

\$30,000 WORTH OF CLOTHING

—AND—

Furnishing Goods

AT COST.

This is Your Opportunity for Great Bargains.

SEE PRICES BELOW. WE ARE STRICTLY ONE PRICE.
ALL GOODS MARKED IN PLAIN FIGURES.

SUITS.

A \$20 Suit for \$15. An \$18 Suit for \$13.50.
A \$15 Suit for \$11. A \$12.50 Suit for \$8.
A \$10 Suit for \$7.50.
BOY'S SUITS—Long Pants. A \$15 Suit for \$11.
\$12 Suit for \$8. \$10 Suit for \$7.50. \$8 Suit for \$5.50.

OVERCOATS.

\$25 Coat for \$17. \$20 Coat for \$15.
\$15.00 Coat for \$11.00. \$12.50 Coat for \$8.00.
\$10.00 Coat for \$7.50. \$7.50 Coat for \$5.00.
We also carry a full line of Trunks and Valises
which we will sell you the same way.

HATS.

A \$3.50 Hat for \$3. A \$3 Hat for \$2.50.
A \$2.50 Hat for \$2.00. A \$2.00 Hat for \$1.50.
GLOVES—A \$2 Glove for \$1.50.
A \$1.75 Glove for \$1.35. A \$1.50 for \$1.10.
A \$1.25 for \$1.00. A \$1.00 Glove for 75c.

The Stock is All New and Fresh Goods containing all the newest novelties in both pattern and cut, and no old stock first marked up 50 per cent and then cut down. If you wish to save money do not fail to give us a call. This sale will continue until the first of the year.

BAKER'S CLOTHING HOUSE,

1039 O STREET, LINCOLN, NEB.

OUR FOOTBALL BOYS.

(Continued from first page.)

season. The members of the Butte team said that he was the best end rusher that ever played on the Butte football field. Probably "Whip's" strongest point is the way he gets into the interference and boxes-in his man.

In mentioning our star players we must not forget the men who "came within one" of making the first team. They are men who can always be depended upon in an emergency. A little inferiority in weight is their only disqualification. However, in any of the league games they played in, the position they filled was in no way weakened, and in many cases a good sound substitute materially strengthened the team. The team this year had better substitutes than ever before, and it amounted almost to a flip-up to see who would get on the first team.

W. Kellar, age nineteen, height five feet nine inches, weight 135. He showed up fairly well at the opening of the season and was the only available centre for the western trip, as Melford had not yet entered school. However, he does not pass the ball well, and his position will undoubtedly be guard next year, where he plays a good, hard game, and there was no perceptible weakness when he took the place of the regular player.

J. P. Cameron, age twenty-one, height five feet nine inches, weight 150 pounds, is the pluckiest man on the team and bucks the line in better form, this being his strong point. He does good defensive work, and will undoubtedly push someone for a place behind the line. Cameron has played a hard, conscientious game for the past three years and deserves much credit for his pluck in the face of many disappointments.

L. R. Packard, age nineteen, weight 147 pounds, height five feet seven inches, is one of last year's substitutes. He came to the front as one of the strong ends on this year's team. He runs well with the ball and tackles hard, and with his experience of this year will undoubtedly strengthen the team for next year. His position is end, but he makes a good quarter.

Harry Jones, age nineteen, height five feet nine inches, weight 158 pounds, is one of last year's strong substitutes. He played his initial game with the 'varsity team this year and early in the season showed up well. However, he did not follow his block well and later Shedd took his place. He runs low and hard and bucks the line with good effect. He will probably be back next year and try for end.

REGENTS MEET.

The first formal meeting of the regents with Chancellor MacLean was held Tuesday, December 10, E. A. Hadley of Scotia being absent.

In his report the chancellor thanked the regents for their courteous treatment of him, and also spoke of the cordial welcome he had received from the students.

The chancellor's report, which was composed of eighteen items, was adopted practically as a whole.

Important provisions were made for new departments, such as a dairy school, school of agriculture, school of mechanic arts and a society building.

C. M. Skiles, class of '32, Prof. J. T. Mallaheu of Kearney, J. T. Dryden of Kearney, and Professors Lyon and Stout were appointed as delegates for the university, as the secretary of the state irrigation association, which meets at Sidney, had requested that delegates be appointed.

The date of the next commencement was changed from Wednesday, June 10, to Thursday, June 11. Henry D. Estabrook of Omaha was elected for commencement orator.

A vote of thanks was extended to President Morrill for a liberal donation and to Professor Barbour and his students for collecting specimens in the expedition to the Bad Lands.

Regents Knight and Hadley and Chancellor MacLean were appointed as a committee to draft resolutions of respect on the death of Professor Ingersoll.

The inauguration of the chancellor on Charter day was voted for February 14.

"How did your son do at college last year, Mrs. Wilkins?" "Very well, indeed. He did so finely as a freshman that he got an encore." "A what?" "An encore. The faculty have requested him to repeat the year."—Harper's Bazar.

REV. FIFE'S LECTURE.

The lecture of Rev. E. E. Fife before the Political Economy club of the state university Wednesday night was the most novel and interesting the club has secured. The subject, "Industrial Conditions in North India," is of special interest to students in economics and is one that is not often treated in books.

The speaker dealt especially with the province of Punjab in northwest India, where he lived four years. Both in population and in resources this is the most favored in the Indian empire. The natives here are the best in the empire

and supply the greater part of the army. India has about 20,000 miles of railroads owned and operated largely by the government. The trunk lines were constructed by private parties, backed by the guarantee of the government, which gradually assumed control. They are built as much for military as for commercial purposes. The government supervises industry in a greater degree than would be desirable in a more advanced country. "It is not a government of the people and by the people, but it is a government for the people. Besides controlling railroads, building great systems of public roads, planting trees, digging canals, building irrigation works, it goes into smaller and more personal affairs, but this interference is not despotic, but always for the interest of the natives."

The government is the greatest employer in the country and all educated young men look forward to its service. Its army of 125,000 men, its police of 150,000, its forestry and railway and road service offer employment to a large fraction of the population.

Farming is the first industry, employing 72 per cent of the population. In the eastern part the land is in the possession of large holders, but in Punjab it is held in small tracts. All the landholders are badly in debt and many are mere serfs of the money loaners. The farms are irrigated with water drawn from wells by Persian wheels. The machinery is of the crudest kind. The native carries the plow to the field on his shoulder and at seed time turns it into a one-row drill. The grain is cut with a sickle and is threshed by tramping or beating. The harvest time is the time of feasting. The product is then divided between the farmer, the potter who supplies the pots for the Persian wheel, the carpenter, the weaver and the workmen. Each is paid in kind.

The speaker discussed the banking system, the manufactures and mining and money of the country. Salt, the principal product of the mine, is a strict government monopoly. Manufactures are very backward and the native banking system has largely given way to the English. Prices have been gradually rising owing to the depreciation of silver.

The outlook for Indian industry is doubtful. The climate is again against it and the experiments of the English government have had little effect on practical agriculture.

The Masher Mashed.

"I want some nice little thing for my wife—something that'll please her," said Maslam. "Perhaps you could suggest something." "Yes," said the saleslady. "I think a telegram saying a house has fallen on you ought to please her."

The Dellan society had a house-warming Tuesday night in the hall which is just ready for their occupancy. This hall is the old library room which has been refitted until it is a new place.

The evening was spent in the jolliest social way imaginable. The chancellor kindly consented to come down from the dairy meeting. He was greeted enthusiastically with the Dellan yell.

The young people swarmed around him and were only quiet while he made a neat little speech of congratulation to his "brothers Dellan."

The hall was comfortably filled with members and a very few friends. A dainty supper was served towards the close of the evening.

After the holidays the society will begin anew in its hall on some sound literary work. One of the first Friday evenings the alumni members will be present and a program with several attractive and interesting features will be rendered.

The society has been getting along without a home of its own since organization in 1889.



A Couple of Relics.

The Ewing Clothing company are the popular priced clothiers of Lincoln. A call will convince you. 1115 and 1117 O.

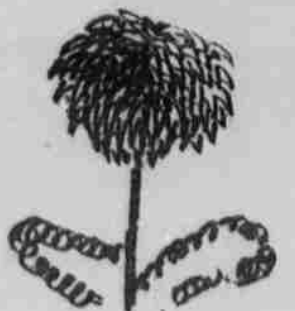
The Ewing Clothing Co. are showing the best values in \$8 and \$10 suits and overcoats in Lincoln.

Romeo's Reflection.

"See how she leans her cheek upon her head; Ah, that I were a glove upon that hand, That I might touch that cheek; but then I fear That if I were black kid I'd be spotted— Yes, ruined for good and all beyond reclaim From too close contact with her rosy blush, Which, like her dresses, she can don and doff. And which, like newly whitewashed walls, 'comes off.'"

Choosing a Trade.

Modern Girl—Father, I long to be independent—to rely on my own exertions for support. What trade or profession would you recommend? Wise Father—First-class cooks make \$5,000 a year. Modern Girl—I don't like cooking. It's too feminine.



A Pair of Twins.



TWO TRAINS DAILY

BETWEEN

LINCOLN

—AND—

Auburn, Falls City,

Atchison, St. Joseph,

and Kansas City.

City Ticket Office, 1201 O Street.

H. C. TOWNSEND, Gen'l P. & T. A.
F. D. CORWELL, C. P. & T. A.