University Bookstore sold to private company

By DARREN IVY Co-editor

Beginning July 1, the University Bookstore will no longer be run by the University of Nebraska-Lincoln.

But students will have hard time recognizing any changes, said James Main, a member of the **Bookstore Outsourcing Review** committee. The committee recommended Follett College Stores Inc. of Elmhurst, Ill., be awarded the new 10-year contract with the

"(Follett's) hope is that the students won't notice a difference," said Main, assistant vice chancellor of business and finance and director of University Services. "It will remain the same bookstore — the same name, same manager and same employ-

With its contract, Follett Stores will have the exclusive rights to lease, operate and manage bookstore operations on both UNL campuses.

In exchange for the exclusive rights, UNL will receive a minimum of \$1 million per year the first five years and a minimum of \$1.5 million the second five years from Follett Stores, who operate bookstores on 575 other colleges and universities nationwide. The first annual payment is due on or before July 1.

Additionally, Follett Stores will spend up to \$1 million to redesign and renovate the existing facilities at UNL.

Furthermore, Follett College Stores will donate \$60,000 a year to UNL to be used for scholarships, academic initiatives, stu-

dent life enhancements, diversity and gender equity commitments and Title IX compliance within athletics.

Follett Stores got the nod over three other book suppliers including Barnes & Noble and Nebraska Bookstore. Main said Follett Stores was the overwhelming choice of the committee.

"They were very flexible and willing to meet all of our demands," Main said. "They charge a 23 percent mark up on books which is one of the lowest in the nation, and they buy back books at 60 percent, which is one of the highest in the nation. It was the best economic deal."

The agreement was finalized the June 20 NU Board of Regents' meeting when the board accepted the committee's recommendation.

Follett College Stores Inc. Senior Vice President Scott Deaton said the company put in a bid for UNL because the university is "one of the premiere universities in the country."

Deaton said Follett Stores would keep the same University Bookstore employees and of the same programs, but planned to renovate the current bookstore, bring in new technology, expand promotions and take advantage of itsnational buying ability to give students the best deals.

"(The University Bookstore) does a lot of good things," Deaton said. "We will bring our experience and expertise that we have developed over a 100 years of dealing with hundreds of universities to Nebraska. That will help increased competitiveness, but bring them to the next level in customer services.

A virtual bookstore for stu-

The cheap prices and better technology are a win-win situation for everyone."

LOU PETTRICA Senior, restaurant and food service administration

dents to order books is one of the new programs Follett Stores will offer. A rebate program in which students receive a gift certificate after purchasing a certain amount of merchandise from the store is another new incentive.

Senior restaurant/food service administration major Lou Petricca said he liked the sound of the new deal.

The cheap prices and better technology are a win-win situation for everyone," Petricca said.

One group who was a little disappointed that they didn't get the bid for UNL was the Nebraska

"We run the bookstore at the University of Nebraska-Kearney and would have liked to been on campus here," said Ken Johnson, Nebraska Bookstore general manager. "We think the University will be well served.

we are both here to serve the stu-

from abortion drug testing WASHINGTON (AP) -Abortion foes claimed victory

House votes to stop FDA

Wednesday after the House voted to block the Food and Drug Administration from using federal money to test, develop or approve any drug that would induce an abortion, including the French pill RU-486.

Abortion rights advocates blasted the vote as an attack on women's rights.

The FDA declared RU-486 safe and effective two years ago, but withheld final approval until it received additional information on its manufacture and labeling. The Population Council holds the U.S. rights to market the drug, but has suffered a series of setbacks in finding a manufac-

The House voted 223-202 to attach an amendment, sponsored by Rep. Tom Coburn, R-Okla., to a \$55.9 billion fiscal 1999 spending bill for agricultural, nutrition and food stamp programs to prohibit the federal agency from approving RU-486 or other abortion-inducing drugs.

The overall bill was approved 373-48. The Senate, which is expected to consider its version of the legislation next month, is unlikely to go along with the Coburn amendment.

RU-486 works by blocking the hormone progesterone, which is needed to sustain a pregnancy. It has been found to be safe and effective as a non-surgical method of early abortion during the first nine weeks of pregnancy. A woman can take it as soon as she learns she is pregnant.

But Coburn, an abortion opponent and one of a handful of doctors in Congress, argued that such a drug would contradict the FDA's mission to protect con-

"The charge of the FDA is safety," he said. "To take away

life goes completely against the charge of the Food and Drug Administration.

Female members of the House streamed to the floor to denounce the amendment.

I'm sick and tired of debating abortion on this floor in the House of Representatives, restriction after restriction, ban after ban, amendment after amendment," said Rep. Nita Lowey, D-N.Y. "We need to make abortions less necessary, not more dangerous.

Lowey said RU-486 would increase options for American women, making abortion safer by eliminating the need for invasive surgery. The pill has been available outside the United States since 1981 and is used by women in France, Sweden and Great

Rep. Joe Pitts, R-Pa., who serves as a liaison with conservative groups that have anti-abortion legislation at the top of their collective agendas, said the FDA's job isn't to make 'abortion on demand" easier and more

'Abortion pills make an unwanted pregnancy the medical equivalent of a headache. Pop a pill and it will go away," he said.

But angry abortion rights advocates said the vote shows the real goal is to outlaw all abortions, including those performed at the earliest stages of pregnan-

It's a direct assault on women's rights," said Eleanor Smeal, president of the Feminist Majority Foundation.

Kate Michelman, president of the National Abortion and Reproductive Rights Action League, said the amendment raises constitutional concerns since first-trimester abortions are protected by the 1973 Supreme Court ruling in Roe vs. Wade.





