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OMAHA, NEB.

First came the drouth, then the voracious grasshoppers, and now the hungry horde of politicians are going to scour the country.

FOUR tickets are now in the field, and the army of disappointed office seekers is no numerous enough to organize a party of their own—the sorehead party.

"Don't all speak at once!" will be the fervent prayer of the bewildered Granger when he learns that the thirty-two candidates on the four State tickets propose to stomp the State.

EXTREMES usually meet, hence it is not surprising that the Bourbon organ exhibits such tender affection for the fanatics who are trying to build up a prohibition party in Nebraska.

ALEX STEPHENS, who some months ago went home to die, has concluded to defer his departure for another world until of the good people of Georgia shall have endorsed his salary grab by another election.

THE most vital issue for the people of Nebraska is the proposition to frame a new Constitution. The Republican is the only platform that expresses a demand for a new Constitution, and still the opposition prate about the failure of Republicans to deal with the living issues of the day.

MOSES H. SYDENHAM has been commissioned by Governor Furnas as Nebraska's delegate to the National Capital removal convention, which assembles at Louisville October 23d, 1874. Moses is supremely happy. The fervent prayers of Moses have at last been answered. Even a brigadier general's commission on the Governor's staff would not have been half as welcome as is this privilege to join the immortal convocation of rattle-brained agitators who propose to relocate the National Capital. Among them the "Central Star" of Moses will shine with resplendent lustre, and his map of the future National Capital at Centoria, Nebraska, will elicit marked admiration.

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Boots and shoes for ladies' gents' and
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NEW SALOON.

HENRY, the popular Saloon keeper, has re-
located up the upper end of old Herald building,
on 12th and Douglas Sts., where, in connection
with his bar he sets out a lunch every
morning at 10 o'clock. Give him a call.

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JOHN H. GREEN,
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GRAIN, FLOUR AND FEED,

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COMMISSION MERCHANT.

VERY LATEST.

MIDNIGHT.

WASHINGTON.

The Black Hills as They Appear to One of Custer's Officers.

—The Other Side of this Glittering Story.

FOREIGN.

Rumors of Serious Troubles Between Germany and Russia.

NEW YORK, Sept. 13.

Mrs. Zimmermann's dwelling house was destroyed last night by the explosion of a kerosene lamp, loss \$4,000, partly insured, the furniture was saved.

BAYONNE, Sept. 13.

The Carlist general, Gambala, is making great preparations for his forces attack on Biscaya, and declares that he will burn the town this time.

NEW YORK, Sept. 13.

Weston commenced a five hundred mile walk at the hippodrome at 12 o'clock to-night. He will attempt it in six days.

LONDON, Sept. 13.

A rumor comes from the gold coast that the king of Ashantee will soon be deposed.

Half of the town of Bonnyton was destroyed by fire.

MADRID, Sept. 13.

A levy of three thousand troops will be sent to Cuba the end of this month and five thousand more in October.

PARIS, Sept. 13.

President MacMahon, in receiving the newly appointed Spanish ambassador, Friday, promised the friendliest co-operation of France, especially in the interest and prosperity of Spain.

NEW ORLEANS, Sept. 13.

Notwithstanding the reported seizure of arms, this city is usually quiet, and there is no excitement. In every case where arms were seized the shipments were omitted from manifest and the goods were properly marked. It is reported here that the white leaguers of St. Martinsville have captured, and are now shipping, the United States ordnance appropriation to the sufferers by the late overflow.

NEW YORK, Sept. 13.

The Pacific Mail Steamship Company, having chartered the Trans-Pacific Company's steamer Vasco de Gama and Vancouver, for the period of seven months, has issued their tariff for teas from China and Japan, as follows: To San Francisco, two cents per pound; to New York, Philadelphia, Boston, Montreal, Quebec, Toronto, Chicago, and Cincinnati, four cents per pound. This movement, it is said, will give all the importers of the United States the option of the New York market.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 13.

An intelligent officer of Custer's command, who is with the Black Hills expedition, says that the newspaper correspondents have given an undue importance to that country, and have represented it as a paradise, when its counterpart cannot be found in many places. Plenty of gold is not found, and none in quartz. Old and experienced miners accompanying the expedition, who were charged with looking for gold, were not at all enthusiastic. The reports of rich gold deposits and other minerals are said to be purely rumors.

The country is to be rich in pasture, well watered, fine timbered and would be desirable for farming purposes; but, however, the country belongs to the Indians and their right. It is guaranteed by a treaty with the government, and if an assa of war, acting under instructions of the President, is determined, the Indians shall be protected as their rights therein.

NEW YORK, Sept. 13.

The World's special correspondent in a letter dated London, August 30th, says: "I hear from a source that commands my confidence that the difference between Russia and Germany is really serious. Russia was seriously offended at the refusal of Germany to accept the Russian demands at the Belgium Congress. It was even more offended at the attempt made by Germany to assume the role of arbitrator of peace of the Spanish government. My information gives some complicated points whereby Russia seeks to envelop France and Germany in a quarrel concerning the Caribs, and to use the quarrel for purposes of her own. Russian diplomacy is to assure that the quarrel is to be easily understood, but it may be useful to bear in mind the facts I have just stated."

A Times Washington special says that President Grant arrived there at 4 o'clock yesterday morning. Owing to repairs to the White House he proceeded to the home of Marshall Sharp, whose guest he will be until next Tuesday when he leaves for his farm in St. Louis.

It is not probable that a formal cabinet meeting will be held, but the members will consult with the President on Monday.

The President gives a dinner to the Atzac club and the present survivors of the Mexican war. The members of that club take a trip down the Potomac.

Chicago Live Stock Market

CHICAGO, September 12.

Cattle—Receipts, 1,500. Good grades fairly active and prices steady at 4.50 to 5.00 for common to fat; 6.00 to 6.50 for good to choice shipping steers; Texas, 1.75 to 2.00; stockers, 2.25 to 2.50.

Hogs—Receipts, 5,000. Good grades active and firm, but other grades weak; choice and extra, 7.50 to 8.00; fat to good, 6.75 to 7.00; low grades, 5.50 to 6.00.

Sheep—Receipts, 300. Market quiet and steady at 2.50 to 3.00.

TELEGRAPHIC.

4 O'CLOCK P. M.

Specialy Reported for the Omaha Daily Bee, by the Atlantic and Pacific Telegraph Co.

THE EAST.

Articles have been signed for a Single Scull Match between Morris of Pittsburg, and Brown of Halifax.

THE SOUTH.

It is reported that several thousand dollars worth of arms are to arrive at New Orleans.

They are to be received by 1000 White Leaguers armed and ready for business.

(Special to the Bee.)

BEATRICE, Neb., Sept. 12.

The statement made by Lincoln correspondents to Omaha papers that Senator Griggs has declared for West for United States Senator, is wholly untrue.

NATHAN S. BLAKELY, FORVYCE ROPER, W. H. COLBY, Delegates to Senatorial Con'v'n.

NEW ORLEANS, Sept. 12.

Six boxes of arms, marked dry goods, shipped from New York by the steamer Dallas to the fifth ward by the White League Club, where they were seized by the police, today as they were being landed.

PITTSBURG, Sept. 12.

Articles for a single scull match on the 25th, between Morris, of this city, and Brown, of Halifax, were received and signed by Morris this morning. He leaves for St. Johns, N. B., this evening, accompanied by Siebert, his trainer.

BOSTON, Sept. 12.

Charles H. Ballard, the alleged principal of the Boylston, New York bank robbery, several years ago, was arrested in New York a few days since and is now in jail here. Immediately after the robbery, Ballard sailed for Paris, where he has since resided until two months ago.

MEMPHIS, Sept. 12.

The parties arrested at Pickettsville by United States soldiers, for complicity in the Trenton outrage, have not yet arrived. When they arrive they will be examined before the grand jury.

Another of the negroes who escaped from the outrage is here, but refuses to say anything about the shooting of the six men near Trenton.

NEW YORK, Sept. 12.

Case of Rev. Mr. Kendrick, of the Methodist Protestant Church, on Grand street, Williamsburg, which has been undergoing a trial by a committee of the board of trustees, Monday, on a charge of drunkenness and unseemly conduct, was finished to-day. The committee rendered a report finding Kendrick guilty, and expelling him from the conference and church.

MEMPHIS, Sept. 12.

The names of prisoners brought here from Gibson county are supposed to have been concerned in the late Penton massacre. The prisoners are T. Z. Houston, J. F. Darren, W. F. Peeples, A. M. Fly, J. S. Morgan, Monroe Morgan, J. P. Hall, and W. I. Eldridge. The last named surrendered himself to the marshal who made the arrest with a detachment of U. S. troops. The prisoners will be examined to-morrow before U. S. Commissioner Garrett. The negro witness Douglas Jameson who claims to have escaped from the massacre of prisoners is also in jail here to give his testimony.

BROOKLYN, September 12.

Moulton's statement is the topic of conversation here and obscures all minor developments in the Beecher case. The evening papers refrain from comment at present, leaving comment to be passed upon the case by the common sense of the community. Much conjecture is indulged in as to the result of the committee of investigation will take action on this statement; opinions at present are divided as to whether they will ignore it, or make it a temporary investigation.

The reverend's friends claim that it contains but little that is new, and what there is new, there is but little of sufficient importance to warrant the committee's attention. All will now be left to the courts for settlement.

NEW ORLEANS, Sept. 12.

A number of creditors of the citizen's bank have met and adopted resolutions expressing confidence in that institution. The president of the bank has sent a letter to the Governor not to prosecute the claims of the State against that institution, and assuring him that the assets exceed the liabilities. The Governor in response states that he could take no steps in the matter, and it has been referred to the Attorney General and his opinion obtained.

It is reported here that a prominent member of the White League states that several thousand dollars worth of arms are shortly to arrive and will be met at the landing by the police and Leaguers armed. He states that any attempt to interfere with the removal of the arms will be the signal for an attack upon the aggressors, who ever they may be.

General Badger and Judge McArthur, a police justice, and Mr. Curtis, property clerk of the police department, were to-day committed to the county prison for twenty-four hours for contempt of court, by Justice Houston, in refusing to deliver on a writ three cases of arms belonging to the Fifth Ward White League Club, and seized by detectives. The Governor at once pardoned all three. The arms are held by the police as evidence. Three cases of arms were seized by the police in the store of A. Oliver, No. 80 Canal street, but caused little excitement.

NEW YORK, Sept. 12.

Julius Mendelssohn, who claimed that the great composer of that name was his father, and who was yesterday found guilty of forgery, took arsenic in the Tombs this morning and died about 9 o'clock.

LONDON, Sept. 12.

The strike of cotton operators at Bolton was inaugurated to-day. One thousand operators in all struck work. They were employed in 78 mills in which have suspended operations. Forty-eight still working employ 1,000 hands is still working.

LONDON, Sept. 12.

The Japanese ambassador to Peking, has arrived here. He proposes to submit the Formosa difficulty for arbitration to the President of the United States.

NEW YORK, Sept. 12.

The Herald, this morning, published a letter to its editor from Marshall Baine, dated Bois de Breauz, near Liege, September 6th. The letter is printed both in French and English, and reviews the late war between France and Germany. Baine complains he was a victim of the army and the nation. He had two supporters; these were the Emperor, who is dead, and Thiers, who has been set aside and replaced by McMahon. He says he would not have attempted to escape had McMahon seen fit to liberate him from the severity of his captivity. He considers now that during his trial he should have employed the same weapons as McMahon, and shown how the latter was defeated, and had evacuated Alsace, and was one of the first authors of the army disasters. McMahon had been as unfortunate as Sedan, Metz, Orléans, Metz, Trochu and Duroer were in Paris and Bourbake and Clinchaut were in the east, but he forgot all this when he became President. He says that the court were puzzled as to what course to pursue. They condemned and absolved him at the same time, and in the same breath declared him a criminal and a hero. He expresses gratitude toward the Emperor and Thiers, and says if the latter had not been overthrown, he would have found means of avoiding the disgraceful trial to which he was subjected. He does not consider his literary career as ended.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 12.

The official report of Gen. Nelson A. Miles of his march from Camp Supply to his present position on the Rio Grande, and his capture of the Washita river, Texas, was received at the headquarters of the army yesterday. After giving the details of the march, he says: "I am satisfied that the Cheyennes, Kiowas and Comanches have concentrated at the headwaters of the north fork of the Red river, and are in the neighborhood of the Elbow, and I propose to continue the movement in that direction. The Indians appear to be being driven to the Elbow, and will doubtless leave the country a barren waste. Should they continue this they will embarrass our movements and impede to our campaign. After conversing as I have, with men who have lived with the Indians for months, and who have supplied them with arms, I am of the opinion that the strength of the Indians has increased, and that they are well armed with rifles of an improved pattern, and provided with an abundance of ammunition. Indeed, it is doubtful the confidence in their strength, inspired by the possession of these arms, which has occasioned their outbreak and depredations, to suppress with these organizations have been organized."

NEW YORK, Sept. 12.

The papers this morning comment at length upon Moulton's statement, and in a manner which is highly satisfactory, at least to Moulton, who expected by this document to thoroughly vindicate himself before the public. The only point upon which Moulton is criticised in the Herald's editorial. It considers that Moulton, in this statement, clears himself of the charges of having committed adultery with another woman.

As to the first and second the Tribune holds that the charges, as to that of Beecher's, shows no evidence of guilt, and in the malignant earnestness, which Moulton tries to twist evil against the character of Beecher, albeit gushing sentences, there is something of the devil's own temper.

Regarding the fourth the Tribune says: "We know the particulars of this case; we know Moulton's charge to be an atrocious calumny, without the shadow of justification, and at the proper day the truth will be established by indisputable evidence. The Tribune denounces Moulton in the severest and most scathing tones, and says it will damn Mr. Moulton deeper than any revelation of baseness and treachery than may be made by Beecher or his friends. It is such a document as one might expect from a man who allows his friend to make merchandise of wife's honor, and act as broker in the transaction. It is brutal, cowardly, and infamous. The Times, Sun and World consider that the statement does not materially change the case.

The Times says that it is offered for a double purpose: First, as a defense; and second, as a fresh arraignment against Beecher, but failing neither.

The World questions Moulton's veracity concerning many of his declarations, and says that it would be an outrage upon common sense to believe what he tells until the belief has been forced upon us by other testimony.

QUEALEY'S U.P. Soap Factory!

Situated on the line of the Union Pacific Railroad, near the power house. Manufacture first-class soap for home consumption.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

New York Money Market.

New York, September 12.

Money—Easy at 2 1/2 per cent. Foreign Exchange—Heavy; 4 1/2 for sixty days; 4 1/2 for sight. Gold—Dull and heavy, with all sales at 109.

Governments—Neglected, but prices steady; currency sixes, 116 1/2. Stocks—Dull at opening, but more active after midday; prices strong in early trade under the leadership of Union Pacific, which advanced to 32 1/2, but subsequently, on reports of reduced earnings in Wabash, Northwest and St. Paul roads, consequent upon the withholding of grain from shipment because of a grain carrier in Chicago, these latter stocks fell off to the lowest price of the day; St. Paul dropped to 32; W. U. to 7 1/2; Walush 32 1/2, and Lake Shore from 74 to 71 1/2.

The New York city bank statement shows a large increase in deposits, while the gain in total reserve is \$993,000. The banks now hold \$25,718,375 in excess of the 25 per cent legal requirements. The following are the figures: Loans increased \$1,782,9