

THE NATIONAL CAPITAL.

Yesterday's Proceedings in the Senate and House.

The Time of the Former Occurred in Eulogizing the Late Senator Burnside.

Introduction of an Iron-Clad Chinese Immigration Bill in the House.

The Latest Rumors of Cabinet Changes Include the Resignation of Lincoln.

Miscellaneous Notes From the National Capital.

CONGRESS.

PROCEEDINGS IN THE SENATE. WASHINGTON, January 23.—Mr. Anthony offered a resolution suspending proceedings in order that tribute might be paid to the memory of the late Senator Burnside, and proceeded to eulogize the deceased.

PROCEEDINGS IN THE HOUSE. The house agreed to sit on Thursday evening for general debate on pending business.

Bills were introduced as follows: By Mr. Clements, to apply the proceeds of the sale of public lands for school purposes.

By Mr. Farwell (Ill.), to prepare a list of persons claiming pensions.

By Mr. Gibson, a bill to increase the salary of members of the Mississippi river commission to \$2,000 per annum.

By Mr. King, appropriating \$2,000,000 to prevent the spread of yellow fever.

By Mr. Willis, to regulate and prevent the immigration of Chinese.

By Mr. Gibson, to amend the national bank act and provide a uniform currency.

The bill introduced by Mr. Willis to regulate Chinese labor provides that the coming into or residence in the United States by Chinese laborers is declared unlawful.

Those coming in as teachers, students, merchants or from curiosity, with servants, and those laborers who were here prior to November 17, 1881, may go and come at pleasure.

In regard to others, it provides that it shall be unlawful for any vessel to bring and land at any port in this country more than five Chinese laborers of either sex on any voyage, under penalty of \$500 for each offense.

By Mr. Dannel, reducing import duties on sugars and molasses.

Mr. Orth presented a resolution from the committee on foreign affairs, asking the names of all citizens of this country under arrest by British authorities.

At 3 P. M., the house took up the special order and listened to remarks of the late Senator Burnside. Eulogies were pronounced by Messrs. Clamann, Brumby, Hill, Henderson, Pettibone and Spooner, and after the adoption of the customary resolutions the house adjourned at 4:10 P. M.

Number of bills introduced to-day, 385; total since the session began, 3,540.

CAPITAL NOTES.

LINCOLN TO RETIRE. WASHINGTON, January 23.—There is a well-founded rumor that Secretary Lincoln is to retire from the cabinet early in the spring, upon his own request.

MISCELLANEOUS.

The secretary of the treasury has issued an order that orders and drafts upon the pay of employes, presented by others will not in future be recognized by the disbursing officers.

The comptroller of the currency has authorized the following national banks to commence business: Hudson National bank, capital \$100,000; Merchants National bank, Dunkirk, New York, capital \$100,000; Springfield (Ohio) National bank, capital \$100,000.

DENTON, Texas, January 23.—There is increasing excitement in the Choctaw nation over the efforts now being made at Washington to amend the bill passed by Choctaw council granting the right of way through Indian territory to the St. Louis & San Francisco road.

The protesting Choctaws are aided by the Cherokee. It is claimed the slight majority by which the grant passed through the Choctaw council was gained by fraud, bribery and other corrupt practices.

WASHINGTON, January 23.—The senate committee on railways this morning heard statements by certain Choctaw Indians in opposition to the alleged grant of the right of way to the St. Louis & San Francisco railroad through their lands.

NEW YORK, January 23.—The tariff schedule on west bound freight arranged by the trunk roads goes into effect as follows: Chicago—First class, 45c.; second class, 32c.; third class, 26c.; fourth class, 19c. Cincinnati—First class, 41c.; second class, 29c.; third class, 24c.; fourth class, 18c. Indianapolis—First class, 43c.; second class, 30c.; third class, 25c.; fourth class, 18c. St. Louis—First class, 53c.; second class, 43c.; third class, 45c.; fourth class, 28c.

There were several removals in the post-office department to-day, making a total of thirteen clerks on permanent rolls and six on the temporary roll that have been discharged.

The work of this division is constantly increasing, and Mr. Hatton recommended the removals that fresh and younger men, more competent to perform the work, might be put in.

Pueblo Indians, nine in number, were in the city, and had a conference with Indian Commissioner Price to-day. In the afternoon they left

for Hampton, to visit their children at school at that place.

The famous McGarraghan claim, which is again before congress, will be considered by the house public lands committee. The bill is unlike the former, in that it does not propose to disturb the present occupants but in lieu of such claims it proposes he shall receive for each acre so taken an acre in scrip, and also an acre in scrip for each \$1.25 which has been derived from the lands in the nature of rents and of profits.

The scrip is to be the same in character as the Valentine scrip, which can be located by holders on only unsold land of the United States, surveyed or unsurveyed.

The amount involved in the bill, it is said, will go high in the millions. Judge Folger said to-day to a question as to his nomination to the supreme bench that the matter had not been talked, even hinted, to him by the president since he became secretary of the treasury.

An Eccentric Horse Thief. Special Dispatch to THE BEE.

LINCOLN, January 23.—An eccentric horse thief was brought into the county court this morning. He gave the name of John Murphy, and pleaded guilty to a charge of having stolen a horse and buggy on Saturday last.

He intimated he would steal another if he had a chance. He evidently was in search of a boarding house.

The High Waters. NASHVILLE, January 23.—The river commenced falling last night, and to-day at noon it had gone down 15 inches. At midnight last night the gauge read 55 feet and 3 inches, thus throwing it about 6 inches above the 1847 rise.

Lumberton, of this city, will be the heaviest loser. Prewitt, Spurr & Co.'s losses are quoted at \$75,000. The damage done to the lumber in interest will be over \$450,000.

B. G. Wood, boiler maker, loses \$4,000 worth of tool and machinery. The city's damage by the washing out of sewers is \$20,000.

The losses to private parties will raise the total damage to about \$400,000.

The Tennessee river is rising fast. No through trains will run over the Nashville, Chattanooga & St. Louis railway until Friday. Great quantities of lumber escaped yesterday from the river and city.

The funds for the sufferers by the high water has reached somewhat over \$8,000.

CHATTANOOGA, January 23.—The Tennessee river is falling rapidly and business and commerce will be resumed in a few days.

Mexican Matters. NATIONAL ASSOCIATED PRESS.

CITY OF MEXICO, January 23.—President Gonzalez is seriously ill. He is suffering from a re-opening of an old wound on the arm. He was so low on Saturday that a surgical operation was resorted to for relief.

The surgeons today announce that the operation has produced favorable results. No business is being done at the palace.

Saltillo attacked a diligence, robbed it and killed four passengers. Federal soldiers have been ordered in pursuit.

A Railroad Contracting Firm Gone Up. NATIONAL ASSOCIATED PRESS.

ST. PAUL, Minn., January 23.—Smith & Campbell, a railroad contracting firm of Duluth, have failed. They had the contract of supplying provisions, clothing and tools to the Anglo-American Construction company, a purely mythical concern, who were building the Chicago, Portage & Lake Superior railroad. When the road was sold a few days ago it wiped out the construction company and left nothing for Smith & Campbell. They are about \$40,000 out.

New York Legislature. NATIONAL ASSOCIATED PRESS.

ALBANY, January 23.—It is said by democratic members that an organization will be effected by Thursday with the present caucus nominees in both houses. Organization will be made through the absence of republicans, so that anti-Tammany men have a majority sufficient to elect. The consideration with the republicans is said to be placed on important committees. They think to embitter the democratic factions and elect a governor next fall.

Search for the Searchers. NATIONAL ASSOCIATED PRESS.

WASHINGTON, January 23.—The navy department has been notified that Capt. Owens of the steam whaler North Star will proceed in a few days to Honolulu and join his vessel and thence the Rodgers. He can get out of winter quarters and communicate with Lieut. Berry of the expedition searching for the Jeannette as soon as possible.

Arrival of an Overdue Boat. NATIONAL ASSOCIATED PRESS.

NORFOLK, Va., January 23.—The steam barge Palermo of this city overdue and recently rumored lost in Alabama sound with all on board, arrived here this morning with all on board well. The breaking of her rudder caused the delay.

The Trial of One of the Triple Murderers. NATIONAL ASSOCIATED PRESS.

CATLETTSBURG, Ky., January 23.—The jury in the case of Wm. Neal, one of the Ashland murderers, were instructed this morning. Counsel for prosecution have addressed the jury, and counsel for the defense began speaking at noon.

Clarkson N. Potter Dead. NATIONAL ASSOCIATED PRESS.

NEW YORK, January 23.—Clarkson N. Potter died at 9 a. m. at his residence, 16 Gramercy place, having been unconscious since Friday, from Bright's disease and apoplexy, aged 56 years. He leaves three daughters and two sons.

THE LAST WEEK.

Porter Begins the Closing of the Argument.

Being Continually Interrupted by Scoville and Guiteau Until Stopped.

Not Feeling Particularly Well, Porter Did Not Have Much to Say Yesterday.

But About Every Shot He Made at the Assassin Went to the Mark.

Only a Very Short Session of the Court Held.

NATIONAL ASSOCIATED PRESS.

WASHINGTON, January 23.—Guiteau was clean shaven and wore new linen. As soon as he took his seat he said: "Yesterday I received several hundred letters, a great many from ladies and some of them very tender, and I desire to express my thanks for those tender sentiments and expressions I have received from American ladies. One letter suggests that I should have a cabinet position, but I wish to say that I don't expect a cabinet or any other position. It would not be proper and I do not wish it. I want to say to Judge Porter that if he attempts to mislead the jury on the law or the evidence, my counsel and myself will promptly stop him. Porter came on this case at the instance of President Arthur under a misapprehension. Porter does not represent the American people or the government in this case. He represents himself."

Porter then began to address the jury. He appeared ill, and began with apparent effort. Scoville's speech was full of deliberate misstatements and perversion of testimony. Guiteau's argument was the least objectionable of any made by the defense. Guiteau should not now leave the dock until sentence of death is pronounced. He has been selfish from youth. His brutal instincts are equalled only by his love of notoriety. He has been a beggar, hypocrite, canter, swindler, and a scoundrel.

During the long arraignment Guiteau pretended to be reading, but often turned uneasily and attempted to offset what Porter said by sneeringly saying: "Ah! That was pretty. Do it over," etc.

Porter: "He agonized in prayer until he nerved himself up to the murder."

Guiteau: "If you prayed more you would be a better man. You drink too much fine wine now. You wouldn't be here but for the blood money."

Porter referred to the fact that Guiteau postponed the assassination when he saw Mrs. Garfield on the president's arm. That was evidence of reason and conscience.

Scoville interrupted, charging misquotation. Davidge denounced the interruption as the beginning of a system of studied offsets to the prosecution's closing argument.

The court sustained Davidge and ordered a cessation on the part of the defense of this running argument.

Porter, alluding to the prisoner's expectation of reward from the stalwarts, Guiteau said that he was the only man among the stalwarts remaining unacquainted by Arthur and that Porter was after a ten thousand dollar fee.

Porter said: "He wouldn't be acquitted until hanged."

"Oh, your getting as bad as Corkhill, and your record now smells as bad," said Guiteau.

When Porter said Guiteau was the only man bad enough to shoot Garfield, the prisoner said there were many who wanted it done, but he was the only one who had nerve enough to do it.

Porter said that no fees were commensurate with the zeal and ability shown by Corkhill, and Guiteau said Corkhill got \$7,000 a year, out of which he could pay his board bills, if he didn't spend so much money for wine and fancy women.

Porter contended the expert testimony all showed Guiteau was sane on July 24.

The court at 1:10 o'clock adjourned until to-morrow, when Porter will resume his speech.

Porter said it would be absurd to render a verdict of acquittal after Guiteau himself had sworn he was guilty and that he had not seen a newspaper that justified the act, and but one or two that doubted the prisoner's sanity.

A row ensued as to Porter's right to make the last remark. He contending he did it for the purpose of contradicting Guiteau's daily assertions to the jury that the American people were on his side and public sentiment was turning in his favor.

The court upheld Porter's stand and at 1:10 P. M., Porter being ill, court adjourned until to-morrow morning.

The Spuyten Duyvil Investigation. NATIONAL ASSOCIATED PRESS.

NEW YORK, January 23.—Inquiry into the causes that led to the recent disaster at Spuyten Duyvil was resumed this afternoon. General Superintendent Taucay, of the New York Central railroad, testified that if Brakenham Melius had gone back to the cut the accident would have been averted. It was the imperative duty of the conductor to look out for the rear of his train and see that Melius went back.

E. B. Valentine, of Bennington, Vt., whose son and daughter-in-law were killed in the disaster, gave very damaging testimony to Melius. He said that when he saw the headlight of the coming locomotive the man with the lanterns was about six to ten

feet in the rear, standing still. Failing to stop the coming train, when the whistle blew, he ran toward the train. He was about forty feet when the train reached him. From the time Valentine first saw the engine and the crash he thought was less than ten seconds.

Failed. NATIONAL ASSOCIATED PRESS.

NEW YORK, January 23.—Dispatches from Boston received to-day by Braadstreet's announce the failure of Charles Dana & Co., wholesale dealers, with liabilities at \$100,000.

Boston, January 23.—The store of Chas. Dana, wholesale dealer in beef, who failed to-day, remained unopened and he could not be found. It is reported he owed Albert N. Monroe, of Brighton, \$100,000 for beef and he has also become indebted to his uncle, James Dana, director of the National bank of Brighton, to so large an amount as to cause his serious embarrassment.

The Cold Wave. NATIONAL ASSOCIATED PRESS.

BOSTON, January 23.—To-day has been the coldest day in several winters. In several parts of New England the thermometer was from 15 to 20 degrees below. At 7 P. M. it was 15 below.

MONTRÉAL, January 23.—The cold wave of the season is prevailing throughout the Dominion, the thermometer ranging from 40 below zero at Montreal to 29 degrees at Ontario. A heavy snow which has blocked up the roads, is causing considerable trouble in running trains.

NEW YORK, January 23.—The weather to-day has been cold, with a very high wind which continues through the night. The thermometer at 3 A. M. registered 10, midnight 3 above; average for the day 91.

Refused a New Trial. NATIONAL ASSOCIATED PRESS.

PHILADELPHIA, January 23.—The government was refused a new trial in the United States district court to-day in the civil case against the Mormons in Utah as it is by Protestants and Catholics elsewhere in the states. He thought there should be laws enacted that would completely and utterly extirpate this American uncivilized and barbarous system of debauchery. The war was by no means against Mormonism, but it was high time for the American people to draw a line between religion and sensuality.

He warned congress against all compromising for, he said, polygamy is either right or it is wrong and will admit of no compromise. If it is wrong the law which is now against murder and polygamy should and must be enforced alike, and it is the privilege of the people to demand it.

Judge Moore, chairman of the committee on resolutions, submitted a lengthy preamble and resolutions deploring the existence of polygamy and urging the national government to take measures for its suppression, which was received with applause.

Ex-Mayor Jno. Wentworth was the next speaker. He was followed by Rev. Herriek Johnson, Ex-Lieut. Gov. Bross and others, who all spoke in the same strain.

WASHINGTON, January 23. In response to a telegram, Governor Campbell sent to the anti-polygamy meeting at Chicago a dispatch expressing his gratification at the movement in the west and commending the bill now before congress of a legislative council in place of the present polygamous legislature.

Foreign News. NATIONAL ASSOCIATED PRESS.

RAIGUSA, January 23.—Herzegovina has risen, the forces of the insurgents being in the district was the scene of the first uprising against the Turks in 1875. The insurgent's corps are forming in the mountains near Nevasinjan, Gotaka, Gubine, Eochia, Bilek and Trebinje. The warlike clan of the Zabei on the borders of Krivocia have burned their homesteads and joined the insurgents under the well known guerilla chief Vukalovich, and the villagers on the Herzegovinian frontier are following their example. The rising seems to have been simultaneously planned and is not without organization.

THIBES, January 23.—Two thousand additional troops were shipped yesterday. Ragusa forms the basis of the Austrian operations against the insurgents. The plan of campaign seems to be, by driving a military wedge forward to the Montenegrin frontier near Bilek, to protect Krivocia from the Herzegovinian bands.

VIENNA, January 23.—The disturbance has commenced to spread in Bosnia. At Serey people are afraid to go into the streets unattended. It is reported that the Montenegrins are joining the insurgents in Herzegovina, and that they have compelled Prince Nikita to flee from the capital. On the receipt of the above news in this city, the government immediately issued an order calling out the first year's reserves to suppress the revolt.

The government is preparing to send an army of eighty thousand men into Herzegovina.

Bad news arrived to-day from the distressed provinces in Herzegovina that the insurgents have annihilated two battalions of Austrian troops sent against them numbering 16,000 men.

PESH, January 23.—President Tiza has issued a circular asking the papers to refrain from publishing the movement of the troops.

DUBLIN, January 23.—Clere's magazine at Limerick was broken into last night and 620 pounds of dynamite stolen from it by unknown persons. The intelligence causes consternation in Ireland. There is no clue to the robbers.

PARIS, January 23.—It is believed before the week ends there will be a complete rupture between Grey and the cabinet, dissolution of the chambers and ordering of a new general election. Gambetta adheres to his position and his supporters claim dissolution will be a victory for him on the scrutin de liste. All other

BRIGHAM'S LEGACY.

Enthusiastic Anti-Mormon Meeting in Chicago.

Schuyler Colfax Denounces the Evil in No Uncertain Way.

And Holds Both Great Parties Responsible for Its Unchecked Growth.

Congress Should Not Now Tolerate Any Measure of Compromise.

But Tear Up the Evil by the Roots and Cast It Out.

NATIONAL ASSOCIATED PRESS.

CHICAGO, January 22.—The anti-polygamy mass meeting in Farwell hall this evening filled the spacious room. Geo. S. Willett called the gathering to order and Hon. Thos. Hoynes was elected chairman. Sixty vice presidents, embracing ladies and prominent clergymen, lawyers, journalists and merchants of the city were elected. Ex-Vice President Colfax was introduced amid applause. He said the nation had borne this monster polygamy long enough. It is an American cancer which has gradually grown until it has filled Utah with its poison. For this period of a quarter of century all parties, no matter which has had ascendancy in congress were blame-worthy for allowing it to go so far and gain so strong a foothold. No other nation but ours would have submitted to this evil so long, and if the American people will now have the flagrant evil remedied they must arise and demand that the law be obeyed by the Mormons in Utah as it is by Protestants and Catholics elsewhere in the states. He thought there should be laws enacted that would completely and utterly extirpate this American uncivilized and barbarous system of debauchery. The war was by no means against Mormonism, but it was high time for the American people to draw a line between religion and sensuality.

He warned congress against all compromising for, he said, polygamy is either right or it is wrong and will admit of no compromise. If it is wrong the law which is now against murder and polygamy should and must be enforced alike, and it is the privilege of the people to demand it.

Judge Moore, chairman of the committee on resolutions, submitted a lengthy preamble and resolutions deploring the existence of polygamy and urging the national government to take measures for its suppression, which was received with applause.

Ex-Mayor Jno. Wentworth was the next speaker. He was followed by Rev. Herriek Johnson, Ex-Lieut. Gov. Bross and others, who all spoke in the same strain.

WASHINGTON, January 23. In response to a telegram, Governor Campbell sent to the anti-polygamy meeting at Chicago a dispatch expressing his gratification at the movement in the west and commending the bill now before congress of a legislative council in place of the present polygamous legislature.

Foreign News. NATIONAL ASSOCIATED PRESS.

RAIGUSA, January 23.—Herzegovina has risen, the forces of the insurgents being in the district was the scene of the first uprising against the Turks in 1875. The insurgent's corps are forming in the mountains near Nevasinjan, Gotaka, Gubine, Eochia, Bilek and Trebinje. The warlike clan of the Zabei on the borders of Krivocia have burned their homesteads and joined the insurgents under the well known guerilla chief Vukalovich, and the villagers on the Herzegovinian frontier are following their example. The rising seems to have been simultaneously planned and is not without organization.

THIBES, January 23.—Two thousand additional troops were shipped yesterday. Ragusa forms the basis of the Austrian operations against the insurgents. The plan of campaign seems to be, by driving a military wedge forward to the Montenegrin frontier near Bilek, to protect Krivocia from the Herzegovinian bands.

VIENNA, January 23.—The disturbance has commenced to spread in Bosnia. At Serey people are afraid to go into the streets unattended. It is reported that the Montenegrins are joining the insurgents in Herzegovina, and that they have compelled Prince Nikita to flee from the capital. On the receipt of the above news in this city, the government immediately issued an order calling out the first year's reserves to suppress the revolt.

The government is preparing to send an army of eighty thousand men into Herzegovina.

Bad news arrived to-day from the distressed provinces in Herzegovina that the insurgents have annihilated two battalions of Austrian troops sent against them numbering 16,000 men.

PESH, January 23.—President Tiza has issued a circular asking the papers to refrain from publishing the movement of the troops.

DUBLIN, January 23.—Clere's magazine at Limerick was broken into last night and 620 pounds of dynamite stolen from it by unknown persons. The intelligence causes consternation in Ireland. There is no clue to the robbers.

PARIS, January 23.—It is believed before the week ends there will be a complete rupture between Grey and the cabinet, dissolution of the chambers and ordering of a new general election. Gambetta adheres to his position and his supporters claim dissolution will be a victory for him on the scrutin de liste. All other

PULLMAN'S PLAN.

To Water His Stock and Renew Contracts.

By Consolidating With the Wagner Palace Car Company.

His Scheme Pretty Well Ventilated by a Director of the Latter.

The 'Frisco Right of Way Still Troubling the Bulldozed Choctaws.

General Railroad News of Note and Interest.

NATIONAL ASSOCIATED PRESS.

PITTSBURG, January 23.—J. Tillinghast, assistant president of the New York Central & Hudson River railroad, also director of the Wagner Sleeping Car company, says all rumors about the consolidation with the Pullman company are without foundation, and speaks as follows: Pullman has been talking to us for the past three years on this subject, but we have done nothing further than to give him an ear. There seems to be a great deal of method in these newspaper squibs, and one might think there was a master hand behind the scenes. It is a scheme to water their stock. The Wagner company would have everything to lose by a consolidation. The Pullman company has only one line into New York, and that is on the Pennsylvania road. Their contract on that line was made with the old Central Transportation company, which I believe is composed of high officers of the Pennsylvania railroad company. Since the contract with the Pullman company has been in effect, the Central company has been putting away one-half their train receipts of the road annually, and are now in a position to build new cars or buy the Pullman cars now on the Pennsylvania railroad. Now this contract expires in two years from this time, and Pullman's every reason for believing that he will lose the Pennsylvania road. Hence he wants to go it with us. The Pullman contracts are for three and five years. Our contract with the New York Central runs eighteen years, on the Chicago and Northwestern fifteen years, and for equally long terms on other roads, so that we are all right, and that is why Mr. Pullman wants to come in with us. Mr. Tillinghast stated that the Reading & Stenion to Pittsburgh would be pushed forward at once.

JACKSON, Miss., January 23.—The house has had under consideration all day a bill to appoint a board of commissioners of railroad traffic and to control persons having charge of railroads in the state.

RAILROAD ACCIDENT.

A Double Catastrophe on the Omaha and St. Paul Road.

The south bound train on the Omaha & St. Paul line yesterday, due in this city about 5 o'clock in the afternoon, met with a double accident on its way in.

At or near Oakland, a couple of cars loaded with coal were derailed, and on reaching a point about eight miles above this city a piece of track was struck which spread and threw several cars off. The baggage and express car was turned bottom side up and the express messenger slightly injured by being rolled about inside. The passenger coach was left hanging on the ragged edge at an angle of forty-five degrees. It contained several ladies among other passengers, who were considerably shaken up. Two cars of bags for this city were derailed. Some of the passenger's rods in this city on the verge.

M. G. A.

The services of the Young Men's Christian Association were well attended Sunday and interesting throughout. The service at the county jail was conducted by Mr. T. S. Myers, and varied with a duet and quartette by members of the association.

The song service at 3:30 in the afternoon was held by the young men's choir of fifteen voices, and was interesting. Mr. Harsh's Bible talk at 4 o'clock was on the "Misinterpretation of special passages of scripture." His auditors were appreciative, and the want of space forbids an extended notice. Standing room was in demand, and many went away for want of seats. It is to be hoped that the efforts now being put forth by the association to secure more room for their singing in the evening may also quite well attended—mainly by strangers, who had been invited in from the hotels and boarding houses. Short addresses were made by Mr. Myers and the general secretary on the text, "Seek first the kingdom of God and his righteousness." The male quartette sang two selections, "Refuge" and "Calling Now." They did a good day's work.

Father is Getting Well.

My daughter says: "How much better father is since he used Hop Bitters." He is getting well after his long suffering from a disease declared incurable, and we are so glad he used your Bitters."—A lady of Rochester, N. Y.—[Utica Herald] 19-11.

M. R. Risdon has moved his insurance office into Boyd's opera house, corner room, over drug store. Thru-out entrance. Jan 19-11.

Requited.

CINCINNATI, January 23.—Major Hicks (colored), sentenced to hang in Covington, Ky., next Friday, has been respited to February 24. Hicks is down with small-pox.

Obituary.

DETROIT, January 23.—Major Seth Otis died suddenly at home in Ann Arbor this morning of heart disease, aged 71 years.

Indications.

WASHINGTON, January 24.—For the lower Missouri valley. Partly cloudy weather in the northern portion, light snow, falling barometer, west to south winds, and slight rise in temperature.

Board of Trade Banquet.

A meeting of the directors of the board of trade was held yesterday morning, at which the matter of holding a banquet was discussed. The opening of the new elevator is deemed an opportune occasion, as many visitors are expected from other points and the general interests of the state may be freely and amicably discussed by the business men assembled. The board feels a pride in the completion of an elevator that does honor to Nebraska,