THE OMAHA BEE

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.

WE DO NOT desire any contributions whatever of a literary or poetical character, and we will not undertake to preserve, or to return one crime, in any case whatever. Our Staff is sufficiently large to move than supply our limited space in that direction.

REAL NAME OF WRITER, in full, must in each and every case accompany any communication of what nature soever. This is not intended for publication, but for our own satisfaction and as proof of good faith.

OUR COUNTRY FRIENDS we will always be pleased to hear from, on all matters connected with crops, country politics, and on any subject whatever of general interest to the people of our State. Any information connected with the election, and relating to floods, accidents, etc., will be gladly received. All such communications, however, must be brief as possible; and they must, in all cases, be written up on one side of the sheet only.

POLITICAL.

ALL ANNOUNCEMENTS of candidates for office—whether made by self or friends, and whether as not editorial communications to the Editor, are (until nominations are made) simply personal, and will be charged as advertisements.

All communications should be addressed to E. ROSEWATER, Editor and Publisher, Drawer 27i.

NOTICE.

On and after October twenty-first, 1872, the city circulation of the DAILY BEE is assumed by Mr. Edwin Davis, to whose order all subscriptions not paid at the office will be payable, and by whom all receipts for subscriptions will be countersigned.

E. ROSEWATER, Publisher.

THAT peerless spendthrift, the Prince of Wales, is now in Paris paying his respects to Marshal McMahon and the Jardin Mabille.

NIBLACK, the model Bourbon repudiationist of Indiana, has been ingloriously scooped. Like his prototype, Dan Voorhees, poor Niblack has been shelved by an ungrateful constituency, who did not appreciate his noble efforts in their behalf.

OHIO and Indiana went Democratic because the Republicans very indiscreetly had embodied temperance planks in their platforms, and Nebraska would have had an almost solid Democratic legislature if Republicans had followed the advice of Butler, Miller, Slaughter & Co.

AMONG the officers elected at the eighth annual reunion of the Army of the Tennessee, held at Springfield, Illinois, yesterday, General John M. Thayer, of Nebraska, was elected one of the Vice Presidents of the society for the ensuing year. General Thayer was not present, and his election is, therefore, a complimentary recognition by his old companions in arms.

THE Apostolic Cannon is becoming seriously alarmed at the prospective disruption of his domestic relations. The recent interference of the Utah courts with all sacred institutions of polygamy, seems to have impressed Cannon with the imminent peril that menaces his home comforts, and he has therefore very prudently shipped his four wives to more secure and less exposed quarters.

EUGENIE, the relict of the late Louis Napoleon, exults over the defeat of Prince Napoleon. Notwithstanding his liberal views the Corsicans went back on Plon Plon, persuaded by Eugenie's crafty diplomacy and the Jesuits enlisted in her service. Undismayed by this humiliating rebuff, Prince Napoleon proposes to take his carpet bag into another election district, where he anticipates more favorable results.

JOYOUS tidings are flashed across the Atlantic from foggy London. Great rejoicing among loyal British tax-payers. The *Court Journal* announces the safe accouchment of the Duchess of Edinburg. Another Juke, mayhap a king in embryo, and at all events, a ready pensioner upon the tax-ridden people of Great Britain. Another item for Bradlaugh, and a credit mark to the Jukal couple, married in the early part of February last. Can any of our American Jukes and Dutchesses beat that?

OUR London cable advices intimate that England proposes to withdraw her diplomatic representative from the Vatican. Inasmuch as the Pope has long since been dispossessed of all temporal sovereignty, there is no good reason why any Government should be at the expense of keeping one set of diplomats at the court of Victor Emanuel, and another at the Vatican. In taking the proposed departure, England is evidently acting in concert with other nations. President MacMahon has recently announced his intention to withdraw the French war vessel stationed for so many years at Civita Vecchia for the protection of the Pope, and that step is evidently in full accord with the other great European powers. As spiritual ruler of the Catholic world, the Roman Pontiff needs no armed protection, since nobody either desires or dares to assail him in that capacity.

JOHN BAUMER.

The splendid endorsement given by the people of Douglas county to John Baumer in the late political contest is a gratifying exhibit of the esteem in which Mr. Baumer is held in this community. It must be a source of supreme satisfaction to him to know that the people have given him more votes than were received by any candidate on either of the legislative tickets. It is a compliment of which any man might justly be proud, and in this instance we believe the compliment is not only appreciated, but also fully deserved.

THE TELEGRAPH MONOPOLY.

Of all the modopolies that grind the American people with inexorable tenacity the Telegraph monopoly stands unquestionably preeminent. The BEE has frequently referred to the oppressive exactions of the gigantic corporation that controls the great Telegraph system of this country, and the inexcusable discrimination practiced by them in favor of another monopoly of their own creation known as the Associated Press. Nothing that we could state would more forcibly illustrate the stupidity of the American people in permitting the greatest invention of the present age to be monopolized by a few wealthy speculators, than does the report just made by President Orton to the Western Union Stockholders.

That report carefully digested could hardly fail to convince every impartial mind conversant with telegraph statistics of the vital importance of placing the telegraph within the reach of the great mass of the people, which can only be done by placing it under the direct or indirect control of the government.

According to Mr. Orton's report the capital stock of the Western Union Company is a fraction over forty-one million, of which the company own and have in their treasury over seven and a quarter millions. The company's receipts from all sources in the past year were over nine millions of dollars, and the net profits over two and a half millions. After adding some twenty-one thousand miles by purchase and otherwise to their lines during the present year, investing a half a million in real estate and distributing a portion of the profits to the shareholderes; there are still very nearly half a million dollars left at the disposal of the stockholders from this year's profits.

The net profits of the company for eight years from July 1st, 1866 to June 30th, 1874, amount to the enormous sum of *twenty-three millions of dollars* and a fraction. Twenty-three millions of profit in eight years upon capital which originally did not exceed five millions. Who contributed this enormous sum to the exchequer of the greatest of American monopolies? The American people. Who levied this enormous tax upon the industries of the nation? The American people, misled by a subsidized press, and misrepresented by subsedized and corrupt congresses.

Think of it, twenty-three millions net profit in eight years! Enough to build and equip all the Telegraph lines in America, and lay two cables across the Atlantic. Think and ponder of it. And still the cry is, we must let good enough alone.

COME INTO COURT.

Every man on the Democratic ticket would have been elected but for the imported vote from the neighboring State, and this is what a defeated horde of plunder-mongers have the audacity to call a Republican victory.—*Herald.*

The grand jury is now in session. It is made up of men of known probity. If the editor of the *Herald* knows any instance where voters from a neighboring State were imported by Republicans, it is his duty as a citizen to go before that body and expose the authors guilty of these alleged criminal practices. If, as we have good reason to believe, these grave charges are merely trumped up for the purpose of easing the sores of defeated Democratic candidates the BEE considers the course pursued by the *Herald* as entirely unjustifiable. We are opposed to all fraud in elections, no matter what party perpetrates them. We therefore invite the editor of the *Herald* into court, so that the guilty parties may be duly punished.

MEN.

Schuyler Colfax has been looking in upon the Chicago Exposition.

Ben Butler is the father of all sorts of agitation, and the grandfather of a small baby.

Secretary Fish has received a visit from the Hon. William E. Foster and Sir Fowell Buqton.

President Grant has ten horses entered at the St. Louis fair. There are more Hambletonians than of any other blood in the lot.

The Earl Dunraven and a party of Englishmen are hunting in Colorado and, came near being badly hurt recently in a fight with a fierce California lion.

Some Englishman has been visiting the poor widower Disraeli, premier of England, and found him "sitting in fur boots before a large fire, trying, as he said, to get some heat into his legs."

There is a young man in Griffin, Ga., who has so many children that he has to call the roll every night. After looking through ditches surrounding his place he counts them and shoves them off to roost.

Douglas Lyon came to this country from Scotland twenty years ago, after plighting his troth to a lady at home, with the understanding that he should send for her as soon as his financial condition should permit. A regular correspondence has been kept up ever since, and the lady is now on her way from the old country, and the wedding will take place in Newark, N. J.

George F. Train says he possesses the power of life and death, and says: "All my delusions have vanished, or rather have concentrated in one, and that is that at no late day my ideas will govern the thoughts of all the people, and my will control their action. When the atmospheric changes going on make the country's mind sufficiently receptive as to bring the people to my psychologic plane, I shall be forced, whether I desire it or not, to exercise the power I know I possess, a power far beyond Christianity, infidelity, paganism, or Spiritualism!"

EDUCATIONAL NOTES.

French is to be taught in the Eastern and Western High Schools for girls in Baltimore.

It is proposed by the Press and divers people of Philadelphia that the schools have only one session a day instead of two, as at present.

Oberlin College will, in November, hold the oratorical contest for selection of the student to represent this institution in the State contest.

Applicants may be admitted to the established class at the University of Cincinnati in any one or more studies which they select short of the full course.

Smith, the colored cadet who failed to pass examination at West Point, is said to be preparing a statement in which he proposes to make disclosures concerning dark transactions and abuses at the Military Academy.

The obligatory use of the German language in the elementary schools in Alsace and Lorraine has now been partially extended to private schools for girls. Scholars under 14 are to use German exclusively in studying religion, history and geography, while in districts with a French-speaking population, German is to be used for five hours a week for girls under 10, nine hours for those under 14, and eleven hours for older girls.

The Baptists throughout the country are engaged in an effort to raise an educational fund as a commemoration of the centennial of their national existence. The trustees and friends of the Chicago University, in pursuance of this object, are trying to raise, within two years, $50,000 for the free education in the University of needy young men and women, the fund to be known as the National Centennial Educational fund of Chicago.

At the Broome County Teachers' Institute, Prof. Allen, of Pennsylvania, urged that suitable literature be provided for children—something that they can comprehend. He thought that $7 or $8 a year could not be spent in a better manner. He advised teachers to make instruction interesting, holding that every child has a natural love for study which he shows by his curiosity to find out all about things which he does not understand

That two-thirds of our teachers are not professionals, but in a great measure persons undertaking the work as a temporary makeshift, is the opinion of the Milwaukee *Sentinel.* It says in regard to schools for teachers: "We do not mean to disparage what normal schools we possess by any means, knowing as we do of a few instances where the German plan in a limited way is partially followed, but they only supply a thimbleful to the ocean of teachers that are needed."

Michigan University has admitted a freshman class of 118 members. Eighteen young ladies have entered the class. The students suspended for "hazing" have returned to the University, and all have been required to sign a pledge to abstain from hazing and from any interference with the government of the institution. The class of '78 has on its list the University's first colored student. The present senior class is the largest the University has yet seen, numbering 100 members, there being 25 more than were graduated last June.

At a Teachers' Institute in Maine the other day one speaker, mentioning the study of history in the common schools, said: "We have too large text books, and teach our pupils to memorize too exclusively. In Vermont we give but sixty pages of our school text-books to the history of the United States. We should give the leading facts or dates in the history of our country, and if possible learn the causes which contribute to produce them. With these general data, and reasons of them, the pupils should be made as familiar as possible."

During the year 1873 as many as 338 new schools were built in England; of these 315 belong to the church, 15 to the British and Foreign School Society, 2 to the Wesleyans and 6 to the Roman Catholics. Of 98 schools enlarged, 90 were in connection with the church and the remainder were distributed over various sects of dissenters. Churchmen during this period subscribed £347,580 for educational purposes; the British and Foreign School Society, £11,622; the Wesleyans, £2,460; and the Roman Catholics, £11,832. The result has been that total additional accommodation was afforded for 78,018 children, of whom 71,601 were provided for by the church.

A committee of the Elmira board of education reports to the board that it believes that if all the mere physical ills which grow out of competition for prizes and class honors, including a wide-spread spirit of emulation, could be revealed to the scrutiny of school boards as they are exhibited to medical men in the forms of impaired appetite, indigestion, headache, sleeplessnes, impoverishment of the blood, etc., the system which fosters and encourages such unnatural exercise of mind and body among young undeveloped and growing children, would yield to a more rational method of education. Various questions as to school methods and to school hygiene are to be submitted to the teachers of Elmira, and they are expected to study and report upon them. It is possible that valuable statistics may be acquired in this way.

Two Chinese students were admitted, Tuesday, to the Yale College Scientific Department. They passed the examination most creditably, and give promise of superior scholarship. There are now sixty Chinese students supported by their government in Connecticut and Massachusetts. Thirty came two years ago, thirty arrived a year since, and thirty more are expected in about a fortnight. So far their deportment has been excellent and their progress quite remarkable. The students are placed at first in families, two in a place, where their first aim is the mastery of our language. They are all under strict supervision, and spend each from two to four weeks a year at the "Headquarters" of the Chinese Educational Commission in Hartford, where they are carefully examined as to their habits and progress. Scattered in some twenty or thirty different towns, these boys have everywhere been favorites. The kindness with which they have been treated has been very gratifying to the commission here and to the Chinese Government at home.

PUNGENTISTIC.

The flies have begun to "step down and out."

A magnificent voice for calling cows is all the young farmers of Colorado require of a wife in the way of music.

"To holding a post-mortem examinashun on a hoss who was afterwards recovered, $1.50," was one of the items in a horse-doctor's bill paid by an Oregon stock-owner.

A human skull was lately found near Osage Mission, Kansas, bedded in a solid rock.

Five thousand small trout have been placed in the Twin Lakes, Little Cottonwood, Utah.

"As I never pay my own debts, it isn't likely I shall pay hers." This is the frank way in which a Tacoma man advertises his errant wife.

One of the Ocean steamship companies is called the "Z Line." Most passengers going to Europe would, however, prefer to take a "B line."

Of onions, 20,000 bushels have been harvested this year in Cornwall, Vt. It is no trouble, nor much expense, to behave properly at a funeral in that town.

"I want to know," said a creditor, fiercely, "when you are going to pay me what you owe me?" "I give it up," replied the debtor, "ask me something easy."

An old man in Alabama has a tree near his house overhanging the road which he wishes to cut, but is compelled to keep it standing for fear it should kill a candidate for Congress when it falls.

Lancaster, Pa., boastfully records the building of a "large shoe factory" within its limits, but its pride is abased by a Maryland critic who observes that of course there would be no market for small shoes there.

A North Carolina agricultural fair was indefinitely postponed on account of the visit of a circus. It was a great blow to agriculture, as a great number of persons had borrowed money to bet on the races with.

The Detroit *Free Press* says: The only excuse a Tennessee man had for shooting a stranger was that the stranger's name was Moses Bogardus Smith. He said nobody could bring that name into Tennessee and live.

The Selma *Times* says that "The prettiest girl here is a newspaper carrier; but then she carries them out of sight." This literary tale is doubtless based on facts too stern to be doubted. We are glad the bottom of the affair has been reached by the Selma paper.

Somebody has proposed Barnum for the next Presidential candidate, "because he'll be sure to make a great canvas." It may be added that if Barnum is nominated the excitement will be in tents, and he will be pretty likely to ring in.

Do you know why you are like a "third term?" said Susan Jane to her brother, who lingered to talk with her Adolphus after the old folks had retired. "No, I don't." "Well," replied his saccharine sister, "It's because you're one too many."

A well dressed chap entered a Jewelry store in Detroit and asked if he could see those cups in the window, pointing as he spoke to some silver cups lined with gold. "These," said the jeweler, handing him one, "are race-cups." "Race cups—what are race cups?" "Why," replied the jeweler, "they are cups I have ordered to be made for prizes to the best racer." "Well, if that's so suppose you and me race for one," and, with cup in hand, started, the jeweler after him. He probably won the cup.

THE PORK TRADE.

Reports for the Coming Season.

(Milwaukee Journal of Commerce.)

The opening sales of our principal provision dealers began to be made last year about October 9th. The season as a whole was in many respects peculiarly favorable, and may be regarded as the satisfactory average to which the trade naturally desire to attain. Prices opened low enough to stimulate a good demand and advanced healthfully as the supply shortened. As to supply there was neither an overplus nor a considerable shortage, but a nice adjustment to the wants of the trade.

It is evident that the coming season is to be of a decidedly different character. Mess pork will be open next month very nearly if not quite as high as the highest figure reached at its culminating point last year, $18 per barrel will be about the asking price. In 1873 the first sales were at $12. Live weight ranged in November from $4.20 to $4.50 per cwt. From the best indications at present it will not open under $6.00. Will these prices be at the top of the market at the very outset and subject to successive reductions during the season, or will they, as should be the case in a normal condition of affairs, be only the basis for a gradual advance as the supply diminishes? In spite of the efforts of the National pork packers and provision dealers' association, which so strangely woke up and found itself dead the other day, statistics of the pork products are not collected with satisfactory fullness. There seems to be a general agreement, however, among people whose business it is to be informed, that the crop to be marketed this year will show a shortage of from 15 to 25 per cent. The high price of corn and the poor quality of hogs coming forward establishes a shortage without doubt. We are inclined to accept about 20 per cent. as most nearly the correct estimate. In addition to the deficit in numbers there will also be a shortage in average weight. This will probably reach at least 5 per cent more, making the total shortage of this season over the last 25 per cent.

Will there be sufficient demand to take the available stock or above the opening prices?

The favorable price of last year stimulated a consumption among the working classes abroad which they will be loath to abandon. The low price at which they are getting their breadstuffs at present will leave them in a condition to spare more from their wages for meat. We learn from authentic sources that German buyers are offering what is equal to 7 cents for long and short clear, but it is worth from 9 to 10 cents at home. A Liverpool dealer offers to pay 11 cents for lard in January, for which 11¼ is asked here. It is most probable, however, that our opening prices at least will be promptly met.

On the other hand it should be remembered that beef is unusually low. Should pork go above a certain figure it will be displaced to a considerable extent by beef. Again the present stagnation of business must have a more or less depressing effect upon the home consumption. The supply also, should the ruling prices seem to warrant, might be recruited from a source not ordinarily utilized, namely, the offspring of the present year. By judicious fattening the aggregate might be so considerably increased from this source as to break prices towards the close of the season.

In view of the diverse aspects of the problem and the somewhat unusual difficulty of forecasting the future, the first part of the season at any rate will be marked by a "hand to mouth" character, dealers feeling their way cautiously and taking only what is needed for immediate requirements.

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EZRA MILLARD, President. | J. H. MILLARD, Cashier.

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OMAHA, - - NEBRASKA.

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ANY DESIGNATED DEPOSITORY FOR DISBURSING OFFICERS.

THIS BANK DEALS in Exchange, Government Bonds, Vouchers, Gold Coin,

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And sells drafts and makes collections on all parts of Europe.

Drafts drawn payable in gold or currency on the Bank of California, San Francisco.

TICKETS FOR SALE TO ALL PARTS of Europe via the Cunard and National Steamship Lines, and the Hamburg-American Packet Co.

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Corner of Farham and 13th Streets.

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ESTABLISHED IN 1858.

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Caldwell, Hamilton & Co., BANKERS.

Business transacted same as that of an Incorporated Bank.

Accounts kept in Currency or Gold subject to sight check without notice.

Certificates of Deposit issued payable on demand, or at fixed date bearing interest at six percent. per annum, and available in in all parts of the country.

Advances made to customers on approved securities at market rates of interest.

Buy and sell Gold, Bills of Exchange, Government, State, County, and City Bonds.

We give special attention to negotiating Railroad and other Corporate Loans issued within the State.

Draw Sight Drafts on England, Ireland, Scotland, and all parts of Europe.

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Capital ..... $ 100,000
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DEPOSITS AS SMALL AS ONE DOLLAR received and compound interest allowed on the same.

Advantages OVER Certificates of Deposit:

THE WHOLE OR ANY PART OF A DEPOSIT after remaining in this Bank three months, will draw interest from date of deposit to payment. The whole or any part of a deposit can be drawn at any time. aug2 tf

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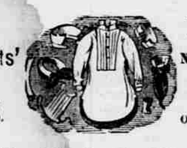

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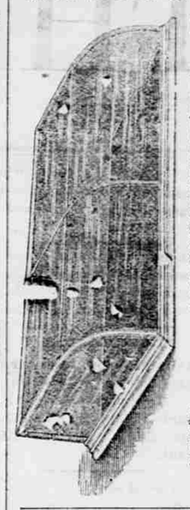

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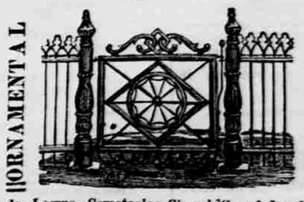

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