treadway, of Hannibal, Mo., is at the Creighton. J. E. Porter and wife, of Fairmount, are at the Canfield.

J. L. Ansley, of Kansas City, was at Canfield last night. Will Vincent, of Fremont, was at the Metropolitan yesterday.

George A. Brooks and wife, of Bazille Mills, are at the Millard. Frank Arnold, of Glenwood, Ia., is in the city, a guest of the Canfield.

Hon. George A. Smith, of Plattsmouth, is on a visit to friends in this city. James T. Brown and W. M. Robinson, two prominent politicians of Madison, are at the Millard.

W. H. Fessler and Miss F. and E. Luvinis, of Missouri Valley, were at the Canfield yesterday. J. E. Thornton, of Osceola; J. R. Bell, of Blair; S. Backey, of Fremont; V. G. Lantry and Mrs. J. S. Hake, of Blair, are in the city.

W. D. Griswold, at one time president of the Ohio & Mississippi road, and J. A. Hill formerly general freight agent of the Gould lines, came in from Sioux city yesterday and registered at the Millard.

J. A. MacMurphy, of Plattsmouth, is in town. Ben Gallagher returned from Sidney Wednesday.