

OUR REASONS.

We have often been asked why we commended the manufacture of Cigarettes. Because our attention had been called to the fact by numerous articles written by medical and scientific men that opium and other drugs were being largely used in Cigarettes, and that the paper used for wrapping was made from the filthy scrapings of ragpickers, bleached with lime and other substances, which seriously affected the membranes of the throat and nose, and were the prime cause of the throat and nasal troubles which followed cigarette smoking and they prospected incalculable damage to health unless these troubles could be overcome.

Feeling that the time was ripe for, and that the trade would appreciate, a perfectly pure cigarette, and knowing the advantages we enjoyed of securing the very finest pickings of the crops (our factory being located in Durham and the Dukes having been planters, handlers and manufacturers of tobacco all their lives, and one of them being on the market every day), we concluded to add this new department to our already extensive smoking tobacco trade, and make only a pure Cigarette, free of all drugs, wrapped with the finest imported French rice paper, upon the merit of which we would stake our reputation.

Such an article is the DUKE OF DURHAM Cigarette, and we intend to keep it so. Rice paper is considered less injurious than anything that can be used for wrapping Cigarettes; but as it is very expensive all do not use it who claim to.

The following is an exact copy of a letter, now in our possession, from one of the largest importers of rice paper in the United States, through whom we import the rice paper for the Duke of Durham Cigarettes. MAY BROTHERS, 105 SECOND AVENUE, Importers of French Cigarette Paper, and Sole Agents in the United States for the Celebrated French Gambier Clay Pipes.

NEW YORK, Sept. 3, 1881. Messrs. W. Duke, Sons & Co., Durham, N. C.

GENTLEMEN:—In reply to your favor 26th ult., we have to state that the paper we furnish you, "RIS SUPERFINE" (Superfine Rice), is the purest rice paper which can be made, and we have it NOWHERE and for NO MONEY, you could have it as good. Our paper has been recognized to be the best of all, and contains nothing which would injure the health.

Yours respectfully, MAY BROTHERS.

These DUKE OF DURHAM Cigarettes are for sale by all leading tobaccoists and grocers in the city.

Charley Foster in New York. New York, December 19.—Senator Foster, of Ohio, among the political wisacres claim is on the Blaine ticket for the campaign of 1884, held an impromptu levee in the corridor of the Fifth avenue hotel this morning. "Are the knowing ones right this time in regard to your reported alliance with Mr. Blaine, Governor? Inquired a Graphic reporter.

"There is not a word of truth in it," replied Mr. Foster. "As far as Mr. Blaine is concerned, I believe he is not a presidential candidate, at least I judge so from the fact that when I last saw him in Cleveland, he was discharged cured or in other words was satisfied with his past experience."

"It is said you were highly pleased over your recently friendly reception by President Arthur, and that you believe his administration will redound to the good of the country and to the republican party?"

"Yes," replied the governor, "I was much gratified over my interview with the president and regard him as an able and an honest man, and furthermore I believe that his administration will not be characterized by any act that will antagonize the republican party."

One of the Guitreau Family. National Associated Press.

BROOKLYN, N. Y., December 19.—A motion to have the name of John A. Guitreau, a cousin of the assassin, stricken out as attorney for Thomas Fall in a suit brought by him for \$3,000 against the company, was made this morning in the Kings county supreme court by Counselor David T. Lynch, who asked his name be substituted. Lynch states that notwithstanding Guitreau was ignored by the directors he intruded himself into the case and subsequently, Lynch alleges, appeared in opposition and was summarily judgment. Justice Gilbert reserved decision.

Land League Matters. National Associated Press.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., December 19.—Bishop McGuire in his sermon in the Cathedral yesterday morning, took strong grounds against the radical action of the land league, and especially its American allies.

PHILADELPHIA, December 19.—Father Sheehy addressed twenty large meetings of Irish land leaguers yesterday. A ladies land league was organized by Miss Davitt, sister of Michael Davitt, the imprisoned leader.

Poisoned Her Baby. National Associated Press.

DETROIT, December 19.—Mrs. Emie Cheiron poisoned her year-old baby by mistake at Iona last night. She gave it a large dose of poison, supposing it to be a harmless cordial.

At the Cotton Exposition. National Associated Press.

ATLANTA, Ga., December 19.—The members of the Kentucky legislature and the Kentucky press association are here to-day.

DROPS OF GALL.

For the Short-Haired Women of the Nation.

Senator Beck Thinks it Will be Awful if Women Are Allowed to Vote.

The Proceedings in the Senate and House of Representatives Yesterday.

Appointments Sent in by the President and Confirmations by the Senate.

Miscellaneous Notes From the National Capital.

CONGRESS.

PROCEEDING IN THE SENATE.

WASHINGTON, December 19.—The chair presented a number of communications from the secretary of war, transmitting the reports of surveys under the river and harbor act, and numerous petitions were presented, mainly for legislation concerning railroad transportation, and to repeal the tax on bank circulation and bank deposits.

At 12:20 p. m., Mr. Edmunds said a brief executive session was desirable, and the senate went into executive session, to confirm Mr. Brewster as attorney general, a favorable report having been agreed upon by the judiciary committee this morning.

After the confirmation of Brewster, the house resolution for a holiday recess from December 21st to January 5th, was considered and referred to the appropriate committee.

A number of bills were introduced, among them one by Mr. Sherman to facilitate the collection of controversies in the customs revenue service, which provides a special court for adjustment in such cases.

At 1:15, Mr. Hoar's resolution for a select committee on woman's suffrage came up. Mr. Beck favored its reference to the judiciary committee. He had deplored the admission to suffrage of the colored men of the south, an appalling mass of ignorance, and said the colored women of the south, who would come in under the proposed amendment, were even more ignorant than the colored men. The admission of all the ignorant women of the country would almost hopelessly crush and degrade American suffrage.

Without action the morning hour expired and the matter went over.

PROCEEDING IN THE HOUSE.

Mr. McKinley, (Ohio), moved to consider the senate bill granting the franking privilege to Mrs. Garfield. Agreed to and bill passed.

On call of states a number of bills were introduced, among them one by Mr. Ennis (S. C.), to return to the producers the cotton tax collected by the government during the years 1866, 1867 and 1868.

By Mr. Tillman (S. C.), to authorize national banks to make loans on mortgages or real estate.

By Mr. McMillan (Tenn.), to levy and collect an income tax.

By Mr. Ryan (Tex.), to allow the purchase and register of foreign built ships by United States citizens.

By Mr. Jorgensen (Va.), to regulate customs duties on sheep and goat skins and sumac.

By Mr. Wise (Va.), to abolish the export tax on tobacco.

By Mr. Wilson (Va.), a bill in relation to the Chinese indemnity fund; also, providing for a treaty with Mexico.

By Mr. Hazleton (Wis.), providing for the reclamation of the marsh in the city of Washington.

By Mr. Pettigrew (Dak.), a bill establishing the territory of North Dakota; also a bill for the admission of Dakota into the Union.

By Mr. Luna (N. M.), a bill providing for a constitution and state government for New Mexico, and for its admission into the Union.

By Mr. Brents (Washington territory), for the appointment of a commission to select a site for a navy yard in the northwestern section of Washington territory.

The call of states for bills was concluded at 3:15, 423 bills being introduced, making 2,003 during the session.

On motion of Mr. Haskell, (Kan.) the Utah delegatship case was postponed until January 10th.

On motion of Mr. Haskell, the rules of the Forty-sixth congress were adopted for the use of the present house, subject to alteration by the committee on rules.

Mr. Hawk (Illa.), presented a bill for the protection of the person of the president of the United States.

By Mr. Updegraff (Iowa), fixing the time for counting the presidential vote and providing remedies in case of contest.

By Mr. Robinson (N. Y.), providing for final adjournment of congress on May 1st, 1882.

By Mr. Berry (Cal.), to restrict Chinese immigration.

By Mr. Robeson (N. J.), a resolution appointing a special committee on public health.

By Mr. Kelley (Penna.), a resolution appointing a joint select committee on additional accommodations for the Congressional library; also by Mr. Kasson (Iowa), a resolution appointing a select committee on the Inter-Oceanic ship canal; referred to committee on rules, after a long exciting discussion led by Messrs. Kasson and Randall, the democrats resisting Kasson's resolution. The bout finally ended in a call for the yeas and nays, which resulted in no quorum voting, and Mr. Kasson withdrew the motion and the House at

\$ 55 adjourned until Wednesday.

PRESIDENTIAL PROTECTION.

National Associated Press.

TEXT OF HAWK'S BILL.

WASHINGTON, December 19.—The following is the extent of the bill for the protection of the person of the president of the United States, presented in the house to-day by Mr. Hawk, of Illinois:

Be it enacted, etc., That any attack with a deadly weapon upon the person of the president of the United States and the infliction of a wound upon his body shall be held and deemed to be an act of treason against the United States, and upon trial and conviction of the person so offending the crime shall be punishable by death.

Section 2. That any attack upon the person of the president of the United States with intent to do bodily injury, shall be held to be and deemed a misdemeanor, and the party offending shall upon trial and conviction be fined not less than (blank), nor more than (blank), and be imprisoned for a period of not less than (blank), nor more than (blank).

Section 3. If the party making an assault upon the person of the president of the United States shall on trial be found not responsible for his act by reason of his mental condition or other causes, he shall not be liable to the penalties enumerated in sections 1 and 2 of this act, but such person so offending shall be imprisoned during his natural life or until such time as his complete restoration to a condition of accountability.

CAPITAL NOTES.

National Associated Press.

THE TREASURY INVESTIGATION.

WASHINGTON, December 19.—The treasury investigation committee held a long session this morning. It is stated that Pitney, the discharged custodian, is telling a full and straight story of the treasury contingent fund expenditures and that Mr. Sherman is more unwilling than ever to have the proceedings of the committee made public.

PARDONED.

The president to-day signed the pardon of N. P. Freeman, charged with embezzlement of a money order.

SECOND-CLASS MATTER DECISION.

The postoffice department has decided that self-advertising life insurance companies shall not hereafter be classified with legitimate newspapers as second-class matter.

JOHNSTON DENIES IT.

Senator Johnston requests the statement to be made that the report that he has ever had communication or correspondence with General Mahone on the subject of an executive clerkship or the removal of Colonel Peyton, is utterly without any foundation.

IN THE SUPREME COURT.

A decision was rendered to-day in the case of William H. Wood vs. the Burlington & Missouri river railroad company, district of Nebraska, circuit court; decision affirmed, with costs; Justice Field dissenting.

COMMISSION SIGNED.

The commission of J. C. Bancroft Davis as assistant secretary of state was signed by the president this afternoon.

MANY DEMOCRATIC MEMBERS.

are leaving for home to-day. Most of the republicans are remaining, as they are anxious about the committee chairmanships.

HUNT WILL DECLINE THE SEAT.

It is said that Secretary Hunt would refuse to return to his seat on the bench of the court of claims if the position is tendered him.

APPOINTMENTS.

The president sent to the senate the name of Horace Gray, of Massachusetts, to be associate judge of the supreme court of the United States; Henry Tresscott, of South Carolina, to be special envoy extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary to the republics of Chili, Peru and Bolivia.

CONFIRMATIONS.

WASHINGTON, December 19.—The senate at 12:35 confirmed the nomination of Benjamin H. Brewster, to be attorney general of the United States. Also that of Bancroft Davis to be assistant secretary of the treasury.

Marine Intelligence.

National Associated Press.

NEW YORK, December 19.—Arrived—The City of Para from Aspinwall, the Egyptian Monarch from London, the Pallux from Amsterdam, the City of Berlin from Liverpool.

PHILADELPHIA, December 19.—Arrived—The Indiana from Liverpool.

HAMBURG, December 19.—Arrived—The American from New York.

LIVERPOOL, December 19.—Arrived—The Celtic from New York.

HAVRE, December 19.—Sailed—On the 18th, the Canada for New York.

Arrived—The St. Germania from New York.

ROTTERDAM, December 19.—Sailed—On the 17th, the Nederland for Baltimore.

GLASGOW, December 19.—Arrived—The Davonia from New York.

QUEENSTOWN, December 19.—Sailed—The Galla and the Wyoming from New York.

Casualties.

National Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, December 19.—The signal corps station at Key West, Fla., reports to the chief signal officer as follows: "The British steamer Hector, with a cargo of cotton and grain, bound from New Orleans to Liverpool, is ashore in Marquis Keys. The wreckers are assisting her."

Coal Gone Down.

National Associated Press.

CINCINNATI, December 19.—The price of coal was put down one cent per bushel on all grades. This will make the best Pittsburgh coal worth sixteen cents per bushel delivered.

This slight reduction in price is due to the high water, which is bringing a large coal fleet down the river.

WHAT POVERTY DID.

Sad Fate of a Youthful Bohemian Couple in New York.

Not Able to Work, No Friends, the Husband Finds Life a Burden.

And Batters Out His Wife's Brains With a Mallet and Then Hangs Himself.

Arrest of Four Men Supposed to be Missouri Pacific Train Robbers.

Miscellaneous Criminal News of the Day.

MURDER AND SUICIDE.

National Associated Press.

NOTHING TO EAT AND NO PROSPECTS.

NEW YORK, December 19.—One of the most horrible crimes of butchery and bloodshed on record took place this morning in Forty-eighth street.

A Bohemian carpenter battered his wife's brains out with a large carpenter's mallet and then cut his own throat with a razor, slashed his face and body, and afterward hung himself.

About 10 o'clock this morning a young German woman, accompanied by another woman, entered the police station and asked that the sick wagon be sent to 330 East Forty-eighth street to take her husband to the hospital. "We have no food nor money, or means of any kind to procure a doctor, and we are starving for want of something to eat," she said.

She further stated that her husband, Wenzel Felix, a carpenter, two months ago, while at work on a new building, had fallen to the street and was severely injured. He was removed to a hospital where he remained a couple of days till enabled to return home.

Since then he had been ill and unable to work and they had no means of support.

Half an hour later a wagon was sent and the driver knocked at the door. There was no response. He knocked louder and louder, but received no answer. He accosted a policeman and the latter placed his shoulder to the door and forced it open.

Such a sight at that which presented itself neither had ever seen nor dreamed of. Lying across the miserable apartment was the form of the woman covered with blood, her head one mass of clotted gore. Beside her lay a large, heavy wooden mallet, weighing probably 15 pounds, covered with blood. The husband, a youthful looking man, with a pale and ghastly face, was dangling from a clothes-line, with his feet just touching the floor. His throat was cut from ear to ear, and blood covered the clothing and dripped to the floor.

Here a pool of blood had formed that reached another near his wife, and together they joined into a stream that spread over the apartment. Close to the hanging man, on a small table, lay a razor, bloody and several times used in cutting the throat of the man. Everything in the apartment was strewn about, showing a desperate struggle had taken place, and that the woman had not died until many blows had been struck. There were no witnesses to the terrible deed. The bodies were almost cold when the policeman felt to ascertain if a spark of life remained. The husband was cut down and laid beside his victim.

The building is occupied by several families, the ground floor being used as a grocery. The apartment is scarcely 8x7, with low ceilings and bad ventilation. The furniture consisted of a broken, dilapidated bedstead and ragged bed clothes, a couple of broken chairs, a few ornaments, a trunk and several pieces of crockery. A loaf of bread half-eaten completed the contents of the room. Everything betokened the most abject poverty.

Just prior to the removal of the corpse to the morgue a hooded woman with a shawl almost concealing her features, passed up to the door of the room where the dead lay. It was the murderer's sister. The sister stated that the dead couple had been in this country but six months, being natives of Taus, in Bohemia. They were married nine months. They came here with another brother and sister. They did not live happily together after their arrival in this country, and for sometime lately they quarreled and fought regularly. Poverty seemed to have been the cause of their troubles, and frequently there was not a morsel of food in the house.

CRIME.

National Associated Press.

TRAIN ROBBERIES.

KANSAS CITY, December 19.—Four men, Charles Coregan, Charles McLaughlin, J. C., alias George Lee and William Burnside, have been arrested on the charge of attempting to rob the Missouri Pacific train on the night of the 24th of November. The officers say little, but it is thought on the night mentioned that this train was stopped this side of Independence, but the engineer seeing what was wanted started his train. He was fired at three times.

MISCELLANEOUS CRIME.

CINCINNATI, December 19.—H. H. Burns, a lumber dealer, was shot and killed by his brother-in-law named Kerrins, in Covington, Ky., opposite this city. Burns' wife had sued for a divorce, and Burns made some statements about which Kerrins took exceptions to, and when he met Burns on the street fired five shots at him, killing him instantly. Kerrins is arrested.

NEW YORK, December 19.—Thomas J. Norton, the policeman who was shot last night by Officer Bernard

Fitzpatrick in a quarrel, died this morning.

Wm. Cindram was this morning sentenced to be hanged February 10th, for the murder of Catherine Creech, his landlady.

CINCINNATI, December 19.—A difficulty occurred last night in Kollman's saloon, Avondale, between Frank Brigel and Val Eberhart. The latter was stabbed and died this morning. Brigel was arrested.

BROWNSVILLE, Tex., December 19.—Charles Lee Barrow was shot through the heart by unknown parties near Laredo.

Nichols Paez, recently captured near Cuernavaca, was hung to a grapevine.

In a gambling difficulty at Matamorra, between Severiana Arredondo and Felipe Gonzalez, the latter killed the former. The father of the former killed Gonzalez.

A Mexican was found murdered on the road near Rio Grande city. This is the seventh murder in this locality in six weeks.

Joseph B. Lindsay, of Indian territory, was found murdered and robbed twenty miles from here.

Marcus Bravo, owner of a wagon train, was murdered in a field where he was taking care of his mules.

CINCINNATI, December 19.—Major Hicks, convicted of murder, was sentenced to be hanged at Covington, Ky., January 27th, 1882.

Guitreau's Trial Adjourned.

WASHINGTON, D. C., December 19.—The trial was adjourned till Wednesday because of the death yesterday of the wife of Juror Hobbs. Court opened as usual, with counsel, judge and prisoner all in their places. Hobbs was crying convulsively. People were very anxious to see Guitreau with a beardless face and he turned in all directions to give them an opportunity.

The general impression is that the giving improves Guitreau's countenance, removing a certain wildness of expression and presenting him with a face like a keen alert clergyman.

Clark Mills, the celebrated sculptor, visited the jail Saturday, accompanied by his son Thomas, the young sculptor, and made a life mask or plaster matrix of the assassin from which a plaster cast will be made.

The artists were accompanied by John W. Guitreau, brother of the assassin.

The jail barber being absent, a colored prisoner was brought down and his beard was soon off. His hair being quite short it was not cut closer. A closely fitting knit skull cap of cotton moistened was put on his head, covering all of his hair and coming down across the forehead. As this dried it drew closer to the head and in a few moments fitted as tightly as the scalp itself, showing the precise shape of the skull, showing every prominence or lack. This was then covered with a coating of plaster of paris, prepared for the purpose, which in a few moments had set. Another preparation of plaster was then made use of, in taking a matrix or mold of the features. It was so tempered that it could be placed on the skin without injury to it. It had the consistency of an inch thick, leaving the nostrils open. After it had set, the whole mold was removed. The interior was found to be a perfect representation of the face and head, showing every peculiarity of the skull and features. This will be used as a mold in which to cast the head and features for a plaster bust of the subject.

The removal of Guitreau's beard makes quite a change in his personal looks, rather improving his looks. He has a firm, rather broad chin, lips rather thick and a heavy jaw bone.

Paris, December 19.—A census of France was taken yesterday. It is estimated at 38,300,000.

LONDON, December 19.—A balloon supposed to be the Saladin, which ascended from Bath on the 10th inst. with Mr. Powell, has been reported seen in Spain.

At a special meeting of the common council this afternoon, to take action in the matter of voting a grant of £1,000 for the National Property Defense association fund, as proposed by the lord mayor, a majority of the council refused to make the grant.

Boyd's Newcastle committee have resolved to row on Hanlan's conditions for the Sportman cup and for £100, with an allowance of £50 for expenses.

A dispatch from Cairo says a disturbance has occurred among the militaries at Suess. The governor was imprisoned and his residence blockaded, when order was restored.

The Countess of Balcarras refuses to offer any ransom for the earl's body, on the ground that it would encourage crime.

The Standard this morning in a leading article on Mr. Blaine's dispatches, says: "Mr. Blaine's dispatch on the Clayton-Bulwer treaty is a stain on an honorable ambition, which has repeatedly induced congress to uphold the principles of international law. Hitherto America has never yet been faithless in what she promised, and it is humiliating to such a nation to see its government adopting such an argument. Mr. Blaine's union to the rightful claim of the United States to priority on the American continent cannot be regarded as a serious proposition. Every commercial nation, Great Britain more than all together, has rights and interests in the Panama canal movement when it is open for traffic."

The Telegraph calls the dispatch "a spread eagle production," and says Earl Granville will never be excused if he admitted Mr. Blaine's claims.

The Post says in Mr. Blaine's phrases a clumsy disguise and a desire to convert the canal into an American water-way, and says a conservative government would never lend itself to the abrogation of the treaty, and the dispatch presumes on the liberals being in office.

BERLIN, December 19.—Prince Bismarck is confined to his chamber with a severe cold and irritation of the throat.

VIENNA, December 19.—All the theaters have had but very meagre audiences since the Ring disaster. An order has been issued forbidding two

KICKING ENGLISHMEN.

Blaine's Dispatch to Lowell a Hard Pill to Swallow.

And the Newspapers Vent Their Feelings of Spite on the Secretary Personally.

The London Common Council Refuse Aid to the Landlords' Defense Association.

The Arrest of Patriotic Irishmen by English Officials Being Kept Up.

Miscellaneous News That Came Over the Cable.

Foreign News.

National Associated Press.

ST. PETERSBURG, December 19.—The police made a descent on a house in the Makovskaya street, behind General Ignatieff's office and residence, and arrested eight persons, who offered vigorous resistance. The police seized a large quantity of small bombs, some of which were carefully concealed in oranges. Among the papers seized was a letter recently received from London, blaming the nihilists for their insanity. The letter is attributed to Prince Krapotkin. This affair seems to have relation to that which provoked the arrests of several others a few days ago. These persons had ordered two officer's uniforms, with crosses of the Order of St. George. The crosses would have given them access to the palace of Gatchina on the 9th inst. the fete day of the saint.

DUBLIN, December 19.—At Castle-chapel yesterday, when the partitioners assembled for Sunday service, a large placard was found posted on the door advising tenants to pay no rent on pain of severe penalties. It was signed "By Order of the New York Irish World."

The seizure of a large quantity of arms and ammunition in Whelan's rag shops, in Brabson street, early yesterday morning, has caused an unusual stir, all the more so because it now appears that the vigilance of the police had nothing whatever to do with the discovery.

They would have remained in entire ignorance of this army filled with rifles, cartridges, hand grenades, dynamite, etc., had not a violent family quarrel led to the giving of information on the strength of which the police raid was made.

The removal of prisoners in the Grange female prison has been ordered. It is supposed to be done to make room for members of the land league whom the government have decided to arrest.

Four prisoners, James Ryan and Patrick, Daniel and Thomas Whelan, who were arrested yesterday on the charge of conspiracy, and also with having in their possession a quantity of arms, cartridges and dynamite. They were brought before the court to-day and remanded to jail. There was an immense crowd around the court.

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