The Omaha Daily Bee.

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FOREIGN EVENTS.

Parnell Again Threatens Obstruction in Parliament.

The Powers Will be Obliged to Back Out And Tu key Win The Day.

Russia's Securities go up on Account of Her Resumption Policy.

A Russian Town of Seventy Houses Burned by Incendiaries.

Russia Orders Ten War Ships --America to Build Five of Them.

Tanner Set a Bad Example to a Frenchman.

TURKEY TO WIN THE DAY.

Special Dispatch to the Bee

LONDON, August 4—10 p. m.—A Berlin dispatch says that the ultimatum reported as being now in course of preparation by the signatory powers to the collective note of the Berlin conference, requests the porte to execute the Corti compromise, agreed upon at the Montenegrin convention, within three weeks, or otherwise surrender Dulcigno to the Montenegrins. Local comment here, however, upon this story is great and to the effect that the document mentioned can hardly be in the nature of an ultimatum, for the reason that if it is not acted upon by the sultan as is very unlikely, the four naval demonstrations in Turkish waters, so much talked about, would have to be made, unless the powers are content to trifle with the whole question. England has a possible renewal of the Afghanistan struggle on her hands. Mr. Gladstone is unable to take part in politics without a chance of his dying, which would bring on a ministerial crisis, and England is therefore, not likely to court fresh troubles. First, now the demonstration will not be made without her and hence it is agreed the powers are not likely to precipitate affairs by sending to the porte an ultimatum which they are not prepared to force, limited to a short space of three weeks Dulcigno is a seaport town in Albania, situated on the Adriatic about twelve miles from Scutari. The population is fully one half Turkish and too valuable to the sultan to be surrendered at discretion any more than the strongholds in Epirus and Thessaly. It is believed by well informed authorities that the whole business will result, as often before, in much talk and an indefinite postponement and that Oriental inertia will substantially win the day.

RUSSIA'S RESUMPTION.

Special Dispatch to The Bee.

LONDON, August 5.—1 a. m.—A Berlin dispatch states that there is considerable rise in that city in the price of Russian stock bank notes on account of the report that the Russian minister of finance will shortly withdraw from circulation 38,000,000 roubles (about $25,334,000) by means of silver loans. This is understood to be one of a series of efforts the imperial government has been making, from time to time for many years, to improve the financial condition of the country by withdrawing from circulation a part of its immense amount of floating paper which resulted from the unlimited paper issue system, dating back for nearly a century. According to official reports the total amount of bank notes in circulation on the 1st of January, 1876, was £113,044,783 since which time there have been other large issues, making the debt in September, 1879, about £162,000,000. By the establishment of the bank of Russia in 1879, the nominal value of Russian paper money was somewhat improved, but the prospect of resumption is still remote.

IRISH OBSTRUCTION.

Parnell will raise a discussion in the house of commons on the rejection of the Irish compensation bill by the house of lords The Irish members are much excited and threaten to obstruct business during the remainder of the session as a protest against the action of the house of lords.

FRENCH ELECTION.

Special Dispatch to The Bee.

PARIS, August 5—1 a. m.—In the elections for members of the councils-general, the republicans have elected 927 and the conservatives 374 members. Second ballots will be necessary in 129 cantons.

OBSCENE LITERATURE.

The French government has commenced a crusade against obscene publications.

Les Journal Debates endorses the Temps sentiment on the eastern question that France shall not go to war.

COMING TO TERMS.

Special Dispatch to THE BEE.

CONSTANTINOPLE, August 5, 1 a. m.—The porte guarantees a settlement of the Montenegrin question within three weeks.

RUSSIA'S JOB FOR AMERICA.

Special Dispatch to THE BEE.

ST. PETERSBURG, August 5—1 a. m.—Russia has decided to build ten new war clippers of which Mr. Barker has secured the contract for five which are to be constructed in America.

BIG INCENDIARISM.

A fire at Nijni Novogorod, destroyed seventy houses. The origin of the fire is attributed to incendiarism.

A FINE LEGISLATOR.

BERLIN, August 5, 1 a. m.—Herr Hosselman, a Socialist member of the Reichstag, has suddenly left for America leaving a number of debts unpaid.

A RHINE BRIDGE BURNED.

The bridge of the Rhine at Richenau, Switzerland, has been destroyed by fire.

GLADSTONE IMPROVES.

Special Dispatch to The Bee

LONDON, August 5—1 a. m.—Mr. Gladstone's condition continues to improve.

A FRENCH TANNER.

Special Dispatch to The Bee.

LYONS, August 5.—1 a. m.—A doctor of this city is immitating Dr. Tanner although at a respectful distance He commenced Monday to fast fifteen days If successful he wins one hundred louis, if he fails he forfeits one hundred francs for each of the fifteen days lacking to make up the whole number.

Razed Cities.

Special dispatch to The Bee.

NEW YORK, August 4.—A Lima letter says of the taking of Tacna by the Chilian troops: Only one street escaped sack, and this good fortune is owed to the circumstance that General Barquedaro had his head quarters in it. Hundreds of wounded and prisoners were slaughtered in cold blood. Not one wounded ally was found alive on the field the day succeeding the battle Women and girls of the tenderest age were violated and many killed. Farms in the vicinity and their inhabitants shared the common fate with the town.

Every day six, eight or ten murders are committed, while the bodies of the victims are allowed to remain unburied until their removal becomes a matter of necessity. Arica suffered even more than Tacna. All the houses are either totally or partially destroyed. Out of 1800 defenders only 600 survive. Those of the 1200 who did not fall in the fight were subsequently massacred in cold blood It is an authenticated fact that 49 soldiers who had thrown away their arms and taken refuge in the citadel, and were slaughtered in cold blood.

GLADSTONE CONVALESCING.

Special dispatch to THE BEE.

LONDON, August 4, 4 p. m.—The bulletin of Mr. Gladstone's condition this morning signed by Doctors Jenner and Clark, states that the premier passed a good night, resting quite as well as could be expected. The congestion has been relieved and the patient is at present free from fever. These indications and the care are a great relief to the whole country scarcely any other topic having been prominent for the last few days except Mr. Gladston's illness.

HENDRICKS' BOODLEDOMNESS.

Why Senator McDonald Was Not Nominated President.

Special Dispatch to The Bee.

NEW YORK, August 4—10 p. m.—Murat Halstead had a vigorous letter in The Herald this morning concerning democratic criticism of an interview with him, published a month ago, regarding his statements then concerning the interview between Hendricks and Senator McDonald. Halstead shows that the interview actually took place, but some weeks earlier than he had been informed. Halstead had said that a telegram was sent from Cincinnati by the Indiana delegation requesting Hendricks to withdraw. This Hendricks denied and Halstead now explains that the message was conveyed by special messenger. This messenger was an intimate personal friend of Hendricks, a distinguished railroad and business man, who went to Indianapolis and personally saw Hendricks, explaining the situation to him, saying that he could not be nominated, but if he withdrew in favor of McDonald the latter would certainly carry the convention. Hendricks politely made no reply. Halstead charges that Hendricks prevented McDonald's nomination, and says that English's nomination is a revenge on Hendricks because of the latter's refusal to go for the old ticket.

The third point noted by Halstead is that the door of English's private residence, instead of being iron, is wood, with iron lining, which he considered immaterial.

WHAT MCDONALD SAYS.

A reporter met Senator McDonald to-day at the Gilsey house and the following conversation ensued:

Reporter—I presume, sir, you have read Mr. Halstead's letter in to-day's Herald?

Senator McDonald—Yes, I have just finished reading it.

R—He makes some very explicit charges therein?

McDonald—Oh well, while the past is past, let it be.

R—Then there is some foundation for the charges?

McDonald—What particular charges do you refer to?

R—In the first place, in regard to your interview with Governor Hendricks before the convention.

McDonald—I do not care to recur to that point now; it can serve no useful or good purpose.

R—Your name was before the Indiana delegation for the nomination for vice president according to the letter?

McDonald—I was never a candidate for that office and would not accept it under any circumstances. That, I think, is a sufficient answer If I am to remain in public life, I prefer to be U. S. Senator, just where I am now. If any one intended to push my name forward it was without my consent, and, as I said, I could not be induced to accept if tendered.

R—You attended the convention as active supporter of Mr. Hendrick?

McDonald—Yes, and I stood by him from the beginning till there was no longer any hope.

R—What about the message alleged to have been sent to Mr Hendricks asking him to throw his influence for you and withdraw from the race?

McDonald—I cannot say anything about it.

R—It was charged that the defeat of Mr. Hendricks was due to the Tilden combination against him, in retaliation for his alleged plotting against Tilden.

McDonald—There were no Tilden men in Indiana. I maintain that we entered that convention like other states and took our chances and we are very well satisfied with the result.

R—Were you surprised at the nomination of English?

McDonald—I admit that I certainly was. It was an afterthought.

A Bishop's Welcome.

Special Dispatch to The Bee.

COLUMBUS, O., August 5.—1 a. m.—Right Rev. John A. Watterson of Emmettsburg Md., the newly elected bishop of this catholic diocese, arrived at 4 p. m. Catholic societies and parochial school children escorted him from the depot to the cathedral where a welcome address was delivered for the clergy by Father Gallagher and for the laity by John G. Gillmore. The parade was a brilliant spectacle. The consecration will take place Sunday with impressive ceremonies.

WASHINGTON.

U. S. Consuls Report Good Openings for America in Russia and West Indies.

Our Tars Abroad.

RUSSIA'S BAD GRAIN TRADE.

Special dispatch to The Bee.

WASHINGTON, August 4—10 p. m.—The consul general of the United States at St. Petersburg, in a recent dispatch to the department of state, presents a lamentable picture of the condition of the grain crops of Russia. Hail, drouth and insects have combined, he represents, to render the prospects for the present year far more discouraging than they have been for many years. The exportation on grain, during the first four months of the present year, was 15,000,000 bushels less than for the correspondng period last year.

PROSTITUTING RAILROADS.

Railways in Russia, he remarks, are constructed for the purpose of moving troops and not for the development of internal resources.

INCREASING TRADE.

The United States consul at Antiqua, West Indies, reports that a most gratifying increase of trade exists between the United States and Antiqua. The exports from Antiqua to this country, during the first six months of 1879, amounted to $170,533 41; for the corresponding period of the present year was $364,181 59, and the increase would have been greater had not some sugars remained on shore nearly ninety days awaiting transportation. The imports from the United States are increasing in a marked degree.

SPANISH OUTRAGES.

Rear Admiral Wyman called on the president this morning and had a talk about the recent trip of the "Tennessee" to Cuba. The admiral explains in detail the result of his investigation into the firing upon the American schooner Merritt by the Spanish gunboat "Correa." The statement made by the admiral to the president was, in substance, the same as has already been published. The president expressed himself assatisfied with the manner and promptness with which the mission of the "Tennessee" was performed. An additional affidavit was received at the department of state to-day from Captain Parsons, of the Baltimore schooner "George Washington." This affidavit contains the additional information asked for by Secretary Evarts. The case of the "George Washington" is now fully made up and will be presented to the Spanish government at an early day.

WASHINGTON NOTES.

The U. S. steamer "Resolute" will convey the U. S. commissioners to China on their way to Pekin.

Commander Sampson of the U. S. steamer "Swatara" reports the navy account of a visit paid to the king of Siam at Bangkok. The commander and thirteen officers were kindly received by the king, who said that he had not to inquire his intention of visiting the United States. Everything was done by way of compliment to our officers.

The king being obliged to go into the interior of his kingdom was unable to visit the steamer in person but sent the second king who did the honors by proxy. Visits were exchanged with the king's ministers and in all cases great deference and kindness exhibited.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

New York Money and Stock.

WALL ST., NEW YORK, August 4, 1:30 p.m.

MONEY—At 3½ per cent; exchange steady at $4 88@5 00.

GOVERNMENTS.

Firm.			
U S 6's of '81	104¾	New 4's	109½
U S 5's	102½	Currency 6's	125
U S 4½'s	111½		

STOCKS.

Active; declined ⅛ to 1, recovering ¼ to 1⅛.

W U T	107½	W, St L & P	41½
N Y C	135¼	W, St L & P pfd	71½
Erie	43	U. P.	9⅞
Erie pfd	72	C C & I C	117
Lake Shore	71⅞	Mich. Central	95¼
Rock Island	113½	Lackawanna & W	8⅞
Northwestern	77½	Fort Wayne	81½
Northwestern pfd	114½	N J Central	7⅞
Pacific Mail	41⅞	Morris & E	103½
Ohio	35	Reading	19
Ohio pfd	74	I. M.	55¼
St. Paul	88	St. P. and Omaha	46½
St. Paul pfd	118¾	St. P. and O. pfd	84½
St. Joe	3⅞	K & T	33⅞
St J pfd	7¼	I C	113½
L & N	119	N. & C.	67
Alton	115	N. P.	32
San Francisco	36	N. P. pfd	55½
Denv. & RioGrande	73	American Exp	47
Cen. P	76¼	Quicksilver pfd	49½
B. & Q	127½	C. C, C & I	72

Chicago Produce.

CHICAGO, August 4.

There was less activity in the markets and wheat, corn, mess pork, lard and short rib sides, were lower; No. 2. spring wheat declined 1@1½c and sales were at 88@88½c for new and 89½@90c for old in store; 88½@89½c for August; 85½@86⅞c for September; closing at 88c for new and 89½c for old in car lots; 88½c for August; 8 ⅞c for September; 85⅞c for October.

Corn—No. 2, at 35⅞@35⅞c for cash, August, Septemb r or October; closing at 35⅞c for cash; 35⅞@35⅞c for August, September or October.

Oats—Firmer; ⅛c higher; No. 2, closing at 24½c for cash; new 22⅞c for August or September; 23½@23¾ for October.

Rye—Firm and steady; No. 2, 66c for cash; 65½c for August, 63½@63⅞c for September.

Barley—Quiet; new No. 3 on track, 63c; new No. 2, for September, 75c.

Whisky—Steady at $1 09.

Mess Pork—Fell 40c per barrel and closed at $14 50@15 00 cash; $15 40@15 42½ for August; $15 42½@15 45 for September; $15 10 for October.

Lard—Dropped 12@15c per 100, closing at $7 20@7 22 for cash or August, $7 25@7 27½ for September; $7 23½@7 50 for October.

St. Louis Produce.

ST. LOUIS, August 4.

Flour—Unchanged.

Wheat—Opened lower but later advanced. No. 2 red, 90½@91½c for cash; 90½@90⅞@90½c for August; 89@89½@88½c for September; 89½@89@89½ for October; 88½@87⅞c for the year; No 3 do, 85⅞@86½c; No. 4 do, 83½@84c, according to location;

Corn—Lower at 34½c for cash; for August; 34⅞c@34½c for September, 34½@37c for October.

Oats—Lower at 22@21½c for cash; 21½c bid for August, 21½c bid for September.

Rye—Firmer at 61c bid.

Butter—Unchanged.

Eggs—Unchanged.

Whisky—Steady at $1 08.

Pork—Steady $15 25 for cash; $15 00 for October.

Dry Salt Meats—Unchanged.

Bacon—Firmer at $5 75@8 25@8 50;

Lard—Held at $7 25.

Receipts—Flour, 5,000 bbls; wheat, 94,000 bu; corn, 60,000 bu.; oats, 13,000 bu.; rye, 1,000.

Shipments—Flour, 10,000 bbls.; wheat, 14 000 bu.; corn, 17,000 bu.; oats, 20,000 bu; rye 1,000.

Chicago Live Stock.

CHICAGO, August 4.

Hogs — Good demand; light and heavy packing grades, a shade higher; sales at $4 60@4 75 for light packing and shipping; $4 50@5 00 for good to choice smooth shipping lots; receipts, 16,100 head

Cattle—Advices from eastern markets unfavorable; with a large number left over from yesterday and with only 1410 head shipped east and with liberal receipts to-day, caused buyers to hold off, and the prospect looks gloomy for sellers as very little was done up to 11 o'clock, only one sale of cows being made up to that hour, at $2 55; the fresh receipts were 5287.

St. Louis Live Stock.

ST. LOUIS, August 4.

Hogs—Active and higher; Yorkers and Baltimores, $4 60@4 70; packing, $4 60@4 85; butchers' to fancy, $4 85@5 00. Receipts, 6,200; shipments, 1,400.

New York Produce Market.

NEW YORK, August 4.

Flour—Dull, and without quotable change; receipts, 18,611 bbls; round hoop, Ohio, $5 10@5 75; choice do, $5 80@7 00; superfine western, $3 80@4 50; common to good extra do, $4 20@4 60; choice to good extra do, $4 70@4 77; choice white wheat, do, $4 50@5 00.

Wheat—Slightly in buyers' favor and quiet: No. 2 red, $1 08⅝@1 09 for August; do September, $1 09½; do October, $1 09⅞@1 10; No. 1, white, $1 02½ for September.

Corn—A firm trade and moderate; mixed western, 44@48c; do, future, 48½c.

Oats—Steady and quiet; western, 36½@45.

Beef—Dull and prices unchanged new plain mess, $9 50; newextra do, $10 00.

Pork—Dull and weak; new mess, $14 50.

Lard—Heavy and lower; steam rendered, $7 55.

Butter—Firm and quiet; Ohio 14@26c.

Milwaukee Produce Market.

MILWAUKEE, August 4.

Wheat—Steady; opened declined ½c and closed steady; hard, nominal; No. 1 Milwaukee, $1 02; August, 89½c; September, 86½c; No. 1, 70c.

Corn—Declined ⅝c, at 35½c.

Oats—Quiet at 23⅞c.

Rye—Quiet at 66c.

Barley—Higher at 72c.

THE WAR OF NATIONS.

A Bloody Row Impends in Indian Territory.

The Creeks and Cherokees at Dagger Ends.

Special Dispatch to The Bee

VINITA, I T., August 4—1 a. m.—On the 26 h two negro Creeks were hanged. The Creeks accused the Cherokees and vowed to kill the first of them they met. On Tuesday, thirteen negroes crossed on the Cherokee side for vengeance and Cobb and Cowan, two Cherokee boys, were encountered. Mr. Cowan was badly wounded and Mr. Cobb, after a determined fight, was killed.

The Cherokees are greatly incensed, and have demanded the thirteen negroes of the Creek chief, giving him until last night to surrender them. The Creeks are said to be willing to surrender the negroes, but it is thought that they will not be able to do so, the negroes being too strong for them It was difficult for chief Bushyhead and Adair to restrain the Cherokees from immediate vengeance and they will be unable to keep them off the Creek Territory longer than this morning. There are three hundred armed men now on the ground and more going. A fight is almost sure to take place to-day as the negroes are about two hundred strong, and well armed. A large number left here last night for the battle ground.

Drunkenness no Excuse for Crime

Special dispatch to The Bee.

NEW YORK, August 5,—1 a. m.—Police Justice Duffy, yesterday afternoon rendered his decision in the case of Lawrence R. Jerome Jr., Edward M. Patchell and Wm. McGibbon brokers, who were charged with feloniously appropriating $87,000 worth of securities which were lost in Wall street on July 8 h by a messenger boy of the firm of Brayton, Ives & Co. The examination room was crowded by bankers and brothers, prominent among whom was Leonard Jerome. Justice Duffy, after reciting the evidence in the case, the finding of the securities, by a telegraph boy who unwillingly delivered them to Jerome, thinking that he was the owner and the subsequent detention of the stocks by Jerome Patchell and McGibbon, although they were aware that Brayton Ives & Co., were the owners, said: "I deem it an injustice to public policy to hold that the finders or receivers of anything lost, can keep it until a liberal reward is offered. Honesty suggests a different course. If drunkenness were to be considered an excuse for crime, I would discharge Jerome, but the law holds that drunkenness is no excuse for an illegal act. The prisoners should at once have returned the securities to Brayton Ives & Co., and relieved that firm of distress and anxiety under which they suffered." He held the prisioner for action of the grand jury, and they were released on $2,000 bail. The decision excited considerable comment in financial circles.

Georgia Democrats.

Special Dispatch to The Bee.

ATLANTA, Ga., August 5.—1 a. m.—The democratic state convention assembled yesterday, Pat Welsh of the Augusta Chronicle and Constitution was made temporary chairman. The roll of counties was called and L V Trannet was made permanent chairman.

CLYDE, OHIO, August 4.—John Seitz, of Seneca county, has been nominated by the greenbackers for congress.

THE LATEST NEWS.

The Very Latest Telegrams, up to 4 a. m.

Chicago Intensely Interested in Gould's Puget Sound Project.

The Locomotive of a Passenger Train on the Wabash Ditched in Missouri.

Two Female Benders in Men's Clothes Murder a Neighbor's Wife.

Enthusiastic Receptions Given Gen. Garfield in the Pivotal State.

A Thin Story.

Special dispatch to The Bee.

CHICAGO, August 4, 4 p. m.—Great interest is felt here in the report that Jay Gould has designs on the Northern Pacific route across the continent, and that he has the Rocky mountains full of surveyors for the purpose of discovering the best route for a branch of the Union Pacific from Cheyenne to Puget sound. It is believed he is going to do this to head off the Northern Pacific road.

Accident on the Wabash Line.

Special Dispatch to The Bee.

CLARKS STATION, MO., August 4—4 p. m.—Owing to a misplaced switch, last night's train on the Wabash, St. Louis and Pacific, bound to St. Louis from Kansas, was thrown from the track. The engine and tender were overturned, causing the death of the fireman. The engineer and his brother were dangerously scalded. The two unfortunate men were put upon the west bound train and crrried back to Moberly, where they were placed under medical treatment. No others were injured.

Midnight Murdresses.

Special Dispatch to The Bee.

CINCINNATI, O., August 4.—A special from Poplar Bluffs, Mo., says that Mrs. Kelly, wife of a prominent citizen of Wayne county, was killed by two persons who entered her room at midnight during her husband's absence. The murderers proved to be two women of the neighborhood dressed in men's clothing.

Texan Triggers.

Special dispatch to THE BEE.

SAN ANTONIO, TEX., August 4, 4 p. m.—A sheriff and posse pursued three desperadoes of Massrick county, when they were ambushed and one of their number named Megillic and a Mexicon desperado named Giderowoc were killed. One of the gang was captured while crossing the Rio Grande on a log.

Suicide.

Special dispatch to The Bee.

COLUMBUS, O., August 4, 4 p. m.—R. N. Richardson, a pump maker at Worthington, a village nine miles distant, hung himself in his stable this morning with the iron chain of his wagon. He was about fifty years of age and leaves a wife and daughter. The suicide was a great church man and a leading Mason. Motive not yet known.

Killed by a Beer Keg.

Special Dispatch to The Bee.

CHICAGO, August 4—4 p. m.—Yesterday afternoon an unknown stranger was ejected from the saloon of John Sullivan on South Canal street. While prostrate upon the sidewalk Mrs. Sullivan raised an empty beer keg and struck him a crushing blow upon the chest, afterwards brutally kicking him. The man was taken to the station where he died during the night. The Sullivans are under arrest.

The Chieftain's March.

Special Dispatch to THE BEE.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., August 4.—Gen. Garfield and party were met in Buffalo last night by large delegations of Republicans from this place, who accompanied them to this city. The train left Buffalo at 6:30 this morning and arrived at Batavia, N. Y. at 7:30, where it stopped about 10 minutes and was met by a large number of citizens of that place. Lieutenent Governor Hoskins introduced Gen. Garfield, who made a few remarks. Gen Garfield said

"FELLOW CITIZENS:—I shall not talk much to you this morning, but I want to say to you that I am glad to see you here in Batavia. You are early risers. It is early rising that has made us what we are as a people. It is early rising that will carry the November election. Fellow citizens, I thank you for your early welcome."

General Harrison of Indiana, followed Garfield and made a stirring speech of a few minutes, giving his reasons for believing that Garfield would be the next president.

Hon. G. S. Orth followed in a few words.

The Lincoln club, of Rochester, numbering 200, and several thousand republicans, were at the depot here when the train arrived at 8.30 o'clock, and welcomed the party in an enthusiastic manner. As soon as the train came to a stand still the car door opened and Lieutenant Governor Hoskins and several other gentlemen stepped out on the platform, and as soon as he could get the attention Lieutenant Governor Hoskins introduced Garfield in a brief speech. Cheers upon cheers greated Gen. Garfield as he stepped out upon the platform. He said:

"FELLOW CITIZENS: To say that your hearty greeting pleases me, would be but to express my honest feelings, but I cannot now make a speech, though I have before spoken to Rochester audiences. I am glad to meet you all, and will now make room for another speaker."

Here the cheers were repeated, and in the midst of the excitement Lt.-Gov. Hoskins introduced Hon. Chas. G. Williams, of Wisconsin, who made a brief speech two minutes long, followed by Gen. Harrison and Gen. McKindey, and the train left, followed by many cheers.

Garfield at Syracuse.

Special Dispatch to The Bee.

SYRACUSE, August 5—1 a. m.—As the train bearing Gen. Garfield and party approached the city, it was announced by the firing of cannon and shouts of the people. A platform car decorated with flags and carpeted was backed up to the drawing-room car of the train and upon that Gen. Garfield stepped and was most enthusiastically received. After cheering had subsided, Gen Garfield, said: "I have nothing to say except this, I thank you for this cordial greeting. When I last passed through Syracuse you were debating whether you could not get rid of hard times by the use of printing press fiat money and repudiation. But the people of Syracuse have worked the way out by the good old way, on the old road upon which God's word is written, 'By the sweat of thy brow shalt thou earn thy bread.' This faithful word has brought you to the summit of that prosperity which shines over this great land of ours. You kept faith in your financial doctrines. The doctrine is true to day wherever sunlight falls. I congratulate you that you have never gone back on that doctrine but stuck to the truth. I have nothing more to say except to repeat, I thank you." Immediately at the close of Gen. Garfield's remarks, there were loud calls for Senator Logan, but he did not appear and Congressman Conger, of Michigan, stepped forward and made a brief speech of purely local interest. Before he had finished speaking the car commenced to move and soon after the train was out of sight.

RECEPTION IN NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, August 5, 10 a. m.—Gen. Garfield and party arrived at the Grand Central depot at 7-30 last evening- Long before that time an immense crowd had assembled in front of the depot, among which were over twenty Garfield and Arthur district campaign clubs, wearing white gloves and silk badges. On the platform, where the train bearing Garfield and party drew up, was also a large crowd composed of many prominent republicans of this city. Great cheering greeted the train as it arrived, and Gen. Garfield, who was among the first to alight, was warmly received by members of both the national and state committees. After considerable hand shaking the party walked toward the main entrance, when Gen. Garfield received another ovation raising his hat in acknowledgment and bowing to the multitude, who cheered until the party had entered carriages in waiting and were driven towards the Fifth Avenue Hotel.

Among the gentlemen who arrived with Garfield were O. D. Conger of Michigan; Wm McKenley and General Streight of Ohio; John C. New G. S. Orth of Indiana; Judge Morrison of Illinois; Ex-Governor Jewell Col. Hooper, and Ex Governor Fish. And among those who met the party in this city were Levi P. Morton, General Logan and Stanley Matthews. On the arrival at the hotel General Garfield was immediately shown to his suite of rooms. In a few minutes after his aarival, the hotel became almost packed, the main corridor on the ground floor being almost impassible, while probably 5,000 persons had assembled out side, the crowd receiving accessions every minute, soon cheers and shouts for Garfield became so great that, although tired from his long journey and intending not to see anyone or to make a speech before to-day he was prevailed upon by intimate friends to show himself on the balcony over the the main entrance to the hotel. His presence was the signal for a storm of cheers which lasted several minutes. Finally when something like quiet was restored, General Garfield stepped to the front of the balcony and spoke as follows: "Fellow citizens, accept my thanks for your kind congratulations and presence. Good night." Gen. Garfield then returned to his room and later sat down with about a dozen friends to dinner. Among those present at the hotel during the evening were Senators Blaine and Dawes, Collector Merritt, Gen. Anson McCook, Postmaster Sperry, of New Haven, Congressmen Bailey and Townsend, John F. O'Brien, Don Cameron and John J. Davenport. After dinner Garfield received friends and retired to rest at 11 o'clock.

THE PIONEER REPUBLICAN.

NEW YORK, August 5, 1 a. m.—After an absence from active participation in politics for twenty-four years, General John C. Fremont was last evening received by the republican central campaign club, at the Coleman house. The parlors of the hotel were fairly packed with visitors, and when Gen. Fremont arrived he was heartily cheered. Gen. Fremont was introduced to the audience and for some time was busied in shaking hands with about five hundred young men, who filed past him one by one. Gen. Fremont was then introduced as the pioneer of the republican party. In response the general returned thanks and said he was proud that he was remembered despite the stirring scenes that had intervened. The republican party was the party of progress, and though Webster sneeringly said that this country was but disseverated fragments of a glorious republic, the party in the present campaign rested on its reputation. He was glad to see that measures, not men, formed the best plank in their platform and that the disgraceful system of publishing personal attacks on the characters of the candidates would cease. Suppose that a wealthy man of business should become impoverished by the lax conduct of his agent or steward whom he discharged, and employed another man in his place. The second steward by his talent and shrewdness brought order out of chaos or built up the man's success to its original standard, was it likely that the man would discharge the second steward, who had worked faithfully for him and replace the first steward in his stead. The republican party was the second steward, it had fulfilled its promises and carried the country throught a great war, paid foreign money due and was even now studying out a solution of the tariff question. He was well pleased with the nomination of Garfield and Arthur and wished them every success. Gen. Fremont at the close of his address was warmly applauded.

Weston Gives Up

Special Dispatch to The Bee.

PROVIDENCE, August 5—1 a. m.—Weston gives up trying to walk against time, this week the prevailing rains having prevented him from covering more than 200 miles.

FASTING FOR FAME.

The Man With an Iron Stomach Alive and Feebly Kicking.

Numerous Engagements Coming in.

Special Dispatch to The Bee

NEW YORK, August 4—4 p. m.—Dr. Tanner is still suffering, but confident. Every precaution is now being taken to avoid any unnecessary strain upon his remaining strength, and, although he is very feeble, it is generally believed he will complete his fast, He has lost 32 pounds since the commencement of his task. One of the regular physicians on watch with him expresses the opinion that the fast would be accomplished, and that, too, without any serious injury to the faster's health.

During last night Dr. Tanner had a serious vomiting turn and threw off a considerble quantity of bile and mucuous, this caused him much pain, but he went to sleep again without any apparent sign of exhaustion. Doctors generally believe he will succeed in fasting the forty days, and pass their opinion on the condition of his temperature, pulse and respiration. Tanner says he will never try a forty day fast again, and the general opinion is that he would fail if he tried it, as his two long fasts now about completed, have seriously affected his constitution. The faster evidently appreciated the danger attaining such a long fast and from the manner in which he has occupied his mind he has been preparing for any event.

Tanner Digesting Himself.

Special Dispatch to the Bee

NEW YORK, August 5, 1 a m.—The fasting Tanner seems to take delight in reciting instances of costly feats recorded in Roman history. On Saturday when the feat is ended, there will be a grand banquet of fruit, milk and vegetables presided over by attendant physicians. His condition is without any change for the better. He is still very weak and irritable. His sufferings are great, although in the early days of the fast he did his utmost to hide them. His will power is wonderful, it is his determination which is carrying him safely through the remaining days of the task. Although he assumes an air of cheerfulness it is too plain that he is in a most pitable condition. Physicians employed on the watch think his enfeebled condition is principally due to the use of mineral waters. Said a physician: "There is great cause for alarm. Dr. Tanner's stomach has probably lost its power of digesting. On Sunday morn, I am told, the faster ejected something from his stomach which resembled a tissue of membrane. If this is true, it would show that his stomach is undergoing a sort of digestion caused by the effect of carbonic acid water, which, I am informed, has been taken contrary to the advice of his medical watchers. This fast is of no benefit to science, so far as I can understand it never was intended for a scientific fast, besides it has not been conducted in a scientific manner, and it is of no particular value to know that Tanner can fast forty days. nor is there any scientific evidence that he fasted so long. Belief in the fast of course, in that case, must depend upon the confidence of the medical profession."

ELECTRIC BRIEFS.

Special dispatches to The Bee.

ST. PAUL, Minn., August 4.—The weather in all sections remains excellent, and harvesting operations have become general. In this section grain is ripening in magnificent shape: County averages for grain will be from 17 to 22 bushels to the acre.

WASHINGTON, August 4.—Reports from the southern states say that the general condition of the cotton crop is good throughout the south. The yeld is estimated to exceed that of any other since the war.

EVANSVILLE, Ind.,—A fire broke out about midnight in the rear of Thomas Engle & Co's., ice house on fifth avenue, destroying the ice house saloon and restaurant on the corner, and three frame dwellings inhabited by Mr. Ballet, whose loss is $1500 insured in St. Paul Insurance Co. No insurance on the ice house.

HUNTSVILLE, Ala., August 4.—Full returns show a complete democratic victory. In 1878, Lowe, greenbacker for congress, carried this county by 1,300 majority. The result yesterday shows that he will be defeated in November.

NEW YORK, August 4.—Mr. Henry Bergh, president of the society for prevention of cruelty to animals, threatens to stop the bull fight announced for this afternoon, if the scenes enacted last Saturday recur.

SARATOGA, N. Y., August 4.—A heavy rain storm prevails here to-day. There will be no races, and the entries have been declared off.

DETROIT, August 4—Four scientifically inclined scamps who were in jail at Adrian for horse thieving, adultery, poisoning, etc., made charcoal in their prison and with the coal made an intense fire about a window, heating the stones so that they broke and thus made way for liberty.

YOUNGSTOWN, O., August 4.—Last night the safe in McConnel Bro's. store in Mineral Ridge, a mining town near this city, was blown open by unknown parties and the firm robbed of $500 in cash and a small draft on the bank of Pittsburg. There is no clue to the burglars.

WASHINGTON, August 4.—The Secretary of the Treasury has directed the Assistant Treasurer, at New York, to purchase two and a half millions of bonds on account of the sinking fund. Secretary Sherman left for New York this morning.

GLASGOW, August 5,—The wage question of the miners of this district who are now lying idle, will likely be speedily settled by the miners accepting the offer of a raise of 6d. daily.

LONDON, August 5.—Lord Chief Justice Cockburn is reported seriously indisposed.

BERLIN, August 5.—Professors Nordenskjold and Schliemann will meet the anthropological congress which assembles here to-day.

CINCINNATI, O., August 2.—The board of officers of the chamber of commercial yesterday decided to expell John W. Christy and suspend Oscar Christy, and Mr. Cobb, all of whom are members of the firm of Christy Cobb & Co., proprietors of the I. & C. elevator.

The change was issuing fradulent ware house receipts. The book keeper, Oscar Christy, was prohibited from coming on the floor of the chamber.

MADRID, August 5.—Spain will send an iron clad fleet to the Pacific in the event of war between Russia and China.

ST. PETERSBURG, August 5.—Murderers of the missionary at Ismail have been arrested and confessed that they were inspired with religious zeal.

ATLANTA, Ga, August 5.—Jack Mix, colored, ran away Monday with the wife of Luther West a colored barber of Jessup Georgia, West followed on the next train and came up with the flying pair at Way Cross Tuesday. The injured husband drew a pistol and fired three shots at Mix killing him on the spot.

CINCINNATI, August 5.—General Durbin Ward was nominated for congress by the democrats of the 3rd Ohio district yesterday, and A. B Clark of Licking was nominated by the republicans of the 13 h district.

COLUMBUS, Ga., August 5.—Tuesday night a political quarrel arose between S. M. Ingersoll a prominent citizen, and a youth named George Howard. Trouble sprang from a political discussion, Howard being a straight-out democrat and Ingersoll an independent. Finally the former drew a revolver, firing five shots at Ingersoll, two of which had a fatal effect.

NEW YORK, August 5, Balbo, the wife murderer, condemned to hang to-morrow, was visited by an undertaker yesterday and gave directions for his funeral and burial. He exhibited a "devil-may care" indifference to the subject and suggested to the undertaker that his (Balbo's) measure should be taken for a coffin. The undertaker repied, that he had no tape measure with him, where upon the condemned man drew from his pocket a string and proceeded calmly to measure himself.

INDIANAPOLIS, August 5.—General B. J. Chambers greenback candidate for vice president has written to the editor of the Sun that he will continue on the ticket till the end of the campaign.

LOUISVILLE, KY., August 5.—John Langan ordered Bill Holmes, colored, to go away from his grocery store when the latter pulled a revolver and fired at Langan who then whipped out his own revolver and shot the negro dead.

MELBOURNE, August 5.—A new ministry has been formed.

WASHINGTON, August 5—Gen. Weaver the greenback candidate for president has issued a begging letter addressed to workingmen and greenbackers asking for contributions of $1 and upwards for carrying on the campaign, the outlook of which, he says is good.

CHICAGO, August 5.—James Mansfield and wife are under arrest for kicking their daughter, Jennie, aged 12, to death, during a drunken brawl Tuesday night.

Undoubtedly the best shirt in the United States is manufactured at the Omaha Shirt Factory. The superiority of Material and workmanship, combined with their great improvements, that is Reinforced fronts, Reinforced backs and Reinforced sleeves, makes their shirt the most durable and best fitting garment of the kind, ever manufactured. Read the following low prices:

	Present.	Former.
Our Fine White Shirt	$1 35	1 50
Our Extra Fine " "	1 75	2 00
Our Imported Cheviot shirts	2 50	2 75
Our " Penang "	2 50	2 75
Our " " Cheviot	1 75	2 00

(These are made on white bodies)

	Present.	Former.
Our Imported Penang and Cheviot with colors attached, also on White Bodies	1 50	2 00
Also a fine working shirt for	1 25	

None but Wamsutta Muslin and best Linens used.

The above prices include Laundrying, a discount allowed when otherwise ordered.

An additional 25 cents is charged when made to order.

Omaha Shirt Factory, 1207 Farnham street, near 12th street.

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