THE OMAHA DAILY BEE.

ELEVENTH YEAR. OMAHA, SATURDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 12, 1881. NO. 122

124 Houses AND LOTS

For Sale By

BEMIS,

FIFTEENTH AND DOUGLAS STS.,

No. 1, New house, 7 rooms, on Cuming street near Saunders, $1200.
No. 2, 2 story house, 9 rooms, well, cistern and barn, Webster, near 15th street, $2500.
No. 3, House of 10 rooms, on Harney, near h street, stone foundation, $4000.
No. 4, Large house of 11 rooms, on Webster street, near Creighton College, $3500.
No. 6, House of 7 rooms, on Cass, near 17th street, $3000.
No. 7, House of 8 rooms, 3 lots, on 17th street near Izard, $3 00.
No. 8, House of 5 rooms, on Cass, near 14th, 22x132 fee lot, $1300.
No. 9, House of 3 rooms, kitchen, etc., on Cass, near 13th street, $800.
No. 10, House of 3 rooms with lot 22x152 feet, on Cass, near 14th street, $900.
No. 11, House of 6 rooms, on 16th street, near Douglas, 44x66 feet lot, $4000.
No. 12, House of 6 rooms, brick foundation, on Harney, near 27th street, $1000.
No 13, 1 story new house of 6 rooms, brick foundation, off St. Mary's avenue, near convent, $1500.
No. 14, House of 5 rooms and summer kitchen on 20th street, near clark, $2500.
No. 15, House of 8 rooms, on Sherman avenue (16th street), near Nicholas, $2250.
No. 16, 1½-story house of 4 rooms, cellar, stable, etc., on Davenport, near 22d street, $1500.
No. 17, 2-story brick house of 6 rooms, near end of red street car turn table, $3250.
No. 18, House and 2 lots, 4 blocks west of High School, $2500.
No. 19, House and 3 lots on road to park, near head St. Mary's avenue, $3500.
No. 20, House and 11½ lots near Hascall's, South Omaha, $2500.
No. 21, House and lot on Davenport street, near 16th street, $5500.
No. 22, 2-story house and lot 32x66 feet, on Davenport, near 12th street, $3500.
No. 23, House of 4 rooms and 2 lots on 17th street, near Izard, $1200.
No. 25, House and ½ lot on 10th street, near Dodge, $650.
No. 26, House and ½ lot on 10th street, near Capitol avenue, $800.
No. 27, 2 houses and lots on Jackson, near 13th street, $4300.
No. 29, 5 houses and 1 lot on California, near 8th street, $5500.
No. 30, 1½-story brick house of 4 rooms with lot 50x260 feet, on Sherman avenue (16th street), near Izard, $3000.
No. 31, 1½-story house and 33x66 feet, on 13th street, near Howard street, $2000.
No. 32, 2-story house of 6 rooms and two lots on Mason, near 15th street, $3000.
No 35, Large house and full lot on Capitol avenue, near 13th street, $2500.
No. 36, 2 three-story brick houses with lot 44x 133 feet, on Chicago, near 18th street, $5 0 each.
No. 37, House of 7 rooms with 1½ lot Paul street, near 18th street, $2750.
No. 38, House and lot on 18th street, near Sherman, $1850.
No. 39, House of 5 rooms with 44x66 feet lot, on 18th street, near California, $2500.
No. 42, House of 8 rooms with lot 150x150 feet, on Coburn, near Colfax street, $3500.
No. 43, House and 2 lots on Chicago, near 20th street, $7500.
No. 45, Large house of 7 rooms, closets pantry, well and cistern, on 19th, near Clark street, $3500.
No. 46, Large house with full block, near new shott ower, $9000.
No. 47 House of 9 rooms with ½ lot, on Pacific, near 11th street $3800.
No. 49, Brick house of 11 rooms, well, cistern, gas throughout the house, good barn, etc., on Farnham, near 17th street, $6000.
No. 50, House of 6 rooms, cellar, well, etc., on 19th, near Paul street, $3000.
No. 53, House of 6 rooms and cellar, lot 33x132, off St. Mary's avenue, near convent, $1500.
No. 55, Four houses and 88x120 feet, on Davenport, near 16th street, $5000.
No. 56, House of 9 or 10 rooms, on California, near 21st street, $5500.
No. 57, House of 6 rooms, summer kitchen, cellar, cistern, well, good barn, etc., near St. Mary's avenue and 21st street, $3000
No. 58, New house of 7 rooms, good barn, on Webster, near 22d street, $2500.
No. 59, Four houses with ½ lot, on 12th street, near Cass $2500.
No. 60, House of 3 rooms on Davenport, near 23rd street, $900.
No. 61, House of 9 or 10 rooms, on Burt street, near 22nd street, $5000.
No. 62, House of 4 rooms, 1 story, porch, cellar, cistern and well, on Harney, near 21st street, 1750.
No. 63, House of 4 rooms, closets, basement and cellar, near White Lead Works, $1600.
No. 64, Building on leased lot, on Dodge street, near post office, store below and rooms above, $800
No. 65, 3 lots with barn and other improvements, near street car turn table, $2000.
No. 67, New house of 6 rooms on 17th, near Cuming street, $1000.
No. 69, Large fine house of 12 rooms, everything complete, on 18th, near Chicago, $6000.
No. 70, House on 18th street, near Davenport, store below and 4 rooms above, barn, etc., $1500.
No 71, House of 8 rooms, fine cellar, all complete, on California, near 21st, $7000.
No. 72, Brick house, 10 or 11 rooms, on Davenport, near 18th $50 0.
No. 73, 1½-story house, 6 rooms, cellar, well and cistern, on Jackson, near 12th, $1 00.
No. 74, Brick house with 2 lots fruit trees, etc., on 16th, near Capitol avenue, $15,000.
No. 75, House of 4 rooms, basement, lot 17½x132 feet, on Marcy, near 7th, $675.
No. 76, 1½-story house, 8 rooms, on Cass street, near 16th street, $4500.
No. 77, 2-story house, 14 rooms, closets, furnace, fruit trees, barn, etc., on Farnham, near 4th street, $8000.
No. 81, 2 houses with 9 rooms, and other with rooms, on Chicago, near 12th street $3000.
No. 82, 1½-story house, 6 rooms, 4 closets, well and 100-barrel cistern good barn, on Pierce St., near 20th (near new government corrall), $1800
No. 83, 2-story house, 9 rooms, coal-shed, good well, cistern, on ½ lot, on Capitol avenue, near 12th, $2100.
No. 84, 2-story house, 8 rooms, 4 below and 4 above, 3 closets, cellar, well and cistern, with 5 feet ground, on Saunders street, near Barracks, $500.
No. 85, 2 stores, house on leased ½ lot, lease runs 2 years from April 1st, 1881, on Pacific St., near U. P. depot, $800.
No. 86, House, 15 rooms, well, cistern, etc., near 15th and Harney streets, $ 000
No. 87, 2 story house, 3 rooms, well with 40 feet of water, with 5 acres of ground, on Saunders street, near U. S. Barracks, $2000.
No. 88, Large house of 10 rooms, well, cistern, barn, etc., on Cass street, near 21st, $7000.
No 89, [illegible] house of 12 rooms, on Webster street, near 16th, $4000.

GEO. P. BEMIS'

Real Estate Exchange

15th and Douglas Street

MAHONE'S VICTORY.

The Bourbons Surprised and Alarmed at the Outlook.

Fear That Other Southern States May Become Independent

And a General Political Disintegration Follow.

Considerable Speculation as to the Organization of the Next House.

The House to be Organized by the Party With Whom the Greenbackers Vote.

Ex-Union Soldiers and Sailors Asserting Their Rights for Federal Patronage.

Rumor That Judge Folger is to be Appointed to First Supreme Court Vacancy.

How the News of Col. Smith's Murder was Received at the Capital.

Social, Matrimonial and Other Matters at the National Capital.

Correspondence of THE BEE.

WASHINGTON, November 9.—It is generally conceded by democrats in Washington this evening that the anti-Bourbons in Virginia have elected their state ticket by a decisive majority, and that there will be an anti-Bourbon majority in the legislature. Impressed with this belief, the democrats are engaged in active speculations as to what will be the political consequences of what they style "Mahone victory." Of course, their first sensation was one of incredulity, and that was followed by emotions of despair. "Virginia has gone to ——, and North Carolina, Tennessee and Arkansas will follow if we are not ——careful," exclaimed a Bourbon politician in one of the hotels this afternoon. The opinion that the result in Virginia portends a general political disintegration of the solid south, is held and freely expressed by nearly every southern politician one meets here, and occasionally one of them is heard to whisper that this is the very thing for which he has hoped and yearned. One of the most curious speculations in which some of the democrats indulge may be outlined as follows: Mahone is now the central figure in southern politics, the recognized leader in the revolt against democracy. He is in high favor with the administration and the republican party of the north. If the anti-bourbons have a majority in the legislature just elected, why may not President Arthur offer a seat in the cabinet to Mahone as a representative southern supporter of the administration, and what is to hinder Mahone from being the republican candidate for vice president in 1884. The transfer of Mahone from the senate to the cabinet would not change the political complexion of the former body, because he would be succeeded by a man who would loyally support the administration. As a member of the administration Mahone would be able to exert in a number of the other southern states the same influences which he has used to demoralize and defeat the democratic party in Virginia. The gentlemen who indulge in these and similar speculations, frankly admit that there are, in several southern states, thousands of men nominally democrats who are only kept in the party traces because they lack fearless aggressive leadership.

THE HOUSE ORGANIZATION.

Speculation on the house organization is again uppermost to-night. The defeat of Astor leaves the republicans without a majority in the house of representatives. In fact, it is a curious coincidence that the condition of the house, from a political point of view, is almost exactly that of the senate. With the votes of Judge Kelley and Mr. Smith, of Brooklyn, and of the two greenback readjusters from Virginia, Paul and Faulkerson, the republicans will just be able to tie the democrats and the greenbackers. The latter hold the balance of power, and if properly managed it is believed they can command the situation. This they are amiably disposed to do. There are said to be nine greenbackers, who can be relied upon to hang together—four from Missouri, two from Pennsylvania, two from Maine and one from Texas. In case there is a good prospect of "loaves and fishes" in the house patronage, it is possible those nine may receive accessions from the greenback-republicans. It is very likely that an attempt at combination will be made. Should Judge Kelley accept the greenback nomination he may be elected by both democratic and republican votes. Kelley now stands, as regards the organization of the house, as David Davis stood toward the organization of the senate. He wants the speakership, and, like most politicians who want anything, he wants it badly. Should the republicans nominate Judge Kelley they can elect him without trouble, and secure at the same time a good working majority in the house. Judge Kelley's candidacy means a front seat for the greenbackers and a good thing on tariff for Pennsylvania. On the other hand, the refusal of the republicans to nominate Judge Kelley might take him out of the republican ranks and make him the joint candidate of the democrats and greenbackers, which would give the combination a working majority of one or two in the house and probably preserve the house organization to the democrats. As to Judge Kelley's merits, it is considered that there is no better parliamentarian on the floor of the house. It is well known here that the greenbackers have bound themselves together to make the most of this opportunity They are a unit, and as such they command the situation. Divided they are nothing.

There is another element to the situation. An Indiana member is lying at his home bedridden and not likely to be able to be brought here even in December. His absence counts one less for the republicans. Altogether the situation has become one of deep interest here. The defeat of Astor has changed the speakership fight materially, and Judge Kelley may be regarded as the David Davis of the house.

It is rumored that Judge Folger the new secretary of the treasury accepted the position with the understanding that his name should be presented to fill the first-vacancy that occurred among the chief justices of the supreme court. A vacancy is not improbable at an early day as Chief Justice Hunt is over seventy years of age, and in very feble health. The united ages of the eight justices of the supreme court is 493 years, averaging over sixty-one years, each, Justice Harlan who is forty-eight being the youngest. There is a growing public sentiment in favor of infusing younger blood into that august body.

Appropos of Judge Folger it will be of interest to the woman suffrage advocates to know that in 1867 he was one of nine men who espoused their cause in the state of New York.

KICKING VETERANS.

The ex-union soldiers and sailors have at last organized themselves into a national league, with a determination of having their claims to federal patronage recognized. They assert that the heads of departments have never justly considered their rights as laid down in the revised statutes in their behalf. The following advertisement appears daily in the Washington papers, showing that the league means business:

WANTED—The names of two or more relatives of one family in departments, where located, and relationship; the influence of each, the state credited to, and when appointed; also names of persons furloughed over one month and the names of substitutes and who for; the names of unnaturalized foreigners and ex confederates; also the names of ex union soldiers and sailors discharged; the politics of each may be given; all reports strictly confidential. Address SOLDIERS AND SAILORS NATIONAL LEAGUE, Republican office.

CORKHILL'S SUCCESSOR.

Charles Reed, of Chicago, will be appointed attorney for the District of Columbia by the president, as successor to Col. Corkhill, the present incumbent, who is not looked upon by the district bar as a man of pre-eminent ability. The president is desirous that the prosecution of Guiteau shall be able, speedy, effective and creditable to the government.

THE MYSTERIOUS MURDER.

The announcement of the assassination of our estimable fellow citizen, Watson B. Smith, shocks the Nebraskans at the national capital beyond measure. It is to be hoped the merderer will be tracked, captured and hung.

TEMPERANCE REFORM.

Within the last week the Woman's Temperence Association held a most interesting congress in this city. Representatives from thirty states were present. Public interest was unprecedented; the addresses by the lady delegates were eloquent, earnest and logical. Among the shining lights were Mrs. Foster, Iowa's female lawyer, and Mrs. Henry, of Illinois, the latter being a sister of Col. O. H. Irish, chief of the bureau of engraving.

SOCIAL AND MATRIMONIAL.

The present indications are that the coming winter will witness a season of gayety and extravagance unequaled since the Grant administration. Arthur is the first president credited to the state of New York since Millard Filmore in 1850. He has a large circle of social and political friends, men of influence and lavish means whose presence at the capital will add much to the eclat of his administration.

Matrimonial matters are always supposed to be of interest to the ladies, therefore we copy from a local paper the following advertisement for the delectation of our own Nebraska maidens. It is to be hoped they will prove a contradiction to the aphorism of Byron, that "Maidens like moths are ever caught by glare."

WANTED—To correspond with a lady of wit, wealth and refinement by a gentleman with two diplomas, five commissions, lawyer's certificate, letters, etc. Maryland, this office.

Now that Boyd's opera house is completed would it not be well to make an early engagement with our queen of song, Clara Louise Kellogg? The announcement of her betrothal to Mr. Whitney, a wealthy gentleman of New York, may soon result in her retirement from the stage. "DIX."

THE NATIONAL CAPITAL.

National Associated Press.

THE CABINET.

WASHINGTON, November 10.—Secretary Blaine is expected to arrive from New York on the afternoon train to-morrow. Secretary Hunt will probably not be here until Monday, although he may be here to-morrow. Judge Folger will probably reach Washington to-morrow. Ex-Secretary Windom will remain here some time, to give Judge Folger any assistance he may need in his new office, and may be kept thus employed until the regular session of congress begins, when he will take his seat in the senate.

QUARANTINE RAISED.

The quarantine at Pensacola has been raised, and the naval guard withdrawn.

COINAGE OF NICKELS TO BE RESUMED.

There is some talk in the treasury department of the propriety of resuming the coinage of five cent nickles. When the coinage was stopped some years ago some $5,500,000 in this coin had been issued and was found entirely sufficient. Under the late increase of business, however, the demand has been on the increase for some time and there now remains but about $75,000 of this coin in the sub treasury.

TO BE RETIRED.

Rear Admiral Rodgers was to-day notified that he will, on the 14th inst., be detached from duty as superintendent of the naval academy, and placed on the retired list Captain Francis M. Ransey will succeed him.

RETURN OF WALKER BLAINE.

Mr. Walker Blaine, assistant secretary of the state, returned this morning from New York, having taken leave of the German guests on the steamer yesterday. He has been constantly with them since he left here late in October.

GUITEAU.

District Attorney Rollins, of New York, having declined to act in the prosecution of Guiteau, it will be conducted by Judge Porter, of New York, Mr. Davidge, of the district bar, and District Attorney Corkhill. The latter says the trial will surely begin Monday. He does not anticipate much trouble in getting a jury. He stated to-day that the government was ready and the witnesses had been or were being summoned Dr. Gray, who came from the New York state insane asylum at Utica to study the case of Guiteau, left this morning for home, but will return. Judge Porter will arrive in the morning. It is thought that the trial will last about three weeks. There is no conversation permitted with Guiteau in reference to the case. He understands it as well as others, and often speaks of it to outsiders. He appeared in good spirits to-day, and remarked that he wanted the case disposed of as soon as possible, as he was getting tired of the suspense.

SURGEON-GENERAL'S REPORT

The surgeon-general's report shows that during the year there was furnished to the pensioners of the government 574 trusses, 650 artificial legs, 14 artificial arms, 1 artificial foot, 1 apparatus for arms by commutation, 2,546 legs, 1,754 arms, 55 feet, 343 apparatus for legs, 608 apparatus for arms. The number of persons furnished commutation or hallowed limbs up to June 30th, 1881, is 1,450. The dates of the injuries of the helped are: From 1813 to 1860 inclusive, 132; from 1861 to 1865 inclusive, 14,094; from 1866 to 1880 inclusive, 275. An increased appropriation is asked for medical and hospital supplies. The average number of white soldiers constantly on the sick report during the year was 932, or 44 per thousand of mean strength. Of these, 739, or 35 per thousand, were constantly under treatment for diseases, and 193, or 9 per thousand, for wounds or accidental injuries. Of the colored soldiers, the average constantly on the sick report was 106 or 45 per thousand were under treatment for disease and 25 or 11 per thousand for wounds or injuries by accident. Death from all causes among white soldiers averaged 9 per thousand and among the colored 20 per thousand. The losses in Indian warefare was 12 killed and 13 wounded. Four hundred and seventy-nine people registered as visitors at the army medical museum during the year.

ARMY REGULATIONS.

The distribution of the new army regulations were begun to-day by Adjutant General Drum. The regulations differ a little in the broad general principles from those which before existed, but are put into form that they will be reliable and of great value to officers.

REPORT OF INSPECTOR OF STEAM VESSELS.

The supervising inspector-general of steam vessels has submitted his annual report to the secretary of the treasury. In addition to the recommendations of the report regarding the taxation of engineers, etc., the inspector suggests that the term "inspectors" be dispensed with, and that the secretary of the treasury be empowered to convene a mixed commission, composed of supervising, local and assistant inspectors, to examine and report to him upon the efficiency of any device to be used upon vessels which requires his approval. In the matter of appointments he recommends the advisability of appointing supervising local and assistant inspectors by the secretrry of the trearury upon nomination in each case of the immediate superior of each grade, thereby properly holding each superior officer responsible for the efficiency of his immediate subordinates.

News From Mexico.

National Associated Press.

CITY OF MEXICO, November 11.—The state of affairs between the government of Mexico and Guatemala is growing more critical daily. The filibusters recently arrested by the Mexican government troops on the border are now all alleged to have been incited in their depredations by the authorities of Guatemala. The president of Mexico has instituted an investigation into the truth of the statement and means to act with decision if it is found to be true. To be prepared for an emergency the government is now moving one of the army divisions into Oasaca.

Coast News.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., November 11.—A large part of the town of Modesto, California, burned down to day. The estimated loss is $100,000, with a light insurance.

The first case under the Sunday law was tried at Greenville, California, today. The jury, after having set two hours, were unable to agree and were discharged. Many cases are pending.

Rollins Unable to Defend Guiteau.

National Associated Press.

NEW YORK, November 11.—District Attorney Rollins this afternoon sent to Hon. L. F. Phillips, solicitor-general, a letter stating that it would be impossible for him to act as one of the counsel in the trial of Guiteau.

GENERAL NEWS.

Hanging of Felix Munshouer at Frederick, Md., Yesterday.

Joe Harris Figures Prominently in a Necktie Sociable at Greensboro, Va.

Henry Jenkins Also Experiences a Choking Sensation at Fayetteville, W. Va.

Burglars Enter a Chicago Residence and Chloroform the Dog and Family.

They Then Ransack the House and Carry Off all the Valuables.

Burning of the Bethany Orphan Asylum at Womelsdorf, Pa., Yesterday.

Affairs Between Mexico and Guatemala Growing More Critical.

Other Interesting Telegraphic Intelligence.

NOOSE NEWS.

National Associated Press

HARRIS HUNG.

GREENSBORO, Va., November 11.—Joe Harris, a negro was hanged here today. He was serving a term in the penitentiary when, with two others, he killed a guard and fled. He was convicted on his own confession and attending circumstances, but a companion tried with him was acquitted. The third one was never captured. The town was full of people, mostly negroes to witness the execution.

JENKINS JERKED.

CHARLESTON, W. Va., November 11.—The governor refused to interfere and Henry Jenkins was hanged today in Fayetteville. May 16th, William Sanders drew $50. He and Jenkins were miners in the wilds of New River. They went off for a spree when Jenkins killed him, and returning, pillaged his shanty. The evidence was entirely circumstantial, but strong.

A MARYLAND HANGING.

FREDERICK, Md., November 11.—Felix Munshouer was hanged at 11 today for the murder of J. D. Metzell, his cousin. He protested against the execution and with his last words said he was innocent. His neck was broken and he died without a struggle. Before going to the scaffold the condemned man said that John Knodel, Metzel's brother-in-law, had committed the murder. A strong appeal was yesterday made to Gov. Hamilton for a reprieve in order to ascertain if Munshouer's allegations were true but without avail. This morning another attempt to secure a reprieve was made and the sheriff delayed the hanging two hours but the governor would not yield.

Orphan Asylum Burned.

National Associated Press.

READING, Pa., November 11.—Shortly after midnight a fire was discovered in the Bethany Orphan Asylum, at Womelsdorf, and a wild scene of confusion followed. Sixty-five children occupied the domitories. One of the little orphans suffering with malarial fever was awake at the above hour and first gave the alarm. The superintendent and his assistants were aroused, and seeing the flames issuing from an apartment in the lower section of the building which was not in use, they at once concluded that the place had been fired by an incendiary. The children were hastily aroused and safely led into the open air. Many of them were scantily dressed, and they suffered considerably in the cold night air. The homestead is entirely by itself, and quite a distance from the villages on the edge of the dense woods. It was impossible to extinguish the flames, so much headway had they obtained, and the shivering orphans in tears witnessed the speedy destruction of their home. All the furniture was burned. The loss is estimated at $20,000; insurance about $14,000. The villagers aroused promptly, and, wrapping the children in shawls and overcoats, carried them to their various homes. An examination of the premises showed that the various outhouses had been broken open by thieves during the night, which still further emphasizes the impression of incendiarism. The home was under the control of the Reformed church.

Chloroformed Dog and All

National Associated Press.

CHICAGO, November 11.—A suppressed sensational case came to light to-day Monday morning burglars entered the residence of Uriah Burke, chloroformed the dog and locked it in the pantry, chloroformed Mr. and Mrs. Burke and two sons and plundered the premises of valuables, silverware, jewelry, etc. The thieves, upon leaving, dashed a lighted kerosene lamp on the floor setting fire to the woodwork Mr. Burke recovered consciousness in time to extinguish the fire, although it was a narrow escape. The dog did not recover until next day when he barked and was unlocked. No clue to the thieves.

Incendiaries at Work

National Associated Press.

ST. JOHN, N. B., November 11.—The town of Woodstock, in Carlton county, was fired in several places at the same time at 1:30 a. m. by incendiaries, and is still burning. The fire at once swept in every direction. The upper part of the town is already completely destroyed and the lower part is being burned now. The depots of the Brunswick railway and of the New Brunswick & Canada rrilway have been burned. The fire was not only started in different parts of the town at the same time but on both sides of the Meliouxnakeag river, which runs through. All telegraph lines being down it is impossible to get further particulars.

ELECTION NEWS.

Special Dispatch to THE BEE.

CRETE, November 11.—Seven of the nine republicans on the county ticket are elected. The democrats elect sheriff and gain county clerk by party majority on the strength of opposing the Slocumb law. The republicans are feeling jubilant.

Special Dispatch to The Bee.

CUMMING COUNTY.

WEST POINT, November 11.—The republican ticket is beaten in this county, with the exception of A. D. Beemer, who was Valentine's candidate for sheriff, and he traded off every other man on the ticket for him. The Skandinavians in the county, who are all republicans, voted for him with the expectation that Valentine and his friends would vote for their candidate for treasurer, a Skandinavian, but they got sold. Look out in the future in Cumming county.

Special Dispatch to THE BEE.

WASHINGTON COUNTY.

BLAIR, November 11.—The republican ticket is elected by majorities ranging from 100 to 400 with exception of treasurer F. Howman democratic candidate who is elected by about 300 majority. Maxwell's, Power's and Fifield's majorities are about 500.

VIRGINIA

National Associated Press.

RICHMOND, Va., November 11.—Election returns from remote counties come in slowly. As far as heard from Cameron's majority is 4,150, and as many of the remaining counties are readjuster strongholds it is probable that Cameron's majority will reach 8,000. The State this afternoon concedes the readjusters a majority of at least twenty in the legislature on joint ballot. The Whig claims twenty-four. The political situation is still the chief topic here on the streets. A representative Virginian of the old school expressed the sentiments of many when he remarked to-nay: "You young men do not feel the defeat so much as those of us who passed through the war. It means, that we see the last flicker of confederate spirit. It means a confederate defeat."

MISSISSIPPI

VICKSBURG, Miss., November 11.—The commissioners of election will not report the official result before evening, but sufficient general information has been received to guarantee the election of the democratic ticket in the state by at least 30,000 majority. Beck, republican, had a majority in the county, according to the actual count, of 1,333 votes over his opponent for sheriff, and so also the entire republican ticket, but there is no telling what will be the result after the ballots have been canvassed by the commissioners and the illegal ballots thrown out.

FOREIGN AFFAIRS

National Associated Press.

A SERIOUS OBSTACLE.

PARIS, November 11.—M. Gambetta has encountered a very serious obstacle in the very beginning of his attempt to take charge of France. It became known this morning that a majority of the senate would oppose the cabinet, which M. Gambetta proposes to form and that it will refuse to sanction the appropriation of money voted by the chamber of deputies for the campaign in Tunis. This means mischief. It portends a dead-lock in the working of the government. M. Gambetta's partisans say that he will go on and confront the senate with the threat of an appeal to the people, but it is felt that France at this time does not desire the commotion attending a great political struggle, and it is said in navy quarters that M. Gambetta may probably choose to withdraw from the task of forming a government rather than run the risks which will attend him if he insists on going forward.

REFUSES TO REMOVE DUTIES.

LONDON, November 11.—Lord Hartington replying to an inquiry presented to him by a deputation of Manchester merchants said he must refuse to pledge the government to remove the Indian import cotton duties.

GERMAN ELECTIONS.

BERLIN, November 11.—Returns from supplementary elections continue to be more and more unpleasant for the government. At Greis, a town of about 1,500 inhabitants, at Offenbach, in Hesse Darmstadt, with a population of about 18,000, at Frieburg and Stuttgart, the socialists have returned their candidates. At Madgebera Schwerine and Einseach the progressionists have been successful. At Delitusch a secessionist has been elected. At Leipsic a national liberal has been retruned. The meeting of the new reichstag is looked forward to with much apprehension. A serious change of policy on the part of the government is thought to be absolutely necessary to prevent something like a revolution.

CARVER WINS.

LONDON, November 11.—In the pigeon match to-day Dr. Carver won the wager that he would kill thirty five birds out of fifty. He killed thirty six.

STEAMSHIP CAPTAIN FINED.

LIVERPOOL, November 11.—Capt. Kennedy, of the steamship Germania, was to-day fined £10, for allowing three cases containing 9,000 loaded cartridges to be taken into the Liverpool dock. When shipped from New York the bill of lading did not indicate their contents.

RAILROAD RACKET.

THE FIRST STEP.

National Associated Press.

CHICAGO, November 11.—The purchase of the Forsyth tract of land containing eight thousand acres just across the State line in Indiana, which place is to be the starting point of the new Belt line railroad, has been completed and a certified check given to Mr. Forsyth by Mr. Gulliver, of the firm of Alexander & Green, of New York, for $333,333,34, being one-third the purchase money. This is the first practical step in the East Chicago scheme of which so much has been said

NEW COMPANY ORGANIZED.

TOPEKA, November 11.—The Kansas railway company has been organized to construct a road from Crawford county west to a point on the Indian territory line in Clark county. The road will be 500 miles long. The directors for the first year are A. G. Clark and A. J. Harding, of Chicago; William Clarke, of Girard, Kansas, I. G. C. Dodd, of Altona, Kansas, and H. B. Harking, of Fredonia, Kansas.

CONDENSED LIGHTNING.

National Associated Press.

LANSING, Mich., November 11.—The rebellion at the Agricultural college farm has been ended by the faculty yielding and restoring the suspended students.

CHICAGO, November 11.—Snow is reported falling this morning at Omaha, Davenport and Dubuque. Cold rain set in here early and still continues.

RICHMOND, November 11.—Wm. E. Tanner & Co.'s. Metropolitan iron works were destroyed by fire this morning. Loss, $100,000; insurance, $90,000.

CORSICANA, Texas, November 11.—It is reported this morning that a freight train on the International & Great Northern railroad was thrown from the track last night by a misplaced swith at Riverside and ran into a convict gang, killing twenty-three and wounding a large number.

COLUMBUS, Mo., November 11.—The night passenger train coming into this place was derailed by striking a cow. Engineer Dayton and Fireman Purdy were fatally injured.

Land League Call.

National Associated Press.

NEW YORK, November 11.—The following call has been issued and will explain itself:

BOLTON AND NEW YORK, November 11.—To the several branches of the Irish National Land League and to all organizations in America friendly to the Irish cause: In view of the present crisis in Ireland and the consequent necessity for the Irish in America to make a full demonstration of all the forces favorable to the Irish cause, the undersigned hereby unite in an invitation to all branches of the land league, and all societies favorable to the land league policy, to send delegates to an Irish national convention, to be held in the city of Chicago, in McCormick hall, on the 30th of November and 1st and 2d of December, 1881. Organizations sending delegates will furnish representatives with certificates duly signed by proper officers, and the credentials will be subsequently passed upon by a committee on credentials, appointed by the convention. The basis of representation is one delegate for each branch of the society having fifty or more members and one additional delegate for each branch or society having two hundred or more members. For services as delegates you are urged to select the wisest and ablest in your respective communities so that the convention may be thoroughly representative. (Signed) Patrick Ford, P. A. Collins, John Boyle O'Reilly, on behalf of the American Irish. T. P. O'Connor. T. M. Healy, Rev. Eugene Sheehy, representatives from Ireland.

Bradstreet's.

National Associated Press.

NEW YORK, November 11.—The elections which took place in a dozen states this week, together with the bad weather and other causes, heretofore recited, have conspired to restrict trade at a number of cities. Special telegrams to Bradstreet's from thirty-two distributing points indicate, however, that the volume of transactions throughout the country have not fallen off to any extent. Millers at Evansville, Ind., Milwaukee and Minneapolis shut down, owing to the high range in prices of wheat. More mills were to close at the last named city to-day. There were 158 failures in the United States and Canada during the past week, the largest number for any one week this year, and an increase of eighteen over last week.

Distillery Explosion.

National Associated Press.

AURORA, Ind., November 11.—A terrific explosion, which shook the foundation of town, occurred little before midnight. It was caused by steam in Gaff's distillery exploding. The building then took fire, and about one hundred feet of the east end of the building was destroyed. One man, Billy Fowler, of Nevay, Ind., who was sleeping in the building, is known to have been killed. Loss about $40,000; fully insured.

Indications.

National Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, November 11.—For the lake region: Rain and snow, slightly warmer, east to south winds, falling barometer followed in the upper lakes by winds shifting to west and rising barometer. For the upper Mississippi and lower Missouri valleys: Areas of rain and snow, followed by clearing and colder weather, southwest to northwest winds and rising temperature. The lower Missouri and upper Mississippi rivers will rise slowly.