

The Omaha Bee.

Published every morning, except Sunday. The only Monday morning daily.

TERMS BY MAIL—One Year \$10.00 Three Months \$3.00 Six Months \$5.00 One Week 100

THE WEEKLY BEE, published every Wednesday.

TERMS POST PAID—One Year \$10.00 Three Months \$3.00 Six Months \$5.00 One Week 100

CORRESPONDENCE—All Communications relating to News and Editorial matters should be addressed to the Editor of THE BEE.

BUSINESS LETTERS—All Business Letters and Remittances should be addressed to THE OMAHA PUBLISHING COMPANY, OMAHA. Drafts, Checks and Post Office Orders to be made payable to the order of the Company.

OMAHA PUBLISHING CO., Proprietors. E. ROSEWATER, Editor.

Editor David A. Mearns, of the City Circulation.

John H. Pierce is in Charge of the Mail Circulation of THE DAILY BEE.

Proclamation by Gov. Nance. EXECUTIVE OFFICE. LINCOLN, NEB., Sept. 20, 1881.

The terrible tragedy which occurred in the city of Washington on the 21st of July last, when the chief magistrate of the nation became the victim of an assassin's assassin's hand, and a national disaster of a magnitude never before known, is a subject of general interest to every citizen of the United States. It is a subject which has not only aroused the sympathy of all patriotic hearts, but also the sympathy of the friends of justice and good government throughout the world.

It is not surprising that the national flag is displayed at half-mast on the Capitol building at Lincoln, and that the several state departments are draped with emblems of mourning for the heroic martyr. It is not surprising that the people of all ages and all climes are expressing their sympathy for the late President, and that the people of this city are not only expressing their sympathy for the late President, but also for the heroic martyr.

Behind every cloud there is a silver lining. "God reigns and the government at Washington still lives."

Senator Van Wyck's views on civil service reform do not appear to meet the approval of Carl Schurz.

New York has at last got on top and Ohio must take a back seat in the distribution of the spoils.

NEBRASKA'S GOVERNOR was the first state executive to issue a proclamation of mourning in honor to the memory of James A. Garfield.

We should not be surprised if Sergeant Mason is sentenced to the penitentiary for missing Giteau and Giteau is set at liberty for shooting Garfield.

MESSAGES of sympathy pouring in from every quarter of the globe attest the respect in which our nation is held abroad and the admiration which the heroic endurance of its martyr president excited throughout the world.

"If some man should stand on this historic platform and propose to prove to this audience beyond controversy that this Republic of ours had failed, must go to ruin, he would find the most awful fact that could be conceived in an American mind. Next to overthrowing the universe of God would be the calamity of the fall of the Republic."—James A. Garfield.

MANY years ago the cry "Cotton is King" was heard on every hand, and its truth very generally admitted. The great west, then in its infancy, had not put off its swaddling agricultural clothes and thousands of square miles of land, what is now excellent farming land, lay uncultivated and unbroken prairie. The civil war broke the rule of old King Cotton, and for the past twenty years its scepter has been yielded to farm products used in the manufacture of bread or the production of meat.

Corn is now king and occupies the throne of the departed southern monarch. It is by far the most important crop in our country. It is used not only very largely for human food in its various preparations, but it is also the cheapest food for animals by reason of its easy conversion into bacon, mutton, beef, butter and cheese. The average corn crop of the United States is placed at 15,000,000 bushels. This year there will be a deficiency of 5,000,000 bushels, amounting to one-third of the entire crop.

A TRYING POSITION.

The premature death of the lamented chief magistrate of the republic has elevated to the presidency another who, on accepting the honorable position of vice president, had not the remotest idea that he would ever be called upon to assume the grave responsibility devolving upon the head of the nation.

Placed in this high position by the death of an assassin, amid the mourning of millions of people, General Arthur assumes the presidency under conditions which should win for him the active sympathy and moral support of every American citizen.

No one, probably, feels more keenly than himself that he is not the choice of the American people for the exalted position he now fills, and no one realizes more fully that his accession to the presidency is viewed with grave apprehensions by the country. He, however, not over-expecting Andrew Johnson, has assumed the duties of chief executive under more trying circumstances. When President Lincoln was assassinated the succession devolved upon a man who had been in public life for a quarter of a century, possessed executive experience as governor of a great state, and had mastered the problems of government in a long and brilliant legislative career in the United States Senate.

Moved by the standard of his predecessor, Andrew Johnson was regarded in every way as well-qualified to grapple with the grave issues that confronted him as Abraham Lincoln, and the loyal people of the nation viewed his accession to the presidency with unbounded confidence. General Arthur brings to the discharge of his presidential duties comparatively limited experience in public life, and measured by the standard of James A. Garfield he falls below the exalted estimate which the American people are in the habit of placing upon their presidents. Add to this the fact that General Arthur, in his former political associations, has been identified with political leaders who were diametrically at variance with the policy of the late president, who enjoyed the popular esteem in such an eminent degree, the position of President Arthur becomes at the outset extremely embarrassing. In this trying ordeal President Arthur can only overcome popular prejudice and gain popular confidence by exercising sublime patriotism and broad-minded statesmanship.

It will not be very difficult for President Arthur to gain the confidence and esteem of the American people. He has made a very favorable impression upon them by his dignified bearing during the fatal illness of General Garfield, and he will encounter no obstacles in sustaining this impression. All good citizens, irrespective of party or section, will at the outset of his presidential career give the new executive a cordial and loyal support. As citizens of the great republic it behoves us all to sustain the administration and place no obstacle or obstruction in the way of President Arthur to make that administration as successful and popular as has been the administration of President Garfield. Until President Arthur has had a fair trial, supported by the good will and sympathy of the nation, it behoves all patriotic citizens to suspend judgment and allay all prejudice. Let us hope that in this trying ordeal our new president will be equal to any emergency and let us hope that he will be guided by wise counsels in the discharge of his duties as chief magistrate.

Note a voice will now be raised against the generous contributions which are pouring into the fund for the maintenance of the family of President Garfield. Consecrated by the untimely death of our lamented president, such gifts become at once sacrificial offerings upon the altar of a grateful people. With the death of her husband, brutally shot down in the discharge of his public duties, Mrs. Garfield and her family become the wards of the nation. Sorrow has become heavily on their heads and want must never knock at the door of their dwelling. Generous hearts and ready hands throughout the land are eager to add their mite toward testifying to the love which they bore to our departed chief. The fund which has been built up by voluntary contributions from the wealthy will be still further increased by the mite of men of moderate means, whose love and respect is no less fervent.

The telegraph announces that the fund is increasing with satisfactory rapidity. With \$250,000 invested securely as contemplated by the trustees, Mrs. Garfield will be in receipt of an income amounting to \$5,000 a year, which will comfortably support her and her family and afford ample means for the education of her children. To this amount Congress will, no doubt, add the four years' salary which General Garfield would have received had he served his full term, and provision of course will be made for the expenses incurred upon his last illness and funeral.

THE NEW PRESIDENT.

Life and Services of General Chester A. Arthur.

Chester A. Arthur was born in Franklin County, Vermont, on the 6th of October, 1830, being now nearly fifty-one years of age. His father, Rev. Dr. William Arthur, was a Baptist clergyman and an Irishman, having emigrated from the county of Antrim when he was eighteen years old. He died at Newfane, near Albany, N. Y., October 27, 1875. Gen. Arthur was educated at Union College and graduated at the age of nineteen, in the class of 1849. After leaving college he taught a country school during two years in Vermont, and there, having saved, by rigid economy, about \$500, he went to New York, and entered the office of Judge E. D. Carter as a student. After being admitted to the bar he formed a partnership with his friend, Henry D. Gardner, with the intention of practicing in the west. They soon, however, returned to New York, where they entered upon a successful career. General Arthur soon after married the daughter of Lieut. Herndon, of the United States navy. Mrs. Arthur died about two years ago.

Previous to the outbreak of the war he was judge advocate of the Second brigade of the state militia, and Governor Edwin D. Morgan, soon after his inauguration, selected him to fill the position of engineer in chief of his staff. In 1881 he held the post of inspector general, and soon afterwards was advanced to that of quartermaster-general, which he held until the expiration of Morgan's term of office. No higher appointment can be named upon him than the mention of the fact that, although the war account of the state New York was at least ten times larger than that of any other state, yet it was the first audited and allowed in Washington, and without the deduction of a dollar; while the quartermasters' account from other states were reduced from \$1,000,000 to \$10,000,000.

The personal honor and honesty of General Arthur is unquestioned. He, during his holding the office of quartermaster general, thousands of opportunities to put millions of dollars into his pockets, yet when he retired from his office he was still in very moderate circumstances, and, during his entire term, refused to accept a present or consideration of any character from the country that would possibly be construed into inducement or reward for contracts given by him. The clothing, arming and transportation of nearly a million men was under his supervision, and all was attended to with rare wisdom, discretion and fidelity to the great trust reposed in his hands. It could not misappropriate five cents' worth of his remark to an acquaintance upon one occasion, "I don't think that the first two men I saw on conversation on the sidewalk were talking about it, and the very thought would drive me mad."

After Governor Morgan's term expired Gen. Arthur returned to the practice of his profession, in which he had already made a high reputation. The firm of which he was one was overcharged with business, and Gen. Arthur was called to the state and national capitals on matters of great import, in which he achieved national fame. The position of counsel to the board of tax commissioners of New York city was conferred upon him at \$10,000 per annum, which dignified as well as lucrative office he occupied for some time.

After a time the political struggles between the two parties involved him and he buckled on armor in behalf of republicanism with all his heart. During the many hard fought campaigns in the empire state, Gen. Arthur evinced the most remarkable ability in organization and effective work. He stood side by side with Roscoe Conkling and Alonzo B. Cornell in the battles for the maintenance of New York state in the van of the republican phalanx.

In November, 1871, Gen. Arthur was nominated by President Grant to the collectorship of the port of New York, and four years later he was re-nominated, an honor never before conferred upon any collector of the port.

In a letter written to the secretary of the treasury in the March of 1877, after the New York custom house committee had finished their labors, General Arthur said: "The subject of civil service reform and the modes of appointment to office is that to which the commission gives most attention. The essential elements of a stable civil service I understand to be, first, permanency in office, which, of course, prevents removal except for cause; second, promotion from the lower to the higher grades, based upon good conduct and efficiency; third, prompt and thorough investigation of all complaints, and prompt punishment of them."

I claim that the administration of my office has been characterized by the observance of all these principles, and I challenge comparison with any department of the government."

From Gen. Arthur's letters many bad statistics were quoted during the contest which followed his removal by President Hayes. In this connection he said: "The general order system so-called had been for more than a quarter of a century, a constant subject of complaint by the merchants, and it was a system by which, in the investigation by congress, and of alleged corruption. Since the changes in the system and in the charges for storage, introduced five years ago; no whisper of complaint has been heard. By a change in the system, the method of fraud and corruption by which the government had lost large sums, has been effectually checked; by the introduction of a system by which prompt notice is given to merchants of refunds of duties, they have been saved from imposition and delay."

PERSONALITIES

Lieut. Ripper is not as black as he is painted. He stole only \$1,700. Alice Oates has gone to Australia, and Mr. Marvin, therefore, has no rival in this country. Courtney will accept Trickett's challenge to row. It will be a match between Trickett and Tricky.

Jesse James is down on the Missouri railroads. They would not let him ride on a clergyman's ticket. "A mile is as good as a mile," says Guitinan. "A grog's deal better," says Mr. Marvin, the accomplished bigamist.

H. Joaquin Miller is actually keeping a boarding house at Saratoga, he will, of course, make parties pay in advance. He knows how it is done in the country.

The wife of the late Senator Burnside was Miss Mary Richmond Bishop, a descendant, on her mother's side, of Roger Williams. She died in 1876.

Capt. Howgate's friends state that he is within easy distance of Washington. The treasury department must increase the guards and change the combination.

Bismarck grows corpulent year by year. In 1874 he weighed 207 pounds; in 1876, 287; in 1878, 375; in 1879, 425; in 1880, 475; and now he weighs the scale at 521.

Emmal Pacha, ex-Khedive of Egypt, and an extremely uninteresting person, is staying at Vicksburg, the hotel formerly occupied by Napoleon III. With him are eight of his wives and twenty-seven attendants.

Dr. Westmoreland, Senator Ben Hill's home physician, says the result of the recent operations: "It is impossible to say in case he recovers, to what extent his voice will be restored. If the disease has become general there is no hope of a permanent recovery, but if it is still local I think this operation should secure an effectual cure."

James Mason, an American, who is leading in the Berlin chess tournament, is a young, athletic fellow of 30 years, old, formerly a New York reporter, who first came into prominence in New York city in 1873 by beating Delmar in New York. He is a cautious player, very cautious, Americans think, and particularly strong in his defense.

S. J. Tilden the New York Express says he is still a young man of 72, who has a pile of work in hand, and means to go to Wash. Tammany, to talk with John Kelly, Cyrus W. Field, dynamite the republican party, elect himself governor, marry Mrs. H. L. Lord and spend his last days in the White House. He is as lively as a last-year's locust.

FIFTH WARD. A WONDERFUL DISCOVERY. For the speedy cure of Consumption and all diseases that lead to it, such as asthma, coughs, neglected Colds, Bronchitis, Hay Fever, Asthma, pain in the side and chest, dry hacking cough, tickling in the throat, Hoarseness, Sore Throat, and all chronic or lingering diseases of the throat and lungs, Dr. King New Discovery has no equal and has established for itself a world-wide reputation.

Many leading physicians recommend and use this remedy. The formula is from which it is prepared is highly recommended by all medical journals. The clergy and the press have complimented it in the most glowing terms. Go to your druggist and get a trial bottle free of cost, or a regular size for \$1.00. For Sale by Dr. King & Co., New York, and by Dr. King & Co., Omaha.

AN HONEST MEDICINE FREE OF COST. Of all medicines advertised to cure any affection of the Throat, Chest or Lungs, we know of none we can recommend so highly as Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Hay Fever, Hoarseness, Tickling in the Throat, loss of voice, etc. This medicine does positively cure, and that where everything else has failed. No medicine can show one-half so many positive and permanent cures as have already been effected by this truly wonderful remedy. For Asthma and Bronchitis it is a perfect specific, curing the very worst cases in the shortest time possible. We say by all means give it a trial. Trial bottles free. Regular size \$1.00. For sale by Dr. King & Co., New York, and by Dr. King & Co., Omaha.

FALL OPENING OF THE GREATEST VARIETY DRY GOODS, FANCY GOODS, CLOAKS, SHAWLS, SILKS, DRESS GOODS AND FRENCH MILANERY. Prices so LOW as Defy Any Honest Competition at NEW YORK DRY GOODS STORE, On Farnham Street. CALL AND SEE US. A. G. TROUP, ATTORNEY AT LAW

THE MASSACHUSETTS prohibitory state convention is called to meet at Boston on the 28th of September. The Democrat who wants to run for governor of this state has not made his appearance up to date. The Republicans of Cincinnati and Cleveland both have a colored man on their legislative ticket this year. Silas M. Bailey, the republican candidate for treasurer of Pennsylvania, is, in early life was a jeweler's apprentice. The republican convention to nominate a candidate for Congress in place of Ellbridge G. Lapham has been called to meet at Canandaigua on the 12th of October. Ex-President Hayes ought to turn the joke of his neighbors who have elected him Road Commissioner by working every hole of his constituents' pockets for his political friends.

PERSONALITIES

Lieut. Ripper is not as black as he is painted. He stole only \$1,700. Alice Oates has gone to Australia, and Mr. Marvin, therefore, has no rival in this country. Courtney will accept Trickett's challenge to row. It will be a match between Trickett and Tricky.

Jesse James is down on the Missouri railroads. They would not let him ride on a clergyman's ticket. "A mile is as good as a mile," says Guitinan. "A grog's deal better," says Mr. Marvin, the accomplished bigamist.

H. Joaquin Miller is actually keeping a boarding house at Saratoga, he will, of course, make parties pay in advance. He knows how it is done in the country.

The wife of the late Senator Burnside was Miss Mary Richmond Bishop, a descendant, on her mother's side, of Roger Williams. She died in 1876.

Capt. Howgate's friends state that he is within easy distance of Washington. The treasury department must increase the guards and change the combination.

Bismarck grows corpulent year by year. In 1874 he weighed 207 pounds; in 1876, 287; in 1878, 375; in 1879, 425; in 1880, 475; and now he weighs the scale at 521.

Emmal Pacha, ex-Khedive of Egypt, and an extremely uninteresting person, is staying at Vicksburg, the hotel formerly occupied by Napoleon III. With him are eight of his wives and twenty-seven attendants.

Dr. Westmoreland, Senator Ben Hill's home physician, says the result of the recent operations: "It is impossible to say in case he recovers, to what extent his voice will be restored. If the disease has become general there is no hope of a permanent recovery, but if it is still local I think this operation should secure an effectual cure."

James Mason, an American, who is leading in the Berlin chess tournament, is a young, athletic fellow of 30 years, old, formerly a New York reporter, who first came into prominence in New York city in 1873 by beating Delmar in New York. He is a cautious player, very cautious, Americans think, and particularly strong in his defense.

S. J. Tilden the New York Express says he is still a young man of 72, who has a pile of work in hand, and means to go to Wash. Tammany, to talk with John Kelly, Cyrus W. Field, dynamite the republican party, elect himself governor, marry Mrs. H. L. Lord and spend his last days in the White House. He is as lively as a last-year's locust.

FIFTH WARD. A WONDERFUL DISCOVERY. For the speedy cure of Consumption and all diseases that lead to it, such as asthma, coughs, neglected Colds, Bronchitis, Hay Fever, Asthma, pain in the side and chest, dry hacking cough, tickling in the throat, Hoarseness, Sore Throat, and all chronic or lingering diseases of the throat and lungs, Dr. King New Discovery has no equal and has established for itself a world-wide reputation.

Many leading physicians recommend and use this remedy. The formula is from which it is prepared is highly recommended by all medical journals. The clergy and the press have complimented it in the most glowing terms. Go to your druggist and get a trial bottle free of cost, or a regular size for \$1.00. For Sale by Dr. King & Co., New York, and by Dr. King & Co., Omaha.

AN HONEST MEDICINE FREE OF COST. Of all medicines advertised to cure any affection of the Throat, Chest or Lungs, we know of none we can recommend so highly as Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Hay Fever, Hoarseness, Tickling in the Throat, loss of voice, etc. This medicine does positively cure, and that where everything else has failed. No medicine can show one-half so many positive and permanent cures as have already been effected by this truly wonderful remedy. For Asthma and Bronchitis it is a perfect specific, curing the very worst cases in the shortest time possible. We say by all means give it a trial. Trial bottles free. Regular size \$1.00. For sale by Dr. King & Co., New York, and by Dr. King & Co., Omaha.

FALL OPENING OF THE GREATEST VARIETY DRY GOODS, FANCY GOODS, CLOAKS, SHAWLS, SILKS, DRESS GOODS AND FRENCH MILANERY. Prices so LOW as Defy Any Honest Competition at NEW YORK DRY GOODS STORE, On Farnham Street. CALL AND SEE US. A. G. TROUP, ATTORNEY AT LAW

THE MASSACHUSETTS prohibitory state convention is called to meet at Boston on the 28th of September. The Democrat who wants to run for governor of this state has not made his appearance up to date. The Republicans of Cincinnati and Cleveland both have a colored man on their legislative ticket this year. Silas M. Bailey, the republican candidate for treasurer of Pennsylvania, is, in early life was a jeweler's apprentice. The republican convention to nominate a candidate for Congress in place of Ellbridge G. Lapham has been called to meet at Canandaigua on the 12th of October. Ex-President Hayes ought to turn the joke of his neighbors who have elected him Road Commissioner by working every hole of his constituents' pockets for his political friends.

CHEAP LOTS.

WATERBURY'S GREAT GERMAN REMEDY FOR RHEUMATISM, NEURALGIA, SCIATICA, LUMBAGO, BACKACHE, GOUT, SORENESS, CHEST, SORE THROAT, QUINSY, SWELLINGS AND SPRAINS, FROSTED FEET AND EARS, BURSTS, SCALDS, GENERAL BODILY PAINS, TOOTH, EAR AND HEADACHE. All other Pains AND ACNES.

A NEW ADDITION! Omaha.

THE BEST BARGAINS Ever Offered

NEBRASKA LAND AGENCY OMAHA, NEB. 500,000 ACRES OF CHOICE LANDS. Davis & Snyder, 1505 Farnham Street. Terms to Suit Purchasers, Long Time and Low Interest. Perfect Titles Guaranteed. ALSO LARGE TRACTS OF LAND IN Dodge, Colfax, Pierce, Merrick, Hall, Saunders, Butler, and Other Counties in the Eastern Portion of Nebraska For Sale.

LOTS ON PAYMENTS OF \$5 TO \$10 PER MONTH. Money Advanced.

DAVIS & SNYDER, 1505 Farnham Street, OMAHA, NEB. PROBATE NOTICE.

THE MOST POPULAR THE BEST SELLING! THE OVAL CHURN. THE BEST AND MOST ECONOMICAL CHURN MANUFACTURED.

THE OVAL CHURN COMPANY, CASH IN HAND. CREATIVE SCIENCE and Sexual Philosophy.

LEGAL NOTICE. John McFadden will take notice that on the 10th of August, 1881, Charles Bradford, Justice of the Peace, of 1st Precinct, Douglas Co., Neb., issued an order of attachment for the sum of \$30.00 against the goods and chattels of John McFadden, defendant, in a suit against the plaintiff, John McFadden, who said property consisting of household furniture and implements has been attached under said order. Said case was continued to 21st of September, 1881, 10 o'clock a.m., at which time the case will be heard. JOHN KRATZ, Plaintiff.

These lots are located between the MAIN BUSINESS STREETS of the city, within 12 minutes walk of the Business Center. Good Side-walk extend the Entire Distance on Dodge Street, and the lots can be reached by way of either Farnham, Douglas or Dodge Streets. They lie in a part of the city that is very Rapidly Improving and consequently Increasing in Value, and purchasers may reasonably hope to Double their Money within a short time. Some of the most Slightly Locations in the city may be selected from these lots, especially on 30th Street. We will build houses on a Small Cash Payment of \$150 of \$200, and sell house and lot on small monthly payments. It is expected that these lots will be rapidly sold on these liberal terms, and persons wishing to purchase should call at our office and secure their lots at the earliest moment. We are ready to show these lots to all persons wishing to purchase. BOGGGS & HILL, Real Estate Brokers, 1408 North Side of Farnham Street, Opp. Grand Central Hotel, OMAHA, NEB.

WOMEN'S WEAR. FRENCH MILANERY. DRESS GOODS. FRENCH MILANERY. Prices so LOW as Defy Any Honest Competition at NEW YORK DRY GOODS STORE, On Farnham Street. CALL AND SEE US. A. G. TROUP, ATTORNEY AT LAW