

FOR PRESIDENT: JAMES A. GARFIELD, of Ohio.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT: CHESTER A. ARTHUR, of New York.

FOR SENATOR: GEORGE W. COLLINGS, of Kansas County.

FOR SENATOR: JAMES LAIRD, of Adams County.

FOR SENATOR: JOHN N. THURSTON, of Iowa County.

REPUBLICAN STATE TICKET.

FOR MEMBERS OF CONGRESS: EDWARD A. VALENTINE, of Omaha.

FOR MEMBERS OF CONGRESS: THOMAS J. MAJORS, of Omaha.

FOR GOVERNOR: ALVINUS NANCE, of Nebraska.

FOR GOVERNOR: E. C. CARNS, of Nebraska.

FOR SECRETARY OF STATE: S. J. ALEXANDER, of Nebraska.

FOR AUDITOR: JOHN WALKER, of Nebraska.

FOR TREASURER: G. M. BARTLETT, of Nebraska.

FOR ATTORNEY GENERAL: C. J. DILLWORTH, of Nebraska.

FOR COMMISSIONER OF PUBLIC LANDS AND MINES: A. G. KENDALL, of Nebraska.

FOR SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION: W. W. JONES, of Nebraska.

DISTRICT TICKET.

FOR ATTORNEY AT LAW: N. J. HURNHAM, of Nebraska.

GENERAL GRANT speaks as he shot to the point.

How does Dr. Miller like the Democratic nominations.

A reward of \$5000 is offered for the forger of the Garfield-Morey letter.

Democratic desperation is searching for another "roorback."

Possibly the Union Pacific bull-dozers do not know that there is a stringent national law governing elections that make it a criminal offense for any to intimidate voters by threats of any sort.

Why, of all other men, was Mr. Locke selected for the state senate at this time?

The general Episcopal convention protests against church support, grab-bags and fairs.

All the business men of Omaha, irrespective of party, are impressed to raise money and join the brass-collar brigade in support of the U. P. legislative ticket.

The Republicans wish it to be understood once more, that on questions of great interest it rises above party and speaks "not as a party organ, but as a public journal."

The mere fact of capital being aggregated is not a presumption against it.

It is hereafter failed to clearly define, but in this instance at least, it admits that championing the railroads at the expense of the rest of the state and hounding the old and worn out of communists and factionists against all its opponents, is the one great and surpassing peculiarity, which raises it from the lines of party and places it in the ranks of great "public journals."

Independent on questions relating to the public good.

The facts, that its stock is owned in railroad headquarters, that its editorial are dictated by monopoly managers, that its editor receives a portion of his pay directly from the paymaster of the Union Pacific railroad, have operated strongly against any suspicion of the Republican's impartiality on any matter connected with the public good.

At this late day the organ of Jay Gould will not succeed in pulling the wool over the eyes of the people of Nebraska.

The pro-slavery of this state know very well what hands are pulling the strings and making the puppets dance the tune of "for the public good."

They refuse to join their voices to the piping strain of the Omaha organ in chanting the praises of monopoly rule and monopoly magnanimity. They have struggled too hard against poverty to fill the pockets of railroad managers, to increase their corruption fund and say dividends on watered stock, now to unite with the Omaha Republican in showing blessings upon the head of their head masters.

The Republicans may continue to profess devotion to disinterested solicitude for the state's welfare, but the people of Nebraska will still regard it as they have always regarded it, a hired sheet of an extortionate monopoly, making its hypocrisy behind the republican party.

COURT HOUSE BONDS.

On Tuesday next, our citizens will be called upon to decide the question of a new court house for Douglas county. The proposition to be voted on is whether or not the county shall issue \$125,000 six per cent twenty-year bonds with which to build a new court house, the cost of which shall not exceed \$150,000, and which shall be completed on or before January 1st, 1882.

When a former proposition was under discussion The Bee gave at length its reasons for earnestly favoring this move. It believes now as it then did, that a new court house is a folly, a need but also a necessity. The present structure is a shame and a disgrace to the residents of this county, and a standing memorial to the almost criminal negligence of its tax-payers.

Within its rickety walls, the walls of which are cracking in every direction, are stored thousands of valuable records, the loss of which would inflict the greatest inconvenience if not absolute loss on every property owner and taxpayer of the county.

The vault in the office of the county clerk, although filled to overflowing, holds but one-half of the records of property transfers and incumbrances. The treasurer's office is entirely without vault protection, and the wooden shelves and desks in the room are filled to overflowing with the volumes of tax receipts and records, which, if destroyed, would entail a pecuniary loss ten times sufficient to erect a new and safer building.

The office of the clerk of the district court, where all the judgments and court records are stored, is in an equally bad condition. In short there is not a public office in the old shell, which now does duty as a court house, which is not a standing menace to the interests of Omaha tax-payers.

The people of Douglas county wait until both the old rocky and its records are destroyed by fire before they take up to their neglect? Will they lock the door after the horse has been shot? Or will they at an inconsiderable expense in taxation erect a building which will be at once a protection to their own interests and an ornament to the county?

There is no easier form of argument than to mistake an opponent's position and then knock it down. The Omaha Republican defies a monopoly according to The Bee, as "all co-operative enterprises, industries and investments that tend to build up, develop and improve the state beyond what mere individual application can do."

It knows very well that such is not The Bee's definition of monopoly. If it understands the meaning of words it knows that a monopoly is an exclusive privilege, or a power or franchise which by its very nature is exclusive and prohibitory of competition or has since become so.

The mere fact of capital being aggregated is not a presumption against it. But the truth will remain that money is powerful, and aggregated capital has the advantage of greater sums in shaping or preventing legislation detrimental to its own interests and opposed to the public welfare.

Enterprises which build up the country and develop its resources are, and have always been welcomed by the people of Nebraska, and charges and prices outrageously high have been borne because the people have wished to foster young and growing enterprises and industries.

But endurance ceases to be a virtue when such corporations, enterprises and industries have become self-supporting, and take advantage of their position and the tendency, not only to maintain their position, but to prevent competition and hinder the development of other equally important enterprises. It becomes unbearable when such aggregated capital attempts to shrink its burdens of state and local taxation, and by power of wealth and influence boasting and openly thwart the will of the people, which has brought them into corporate existence.

The republicans find it difficult to awaken such enthusiasm in Nebraska this year. Their meetings throughout the state are not well attended. Light-Gov. Carns and Church Howe were at Aurora, Hamilton county, last week, and though an urgent invitation was sent to all Garfield clubs to attend, and every possible effort was made to get up a big demonstration, there were only forty torches in the procession—and many of them were carried by boys.

At Central City, where Mr. Howe had been advertised to speak for a month in advance, an attempt was made to get up an audience, but the attempt was a failure. Men with drums and files paraded the streets until nine o'clock, but no one cared to attend the meeting, and no speeches were made.

The same things are happening all over the state.—[Nemaha Granger.] As long as such political prostitutes and jobbers as Howe and Carns are permitted to represent the party, nothing better can be expected. The sturdy republican farmers of Nebraska will not honor such rogues by their presence. That does not signify, however, that the republican party is weakening in Nebraska, or that democracy is in the ascendant.

After Wm. J.'s return the Republican will bring the subject of substituting a new man on the county ticket.

Bernhardt brings one of her "petite accidents" with her. He is 14 years old.

KEEP IT BEFORE THE PEOPLE.

And Let Them Ponder Over It.

Valentine's Back Pay Steal Ventilated by the Records.

How He Lobbed a Bogus Claim for \$1875 Through the Legislature Under False Pretenses.

Five years ago this summer E. K. Valentine who had been removed by U. S. Grant from the West Point land office for crookedness, packed the republican convention of the sixth judicial district and secured for himself the nomination of district judge. Valentine was a mere shyster, having no better standing at the bar than the redoubtable quack Mummy had among the members of the medical profession.

When the returns were canvassed by the state officers who constitute the state board of canvassers, the board awarded the certificate of election to Thomas L. Griffey, the democratic candidate. Valentine procured a batch of affidavits to show that there had been some irregularity in the count. He then secured the services of John C. Cowin, who agreed and stipulated in advance that he would prosecute his claims before the courts without charge.

The case was brought to trial before the supreme court in November 1876, and the court rendered the somewhat extraordinary decision that E. K. Valentine had been elected judge of the sixth judicial district by a majority of two votes and a half. Valentine soon hereafter took his seat on the bench and drew his pay regularly from the state treasury at the rate of \$2563 a year during the entire time he served as judge.

In the summer of 1878, E. K. Valentine was foisted on the people of Nebraska by the political managers of Jay Gould for their representative in congress. Within sixty days after his election to congress Valentine put in an appearance at Lincoln as a lobbyist before the legislature, and by bringing all his pressure to bear upon the public members who had axes to grind, and roping in the democratic friends of Griffey, Valentine succeeded in pulling through the following bill:

AN ACT. For the relief of Thomas L. Griffey and E. K. Valentine.

WHEREAS, Thomas L. Griffey was by the state board of canvassers declared judge of the Sixth judicial district; and they having issued to him a certificate of election to said office, he entered upon the discharge of the duties of said office from the 6th day of January until the 23rd day of November, 1876, at which time he was removed from said office by reason of a decision of the supreme court, declaring E. K. Valentine duly elected to said office;

WHEREAS, the said E. K. Valentine, by reason of said decision, is entitled to the emoluments of said office during all said time, and the said Griffey having drawn the salary of said office for the same period of time, and the said Griffey having performed the duties of said office from October 1st until November 23rd, 1876, under said certificate of election, without pay; therefore,

SECTION 1. That the sum of three hundred and sixty-three dollars be and the same is appropriated out of the state general fund for the payment of said claim to the said Thomas L. Griffey.

SEC. 2. That the sum of one thousand eight hundred and seventy-five dollars be and the same is appropriated out of the state general fund for the payment of said claim to the said E. K. Valentine.

SEC. 3. That the auditor of public accounts is hereby authorized and directed to draw his warrants for said amounts upon the state treasurer, and the said Thomas L. Griffey and E. K. Valentine respectively.

Approved February 24th, A. D. 1879.

This infamous steal was put through the legislature by Valentine under the pretense that he needed the \$1875 to pay attorney's fees and expenses incurred in securing his title to a master of the bench; whereas, as a matter of fact, Valentine did not pay a single dime to his attorney, John C. Cowin, and never even tendered him his expenses for hotel bill and fare to Lincoln.

Now, what do the tax-payers of Nebraska think of this salary grabber. Will they endorse this man Valentine who has drawn \$1875 from the state treasury for services which were rendered by Judge Griffey and for which Griffey had drawn pay. Can any honorable man vote for Valentine after such an exhibit of his dishonesty.

The Rights of Passengers. Minnesota Supreme Court in a recent decision. Railroad companies carrying passengers are required to have safe and convenient platforms or landing places for the convenience of passengers, and to stop long enough to give the passengers time to leave the train in safety. This rule does not require them to wait an unusual time to enable sick or disabled persons to get off, unless they have notice or knowledge of the condition of such persons; but, if there is such a passenger and his condition is known to them, they are required to stop long enough to enable such person to safely reach the platform or landing place. When the car stops at a passenger's destination it is his duty to leave the car without delay, and the company must give a reasonable time to enable him to do so with safety. The exact length of time to be allowed depends on circumstances. A longer time would be required to alight when there are many passengers than when there are few; it is longer when the landing place is dimly lighted, than when there is full light; at a difficult place to alight than when it is easy; and when a passenger carries not merely his baggage, but also a trunk, chest, or other articles, than when he carries only baggage.

Gen. Grant certainly holds up well for a man of his years. He listened to a two hours' sermon in New York last Sunday.

Rubinstein has written another symphony. People in the country will be glad to know that Rubinstein lives in Germany.

Dr. Tanner refused to lecture to an audience of three persons in New York last night. He said he drew the line at seven. He must have a quorum.

Joe Emmet has written a card in

THE BONDED BOON.

Grand Island's Railroad Shops Rapidly Approaching Completion.

Substantial Stores and Dwellings Going Up in Every Direction.

Doniphan and its Denizens.

Correspondence of The Bee. GRAND ISLAND, Neb., October 25.—Of all the towns I have visited for many days none have been more favored this year than Grand Island.

The northern part of the state has been blessed with an excellent crop of both wheat and corn this year, and a very large section of country is tributary to Grand Island. Most of the Loup country delivers grain at Grand Island and purchases household goods and provisions there.

The Union Pacific railway company is erecting extensive shops at this place, and has a great many workmen quartered in the city at the present time. When the shops are completed, which is expected by the first of January, fifteen hundred mechanics and their families will be added to the population of the place. This will swell the number of thirty-two mercantile houses and place Grand Island in a position second to none in the state as a local market for butter, meat, and farm and garden produce.

During the past year the population has been increased six hundred, one hundred dwellings have been erected, and a half dozen substantial business structures added; and yet it is almost impossible to find a place to rent, the hotels are crowded, and very few places offered for sale at ordinary figures.

For the accommodation of its three thousand inhabitants Grand Island is supplied with twenty-two school houses, seven churches, two school buildings, and a large hall for public gatherings, which is owned by the Leidekrauz society.

George Boehm has probably added as much improvement to his property as any in the place. He has built new grocery buildings of the value of \$5,000, and will yet add a new boiler and wash house.

It is well known to the people of the state, that Grand Island people talk about this being the capital city some day, but they never speak of it before with so much confidence as now, and it is even mentioned as a political fact by the candidates for some even go so far as to point out the new capital grounds.

The B. & M. railroad from Aurora is expected to have its route in the fall will allow the voting of "more bonds."

A just reprobation is felt among the people against the operation of the same route, which would amount to giving to several hundred thousand dollars of property located in the city, would not be subject to local assessment, but yield a distributed revenue.

It is currently talked here that for policy sake the U. P. will not oppose the repeal of the present revenue law. But the fact is that the U. P. are saving themselves in so many candidates that the legislature without a purpose, and some sugar is in the wind-pipe.

It may be by the twin brothers to the runs of reduction of tolls for transportation, which was made upon passenger transport, while the freight tariff has been increasing steadily, and the U. P. are making more burdensome, and remains the same, or it is higher.

It has been remarked that the company was very careful to announce through their official organs in Omaha, that the reduction made was "done in accordance with its policy to place fares as low as possible, and to give for fear people might think otherwise and truthfully interpret it as being to divert attention from the idea of railroad regulation, which has been fast promulgating itself among the people as a necessity."

Politics occupy the attention of the people quite fully. Ex-Senator Ripston spoke to about three hundred people Saturday in Leidekrauz hall, and E. K. Valentine will speak from the same rostrum to a large audience in this representative district. The nominees of Sears, of Grand Island, republican, and R. O. Jordan, of Grand Island, democrat, will also speak from the same rostrum. Assurance is made doubly sure to the railroad in securing the two tickets men not unfavorable to them.

The year ago the link of railroad between this town and Hastings, twenty-five miles south, was built, and at the midway point, twelve miles south from this the infant town of DONIPHAN

has sprung into an existence. It is in the southern part of Hamilton county, and is surrounded by a very fine agricultural country, producing excellent crops of wheat and corn, besides an abundance of barley, rye, oats and clover. Those who have already located here are doing a prosperous business, and the town is attracting the attention of those who are looking up new locations.

Upon Bros., formerly of St. Joe, Mo., enjoy a good trade in general merchandise. They began with a stock of \$700, one year ago, and are now carrying a stock of \$2000.

W. H. McCulloch has the stock of general merchandise in the postoffice block, and is kept busy passing goods over the counter to his customers. Cole & Aldrege have put in a neat stock of groceries and will do prosperous trade.

J. W. Keen is the accommodating agent of the U. P. railroad at the place.

About two miles from town David Jameson has one of the finest farms in Nebraska. Mr. J. has two sections of land, a large portion of which is under cultivation. He believes in the old maxim, "anything worth doing is worth doing well;" and he is one of the most successful farmers of Nebraska. He is now rearing a barn, which will contain \$1,000 worth of lumber.

A lumber yard, elevator, hotel, livery, smithy and drug store, are all prospering in business.

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That Every REAL Singer Sewing Machine has this Trade Mark cast into the Iron Stand and embedded in the Arm of the Machine.

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OFFICERS AND DIRECTORS: Herman Knorr, President; Alexander Kuntze, Vice President; H. W. Tarr, Cashier; A. J. Foy, Attorney; John A. C. Brown, Attorney; F. H. Davis, Asst. Cashier.

This bank receives deposits without regard to amount. Issues certificates bearing interest. Draws drafts on San Francisco and principal cities of the United States, also London, Dublin, Edinburgh and the principal cities of the continent of Europe. Sole passage tickets for Emigrants in the manner usually may be had.

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WHOLESALE AND RETAIL. We carry the Largest and BEST SELECTED STOCK OF GOODS IN OMAHA Which We are Selling at

GUARANTEED PRICES!!

OUR MERCHANT TAILORING DEPARTMENT

Is in charge of Mr. THOMAS TALLON, whose well-established reputation has been fairly earned.