

A REMINDER OF '76.

The Bradley Bribery Investigation Lengthens as the Days Fly Past.

Lacking Only a Madam Jenks to Robit of Dull Notion.

A Remarkable Peculiarity Developed in the Closing of Bank Accounts.

An Attempt to Force Adjournment Squelched by the Rules.

The Joint Convention.

ALBANY, June 16.—The joint convention met at 12 o'clock noon. The joint ballot for Conkling's successor resulted: Conkling 32, Wheeler 38, Cornell 11, Lapham 12, Rogers 11, Tremain 3, Crowley 4, Folger 3, Bradley 1, Jacobs 51. Total, 156.

ALBANY, N. Y., June 16.—Brooks, after the first ballot, offered a resolution in the event of no election for U. S. senators having occurred at 3 p. m. Monday next in joint convention, he would be of the opinion that the legislature should adjourn.

Husted objected, and said the resolution was out of order. Brooks said the joint convention had been three weeks engaged in an attempt to elect senators without result, and he believed the power which brought the two houses together, act as a unit, and had power to adjourn the convention.

The resolution did not effect an adjournment, it merely would be put on record as the sense of the joint convention that an election would be impossible if one did not occur by Monday, and that as the business of the convention would be a failure if the two houses should adjourn and discontinue work.

That the expression of opinion might influence the senate to agree to a concurrent resolution to adjourn. Husted said it was the duty of the members to stay until December 31, if the senators were not elected until that time. The chair decided the point of order was well taken under both the law of congress and the joint rules, adopted by the convention.

He therefore refused to entertain the resolution of Brooks, and Foster moved to adjourn the convention until noon to-morrow. The eyes and ways were called for. On the part of the assembly the chair decided they could not be called on the part of the other house in joint convention. At 12:47 p. m. the convention adjourned.

SESSIONS' BANK ACCOUNT. ALBANY, June 16.—The bribery investigation committee held a session this morning. W. A. Graves, of Spencer, Trask & Co., Sessions' bankers, was sworn, and testified he had until a few months ago been an employee of the New York Central, and their business with New York was by a private wire, Senator Sessions had closed his account with the firm on June 7th, and took his balance, \$6,616, in bills. He refused to display Sessions' accounts or the dates named, on subpoena, because he feared that they could not affect the present case and were purely private.

Following the session, the Bradley investigating committee resumed session at 3:15 p. m. D. W. Wemple was recalled. He wished to correct the date which he had given as when Edmunds presented A. D. Barber's check; it was on the 4th of June, not on the 10th, as witness testified yesterday.

Orson L. Jones sworn; knew Charles P. Ingersoll and knew Ferry; Bradley did not know Ingersoll, but witness that Ingersoll had talked to him witness met Bradley at nine o'clock; Bradley asked witness if he knew where Sharpe's room was, that he wanted to see him; went with Bradley to Sharpe's room, and rapped at the door; thinking Bradley desired an interview of a private nature he stepped back, and Bradley said, "you come in, too." Both stepped inside; Bradley told Sharpe he had been approached and given money to vote for Depew; when Bradley said it was the senator from his district, Sessions, who gave him the money, Sharpe said, "that could not be so," and was excited; witness thought when he saw the nature of the matter he was anxious to get away; he didn't like it when he heard it was his senator; witness was excited and didn't want to hear any more, and but barely remembered what he heard.

Cross-examination.—Was a Grant man; witness said there was some feeling in Chautauque county against Sessions for voting against Grant at Chicago. District Attorney Bradley (cousin of Bradley) felt very bitter against Sessions for his conduct at Chicago. This bitterness extended to and through the senatorial content; witness's business here was to aid, so far as he could, the election of his candidates, Conkling and Platt.

The balance of testimony corroborated the above, and related to politics in this county. W. A. Newton, teller of Union bank, sworn: Gave account of the

bank's transactions from the middle of May till June 9th; on the 9th of June paid to a man witness did not know \$5,000 on a check signed by Senator Wagner. After witness had given considerable testimony and was being cross-examined, Peckham arose and opposed further hearing such testimony, on the ground that the testimony had no bearing on the case. Witness was discharged.

W. A. Graves, of Spencer, Trask & Co., who testified during the morning session that he had paid out two large sums of money on the 4th inst., one \$1500 to Senator Woodin, the other \$2,000 to some one else, was put on the stand. Witness thought the payment was made to Sessions on the 7th of June in the morning; witness thought this payment occurred on the 4th; it was the only large payment made by him on that day; it was \$6,616.—Sessions got that.

EPITOMIZED REPORT. Of Yesterday's Important Telegram News, Condensed from the National Associated Press Dispatches.

The loss by the fire at Pierrepont stores, Brooklyn, is now estimated to exceed a million dollars.

The large chair and bureau factory of A. P. Johnson & Co., Boston, was destroyed by fire last evening. Loss \$150,000; insured for \$17,000.

The Adams wire lead manufacturing company's works in the suburbs of Baltimore was damaged \$10,000 by fire yesterday morning. Spontaneous combustion. Insured for \$30,000.

The republican state executive committee of Ohio is constituted as follows: Geo. Nash, chairman; Jacob Donaldson, secretary; T. Ewing Miller, Alex. F. Taylor, John T. O'gelvie, D. K. Watson.

Hon. Joseph E. Smith, a prominent lawyer and politician of Boston, died last evening very suddenly, of the heart disease, aged 46 years. He was a native of Maine, and ran for congress there against Blaine. He served in the Illinois legislature, and was instrumental in securing an appropriation for the Douglass monument.

Grison finished the nineteenth day of his fast yesterday, having lost three-fourths of a pound in the last 24 hours. There is nothing to indicate he is not in perfect health. His pulse yesterday was sixty-six, respiration thirteen, temperature 98.3-5. Several bits of \$10 and \$25 have been made that he will exceed 45 days.

MONTREAL, June 16.—Steps have been taken by the business men to form an Anglo-American Cable Co., and lay a cable for exclusive use between England and Canada.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., June 16.—The humane society tonight stopped the performance of Forepaugh's circus on the ground that Minc. Zulu's slack wire performance in which she carries a child in her arms was cruelty to children.

COAST NOTES.

NATIONAL ASSOCIATED PRESS. SAN FRANCISCO, June 16.—The steamer Rogers sailed for the Arctic this afternoon, accompanied by the heads by a fleet of yachts and steamers.

The sentence of Clarence Gray for murder is postponed till the 30th. General Barnes has taken the case of the Tichborne claimant. After a searching cross-examination for three days, in which the claimant was obliged to draw maps of the Tichborne estates and to exhibit his person for the examination of the marks, in every particular the claimant has passed triumphantly through the tests, some of which were proposed by the Duke of Sutherland and Dr. Russell, of The Times.

Shipping News.

NATIONAL ASSOCIATED PRESS. NEW YORK, June 16.—Sailed, Herdie, Hamburg; City of Richmond, Liverpool; State of Pennsylvania, Glasgow; Somerset, Bristol; Niagara, Havana. Arrived, Plantain, Antwerp; Colorado, Aspinwell; New York City, Bristol.

GLASGOW, June 16.—Arrived, Australian and Corinthian, Montreal.

BREMEN, June 16.—Arrived, Wisner, New York.

LIVERPOOL, June 16.—Arrived, Moravian, Montreal.

ANTWERP, June 16.—Arrived, Belgerland, New York.

SOUTHAMPTON, June 16.—Arrived, Gen. Werder New York, for Bremen; Kron Prinz Wilhelm Baltimore, for Bremen.

Diseased Emigrants.

NATIONAL ASSOCIATED PRESS. CHICAGO, June 16.—The rapid increase of smallpox in the city is causing considerable anxiety. Dr. Rouch, president of the state board of health, said to-day that he attributed the increase to the great number of emigrants daily arriving in this country. There is not a vessel arriving in New York but what has quite a number of cases on board, but in a good many instances the disease is not developed till after the landing of the patients, who don't know they are sick until they reach the west. The doctor says the general health of the state is good.

The G. A. R.

NATIONAL ASSOCIATED PRESS. INDIANAPOLIS, June 16.—The national encampment of the G. A. R. assembled again at 10 a. m. in Park theatre, the business of the day being the election of officers. The encampment closed to-night with the following exercises: Camp-fire, music, revolve, recitation by Judge Colgan, apollo quartette, speeches by Ora Pearson, O. W. Williams, Fred Leonard and S. L. Morrison.

Illness of Mrs. Senator Logan.

NATIONAL ASSOCIATED PRESS. CHICAGO, June 16.—Mrs. Senator Logan is dangerously ill at her home in this city. Physicians fear a recurrence of malady from which she lately suffered while in Washington.

ALAS, POOR JEFF!

The Rebel Chief Roughly Handled, As of Yore, by General U. S. Grant.

An Invalid and Coward, and a Conscientious Liar of Seventy Years' Standing.

Sherman's Conduct at Columbia Emphatically Endorsed.

The Rebel Debt at York, Pa.

National Associated Press.

PITTSBURGH, June 16.—The Times to-morrow will contain a lengthy interview with Gen. Grant, who stopped here to-night on his way to New York.

"Are you going to take part in the fight raging at Albany?" asked the reporter.

"I have business there and am going to attend to it. I am out of politics, such as a citizen who exercises his right to vote and think as he pleases."

"To change the subject, what do you think of Jeff Davis?"

"I have only seen extracts of it in the papers. I was highly amused, (and the general laughed at the thought of it) by his description of how he was going to escape by throwing the man off his horse and the rest of it. The idea of Jeff Davis doing anything of that kind is absurd. A man 70 years of age, for years an invalid, a coward—for Jeff Davis was a mortal coward, although he had great moral courage."

"What do you think of the attack he made on you?"

"I did not see that. I saw his attack on Sherman and Sherman's reply about the burning of Columbia. When Sherman said he had burned it, the world would have known of it at once, as he would have told that he did it and never attempted a denial. I endorse all that Sherman said and I think he might have gone further. I would have said while the Union forces did not burn Columbia they had a perfect right to do so, that a precedent has been established by the rebels, Columbia was the capital of a rebel state and a state which had led in the rebellion. It was fortified and could only be taken by assault. On the other hand, as soon as the rebels got above Mason and Dixon's line they started to burn. When they went north for a few days, just across the border to a town with several hundred thousand people, as during the war, and had no one but women, children and non-combatants, they sacked and burned the town. Then they pushed on to York, Pa., another town without troops or defenses and with only women, children and non-combatants in it, they demanded a sum of money, several hundred thousand, I don't know the exact sum, or the town must be sacked and burned. The money was scraped together and the town saved, and the town is paying the interest on the bonds to-day and are still carrying that debt made by the rebels. What other precedent was necessary for burning a rebel town? But Sherman did not burn Columbia. The rebels fired it before we got there, and it was the Union forces that saved the place from total destruction. That's what I would have said if I had been Sherman, but of course no two men think of the same point in making an answer, unless they consult about it. What attack does he make on me?"

"In one place he refers to the difference in the loss, both of men and money, in your advance and that of McClellan's on Richmond, and makes a comparison in the latter's favor."

"I captured Lee's army," was the dry answer, characteristic of the man who was being interviewed. He continued, "I think the book will do good."

"In what way?"

"It will not affect any union men and have the effect of driving some of Davis' old associates to the right side."

The general next tackled, voluntarily, the half-breed press, and very vigorously expressed his opinion of their conduct of him for expressing his opinion freely, and he wanted it understood that he will be the standard of stalwarts in the present issue and claims an American citizen's right to express his mind freely.

Important Boiler Test.

NATIONAL ASSOCIATED PRESS. PITTSBURGH, June 16.—The first known successful experimental boiler explosion took place near this city to-day under the direction Mr. D. T. Lawson, of Wilsonville, Ohio, illustrating what causes boiler explosions and indicating how to prevent such occurrences. The theory that a boiler well filled with water could not explode was completely overthrown.

The boiler under test was three-fourths filled. Mr. Lawson claims that explosions are caused by superheated water bursting into steam by the removal of pressure from its surface, or by suddenly filling a cylinder, or by condensation of steam from over its surface. This theory was substantiated by to-day's experiment. The pressure of steam before the boiler burst was 380; the tensile strength of the boiler was 624. When this pressure was reached the valve was lifted, the cylinder filled with steam, and the boiler was blown to atoms.

Alarming Discoveries.

NATIONAL ASSOCIATED PRESS. BERLIN, June 16.—Further alarming and sensational news has arrived from St. Petersburg this morning. Its purport is that the spirit of disloyalty and conspiracy, already too noticeable among the officers of the navy, is still spreading and that the entire navy is permeated with it. On the

orders of the chief of the secret police at St. Petersburg a descent was made upon the Imperial guard's ship, lying off Peterhoff, one of the imperial residences 16 miles from St. Petersburg on the Gulf of Finland. Many of the officers and crew of the vessel were arrested and conveyed to St. Petersburg. Search of the officer's quarters and of the forecastle resulted in the discovery of a quantity of nihilistic documents, pamphlets, letters and other incriminating papers. Immediately after this discovery and the arrest of the officers and men the entire crew of the vessel was changed and the new officers and men were sent abroad. The czar, with his wife and family, intend to sojourn at Peterhoff, in a few days, and it is deemed absolutely necessary to guard them against all danger.

The Tall Pine Feast.

NATIONAL ASSOCIATED PRESS. CHICAGO, June 16.—The banquet of the Sons of Maine to-night at the Palmer house, was one of the grandest affairs of the kind ever held in this city. An informal reception was held at seven o'clock, and at eight o'clock nearly 300 guests sat down to the grand dinner. Judge Drummond, president of the association, presided. Among the invited guests were the following: Ex-United States Vice-President Hannibal Hamlin and wife, of Portland; B. Bradbury, of Portland; ex-Governor Alonzo Garelon and wife, of Lewiston; Ira T. Drew and wife, of Alfred; Charles A. Boutelle and wife, of The Bangor Whig and Courier; Geo. T. Emery, of The Boston Post; H. W. Paine, of Boston; Cyrus Woodman, of Cambridge, Mass.; E. B. Haskell, of The Boston Herald, Charles McLaughlin, of Portland; O. D. Baker, of Augusta; Gen. S. G. Andrews, of Portland; C. F. Libby and wife, of Portland; and J. D. Washburn, of Worcester, Mass.

Letters of regret were read from President Garfield, from the Maine United States senators, the Illinois senators, and all the members of the cabinet.

The Chief Sweep.

NATIONAL ASSOCIATED PRESS. NEW YORK, June 16.—The bureau of street cleaning passed into the control of James Coleman, the new commissioner, this morning. He assumed formal charge and guarantees all principal thoroughfares to be thoroughly cleaned three times a day and within a week all streets will be clean.

The Devil Fish.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 16.—A p. m. An Italian fisherman was seized by an octopus while fishing off Farralones and but for the prompt assistance of his companions, who cut off the tentacles, would have been dragged overboard. The monster measures twelve feet.

Chicago Notes.

NATIONAL ASSOCIATED PRESS. CHICAGO, June 16.—The jury in the case of Mrs. Lucy A. Elkins, the wife of a well-known artist who painted "Mount Shasta" and other celebrated paintings, against a saloon-keeper, who sold her husband liquor, disagreed this morning and were discharged. The suit was for \$25,000 damages.

It is rumored that the police have secured the murderer of Officer Mahoney, who was killed by a burglar Sunday night, but the facts in the case are kept very quiet.

Real Estate Transfers.

The following transfers were recorded yesterday at the county clerk's office, as reported for this paper by John L. McCague, real estate agent and conveyancer:

Geo. F. Lehmer and wife to David Cooke, lots 1, 4 and 9 in block 9, Kuntz & Ruth's addition. W. D., \$4,900.

Clarence G. Mitchell to Julius Schroeder, east 1/2 of south east 1/4, section 7, town 14, range 12 east. Deed \$1,125.

Byron and Lewis S. Reed and wives to Charles C. Housel, part of lots 8 and 9 in block 2494, Omaha. W. D., \$500.

Fred B. Lowe to Charles P. Needham lot 11 in block 4, Park place add. W. D., \$275.

J. J. Garber to Moses F. Shinn lot 2 in block "G," Shinn's 2d add. W. D., \$200.

Fred B. Lowe to Wm. P. Hennessey lot 10 in block 4, Park place add. W. D., \$400.

Geo. Barhyte and wife to Jno. D. and E. W. Mortimer, south 44 feet, lot 4 in block 17, Omaha. W. D., \$1,400.

John Tchoudesch to Frank Kaspar, No. 1, lot 10, block 9, Kuntz's 3d addition. W. D., \$600.

Wm. Pitt Kellogg and wife to Robert H. Clarkson, lots 5, 6 and 7, in block 3, Capitol Hill addition, W. D., \$1,650.

Wm. Pitt Kellogg to Patrick M. Mullen, lot 3 in block 4, Capitol Hill addition, W. D., \$700.

Undoubtedly the best shirt in the United States is manufactured at the Omaha Shirt Factory. The superiority of material and workmanship, combined with their great improvements, that is reinforced fronts, reinforced necks, and reinforced sleeves, makes their shirt the most durable and best fitting garment of the kind, ever manufactured at the moderate price of \$1.50. Every shirt of our make is guaranteed first-class and will refund the money if found necessary.

We make a specialty of all wool, Shaker, and Canton flannel, also chemise underwear, made up with a view to comfort, warmth and durability. To invalids and weak-lunged persons we offer special inducements in the manner these goods are made or their protection.

PH. GOTTFREY, 1807 Farnham St.

A PARAMOUR'S PILL.

A Party by the Name of Johnson Relieved of Barth's Cares by Arsenic.

While the Weeping Widow Was Shorn of Her Weeds 'Ere the Grave Closed.

But the Coroner's Jury Sutton the Pair and Jailed the Chief Conspirator.

Further Developments Looked for in the Swede By-and-By.

Special Dispatch to This Day.

SUTTON, Neb., June 16.—A coroner's jury has just brought in a verdict of killing by poisoning, charging A. M. Anderson with the same. The murdered man's name is Johnson, and the evidence tends to show that before and after death there was improper relations between Anderson and Johnson's young wife, who has been living with Anderson (who is a widower) since the death of her husband. The analysis was conducted in Dr. M. Clark's laboratory by himself and Drs. Kendall and Cann, developing large quantities of arsenic present in the stomach. The parties have had reputations. Rumor has it that there occurred a similar case of poisoning in the same neighborhood some five years ago, and the body is to be exhumed and an inquest held, from which rich developments are looked for.

SPORTING RECORD.

HIGH FLYERS.

NATIONAL ASSOCIATED PRESS. CHICAGO, June 16.—A large number of thoroughbred horses arrived at the driving park this morning to take part in the running races which open here next week. Most of them come from St. Louis, where a meeting has just closed. Among the flyers are Boulevard, Billy Ward, Oak Grove, Rose, Boatman, Lady Alice, Jack of Spades, Dinger, Gen. Rowth, Matagorda, Brooklyn, Belle of the Highlands, John Davis, Minnie Lewis, Bagdad, Callao, Haverly, Patti, Gabriel, Lucy May and Mary Anderson.

FOXHALL FALLS BACK. LONDON, June 16.—In the races for the Ascot gold cup to-day, betting at the start was two to one on Robert, the Devil, and three to one against Exeter, who came to the front first at the start in passing the stand, and was followed by Foxhall. No change occurred in the positions of the horses until entering the old course, when all the runners closed up, and upon entering the straight course Foxhall and Zealot give way. Retrospect taking second place. Robert the Devil then came with a rush and won, with hands down, nearly six lengths. Time of race was four minutes and twelve seconds. A heavy rain storm prevailed at times which somewhat interfered with the race.

CONEY ISLAND RACES.

NEW YORK, June 16.—Second day's spring meeting of the Coney Island Jockey Club. Weather fine, attendance large, track in splendid condition. First race, all ages, 1 mile, was won by Thera, Victim second, Charley Ross third; time 1:16.

Second race, Foam stakes for 2-year-olds, five furlongs, was won by Gerald, Momento second; time 1:02 1/2.

Third race, mile heats, all ages, was won by Glenmore, taking second and third heats, Dan Sparling taking first. Ogden was second in the first heat; Ferrida second and Dan Sparling third; time 1:42, 1:42, 1:40 1/2.

THE YACHT CLUB REGATTA.

A more beautiful sight was seldom witnessed than that presented to-day, when eighteen crack yachts of the New York Yacht club crossed the line and started on the annual regatta to Sandy Hook lights and return. The bay was dotted with all kinds of vessels. The weather was clear and an eight-knot breeze left nothing to be desired. Seven prizes, five of the value of \$250 each, were offered by the club and two Bennett challenge cups, one for schooner, and one for cutter. After the yachts got well away the schooner "Southern Cross" took the lead, with "Hildegards" leading the sloops. As the yachts passed Sandy Hook the fleet was all well up together, with "Clytia" leading the schooners and "Hildegards" leading the sloops. On the Sandy Hook the wind veered to the west and southwest, giving them an almost free run to the lights.

BASE BALL.

TROY, June 16.—Troy, 3; Cleve-lands, 1.

PROVIDENCE, June 16.—Chicago, 5; Providence, 3.

WORCESTER, June 16.—Worcesters, 15; Buffalo, 4.

NEW YORK, June 16.—Metropolitans, 9; New York, 6.

WYOMING PARK MEETING.

BOSTON, June 16.—Fine weather and track and large attendance characterized the third day's races at Mystic park. The 2:29 class was won by Bulina in three straight heats, Eve second, Tommy Norwood third; time, 2:30, 2:27, 2:28.

In the 2:28 class it took six heats to decide, and was won by Wizz, who took the second, fifth and sixth heats, Steve Maxwell taking first, and Jersey Boy third and fourth; time, 2:23, 2:24, 2:24, 2:25, 2:20 1/2.

Boats the Record.

NEW YORK, June 16.—W. H. Vanderbilt has just driven his team, con-

sisting of "Small Hope" and "Lysander" on the gentlemen's driving park, and made the half mile on the track in 1:51 minutes; the fastest time on record.

WASHINGTON NOTES.

National Associated Press.

THE JEANNETTE SEARCH. WASHINGTON, June 16.—The departure of the Jeannette search-steamer Rogers, from San Francisco, was delayed by the sickness of Master W. F. Halsey, whose place will be filled by Master C. E. Putnam, now on the revenue steamer Francis Hason. The Rogers will sail as soon as Putnam reports.

The president to-day commissioned T. W. Sparring, register of the land office at Vancouver, Washington territory, and Henry Cox, pension agent at San Francisco.

"BY REQUEST."

Commissioner Bentley, of the pension bureau, tendered his resignation for the position four years, and no cause is assigned except to better the service. The president will probably appoint Marshall Dudley, of Indiana, to the vacancy. He has decided to give the commissioner of the land office to Noah H. MacFarland, of Topeka, Kansas.

GEN. LONGSTREET

arrived from Turkey to-day and paid his respects to the president. He will remain here only a short time, entering upon his duties as marshal of Georgia, July 1st. In reference to the statement that he is to build up the republican party on the Alabama plan, Gen. Longstreet said he knew nothing of it. He would certainly do anything he could for the party in Georgia, but did not think there was any brilliant prospect for it.

WORK OF DECAPITATING

still continues on the senate side of the capitol. Sergeant-at-arms Bright has dismissed Charles S. Draper, who for the last eighteen years has been an employe of the senate. Bright also dismissed H. H. Williams, a colored messenger, who was put in by Conkling.

FINDINGS.

Special to the Chicago Tribune.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 14.—The committee which has been investigating affairs in the Treasury department made a preliminary report to Mr. Windom late this afternoon. The report contains in detail the charges which, in substance, have already been published. It finds that there has been great mismanagement in the administration of the contingent fund. A great many details are cited to show this. It appears that goods were bought without advertisement in a great many instances where there should have been advertisements and where there recently had been; that they were bought of persons who have come to be called "favored contractors" of the department, and were purchased at very much higher prices than market rates; that the goods obtained of these contractors' carpets, for instance—have not been delivered in accordance with sample; that favored contractors have secured their contracts by samples which were of excellent quality, while the goods delivered were far below the samples. There have been, besides, purchases of articles which were not warranted, and which were charged under fictitious titles. One instance of this sort is the purchase of a large amount of

LEMONS AND SUGAR POLYMONO.

for the use of the higher officials of the department, and at least one bunch charged as candies, when no candies were purchased. Another is the payment of \$600 under the pretence that it was for file-holders, while the file-holders were never delivered to the department. It was rumored that this money was spent for political printing prior to the Chicago convention, but it is not ascertained whether this charge has been maintained. It appears, also, that a large amount of waste paper, to the extent of \$2,000, has been sold, and the money was not entered in the general account. The money was, however,

FOUND BY ITSELF IN A SAFE,

and there is no claim that it was misappropriated. The report is also understood to show that Pitney, the superintendent, declined to answer under oath some of the questions put to him. It is reported that the person to whom the \$600 was said nominally for the file-holders, but who never furnished any file-holders, and who was supposed to have expended the money for political printing, paid back into Treasury to-day the entire sum, thus practically acknowledging that the charge for the file-holders was wrongly made.

AT THE MEETING OF THE COMMITTEE charged with the duty of giving out the carpet contracts it is reported to have occurred: One of the bidders was the head of the New York carpet house of W. A. J. Sloan. He said that he wanted to see the government properly served in this contract. He became indignant and denied that there had been fraud in the carpeting of the public buildings. He knew that contracts had been made for one kind of carpet, but the government had been served with a different and inferior article. The committee, on making back into Treasury to-day the entire sum, said, but it is understood that the report intimates that it is charged that the government in the matter of carpets has not always got what it contracted for. The committee have reported to the secretary recommending that the contracts be awarded to W. B. Moses and C. W. Hayes, both of Washington. The estimates aggregate about 15,000 yards. The bids of these firms were \$1.19 per yard.

Small-Pox on Ship Board.

National Associated Press.

NEW YORK, June 16.—The steamship Wisconsin, now in from Liverpool, had twelve cases of small-pox among her immigrants during the passage. They were put in the hospital at quarantine. The freeman died of the disease shortly after leaving Liverpool.

DASTARDLY DEMONS.

Attempt to Wreck The Lightning Express on the Chicago & Alton Road.

Seventy Cow-Boys Raiding Mexico to Avenge Their Comrades' Death.

Lynch Law Ends the Life of a Murderous Mexican.

Crime and Casualty.

National Associated Press.

SANTA FE, N. M., June 16.—Particulars of the lynching at Taos reached here this morning. Lem Gallagher, in attempting to prevent Juan Monterea from beating the aged mother of the latter, was assaulted by Monterea and died of his injuries in a few hours. Monterea was jailed, but public opinion was so much against him on account of the barbarous treatment of his mother and the unprovoked assault on Gallagher, he was taken from jail by a large body of men and hanged to the railing of the courthouse.