

24 Houses AND PLOTS For Sale By GEO. P. BEMIS,

FIFTEENTH AND DOUGLAS STS.,

- No. 1. New house, 7 rooms, on Cuming street near Saunders, \$1,200.
- No. 2. 2 1/2 story house, 9 rooms, well, cistern and barn, Webster, near 18th street, \$2,500.
- No. 3. House of 10 rooms, on Harney, near 9th street, \$2,000.
- No. 4. Large house of 11 rooms, on Webster street, near Brighton College, \$3,500.
- No. 5. House of 7 rooms, on Cass, near 17th street, \$2,000.
- No. 6. House of 8 rooms, 3 lots, on 17th street, near 18th, \$3,000.
- No. 7. House of 8 rooms, on Cass, near 14th, 2x12 1/2 feet lot, \$1,300.
- No. 8. House of 3 rooms, kitchen, etc., on Cass, near 12th st., \$1,000.
- No. 9. House of 3 rooms with lot 2x12 1/2 feet, on Cass, near 14th street, \$900.
- No. 10. House of 3 rooms, on 10th street, near Douglas, 4x12 1/2 feet lot, \$400.
- No. 11. House of 6 rooms, brick foundation, on Harney, near 27th street, \$1,000.
- No. 12. House of 6 rooms, brick foundation, on Harney, near 27th street, \$1,000.
- No. 13. 1 story new house of 6 rooms, brick foundation, of St. Mary's avenue, near Cass, \$1,000.
- No. 14. House of 4 rooms and summer kitchen on 20th street, near Clark, \$2,500.
- No. 15. House of 4 rooms, on Sherman avenue (16th street), near Nicholas, \$2,200.
- No. 16. 1 1/2 story house of 4 rooms, cellar, stable, etc., on Davenport, near 24th street, \$1,000.
- No. 17. 2 story brick house of 6 rooms, near end of 12th street, \$1,000.
- No. 18. House and 2 lots, 4 blocks west of High School, \$2,700.
- No. 19. House and 2 lots on road to park, near head St. Mary's avenue, \$500.
- No. 20. House and 1 1/2 lots near Hosack's, South Omaha, \$500.
- No. 21. House and lot on Davenport street, near 16th street, \$500.
- No. 22. 1 1/2 story house and 1 1/2 3x20 feet lot, on Davenport, near 12th street, \$1,300.
- No. 23. House of 4 rooms and 2 lots on 17th street, near 18th, \$1,000.
- No. 24. House and 1/2 lot on 10th street, near Dodge, \$600.
- No. 25. House and 1/2 lot on 10th street, near Cap to avenue, \$1,400.
- No. 26. 2 1/2 houses and lot on Jackson, near 12th street, \$2,000.
- No. 27. House and 1 lot on California, near 12th street, \$2,000.
- No. 28. 1 1/2 story brick house of 4 rooms with lot 60x200 feet, on Sherman avenue (16th street), near 18th, \$2,000.
- No. 29. 1 1/2 story house of 4 rooms and two lots on Mason, near 15th street, \$2,000.
- No. 30. Large house and full lot on Capitol avenue, near 12th street, \$2,500.
- No. 31. 2 1/2 story brick houses with lot 4x12 1/2 feet, on Chicago, near 15th street, \$2,000 each.
- No. 32. House of 6 rooms with 1 1/2 lots, on Paul street, near 15th street, \$2,750.
- No. 33. House and lot on 18th street, near Sherman, \$1,500.
- No. 34. House of 6 rooms with 4x12 1/2 feet lot, on 18th street, near California, \$1,500.
- No. 35. House of 6 rooms, cellar, well, etc., on 19th, near Paul street, \$2,000.
- No. 36. House of 6 rooms and cellar, 1 1/2 3x12 1/2 feet lot, on 19th, near Paul street, \$2,000.
- No. 37. House of 6 rooms and cellar, 1 1/2 3x12 1/2 feet lot, on 19th, near Paul street, \$2,000.
- No. 38. Four houses with 1 1/2 lots, on Davenport, near 18th street, \$2,000.
- No. 39. House of 9 or 10 rooms, on Burlington, near 22nd street, \$2,000.
- No. 40. House of 9 rooms, summer kitchen, cellar, cistern, etc., near St. Mary's, \$2,000.
- No. 41. New house of 7 rooms, good barn, on Webster, near 22nd street, \$2,000.
- No. 42. Four houses with 1 1/2 lots, on Davenport, near 18th street, \$2,000.
- No. 43. House of 9 or 10 rooms, on Burlington, near 22nd street, \$2,000.
- No. 44. House of 9 rooms, 1 story, porch, cellar, cistern and well, on Harney, near 21st street, \$2,000.
- No. 45. House of 4 rooms, closets, basement and cellar, near White Lead Works, \$1,000.
- No. 46. Building on lot, on Dodge street, near post office, store below and 2 rms above, \$500.
- No. 47. 3 lots with barn and other improvements, near street car turn table, \$2,000.
- No. 48. New house of 6 rooms on 17th, near Cuming street, \$1,000.
- No. 49. Large fine house of 12 rooms, everything complete, on 15th street, \$2,000.
- No. 50. House on 15th street, near Davenport, store below and 2 rms above, \$1,500.
- No. 51. House of 8 rooms, fine cellar, all complete, on Chicago, near 12th street, \$2,000.
- No. 52. 1 1/2 story house, 6 rooms, cellar, well, etc., on 12th, near Capitol avenue, \$1,500.
- No. 53. House of 4 rooms, basement, lot 17x12 1/2 feet, on Macy, near 7th, \$1,000.
- No. 54. 1 1/2 story house, 8 rooms, on Cass street, near 18th street, \$450.
- No. 55. 2 story house, 11 rooms, closets, furnace, fruit trees, barn, etc., on Farnham, near 18th street, \$2,000.
- No. 56. 2 lots with new house, well, cistern, etc., about one mile west of post office, \$1,000.
- No. 57. House and lot near end of red street car turn table, on Saunders street, \$600.
- No. 58. House of 4 rooms, hall, cellar, pantry, good well, etc., \$1,300.
- No. 59. 3 houses with 9 rooms, and other with 6 rooms, on Chicago, near 12th street, \$2,000.
- No. 60. 1 1/2 story house, 6 rooms, 4 closets, well, 100-lb. cistern, good barn, on Pierce st., near 10th (near new government corral), \$1,000.
- No. 61. 2 story house, 9 rooms, oiled shed, well, cistern, on lot, on Capitol avenue, \$1,500.
- No. 62. 2 story house, 8 rooms, 4 below and 4 above, 3 closets, cellar, well, cistern, on Saunders street, near 18th, \$2,000.
- No. 63. 2 store, house on leased 4 lot, lease runs 2 years from April 1st, 1881, on Pacific st., near U. S. depot, \$500.
- No. 64. House, 15 rooms, well, cistern, etc., near 15th and Harney streets, \$400.
- No. 65. 2 story house, 3 rooms, well with 40 feet of water, with 5 acres of ground, on Saunders street, near U. S. barracks, \$2,000.

GEO. P. BEMIS' Real Estate Exchange 15th and Douglas Streets,

THE EXTRA SESSION.

Assembling of the Senate in Special Session Yesterday.

Senator Bayard, of Delaware, Elected President Pro Tem.

The Democrats Refuse to Allow the New Senators to be Sworn In.

A Lively Debate Between Senators Edmunds and Beck.

Senator Edmunds Sustains His Reputation as a Debater on Constitutional Questions.

Davis and Mahone Vote With the Republicans.

The Democrats Hold a Two Hours' Caucus After the Adjournment of the Senate.

SENATE.

National Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, October 10.—The senate was called to order by Senator Harris, of Tennessee, at 11:45 a. m. After prayer Senator Pendleton offered a resolution declaring Senator Bayard president pro tem.

Senator Edwards, of Vermont, presented the credentials of Senators elect Miller and Lapham, of New York, and Aldrich, of Rhode Island, and read a rule making present action on the credentials in order at any time except during the reading of the journal.

The credentials were read and then Mr. Edmunds moved that the senators elect be sworn in by Senator Anthony, the oldest member of the senate.

Senator Edmunds moved to amend Senator Pendleton's motion by substituting the words of his original resolution after the word "resolved" and addressed the senate in its support.

Mr. Edmunds contended that the action of the senate in 1853 was a precedent and that it was the duty of the senate to give to every state a voice in the selection of its president.

Senator Garland replied citing the law of 1789, and rule of the present and said that his side, which was not responsible for the present condition of affairs, and which had not sought to take advantage of the situation last spring, were content to follow the law and had no apologies to make.

Sensors David Davis and Mahone voted eye on the substitute.

Senator Platt was paired with Fair, McPherson with his colleague, Sewell, and Walker with Hill, of Colorado. The vote resulted—Yeas 33, nays 34.

Mr. Edmunds then moved, in order not to stifle the voice of the states, as he said, to add to the original resolution of Mr. Pendleton the words, "for this day."

A debate followed between Senators Beck, Edmunds, Garland and Morgan.

Edmunds cited the election of Lewis Cass for president pro tem for one day, which was done on motion of Hunter, of Virginia, prior to the swearing in of Poote, of Vermont, and only two sessions ago, while Sherman was unable to be present, it was moved that Eaton be president pro tem for one day. They could thus follow the law and a democratic precedent.

Beck, of Kentucky, desired to say that the law of 1879 and the rules of the senate required the president pro tem of the senate to be elected prior to the swearing in of the new members and that they proposed to do no more or less. He had seen oftentimes modest and apparently harmless words do great mischief. He remembered that the words "if any" in the electoral commission played a very important part in that transaction. If the president of the senate had followed the almost universal practice and allowed the election of a president pro tem there would have been no occasion for this session. They now proposed to follow the law. Nobody believed that both could be administered by unanimous consent, but they did not propose to give unanimous consent to the proposition in contravention of law.

Edmunds replied that no unanimous consent had been asked. What they desired and that the country might be informed was on what ground the senators of the two states were denied admission to the senate. They had proposed to follow democratic precedent if it be necessary to accomplish their purposes, which could only be done by excluding the states from representation. He would remind them that they who take the sword shall perish by the sword. Whatever was gathered by this method would prove the ashes of the bitterest denunciation.

Beck said great stress had been laid on the alleged anomaly of the election of a president pro tem of the opposite party from that of the president of the United States. He said that President Taylor died on the 9th of June, 1850, and Millard Fillmore was sworn in on the same day. On the 11th of June Wm. R. King was elected president pro tem of the senate and held office until another democratic president pro tem was chosen. Edmunds asked if the senator would be kind enough to say whether on that occasion the party that had the majority refused to permit three senators to participate in the election of a president pro tem.

Beck replied that the present majority was not through any act of that party, but the unusual course of the vice president and the foolish action of two senators from New York. [Applause in the galleries, which the chair promptly rebuked.]

Senator Vest denied that the course

pursued by Senator Davis was to secure any party advantage. The foul lips of the assassin who struck down the president had uttered no invocation, but if the report be true he had for the success of a faction of the republican party. He went on to say that they had often been told that the voice of the constitutional majority was the voice of God. The constitutional majority was now on the democratic side, but he did not suppose the divine origin would be conceded.

He read extracts from the former speeches of Edmunds, arguing that if the political complexion of the senate should change it was the right and duty of the majority to change the president pro tem. He (Vest) said anew to this and would vote for a democrat if the majority lasted but ten minutes.

The motion of Edmunds was then disagreed to by the following vote—Yeas 33, nays 34. Davis voted affirmatively and Mr. Edmunds requested "the editor please to insert that these two states shall go unrepresented and that the senate will proceed to the election of a president pro tem. The next day I have to perform is to move to strike out James F. Bayard, senator from the state of Delaware, and insert Henry B. Anthony, senator from Rhode Island."

This amendment was rejected by a party vote, Davis, of Illinois, not voting.

The original resolution was then agreed to by the same vote and Anthony and Pendleton were appointed to conduct Bayard to the chair. On taking the chair Mr. Bayard said:

SENATORS—I fully appreciate the honor paid me by this expression of confidence, and in assuming the duties of president pro tem of the senate in obedience to law and in accordance with the rules of this body and the vote of the majority I should have the greatest misgivings of fulfilling acceptably the requirements of this post were it not for the assurances that so long as I shall continue to exercise its duties I shall receive your co-operation and friendly assistance which I now earnestly and confidently ask at your hands. We are painfully aware of the unusual circumstances under which we meet and of a national bereavement which has caused this special meeting of the senate. May it not be hoped that, touched by a sense of common sorrow and cherished by the grief that pervades every household in our great family of states, our proceeding shall be marked by a spirit of concession and harmony and a general consideration for the mutual difference of opinion and a high intent to perform our duties in a manner responsive to the demands of the occasion and best interest of our common country. With such hopes and in such a spirit, I now assume, and shall endeavor to perform, the duties of the high position to which your favors has assigned me.

Edmunds was the first senator to rise. He moved that Mr. Aldrich be sworn in.

Pendleton said in order that the credentials presented to-day might be examined, he would move that the senate adjourn to 12 o'clock to-morrow.

Edmunds demanded the yeas and nays which were ordered. He interrupted the roll call to ask if the senate had, after its organization adjourned without notifying the president of its organization.

Pendleton said he had no wish to do so and would withdraw his motion for such action.

The chair ruled that the roll call having begun it would only be suspended by unanimous consent.

Edmunds refused to agree to a conditional withdrawal of the motion.

The roll call then proceeded and the vote was announced: Yeas 35, nays 34, Davis, of Illinois, voting with the republicans and the senate at 5 p. m., adjourned.

DEMOCRATIC CAUCUS.

WASHINGTON, October 10.—The democratic senators went into caucus immediately after the senate adjourned, and after two hours' session adjourned at 10 a. m. to-morrow. The matter of electing a secretary before the swearing in of the three senators elect was further discussed but no conclusion was reached. The selection of a candidate for secretary when ever the subject comes up in the senate was however agreed upon and several ballots were taken, resulting in the nomination of L. Q. Washington, of the District of Columbia. A committee, consisting of Jones, of Florida, Garland and McPherson, were appointed to examine the credentials of the senators elect from New York and Rhode Island and report to the caucus in the morning. The subject of reorganization of the committees of the senate was discussed but no action had thereon. The general tenor of the debate on the administration of the oath to the new senators indicated that no formidable opposition will be made by the democrats.

Becher Condemns Dr. Thomas' Trial.

New York, October 10.—Henry Ward Beecher told his hearers in Plymouth church yesterday that he believed the Methodist church, but when he saw a great body of that church convened in the west to arraign and cast out the Rev. Dr. Thomas for preaching Christ as he revealed to him. Mr. Beecher felt that they were casting out an angel. A church that could not contain a noble, pure and upright man did not deserve to love and was not fit to write over its portals "Christian Church."

Coast News.

National Associated Press.

SAN FRANCISCO, October 10.—The latest reports from Arizona say the telegraph lines are repaired and working through to Apache, but there is no news from the parties in pursuit of the hostiles. Three columns, under Bernard, Wagner and MacLean, will unite at the Mexico line and cross, if permitted by the authorities.

A fire in Sacramento destroyed the

residence of Frank Rubsiller. His two children perished in the flames and several women were badly injured in their efforts to save them.

Reports from good authority state that the Southern Pacific railroad company, represented by Huntington, Sanford & Rucker, have purchased the South Pacific Coast narrow gauge railroad to Santa Cruz to prevent it falling into the hands of the Jay Gould combination.

The Russian fleet sailed to-day for Honolulu and the South Sea islands.

AUTUMN SPORTS.

THE TURF.

National Associated Press.

BRIGHTON BEACH RACES.

NEW YORK, October 10.—First race, all ages, three-fourths of a mile, was won by Brambetta, Wakefield second, Little Pat third. Time, 1:14 1/2.

Second race, all ages, selling allowance, three-fourths of a mile, was won by Maggie C. Boanardine second, Topsey third. Time 1:45 1/2.

The third race, two-year olds, selling allowance, five furlongs, was won by Mate, Frankie D second, Gladstone third. Time 1:05.

The fourth race, a handicap hurdle, mile and a quarter, was won by Bonham, Speculator second, Watelght third. Time 2:15.

THE OAR.

ST. LOUIS, October 10.—The Trick-et-Plastard race yesterday afternoon was postponed one week, notwithstanding the weather was fine and the water in excellent condition. There is suspicion that the affair is a mere gate money affair.

BADLY BEATEN.

The Railroad Construction Ring Gets a Black Eye.

Special dispatch to The Bee.

WARREN, Neb., October 10.—The Galey-Fitzgerald bond scheme has been defeated in all the precincts in which the propositions were submitted by overwhelming majorities. In the precincts outside of Warren the vote was from three to fifteen to one against the bonds. In this precinct ten more votes were cast against the bonds than for it.

FIRE.

National Associated Press.

AT NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, October 10.—A fire this morning completely destroyed the large cigar factory of Carl Uppman, 212 and 214 East Seventeenth street, together with about a million cigars. Total loss about \$100,000; insured about \$50,000.

NEW YORK, October 10.—One of the largest conflagrations that has occurred in this city for some time broke out this evening on the southeast corner of Thirty-second street and Lexington avenue, occupied as a carpenter shop. The building in which the fire originated adjoins the Fourth avenue railroad station, which occupies almost the entire block from Thirty-second to Thirty-third streets and from Fourth avenue to Lexington avenue. In less than five minutes after the flames were discovered the fire had extended to the stables and in less than fifteen minutes the building was ablaze. Second and third alarms were sent out in rapid succession, but owing to lack of water and assisted by the stiff breeze blowing from the north the flames continued spreading in all directions and every reserve of the fire department was summoned to the scene. While the firemen were directing their efforts to the stables the flames leaped across the street to Morrell's storing warehouse, a large five story building occupying about half a block on Thirty-second street and Fourth avenue in which was stored valuable works of art, china plate, and jewelry. The firemen made a desperate effort to check the progress of the flames but to little purpose, and in a short time nearly the whole of the store and contents were destroyed. At the time of the outbreak of the fire nearly a thousand horses were in the stables. Nearly all, it was stated, were got out but it is feared that a large number perished. For a time the greatest alarm prevailed in the Park Avenue hotel, which is situated directly opposite the stables, but beyond a few cracked and broken windows the hotel sustained no damage. Total loss \$1,750,000.

It is stated that between fifty and one hundred horses perished in the flames but owing to the confusion the exact number could not be ascertained.

Destitute Jews.

National Associated Press.

CINCINNATI, October 10.—A meeting was held at the Jewish temple to-day to provide for fifty families of destitute Russians who are expected to-morrow. The letter read says that 17,000 are on their way to this country. All are strong, healthy and willing to work, but entirely destitute and driven from their homes by Russian persecution.

The Evidence All In.

National Associated Press.

SYCAMORE, Ill., October 10.—The taking of evidence was concluded to-day in the case of Rev. H. W. Thomas, of Chicago, on trial before the Methodist conference on the charge of heresy and the case given to the jury, which consists of a trial committee of fifteen.

The Garfield Fund.

National Associated Press.

NEW YORK, October 10.—The sum of \$300 was added to the Garfield fund to-day, making the grand total \$333,304. Notice is given that the fund for Mrs. Garfield and her children will close Saturday, and on the 17th a fund list of all subscriptions will be given to the press.

WASHINGTON.

Army and Navy Retirements to be Brought to the Attention of the President.

Convening of the United States Supreme Court Yesterday.

The Members of the Court Pay Their Respects to the President.

The Resignations of Windom and MacVeagh to be Accepted Shortly.

A Garfield Masonic Memorial Monument to be Erected in Washington.

THE NEXT CABINET.

National Associated Press.

THE LATEST CONCERNING ITS MAKE-UP.

CHICAGO, October 10.—The Tribune's Washington special says: "An intimate personal friend of President Arthur, who has been in consultation with him at intervals for several days, says that the following is the cabinet slate which receives the most consideration and which may possibly be sent to the senate Tuesday next.

Theodore Frelinghuysen, formerly senator from New Jersey, secretary of state.

Judge Charles J. Folger, of New York, secretary of the treasury.

Robert L. Lincoln, of Illinois, secretary of war.

A. A. Sargent, of California, postmaster general.

Timothy O. Howe, of Wisconsin, secretary of the interior.

Ex-Governor Rice, of Massachusetts, secretary of the navy.

Benjamin F. Brewster, of Pennsylvania, attorney general.

Attorney General MacVeagh has been asked to represent the government as leading counsel in the star route cases. It is probable that he will accept the retainer.

WASHINGTON, October 10.—There is good ground for stating that all the names of the new cabinet will be sent in at the special session. The prevailing opinion is not unanimous that any of the present cabinet will be retained. The president is keeping his own counsel and all that can be said at this time with the semblance of certainty is that the cabinet will be sent in this week, and the post office to the west.

The president will not classify the party and attempt to hit upon representatives of the fragments. He will consider the organization as a whole and take the best men he can get for the respective places. In view of all the requirements of the position, it is generally believed that he will not encroach upon the membership of either body of congress, and that the various sections of the country will have no cause for complaint. The impression more general than any other to-day is that Judge Folger, of Wisconsin, would succeed Mr. Frelinghuysen as secretary of state.

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Prof. King's Balloon Ready.

National Associated Press.

CHICAGO, October 10.—Preparations for Prof. King's balloon ascension in the Great Northwest to-morrow afternoon are all complete and the monster will start on its aerial trip from the base ball grounds on the lake front at precisely 2:30 o'clock. Prof. King says that if everything is favorable and a fair wind blowing lakeward he will make his voyage across Lake Michigan, but in this course, he will be guided by circumstances, being not only a skillful but prudent aeronaut. This morning one of the officers of the signal service stationed here informed the management that he had just received orders from the department at Washington to accompany Prof. King for the purpose of taking observations. A great many applications have been received for the privilege of joining the expedition, but the management has decided to make no definite arrangements on this point until near the hour of starting. Thus far it is only certain that Mr. King and the officer selected by Gen. Hazen will occupy the car. A number of pilot balloons are to be sent up prior to the ascension to indicate to the public the direction in which the monster will travel.

New York Democrats.

National Associated Press.

ALBANY, October 10.—An immense crowd of politicians are in the city to attend the democratic state convention which meets at 1 o'clock to-morrow afternoon. The crowds are so great that the hotel keeps had to charter special trains to take their guests to the points of interest to-night. There was a meeting of the democratic committee, which was called to order at 8 p. m. and was still in session after midnight, discussing the claims of Tammany hall for admission to the convention. The prospect is that the convention will last two days, but some think it will finish to-morrow night.

ALBANY, N. Y., October 10, 1:40 a. m.—The state committee is still in session. A motion to put Tammany and Irving hall democracy on the roll was lost by a vote of five to thirty.

thing. He should remain in Washington as long as the president wished him to. In answer to a direct question he said he did not suppose his successor would be appointed immediately, and he could not say who it would be. According to the law of Minnesota, if Windom were chosen for the senate, he could not be elected for two weeks from to-morrow.

Ex-Senator Conkling did not return to New York to-day, as was expected. His remaining here keeps up the rumor of his possible succession to the treasury portfolio. He has, however, important legal business here, and that in certain y one reason of his remaining.

MISCELLANEOUS.

SALE OF BONDS.

WASHINGTON, October 10.—According to the plan of the treasury department \$8,730,000 in bonds were offered in New York to-day but only \$2,000,000 were purchased.

TOUR OF INSPECTION.

Acting Secretary of the Navy Nichols left to-day on a tour of inspection of the eastern navy yards.

GREATLY EXAGGERATED.

Admiral Rogers, superintendent of the Annapolis academy, reports to the navy department that the reports of having at the institution have been greatly exaggerated. He is making a thorough investigation.

ARMY AND NAVY RETIREMENT.

One of the first subjects to be brought to the attention of President Arthur will be retirements from the army and navy. Major General McDowell will be one of the first officers to be retired. Brigadier General Terry will, in all probability, be promoted to the major general vacancy caused by McDowell's retirement.

Quartermaster Meigs will be retired and Col. Tucker will be his successor. Rear Admiral Rogers will be placed on the retired list November 14th. Rear Admiral Howell will be retired November 24th.

SUPREME COURT CONVENED.

The supreme court of the United States convened to-day. The members called on the president at noon and paid their respects. The docket will be taken up at noon to-morrow.

BONDS TO BE REDEEMED.

The secretary of the treasury has announced that he will redeem at the department on and after Monday next, October 17th \$5,000,000 of bonds embraced in the 106th call with interest to date of payments. The secretary states that this action is taken simply because the treasury has money available for the purpose and the interest on the bonds on that amount of bonds redeemed can be saved. By this course the weekly purchases in New York will be continued.

INTERNAL REVENUE DECISION.

WASHINGTON, October 10.—Commissioner Raum has decided that the internal revenue department cannot properly sanction the sale of compounds made of whisky, water and styrephine and called tonic bitters. He says it should be called poison.

HAS NOT BEEN CONSULTED.

ALBANY, October 10.—Judge Folger says of the announcement of his prospective secretaryship of the treasury that if anything of the kind has been contemplated he has not been consulted and does not know it.

WINDOM A CANDIDATE FOR RE-ELECTION.

Senator Edgerton, of Minnesota, has withdrawn in favor of Secretary Windom who will be a candidate for re-election, his resignation having been accepted by the president to take effect upon the qualification of his successor. It is rumored here this morning that President Arthur will himself call the senate to order. All the cabinet officers are now in the city, and all have been at their respective departments to-day. The democratic and republican senators both had caucuses this morning. The republicans adjourned after a short session without doing anything. The democrats had an animated session but agreed upon nothing definite beyond the election of a presiding officer.

WASHINGTON, D. C., October 10.—Cabinet gossip have not been as busy as usual to-day. There are no outward indications of any immediate changes in the official family of the president, although it is generally conceded that there will be two or more vacancies before long, and it is thought probable that the opportunity thus afforded the president may result in a complete change, at least as far as contemplated. That the resignations of Attorney-General MacVeagh and Secretary Windom are soon to be accepted at their urgent request is generally known. The former does not say why he is anxious to leave the cabinet. Secretary Windom stated to the agent of the National Associated Press to-day that he preferred the senatorship from Minnesota to the secretaryship of the treasury and that the president was fully aware of that fact and had been requested to accept his resignation as soon as he could do so without inconveniencing himself. His resignation, however, is in no way contingent on his election to the senate. Windom said his seeming urgent desire to go out of the cabinet was by no means to be attributed to any lack of sympathy with the administration. President Arthur and he had